"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER. Fair; light variable winds.

VOL. LII....NO. 16,648. NEW YORK, FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1903.—SIXTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. | Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

LAURA BIGGAR IS TO RECEIVE $620,000

In Addition to an Annual Allowance for Life of $1,800.

Sensational Fight for the Bennett Estate Ended by an Agreement Reached at Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, May 14.—Attorney E. G. Ferguson of this city, and lawyers representing Miss Laura Biggar, the actress, have reached an agreement by which Peter J. McNulty and R. M. Gulick, proprietors of the Bijou Theatre in this city, will pay Miss Biggar for the interest she has under the will of Henry M. Bennett in the property at Penn Avenue and Sixth Street, occupied by the Bijou Theatre and office building.

Under the terms of the agreement Miss Biggar will receive in cash from the sale of the property $480,000, an apartment house in New York valued at $40,000, and personal property estimated to be worth $100,000, making a total of $620,000, besides an annual allowance for life of $1,800.

The settlement closes one of the most sensational estate fights in this country for years.

Laura Biggar's fight for the Bennett estate, which has ended in securing for her [illegible] out of her original claim of about [illegible], has for more than two years been sensational in the extreme.

Starting life on the stage fourteen years ago under William A. Brady's management, Miss Biggar married an actor named Richardson, and after divorcing him was married to James Willis McConnell. Later she became the wife of Burt Haverly. While she was playing the Widow in "A Trip to Chinatown" she met Henry M. Bennett, the Pittsburg millionaire, who was the owner of a theatre in Pittsburg.

Bennett even then was so old as to be decrepit. His attentions to Miss Biggar resulted in trouble with her husband. As a result Haverly secured a divorce. Miss Biggar then left the stage, where she had made her most decided hit as Isa in "The Clemenceau Case," and became the nurse and companion of Bennett. Late in 1901 Mr. Bennett died, and Miss Biggar was left 60 per cent. of his estate of $1,500,000 under his will. Not content with this settlement Miss Biggar, who then called herself Mrs. Bennett, put in a claim for the entire estate on the ground that she was Bennett's widow. Following this claim charges of conspiracy were brought against her, together with Dr. Charles C. Hendricks and Samuel Stanton, formerly Justice of the Peace in Freehold, N. J., where Miss Biggar was living at the time.

Stanton was brought into the case because he claimed to have married Bennett and Miss Biggar, and a marriage certificate signed by him played an important part of the affair. Mr. Hendricks was Miss Biggar's physician, and the proprietor of the sanitarium in which, it was said, was born the child which Miss Biggar claimed to be the posthumous child of Bennett and which played an important part in the litigation.

The conspiracy charge against the three resulted last December in the jury at Freehold finding Hendricks and Stanton guilty and acquitting Miss Biggar. Both Hendricks and Stanton were sentenced to two and a half years' imprisonment, while Miss Biggar resumed her work on the stage, appearing at vaudeville houses. Her first appearance was within a week after her acquittal in New Jersey.

At the trial evidence was given that Miss Biggar and Hendricks went to Stanton and had him write a marriage certificate of the date of Jan. 2, 1898. It was said that Stanton filed this certificate with the health authorities on Sept. 20, 1901. The fact that the marriage certificate was printed with the date "19—" was one of the points brought out. Miss Biggar also was charged with attempting to prove the birth and death of a bogus child.

Negotiations recently were opened to settle the fight over the estate, with the result announced in the foregoing dispatch. At the time of the trial of Miss Biggar her second husband, McConnell, who is the father of her son, now about ten years of age, visited her, and the two again became very friendly. It was reported that the reconciliation was complete and that they would be remarried.

KANSAS WHEAT IN DANGER.

Estimated That 75 Per Cent. of the Crop Is Infested with the Hessian Fly.

Special to The New York Times.

McPHERSON, Kan., May 14.—There is much anxiety among grain men this morning at the condition of wheat. It has been found that the Hessian fly exists here to an alarming extent. From the samples of wheat brought in this morning it was found that all of the grain was infested with from one to eighteen flies. Many of the stalks were already broken in two.

One grain firm estimates that fully 75 per cent. of the crop is infested. Other firms hesitate to make an estimate on the probable damage that will result.

All volunteer wheat seems to be completely infested without exception.

STUDENTS COMMIT ASSAULT.

Son of Attorney General Knox and a Nephew of Gov. Taft Under Arrest at South Norwalk, Conn.

SOUTH NORWALK, Conn., May 14.—Hugh S. Knox, son of United States Attorney General Knox; Walbridge Taft, a nephew of Judge Taft, Governor of the Philippines; John E. Barney of Cincinnati, and Lawrence White of Lowell, Mass., students at a private school, were arrested to-day, charged with committing an assault on John D. Milne.

The cases will be tried to-morrow. Mr. Milne is said to have resented an alleged insulting remark from one of the boys, and to have been severely beaten as a result.

CHANCE FOR NATIVE ARTISTS.

Daniel G. Reid of This City Will Buy One Picture a Year at Richmond, Ind.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Ind., May 14.—Daniel G. Reid of New York City, formerly of Richmond, has established an annual fund for the purchase of a picture at the annual exhibit to be given by the Richmond Art Association.

The object is to furnish inducements to the country's best artists to send their work to this exhibit. The fund will bear Mr. Reid's name. While here Mr. Reid attended to the preliminary details in reference to the new $75,000 church that he will erect for the United Presbyterians.

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MOUNT COLIMA VIOLENT.

Mexican Volcano Emitting Vast Quantities of Lava, Terrifying the Inhabitants.

Special to The New York Times.

GUADALAJARA, Mexico, May 14.—Mount Colima continues in a violent state of eruption. Parties arriving here from points close to the volcano say that a vast volume of lava has been pouring from the crater for the last three days without interruption and that the greatest alarm is felt by the people of Tuxpama, situated about twenty miles distant, and of the other villages of that neighborhood.

The eruption far exceeds in violence that of a few weeks ago. Great clouds of ashes are thrown out, and are swept to the east and seaward. It is feared that much damage will be done to coffee plantations. The lava threatens to overrun a large area of cultivated country adjacent to the western base of the volcano.

There are indications that two new craters are forming. The eruption is accompanied by loud subterranean reports and earth tremblings.

ELOPED IN AN AUTOMOBILE.

Capt. Senter Carried Off His Bride from the Convent in Roxbury, Mass.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—An up-to-date elopement took place this afternoon in Roxbury, when an impatient suitor carried his sweetheart away from Notre Dame Academy in an automobile, took her at top speed out to Jamaica Plain, married her, and then sent news of the event to her irate father.

The bridegroom is Capt. Charles J. Senter, formerly of Manchester, N. H., and now an instructor in the military academy at Nyack, N. Y. The bride was Miss Martha Fleming, eighteen years old, the daughter of M. E. Fleming, a wealthy banker and real estate owner of the Roxbury district.

Mr. Fleming was opposed to Capt. Senter's attentions to his daughter. Two weeks ago the father placed her in the academy in Washington Street. This afternoon, at recreation time, the Captain, accompanied by a chauffeur and a girl friend of Miss Fleming, appeared in an automobile and met the girl as she left the convent grounds. She was lifted into the machine, which sped to the residence of a Universalist clergyman, the Rev. Chester G. Miller, in Carolina Avenue, Jamaica Plain, and there they were married.

IN HONOR OF MONROE.

Virginia to Remove Bodies of Wife and Daughter of Dead President to Place Beside Him.

Special to The New York Times.

RICHMOND, Va., May 14.—The bodies of the wife and daughter of President James Monroe, which are buried in the family burying ground in Loudon County, are to be removed and placed in Hollywood Cemetery beside the tomb of the late President.

The bill appropriating $500 for this purpose, which has been passed by the Senate, was enacted by the House of Delegates to-day by a large majority, and now only the signature of Gov. Montague is needed to make the sum available.

The spot where the body of President Monroe rests, under an iron mausoleum, is one of the prettiest in Hollywood. It is on an eminence overlooking the James River and surrounded by handsome old oaks.

$450 FOR A VINE.

It Was a Virginia Creeper, and It Did This Amount of Damage to a House.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Depredations caused by the beautiful vine known as the "Virginia Creeper" to-day cost the Brack estate $450 and costs, the award of a jury in a suit brought by Mrs. Margaret Holton. Some time in the eighties Mr. and Mrs. Brack planted a Virginia creeper at the end of Mrs. Holton's house. The vine grew and grew until it covered the wall and roof. It was declared in the complaint that the vine choked up the chimneys and kept out the sunlight, making the house so damp and gloomy that it could not be rented. Rain spouts, too, were choked up, and would not carry off the water.

Mr. and Mrs. Brack were notified, but would not remove the offending vine. It was removed two years ago, but, according to Mrs. Holton, it left the house in such a wrecked condition that it took $400 to repair it. When Mrs. Holton could do nothing else, she just brought suit, and got judgment.

WABASH CHANGES PLANS.

Now Decided to Reach the Seaboard at Baltimore by the Wheeling and Lake Erie Extension.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 14.—President Joseph Ramsey, Jr., of the Wabash has announced that the Gould system expected to reach Baltimore by the Wheeling and Lake Erie extension. He states that it has been decided to push the Wheeling and Lake Erie, of which he is the President, eastward from Pittsburg to Baltimore without delay.

The route originally planned was an extension of the Wheeling and Lake Erie southward to a connection with the Little Kanawha Road in West Virginia, which was to be extended to meet the West Virginia Central, but it was announced a week ago that work on the Little Kanawha extension had been partly suspended, and that it probably would be two years before the route could be opened to traffic.

The extension from Pittsburg to the seaboard at Baltimore will give a much shorter route than that by way of the Little Kanawha. The first stretch from Pittsburg to Belington, West Va., 110 miles, will be new construction. The West Virginia Central, now controlled by the Gould interests, extends from Belington to Cumberland, Md. Between Cumberland and Cherry Run, West Va., is a gap of sixty miles, but the right of way has been obtained and the line is now being surveyed.

From Cherry Run to Baltimore the tracks of the Western Maryland Railroad will be used.

TROLLEY ROUTE TO BOSTON.

Wallingford, Conn., Company Preparing to Build Its Connecting Link.

Special to The New York Times.

WALLINGFORD, Conn., May 14.—The Wallingford Tramway Company, which was recently incorporated to build a street railway between this city and New Haven, has begun surveys. The road will connect with the Wallingford terminus of the Meriden Electric Company's system, and will run to Montowese, where it will join the Fairhaven and Westville Railroad Companies' lines. The road will be the connecting link of a continuous trolley between Boston and New York.

The work of construction will be undertaken this Summer, and it is intended to have the road ready for operation by October. It is probable that at the outset power for the system will be supplied by the Fairhaven and Westville Company. The Wallingford Company is capitalized at $500,000, and the incorporators, all of Wallingford, are Walter J. Leavenworth, Frank A. Wallace, George E. Dickerman, Charles E. Yale, and Ralph T. Ives.

Speed—Safety—Style
The Pennsylvania Limited offers to the business man a convenient and commodious means of reaching Chicago or St. Louis. An official stenographer on board.—Adv.

MISSOURI EX-SENATOR ON BOODLERS' "HONOR"

Tells How He Got Back Corruption Fund When Plan Failed.

Schweickardt Lays Foundation for a Complete Legislative Expose—Why He Tried Bribery.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—In his revelations before the Grand Jury to-day, ex-Senator Charles Schweickardt said concerning the Nesbit Election bill:

"Republican politicians raised a fund of $5,000 to beat the bill, and I thought that I had it all fixed. I gave $1,500 to Frank Farris, who said that I could depend upon him. A day or so before the measure passed the Senate, he returned the money to me, saying that he couldn't carry out the agreement. On the final vote, he was for the bill. I returned the $5,000 to the fellows who gave it to me."

Following this statement Schweickardt confronted three former members of the Senate—Frederick W. Mott, James M. Rollins, and Charles F. Busche, all Republicans of St. Louis, and who had previously testified to the Grand Jury.

Schweickardt continued his revelations concerning the use of money in the session of 1899, and flatly contradicted the testimony of several other witnesses who had preceded him. He laid the foundation for a complete boodle expose—transit bills, railroads, and numerous other pieces of legislation.

At the time that the election bill was passed, there was talk of a certain Senator giving back money which had been paid to him for his vote and influence against it. The incident was cited among the members of the combination as an instance of the great "honor" which always controlled their actions. Until Schweickardt's confession, the identity of the Senator had been unknown to the outside world.

It is said that Schweickardt did not charge that money was used on the other side, but left the inference to be drawn that Farris did not dare to fight the measure. According to one story Phelps was ordered, in the last days of the session, to use his influence for the bill, and did so, thus preventing Farris from assisting Schweickardt. Another story is that Farris did not care to endanger his party standing by bolting a caucus action. However, it is said that he did not fight the bill in the caucus, so the more credence is placed in the first story.

In a Republican caucus to devise ways and means to fight the Nesbit bill, Schweickardt assured the minority members that he had the bill killed. It was popularly supposed at the time that he had relied on the Republican votes which helped pass the Justice of the Peace bill to beat the Nesbit law on a trade. The true inwardness of his reliance is now known through his confession to Circuit Attorney Folk and the St. Louis Grand Jury. It was not until Farris returned the $1,500 which Schweickardt says he paid to him that he saw the bill would be passed.

At the last session Farris favored the new election laws, and made one of his strongest speeches in denunciation of the Nesbit law. It has since come out that he did so in fulfillment of a promise which he made to Senator McIndoe of Joplin, a Republican Senator, who was much interested in repealing the Nesbit law. In return for the Farris speech and influence McIndoe voted with the combine on the alum measure.

Ex-Senators Mott, Rollins, and Busche to-day will be asked further about their votes in the session of 1899.

Mott, a well-known real estate dealer, is said to have changed the tenor of his testimony a good deal from that which he gave to the Grand Jury ten days ago. When in the Senate he was usually allied with "the combine." He was defeated for renomination by Charles A. Smith, now under indictment for accepting a bribe of $1,000 from D. J. Kelley of New York for his alum votes. He spent about forty minutes with the Grand Jury to-day.

Ex-Senator Busche wilted when he faced his old fellow-member, Schweickardt. Busche is the Senator of 1899, who said that he thought others had sold his vote, but that he was sure he had received no money. Schweickardt's confession is said to have included the name of Busche in many connections.

Both of the ex-Senators were taken into the Grand Jury room, and a series of questions put to them. There were direct contradictions in more than one instance. Schweickardt stuck by his statements made over his signature to Circuit Attorney Folk and under oath to the Grand Jury. Busche is said to have changed his attitude, and has been given until to-morrow morning to "pray" over his testimony.

Schweickardt's reasons for giving four Senators each $250 of the $1,000 which he received in an envelope are regarded as interesting. "I wanted to see if they would refuse to accept money," he said. According to his own statement, none of the four threw him out of the window or preferred charges before the Senate. Schweickhardt was evidently satisfied that they did not spurn money, for he is said to have told of other deals in which they were concerned.

YALE MEN STRIKE BREAKERS.

Undergraduates, as a Lark, Take Places of Regular Truckmen in New Haven.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—About thirty Yale undergraduates to-day joined the strike breakers employed by the local trucking companies to take the places of the teamsters who went on strike Tuesday. This is the first time that competent help has been found by the trucking companies, and the undergraduates are deriving a good deal of fun out of driving the heavy trucks about the city.

Yale men to-day have been loading and unloading freight at the railroad yards for the wholesale companies and will continue in greater numbers to-morrow. The students are doing this for a lark, but the trucking companies say they make most satisfactory drivers. The manager of the Smedley Company, all of whose regular drivers are on strike, says that Yale strike breakers do more loading and unloading than twice as many regular truckmen.

NO GREAT NORTHERN STRIKE.

Officials and Trainmen of System Sign Formal Agreement on All Points at Issue.

ST. PAUL, May 14.—All danger of a strike on the Great Northern Railway system has passed, and an amicable agreement between the company and its trainmen has been reached, the schedules being signed late this afternoon.

Each side made concessions, although upon the face of the terms of the compromise, as stated by A. B. Garretson, Assistant Grand Conductor of the Order of Railway Conductors, who, with Mr. Newman of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, conducted the negotiations, the men have somewhat the better of it.

Mr. Garretson, on behalf of the men, expressed himself as extremely well pleased with the result of the negotiations. General Manager Ward said everything had been settled in a manner satisfactory to the company. President Hill, who had been making a tour of the Mesaba Range, returned home soon after the signing of the agreement with the men, and said he was very glad an agreement had been reached, whereby so serious a calamity as a strike had been averted.

Burnett's Cocoaine allays all irritation of the scalp, and prevents the Hair from falling out.—Adv.

The Skilled American Mechanic
has helped to make the Pennsylvania Railroad as perfect as brain can devise. Its fast trains to the West are marvels of comfort and speed.—Adv.

CHICAGO TRACTION TROUBLES.

In Court Proceedings It Develops That North and West Side Lines Have Financial Difficulties.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The secret underlying oft-repeated insinuations that a "gold brick" was concealed somewhere in the documents surrounding the transfer of the North and the West Side street railway systems to the Chicago Union Traction Company came out to-day. Receivers Rafael R. Govin, J. H. Eckels, and M. E. Sampell filed before Judge Grosscup a petition for instructions in relation to the payment of West Chicago street railway dividends for rentals which fall due to-morrow.

The dividends were ordered paid after the court had reviewed 153 printed pages setting forth the "hard luck story" presented by Arthur Dyrenforth, acting for General Counsel W. W. Gurley. Buried in the twenty-fourth page, the secret that has been so long and carefully guarded, was disclosed.

The court also authorized the payment of all accrued interest upon the floating debt of the North Chicago and the West Chicago roads, including that due on the judgments recently obtained against the corporations by the Guaranty Trust Company of New York. To get this money Judge Grosscup authorized the receivers to borrow the amount required at a rate not to exceed 6 per cent., and if necessary to pledge for its repayment the receipts of the traction company.

According to the statement of the receivers, representations were made at the time of the formation of the Chicago Union Traction Company that the North Chicago Street Railroad Company and the West Chicago Street Railroad Company enjoyed incomes sufficient to pay operating expenses in full, interest on the bonded debt, all rentals due, and leave a surplus of at least $500,000 a year in excess of the dividends payable on North Chicago and West Chicago stocks.

While the receivers do not so state, rumor has it that a signed guarantee was given that the dividends for the preceding three years had equaled the amount approximated. This had proved to have been true in a Pickwickian sense only, dividends having been paid without actually having been earned. The guarantee itself is said to have proved of no value.

Other features of the narrative are the statements that the financial difficulties of the Chicago Union Traction Company were hastened by unfair taxation, the immediate diversion of more than $700,000 a year to the Northwestern Elevated Company in receipts, an increase of $353,000 a year in wages to employes because of the union movement, and the transfer litigation which has resulted in increasing the number of transfers issued from the various lines to a point representing $100,000 a month in fares.

In addition the petition reviews the entire history of the Union Traction and its underlying companies, gives numerous exhibits that reveal fully its financial status, and makes the prediction that decided increase in receipts will characterize the receivership.

It is roughly estimated that in spite of the circumstances complained of an increase of nearly $300,000 will be experienced during the ensuing year under existing conditions. It is also set forth that were the receivers enabled to put electricity on certain portions of the system an increase of at least $500,000 would result without increase in operating expenses.

It is announced that deficiencies will result from the operation of the property this year, although no effort is made to estimate the amount.

VERDICT IN A NOTED CASE.

Jury at Trenton Decides That a Supposed Deed to Land in Riverside Was Forged.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 14.—Succeeding a battle in the State courts for fifteen years, a jury in the United States Circuit Court here to-day gave a verdict for the plaintiff in the suit of Thomas B. Bechtold and others against Joseph A. Mintsch, for possession of valuable property in the heart of Riverside.

Mintsch exhibited signatures purporting to be those of Henry Bechtold and William Lippincott, two trustees under the will of the late Samuel Bechtold, to a document conveying the property to Mary A. Reed who, with her husband, reconveyed it to Mintsch. Lippincott swore that he never saw the document, and Mr. Farley, a handwriting expert, declared that the signatures of Bechtold on checks were not the same as that on the deed. Judge Archibald charged that if the jury believed the evidence offered of forgery they must find in favor of the plaintiffs.

Samuel Bechtold, the founder of Riverside, left the property in 1869 to seventeen nephews and nieces, fifteen of whom live outside of New Jersey. The others are Nathan S. Reed, the third trustee under the will, and his wife, Mary A. Reed. The deed attacked as forged is dated May 5, 1873, but was not recorded in the Burlington County Clerk's office in Mount Holly until Oct. 8, 1888.

SITE FOR EMERSON HALL.

Work on Memorial at Harvard Will Be Started Within a Few Days.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—The Harvard Corporation has fixed upon a site for the new Emerson Memorial Hall. It will be erected at the westerly end of Sever Hall, between Sever and the line of Quincy Street, facing the new architectural building. To clear this site Prof. Shaler's house will have to be moved toward that of President Eliot.

It is expected that about $200,000 will be needed for the erection of the memorial building. The fund is continually growing, and the latest subscriptions have increased it to $147,000. When $150,000 has been raised work upon the building will be started, and it is hoped to have the cornerstone laid by May 25, the centennial anniversary of the birth of Ralph Waldo Emerson.

HARRIMAN IN A HURRY.

Financier's Special Train Dashes Through Ogden, Utah, to Avoid a Process Server.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 14.—Traveling at the rate of fifty miles an hour, the special train of E. H. Harriman, President of the Harriman lines, shot through Ogden late last night and continued on its journey from San Francisco to New York.

This was the first time on record that a train has passed through Ogden without stopping at the Union Station, and it was done at the request of President Harriman, who learned earlier in the day that a Deputy United States Marshal was awaiting his arrival at Ogden to serve papers in connection with the suit of the heirs of ex-Gov. Durkee against the Central Pacific Railroad, involving something like $27,000,000.

At Evanston, Wyoming, the Harriman special was stopped at the western edge of town, engines were changed, and the special went through town at the rate of twenty miles an hour.

Along the Historic Hudson River
run the tracks of the New York Central. You can enjoy the beauties of the American Rhine if you travel by the Central. Rate 2 cents per mile.—Adv.

DEGREE CONFERRED UPON PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT

Made a Doctor of Laws by the University of California.

Delivers a Eulogistic Address Before the Student Body—More Praise for American Navy—Leaves for Yosemite Valley.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—President Roosevelt bade farewell to San Francisco to-night, his last day, like the others here, having been so completely taken up that it served to verify the smiling remark he made yesterday, that the city of the Golden Gate had given him everything except sleep.

The President began his day's work by participating in the dedication of the magnificent monument erected in commemoration of the victory of the American navy at Manila. The monument consists of a high shaft of white California granite surmounted by a bronze figure of Victory, holding in one outstretched hand a wreath and in the other a trident.

The President was escorted from the hotel to Union Square by marines of the warships in the harbor. On the stand from which he delivered an address were the officers of the warships in San Francisco Bay and vicinity and officers of the Grafton, flagship of the British Pacific Squadron.

In a few words Chairman James G. Phelan presented the monument to the City of San Francisco, and it was as briefly accepted by Mayor Schmitz on behalf of the municipality.

President Roosevelt said San Francisco should glory in commemorating the navy's victory at Manila, as it had opened the Pacific Ocean to American commerce, and, more than any other event, had contributed to give the United States a high place among the naval powers. He dwelt on the necessity of preparing ships, armament, and men for the navy. Naval battles are fought in advance, and the Americans won at Manila because they had made ready for the strike. Since the last war the naval strength of the United States has rapidly been increasing, and under the wise provisions of the last Congress has particularly advanced.

He urged practical work at sea, particularly in marksmanship, saying: "Remember that the shots that count in war are the ones that hit."

The President was then driven to the United States transport dock, whence the party proceeded to Berkeley to take part in the commencement exercises at the University of California.

The citizens of Berkeley united with the members of the Faculty and students of the University of California to-day in tendering a tremendous ovation to President Roosevelt and party. Long before the hour set for arrival of the special train, the school children of the city, gayly festooned with flowers, assembled on either side of the streets leading to the university entrance. The thoroughfare had been brilliantly decorated for the occasion, and when the Presidential party passed up the streets, the avenue was carpeted with blossoms.

Carriages and a committee of representative citizens were in waiting at the station, and the drive to the new amphitheatre at the university, where the Commencement exercises were held, was taken up immediately on the arrival of the President.

As he stepped from his carriage and made his way to the amphitheatre, he was surrounded by sixteen cavalrymen. He wore a hood and gown in conformity with the degree of Doctor of Philosophy.

The programme had been timed so that the Presidential party arrived just before the conferring of degrees by Gov. Pardee to the members of the graduating class.

After the cheers had subsided the student body greeted the head of the Nation with the Harvard yell. He gave approval by nods and smiles. President Benjamin Ide Wheeler then conferred degrees upon the four hundred collegians who sat upon the stage with cap and gown. After this the President was introduced by President Wheeler, who simply said:

"Theodore Roosevelt, President of the United States."

Then as the Chief Executive, attired in a black academic robe trimmed with purple, stepped into the sunlight, President Wheeler said:

"Theodore Roosevelt, by authority of the Regents of the University of California, I confer upon you the degree of Doctor of Laws. This is the highest honor the State knows how to confer on you. Its best it gives gladly."

President Roosevelt then addressed the assemblage, eulogizing the State, its people, and the university, speaking in affectionate terms of his old-time friend, President Wheeler. At the close of the exercises the President left for Oakland, where he was escorted through the principal streets, accompanied by Gov. Pardee, Senator Perkins, and the Reception Committee. In front of the High School the President delivered a short address. He was then escorted to the water front en route to the Mare Island Navy Yard, where an inspection was made.

Following came a visit to Vallejo, where the cornerstone of the Navy Young Men's Christian Association Building was laid, and the party returned to attend the Union League Club banquet this evening.

Shortly after midnight the President left to view the Yosemite Valley.

ROCK ISLAND'S TEXAS DEALS.

Vice President Mather Explains Part Purchase of Other Lines to the State Railroad Commission.

Special to The New York Times.

AUSTIN, Texas, May 14.—Robert Mather of Chicago, Vice President and General Counsel of the Rock Island, appeared before the Railroad Commission here to-day and submitted copies of the contracts that have been entered into for the operation by the Rock Island of its trains over the Houston and Texas Central, the Houston, East and West Texas, and the Dallas-Sabine line of the Texas and New Orleans; also trackage agreements permitting the Houston and Texas Central to run its trains over the Galveston, Houston and Northern, between Houston and Galveston, and the use of the track of the Texas and New Orleans between Houston and Beaumont to run the empty cars. The Railroad Commission took the matter under advisement.

Mr. Mather informed the Railroad Commission that the Rock Island had purchased one-half of the capital stock of the Houston and Texas Central, one-half of the capital stock of the Houston, East and West Texas, and one-half of the capital stock of the Dallas-Sabine line of the Texas and New Orleans.

Mr. Mather said: "It is a part of the transaction that in addition to the one-half ownership the President of these three lines shall be selected by the Rock Island interests. The object of this requirement is solely to insure for the Rock Island an unimpaired and unobstructed avenue to the Texas ports, so that nothing could hereafter arise that would impede this movement of the Rock Island's traffic.

"The trackage agreements are for the purpose of further assuring that nothing could ever be done to impede this traffic. Whenever the Rock Island fails to elect the President of these three lines or he is removed, or the Boards of Directors seek to impede the Rock Island traffic, these trackage agreements shall go into effect. It is provided that the Rock Island shall name three members of each of the Boards of Directors, the Southern Pacific shall name three members, and the other three members shall be disinterested parties.

"It is proposed that the trackage agreement between the Galveston, Houston and Northern, and the Houston and Texas Central shall take effect immediately upon its approval by the Railroad Commission. It grants the Houston and Texas Central the right to run its trains over the Galveston, Houston and Northern between Houston and Galveston, thereby making a through line between Dallas and Fort Worth and Galveston."

St. Leger Little Cigar.
Worth a dollar a box.
The very best blend of Havana Tobacco.—Adv.

Washington to New Orleans and Return $22.50.
Via SOUTHERN RWY. Tickets on sale May 19th to 21st. New York Offices 271 & 1,185 B'way.—Adv.

MME. CALVE'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Singer Accidentally Poisons Herself by Taking an Overdose of Aconite.

PARIS, May 15.—The Petit Journal this morning says that Emma Calve, who is singing in "The Damnation of Faust" at the Sarah Bernhardt Theatre here, accidentally poisoned herself last evening by taking an overdose of aconite as a remedy for the grip.

The prompt action of the doctors succeeded in saving Mme. Calve's life, but she was unable to appear at last night's performance.

CHARGES CORRUPTION IN MASSACHUSETTS SENATE.

Boston Merchant Declares Mr. Foster of Gloucester Asked $1,000 for Legislative Action.

BOSTON, May 14.—The charges of corruption, which originally appeared in an advertisement published in a local paper over the signature of George J. Raymond, a Boston merchant, and directed against a then unnamed member of the Massachusetts Senate, were repeated at the State House to-day, when, before a special committee appointed by the Senate to hear the charges, Mr. Raymond publicly accused Senator Foster of Gloucester of having approached him with an offer to "see through" certain legislation upon the receipt of $1,000.

Mr. Raymond further stated under oath that Senator Foster told him that "Senator Fitzgerald" (there are two Senators named Fitzgerald) was to receive half of the thousand dollars. Mr. Raymond said also that the proprietor of a weekly paper published in this city had called on him and stated that if the witness wanted anything at the State House he could get it by advertising in the paper mentioned.

Mr. Raymond's testimony was corroborated in part by his bookkeeper, Miss Lydia G. Brown. At Mr. Raymond's request numerous other witnesses will be summoned before the committee at the continuation of the hearing to-morrow.

As there are two Senators Fitzgerald, and as the committee hearing to-day adjourned abruptly on account of a controversy over the further examination of Mr. Raymond, testimony was not obtained to indicate which of the Senators with the identical surname was involved.

Senator Foster was seen after his name had been mentioned by Mr. Raymond, and was asked about the statements which had been made. He said he did not care to make any statement now, but that in due time one would come from him to meet the stories.

"I intend to have this thoroughly sifted," he said.

GEORGE WALLS DISCOVERED.

Son of Pittsburg Millionaire, Missing Nineteen Months, Found Working as a Plumber.

Special to The New York Times.

YORK, Penn., May 14.—The mystery of the disappearance under peculiar circumstances of George Walls, a young mechanical engineer, from Spring Grove Oct. 21, 1901, has been cleared up after numerous efforts by his father, Millionaire Martin Walls, of Pittsburg, and others to learn the fate of the missing man.

Young Walls was located to-night at Riverton, a small village on the Susquehanna, near Harrisburg, where he went immediately after his disappearance, and where under an assumed name he has been working as a plumber. He has been living with the family of Albert Thumma, a Riverton business man.

It had been supposed all along that young Walls had been foully dealt with in Spring Grove, and the father has spent thousands of dollars in an endeavor to recover the body of the supposed murdered man.

Walls explained that he absented himself from Spring Grove because he had while on a visit to York permitted himself to become drunk and was ashamed to turn up again to report for duty at the Spring Grove Paper Mills, where he was doing special work for a Pittsburg firm of engineers.

ENJOINS TALKATIVE WOMAN.

Omaha Judge Comes to the Relief of a Worried Landlord.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., May 14.—The latest restraining order issued by Judge Baxter in the District Court enjoins a woman from talking. It was issued this morning upon the complaint of Dr. Oliphant Dodge, owner of an apartment house, against Mrs. E. Berge, a tenant, who refuses to vacate until her lease expires.

The allegations of the petition are that the defendant, upon numerous occasions by talking to the other occupants, has caused some of them to announce their intention of leaving the apartments, and that she has interfered with the property in different ways, all to the injury of the plaintiff.

COSTLY ATTEMPT TO KILL PET.

Gun He Loaded for His Dog Seriously Wounded Doyle.

Special to The New York Times.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., May 14.—Through his miscalculation a charge of shot intended for his dog took part of the scalp off Lawrence Doyle's head and part of his right hand as well.

Doyle's dog was a fine collie, but the aged man feared that it had been bitten by one of the numerous mad dogs in town, and so he made preparations to kill it this morning. Not wishing to witness the death of his pet, he constructed an elaborate apparatus for holding an old muzzle-loading fowling piece in position, dug a grave in the yard, and tied the dog at one side of it.

He loaded the gun with a good charge of powder and buckshot, put on a cap, and went into the house. He pulled a string which led from the trigger, but the gun did not fire. He tried again unsuccessfully and then went outside to investigate. He found that the rusty hammer would not fall. While he was trying to fix it the hammer went down with a bang and the gun exploded. The dog was unhurt but Doyle was seriously wounded. He was taken to Memorial Hospital, where it is said that he will probably live. He has asked that the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals take charge of the dog.

Combination of Southern Cotton Mills.

WINSTON-SALEM, N. C., May 14.—It is reported to-day that the Southern Textile Company has been formed of cotton mills in Alabama, Georgia, and Tennessee. There is some doubt whether the mills in North and South Carolina will accept the terms proposed by the company.

Important Change in West Shore R. R. Ferry Service.
The Franklin Street Ferry terminal will be closed commencing 6:00 A. M. Monday, May 18th, and continuing until 6:00 A. M. May 25th, during which period ferry will run to and from Pennsylvania R. R. terminal, foot of Desbrosses St., N. R., on same time as at present from Franklin St.—Adv.

Saves a Day.
The Twentieth Century Limited over the New York Central and Lake Shore, the 20-hour train between New York and Chicago.—Adv.

INFERNAL MACHINE WAS MADE IN CHICAGO

Police Find Place Where Dynamiter Put It Together.

CALLED HIMSELF "G. RUSSELL."

Carpenter, Machinist, and Blacksmith Unsuspectedly Aid Him to Construct It—Inspector McClusky's Flying Visit.

CHICAGO, May 14.—The infernal machine that was found near the liner Umbria on the Cunard dock at New York is believed by the police to have been made in this city at 247 Washington Boulevard. Advices to that effect were received by the local authorities late last night from the New York police, who gave the maker's name as G. Russell or Rosseau, and to-day Inspector McClusky, Chief of the New York Detective Bureau, with Detective Sergeants Funston and Carey arrived here in an effort to surprise the man before the fact became public that there was a clue leading to this city.

Investigation showed that a man who said he was G. Russell, and whose description tallies with that of Rosseau, wanted by Inspector McClusky, had lived at the house mentioned, which is kept by Mr. and Mrs. H. Ehlan. Mrs. Ehlan said that her lodger left on April 25, announcing that he intended to go East. During his stay in her house he was engaged in some mysterious work, and kept his door always locked. She saw enough of what he was doing, however, she said, to know that it had something to do with clocks, and that he was always arranging some machinery that had a number of wheels in it.

When he arrived at the house on April 19 he carried a small grip. Within two or three days tools and pieces of mechanism began to arrive. His explanation to Mrs. Ehlan was that he was an inventor, and that his contrivance was a new gambling device.

"The man did not appear at all unbalanced," said Mrs. Ehlan. "He bought all the daily papers. He also had a magazine containing detective stories, and this, with a book on photography, constituted his library."

The Chicago police this afternoon discovered three men, who, it is believed, unsuspectingly assisted the mysterious "G. Russell" in manufacturing his deadly device. The men are J. W. Seymour, carpenter; J. W. Eisenberg, blacksmith, and John Clarke, machinist, whose shops are in the vicinity of the apartment occupied by Russell in Washington Boulevard.

"During the week Russell roomed across the street," said Seymour, to-night, "I planed down four strips of wood about twenty inches long for a man answering his description, who said he had a patent of some kind. I believe he said it was a gambling device."

"Some time ago," said Clarke, "a man came to my shop and asked for assistance in making something new in the way of a gambling device. We made him a cone, with an inch base and a disk to fit it. He first said that he wanted only one pair of the iron pieces, but later asked for three more pairs. He never called for the additional pieces. The man answers the description of the mysterious stranger known at 247 Washington Boulevard as 'G. Russell.'"

The trunk in which the infernal machine was shipped from this city on April 25 was purchased of the American Storage and Van Company, 246 West Madison Street. On April 22 a man answering the description of the New York suspect ordered the trunk delivered at the Washington Boulevard address, from which place it has been traced through the transfer company to New York.

Inspector McClusky returned to New York to-night, but left his two detectives to assist the local police on the case. Before leaving for the East, the Inspector said he was confident that the infernal machine was made or at least completed at the Washington Boulevard house, though he was doubtful as to whether the plot had been thought out in Chicago.

Lieut. Rohan of the Chicago Detective Bureau, who has charge of the case, said to-night:

"I believe that without any doubt this man Russell, who lived at the home of Mrs. Ehlen, is the man who made the bomb, and who consigned it to the Umbria. We have discovered already how, when, and where the infernal machine was made."

Lieut. Rohan would not say whether he believed the mysterious "G. Russell" or "Rosseau" is in Chicago, but the fact that the Lieutenant has kept his men on the run is taken as an indication that he has reason to believe the dynamiter is in this city.

Detectives Funston and Carey had a long conference with Lieut. Rohan. They have information that Russell or Rosseau received mail here, and they are endeavoring to learn how long he was in Chicago prior to taking a room at Mrs. Ehlen's. They think so complicated a piece of mechanism as the infernal machine was shown to be could not have been completed in seven days, and that its beginning was at some place other than the Washington Boulevard boarding house.

A Mrs. Perkins, who, three years ago, occupied the premises at 295 Washington Boulevard, which is a portion of the building in which Russell is supposed to have constructed the machine, said to-day that three years ago, a man who answered the description now given of Russell rented a room from her, and after three days disappeared in a mysterious manner. After he had gone she found three sticks of dynamite in the room. She called the police, and they took the explosive away.

ROSSEAU'S MOVEMENTS HERE.

G. Rosseau, the mysterious boarder of 366 West Thirty-first Street, had not been apprehended up to an early hour this morning although Capt. Langan of the Detective Bureau said late in the afternoon that the man's apprehension might be effected at any moment. Every available man on Inspector McClusky's staff was working on the case yesterday, while every policeman in the city had in his possession a description of the dynamiter, with instructions to keep a keen lookout for him. The police of other cities were also asked to join in the hunt. The man is believed to have been in Washington as well as in Chicago.

The local police are now in the possession of nearly all the facts in the case. They know the train on which Rosseau is supposed to have come to New York from Chicago, as well as the expressmen that handled his baggage on his arrival in this city. They also have every reason to believe that on his arrival in New York, the night of April 27, he went to the West Shore Hotel, at Eleventh Avenue and Forty-second Street, where he registered under an assumed name. The next day he went to Dillon's express stand, on Ninth Avenue, near Thirty-first Street, and hired a truck to go to the West Shore Ferry house and convey his trunk to Mrs. Currie's boarding house. Frank Butts was the driver of the rig, and he says that on the way to the house Rosseau told him that he had slept in the West Shore Hotel the previous night.

There were several names on the register of April 27 that the police thought might have been the alias under which the dynamiter went, but they could not say so positively.

Mrs. Currie, landlady of the house on West Thirty-first Street where Rosseau boarded, was not inclined to believe that he brought the box to this city from Chicago. She thought he constructed it in his room at her house. This theory was borne out somewhat by a pawnbroker named Levy, whose place of business is at 441 Eighth Avenue, near Thirty-third Street. Levy said that on Monday of last week a man who fitted the published descriptions of Rosseau visited his place and purchased a saw and a pair of wire cutters. He paid 50 cents for the saw and 30 cents for the cutters. He also wanted to purchase some wire, but Levy did not have the kind in stock that he wanted.

JEWS DRIVEN FROM KIEFF

Expulsion Edict Results in Pitiful Scenes Every Day.

Thirty-seven Thousand Persons Affected—The Six Months' Grace Allowed Has Now Expired.

LONDON, May 15.—The Standard this morning publishes a letter from Kieff describing the pitiful scenes witnessed there daily, which arise from the operations of the expulsion edict against the Jews. This edict affects 37,000 persons.

The Jews had six months' grace, but, hoping for a further respite, the majority of them remained in Kieff until the end of that time, when they were obliged to sell their property at ruinous prices, and to depart hurriedly.

The Jews will distribute themselves mostly through the various centres in Southern Poland. Those cities and townships, however, are yearly becoming more and more seriously congested.

"Hence," concludes the writer of the letter, "the ever-increasing emigration, especially to the United States, which the emigrant aid societies represent as a land of promise."

INDIGNATION IN BALTIMORE.

Great Public Meeting to be Held on Sunday—Letters Describing the Kishineff Horrors.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—Feeling in Baltimore in regard to the massacre at Kishineff is very strong. At a great public meeting to be held next Sunday afternoon in the Academy of Music Christians as well as Jews will participate. A letter from Cardinal Gibbons, expressing his sympathy and denouncing the outrages, will be read. Ex-United States Senator Whyte and John V. L. Findlay will be among the principal speakers. Mayor Hayes, Leon Greenbaum, Roger W. Cull, and Samuel Wolman will also deliver addresses.

Already 1,500 rubles have been sent from Baltimore Jews to the sufferers, and it is expected a large fund will be raised at the meeting. Dr. Fabian Franklin of Johns Hopkins University will preside. The committee arranging for the meeting is composed of Dr. Harry Friedenwald, Lewis Putzel, Simon Dalsheimer, T. Silberman, and Dr. Fanius Fox.

Dr. Friedenwald has several letters that have just been received by Jews in this city from relatives and friends giving details of the atrocities. Two of the letters follow, the names of the writers being withheld:

"My Dear Son: About two weeks before the riot at Kishineff the Jews of Dodisser were accused of 'Ritual murder.' A few days after that a riot took place in Tamaneff, and the place was completely demolished. After the riot in Tamaneff a riot was started in Dubossary, but the rioters were repulsed by about 400 armed Jewish young men. A few days later a committee arrived from St. Petersburg to investigate the 'Ritual murder' accusation, and it was found that the murder of the boy was committed by his own brother, in order to become sole heir to the property of his father.

"On April 19 about 15,000 Maldanians attacked the Jews of Kishineff, slaughtering mercilessly men, women, and children, mutilating the bodies and maiming numberless others. Little children were snatched from the arms of their mothers and thrown out of the windows into the streets, and dwellings, stores, and synagogues were demolished. Scrolls of the Law were torn and scattered all over the streets. On the day of the riot the Minister of the Interior cabled to the local officials to fire on the rioters, and then it quieted down a little.

"In a word, it is impossible to describe the terrible misfortune of the Jews of Kishineff and the misery that exists here. Affectionately, your father."

The other letter, dated at Kishineff, says:

"My Dear Friend: On April 19 a terrible riot took place in Kishineff. Many Maldanians suddenly began to demolish Jewish dwellings and stores, tearing and breaking everything on which they could lay their hands, smashing windows, and filling the streets with feathers from torn bedding. The following day they made a second attack, killing about 100 and crippling numbers of others. Thousands fled to the forest and fields, leaving all their belongings in the hands of the savages. The streets are strewn with feathers saturated with blood. Scrolls of the Law and phylacteries are scattered in the streets.

"On the third day a regiment arrived from Odessa to guard the streets. A telegram was also sent by the Czar to the local officials to arrest all non-Jews found on Jewish streets. The Lord knows what will become of us. Your friend, ———."

These and other letters will be read at the meeting.

BULGARIA COMPLAINS OF TURKISH SEVERITIES.

Makes Representations to the Powers—State of Terror Exists in Macedonian Districts.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Bulgarian Government, says the Sofia correspondent of The Times, has brought to the notice of the representatives of the powers the Turkish severities in Macedonia and the secrecy of the proceedings of the Salonika court-martial.

A state of terror, adds the correspondent, exists in the district of Djuma'a. Almost all the Bulgarians in the town are imprisoned, the shops are closed, and the market is deserted. Similar conditions exist in the Razlog district.

The town of Bansko is blockaded by a force of 2,000, and wholesale arrests are taking place there. The inhabitants of several villages in the district are fleeing to the mountains.

The newspaper Trgovski Vestnik states that two villages in the Kresna district were bombarded by Turkish artillery and burned. Bashi-Bazouks aiding in the work of destruction.

CANADA'S SLAP AT GERMANY.

It is Understood That the Dominion's New Tariff Arrangements Will Result in Retaliatory Measures.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—It is understood, says the Berlin correspondent of The Times, that the German Government is considering the best methods of combating the new Canadian customs arrangements, which are regarded as entailing the complete exclusion of German imports.

It is anticipated that the Federal Council, at one of its next sittings, will give the Imperial Chancellor, Count von Bülow, authority for the adoption of measures of reprisal.

The Cologne Gazette urges that the question must be treated with an eye to the future commercial policy of other British colonies.

FRENCH ANTI-CLERICALS ACTIVE.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Paris correspondent of The Times says that the advanced anti-Clerical section of the French Government's supporters are evidently not disposed to allow themselves to be intimidated by the general condemnation by the Opposition press of their recent demonstration in the church at Aubervilliers-les-Vertus, near Paris.

Meetings to be held next Sunday are being organised in all the large towns as a reply to what is described as the defiance on the part of the monks and Bishops.

MOORISH TROOPS LOOT VILLAGES.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Times's correspondent at Tangier says that troops from Arzila which have arrived there en route for Tetuan pillaged inoffensive villages on the way, and arrived laden with loot.

UNITARIANS HONOR EMERSON.

The Essayist's Son Guest at the Centennial of His Father's Birth.

The Unitarian Club of New York, at its annual meeting and reception which was held last night at the Hotel Savoy, celebrated the centennial of Ralph Waldo Emerson's birth. Several speakers paid tribute to his memory and gave their recollections of him in reminiscent anecdote. The Rev. Dr. Thomas R. Slicer presided. He introduced as the first speaker, Dr. Edward W. Emerson of Boston, the poet's son, who was present as a guest of the club.

"Mr. Emerson was a believer in aristocracy," Dr. Emerson said. "He believed in the aristocracy of character. His creed was that a gentleman was a man who made his word good with his life. He was such a man himself. That was why he was more than a mere teacher. Those who came to him for instruction learned as much through the medium of their eyes as they did from his words. He wrote once in his journal: 'Instead of a book of ink, I will give them a book of flesh and blood,' and his life showed that he meant it. His whole life was a supplement to what he wrote.

"I hope I shall be able to avoid the word 'sage' in speaking about my father. He always thought that word sounded so much like 'wiseacre,' and it is not at all a happy word to apply to Mr. Emerson. He was the opposite of that. The simpler a man, the better he loved him, and he loved children best of all. He was a poet above everything.

"Mr. Emerson was not a Unitarian in a narrow sense of that word. He was a Trinitarian. He believed in the trinity of goodness, purity, and truth. But he did not take his creed from books or old manuscripts. He always said: 'Why rake up old manuscripts to find a man's soul. You cannot get any conversation out of a corpse? He believed the world to be as open to inspiration to-day as at any time. He went to the living universe for an expression of God. He keyed his ears to the sounds of nature. He went into the woods alone and listened, and presently the inspiration came. As he said once: 'The trouble with men is that they will not listen. Men should listen not only when in company, but when alone?'"

The Rev. Robert Collyer, the next speaker, told many entertaining stories about the poet.

"Wendell Phillips was on a lecturing tour in the West," he said. "The manager of the tour asked him if they had any good lecturers in the East, as he should want some to fill in. Phillips told him they had a man named Emerson. 'Is he good?' the manager asked. 'We think so in the East,' Phillips replied. 'Is he eloquent?' Well, I don't know how he will suit you on the frontier; we consider him eloquent in New England.' 'Well,' replied the impresario, 'I believe in encouraging a man like that.' And Emerson was engaged."

The Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage's tribute was, in part, as follows:

"The greatest thing about Emerson was his personality. I count him among the greatest souls in the world. He awed, mystified, filled with wonder, uplifted, inspired with courage, and gave life through his presence. And when I open one of Emerson's essays I feel that I come in touch with the great life-giving forces of the universe."

The Rev. Dr. George H. Badger, newly elected Secretary of the Conference of the Middle States and Canada, and the Rev. Dr. Chadwick of Brooklyn also spoke.

The following officers were elected for the ensuing year: President—The Rev. Thomas R. Slicer; Vice Presidents—John A. Taylor and Henry Foster Hitch; Treasurer—Francis B. Southard; Secretary—Percy D. Adams.

THE JACOB TOME INSTITUTE.

Dedicatory Exercises Begun—Prominent Educators Arriving for the Ceremonies To-day and To-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

PORT DEPOSIT, Md., May 14.—The dedicatory exercises of the Jacob Tome Institute, destined to be one of the greatest educational institutions in this part of the country, began this evening with the class-day exercises. Prominent educators are arriving to take part in the ceremonies to-morrow and Saturday.

The buildings and grounds, situated on the heights above this town, command a magnificent view of the Susquehanna River. Their completion and the successful establishment of the institution are a great credit to the widow of Jacob Tome, who left several millions of dollars as an endowment fund.

The commencement address to-morrow will be delivered by William Day Leonard of New York. There are twenty-eight graduates. At the reception to visitors and delegates addresses of welcome will be delivered by United States Senator McComas, Dr. Van Sickle, Superintendent of Education of Baltimore; Dr. McPherson, and others.

Among the educators who will attend are Prof. Peck of Oberlin, Prof. Baker of the Teachers College of New York, Prof. McClenahan of Princeton, President Goucher of the Woman's College, Baltimore; Dr. Morgan of Dickinson, President Fell of St. John's College, and Dr. Jones of Pennsylvania Charter School, Philadelphia. At the dedication exercises on Saturday the speakers will include Gov. Smith of Maryland, and President Remsen of Johns Hopkins University.

MR. VANDERBILT'S BIG FENCE.

Barrier of Iron Four Miles in Length and Five Feet High to Inclose His Long Island Estate.

GREAT NECK, L. I., May 14.—William K. Vanderbilt, Jr., has ordered that all work be suspended for the Summer on the construction of an iron fence which he is having built about his property here. He does not want the property torn up during his stay.

The fence which will surround the property will be built of iron, and will be five feet in height, about four miles in length, and it is estimated will cost in the neighborhood of $60,000. When the orders came to cease work on the foundation for the fence, there had been about one mile of the concrete laid. Its construction will be resumed in the Fall.

In the meantime Mr. Vanderbilt will endeavor to have the two highways which run to Success Lake through his property closed by the town officials, and if he is not successful in this attempt he will have to build the fence around the lake, thus shutting off the townspeople from the water except by way of the two roads.

BRUGUIERE SERIOUSLY HURT.

Newport Cottager Who Fell from His Horse in a Dangerous Condition.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 14.—The injuries to Mr. Louis S. Bruguiere, who fell from his horse while riding on Bellevue Avenue yesterday, owing to a defective saddle girth, are, it is feared, more serious than at first believed. His physicians are as yet unable to tell how seriously he is hurt, and cannot tell whether the dangerous symptoms which have developed will be of any moment.

It is quite evident that in falling Mr. Bruguiere was stepped upon by the horse, and probably on the head, as there are indications of concussion of the brain.

Mr. Bruguiere has no recollection of anything after he fell until a considerable time after he reached the Deerham cottage. The horse was so badly injured in the accident, although it is impossible to tell how, that it was necessary to shoot him.

BUILDERS' COMING RALLY

Committeemen Think Union Board Is Weakening.

Master Carpenters Agree Not to Bind Themselves Against Employing Any Qualified Workmen—Mason Builders Disagree.

The Building Trades Association has appointed the following committee to have charge of affairs at the mass meeting of representatives of all the employing organizations in the building trades to be held to-night in the Building Trades Club: L. K. Prince of the Prince & Kinkle Iron Works, William K. Fertig, Secretary of the Building Trades Association; Charles L. Eidlitz of Marc Eidlitz & Son, contractors and builders; Vincent C. King, and Henry W. Miller, both of the Master Plasterers' Association.

A representative of this committee said yesterday:

"Individual members of the United Board of Building Trades came around yesterday and saw individual members of the Lumber Dealers' and Building Material Dealers' Association. From what they said it was indicated that the Board realized its mistake in taking up the claims of unskilled labor to have the wages of mechanics. I believe by Monday there will be a great change in the situation.

"The Board of Building Trades will in all probability take some steps to clear itself of the responsibility for being sponsor for the claims of the Building Material Drivers. I expect that these drivers will be at work by the end of this week or by Monday at the furthest. This will undoubtedly have a strong moral effect on the Team Drivers' Union, which is not in the board, but whose members are on strike."

The Master Carpenters' Association which controls three-fourths of the carpenter work in the building trades of Manhattan and the Bronx, met yesterday afternoon in the Building Trades Club and decided to stand by the various associations of employers that have decided to resist trades union dictation. It also passed this resolution:

Resolved, That the Master Carpenters' Association of this city hereby condemns and forbids the making of an agreement by any of its members binding him or them in writing or otherwise, which would be in favor of the non-employment of any person qualified to do the work required of him.

It was stated yesterday on the information of members of the Board of Building Trades that six of the schools now in process of erection in Manhattan and the Bronx were getting all the lumber they needed.

Vincent C. King of the Committee of Five of the Building Trades Association said:

"As a matter of fact, one load of lumber was sent to the Morris High School by mistake by a member of the Lumber Dealers' Association. When this was realized he decided to send no more lumber, and apologized for his blunder. While we are strongly in favor of as many schools as possible being erected, we feel that in persisting in our present course we will bring the labor unions to their senses. The result will be that building will be resumed without any of the harrassing conditions which are liable to stop building operations at any time in a week or ten days. I think by Monday, from all I can learn, there will be something doing."

At the regular monthly meeting of the Mason Builders' Association, composed of the building contractors, last night the labor situation was discussed for two hours. As the meeting could not agree on delegates to represent the association at the general meeting of building employers to-night, it was decided that the mason builders should attend the meeting as individuals.

WORKMAN'S BODY FOUND.

Two of His Associates Arrested—Paterson Police Now Looking for Third Man.

PATERSON, N. J., May 14.—Patrick Griffen and Charles McDonald are locked up in this city, and a third man, John McCarthy, is being sought for by the police to throw some light on the finding of the body of an unknown man this morning at the foot of the cliffs near the Beattie Mill in Little Falls by William S. Hawley, who was on his way to work. He saw the man lying on the rocks and found an ugly wound on the back of his head. The dead man's name is not known, but he was an employe in the Hudson County Tunnel Company at Cedar Grove, and was about thirty-seven years of age.

Griffen before his arrest was about town to-day with a bandage over his head, and it is said that McCarthy was also injured.

McDonald in telling his story to the police, said:

"Yesterday was pay day, and some of us had a good supply of money with us. The dead man was one of the gang. We kept sending to a near-by saloon for pails of beer. There was a fight, and the man who is now dead got into a row. With whom, I cannot now recall, but I know there was a fight."

McDonald said Griffen and McCarthy were the last men he saw with the dead man. When the clothing of the dead man was searched there was no money found in the pockets, and the police are wondering what became of his month's salary, which he received yesterday.

CALLED A LIAR BY THE COURT.

Installment Dealer's Collector Finally Fined $25 for Assault, Which He Paid.

After having been called a liar by the court, Bernard Silverberg, a collector for a Harlem installment house, was fined $25 yesterday in the Special Sessions in Richmond Borough. He was tried on a charge of assault in the third degree preferred by Mrs. Emma Steuber of 86 New York Avenue, Clifton. The Steuber family formerly lived in Harlem, and while there purchased some furniture from the firm which employs Silverberg. The family moved to Staten Island, and on April 24 four payments were due.

Silverberg, with a wagon and driver, was sent to Staten Island. On reaching the home of the Steuber family Silverberg appears to have demanded a payment or the goods. Mrs. Steuber replied she had no money, but promised to come to the store of the company on the following day and make a payment. Up to this point there seems to be no dispute as to what took place. Beyond that the testimony differed.

Mrs. Steuber claimed that Silverberg abused her verbally, and called her a cheat, and asserted she had moved to Staten Island to beat his employers out of their money. While he was thus delivering himself, as she claimed, she said she shut the door and Silverberg forced it open, and in doing so injured one of her hands, and also one of her sides. The latter injury, it is claimed, may later be more serious than it has thus far proved, as the woman expects to become a mother shortly.

Silverberg in his own behalf denied the greater part of Mrs. Steuber's later testimony, and while telling his story was interrupted by Justice Fitzgerald, who was sitting with Justices Forker and Keating. Justice Fitzgerald did not mince matters in the least, and called Silverberg "a liar." The Justice also expressed a desire to send Silverberg to prison for a year. He was overruled, and the other Justices thought Mrs. Steuber might have exaggerated, as Justice Forker expressed it, and the court compromised on the fine, which was paid.

New Teachers for Trinity College.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 14.—The Trustees of Trinity College at a meeting here to-day appointed Prof. G. A. Kleen of Swarthmore College, Assistant Professor of Economics in the department with Prof. Henry Ferguson. Thomas Henry Yardley of St. Stephen's College at Annandale on the Hudson was appointed Assistant Professor of English Literature. He was graduated at Trinity in 1898.

Against Changing Church Name.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, May 14.—The Dallas Diocesan Council of the Protestant Episcopal Church voted against any change being made in the name of the Church. The vote stood: Clergy, 8 for, 8 against; laity, 13 for, 43 against.

POOLROOM MEN ALARMED.

Frightened by Rumors into Closing Their Places—Handbook Business Also Neglected.

Either as the result of Police Commissioner Greene's remarks about poolrooms at the St. Denis Hotel on Wednesday night, or the report current that "a big bunch" of warrants had been issued against persons making books on Manhattan Island, it was next to impossible to place a bet on the races yesterday. Some of the rooms were open as usual, but all evidences of betting were wanting, and the almost invariable remark to patrons was: "Nothing doing, but we will be running as usual to-morrow."

Even the runners who visit the big hotels and act as commissioners were not to be found in their accustomed haunts, and the town, so far as betting was concerned, was closed tighter than ever before. A few handbooks were running, and it is said that business was being carried on at a few places, but only the highly favored were admitted. The room on Park Row, which, since Peter De Lacy surrendered it, is said to have been accessible, was closed for the first time, and this was the case with regard to places in and about Fourteenth Street and in the Tenderloin.

The bookmakers were so alarmed by reports in circulation and the recent convictions in Brooklyn that bettors in the habit of putting up "markers" could not do business over the telephone. One well-known Commissioner who could always be found at a leading hotel went to the races yesterday and left word with attachés to tell any one who inquired for him that he was taking a day off.

BIG STEER AT LARGE AGAIN.

Animal in Brooklyn Scatters People, Jumps Overboard, and is Recaptured.

The big, long-horned steer that cut such a wide swath in Brooklyn Wednesday, knocking down two children and a woman before it was finally captured and penned up over night in the coal yard at the foot of Adams Street, broke loose again last night. From the coal dock stables it dashed up Adams Street, through York, Bridge, and Sands Streets, to Adams, again, scattering pedestrians to the right and left, while vehicles dashed out of its way. It was followed by a lot of policemen and excited citizens.

Reaching the dock, the animal plunged overboard as if to commit suicide. It swam, however, and was lassooed and towed beneath a derrick. Ropes were fitted to it, as it was well-nigh helpless, and it was raised by power. The steer's legs were tied tightly together as it dangled in air, and it lay through the night on the pier. During the day the steer had kicked to pieces a stall in which it had been confined, but it then seemed to grow quieter, and it made a final outbreak when three men, one a butcher, started to lead it to its doom at the slaughter house.

WAY OPENED FOR NEW LINE.

New Haven Fight for Repeal of Connecticut Railroad Law Suddenly Abandoned.

Special to The New York Times.

HARTFORD, Conn., May 14.—The combined forces of the New Haven Road and the Connecticut Lighting and Power Company, which have fought for the repeal of the general railroad law since the opening of this session of the Legislature, this morning suddenly withdrew their repeal bill and the Judiciary Committee, which had the matter in hand, unanimously reported to the Senate unfavorably upon it.

This ends one of the bitterest railroad fights in recent Connecticut legislative history and removes all opposition to the building of the proposed new third rail through line from Hartford to Middletown and New Haven, by Boston interests, Shaw & Co. and Gay & Co., who have in mind a through Boston to New York electric road parallel to the Consolidated.

The withdrawal of the bills to repeal the law under which this new road is to build, was actuated, it is understood, by the evidence that the bill could not become law on account of the opposition of the lower house, and also because the New Haven Road desires to make capital for its fight against the Demurrage bill.

DEATH OF THEATRICAL MAN.

Coroner's Physician Schultz was called to Miller's Hotel, 39 West Twenty-sixth Street, yesterday, to inquire into the death of T. D. Mackey, thirty-five years old, a theatrical man, who died there at 2:30 o'clock yesterday morning, after an illness of a few hours. He found that the man was a victim of heart disease, and that there was no ground for sensational rumors of poisoning that were current in theatrical circles.

Mackey was business manager of the "Princess Chic" road company, which recently returned from a season "on the road." He was a Yorkshireman and had been in this country about six years. He was said to be descended from the royal Stuarts through his mother, who is said to be at present so critically ill in England that it was deemed unwise to cable the news of the death. Mackey's only relatives in America so far as known are Robert O. Mackey of 6 Court Square, Hamilton, Ont., an uncle, and Adam Mackey of London, Ont., Vice President of the Mackey steamship line on the Great Lakes.

MARTYRS' REMAINS IN TOMB.

Remains of prison ship martyrs, which were unearthed several months ago by workmen excavating for a new building in the Brooklyn Navy Yard, were removed from the yard yesterday to the Martyrs' Tomb, in Fort Greene Park. They have been resting in a storehouse in the yard.

The box containing them, which bore a plate with an inscription telling how they were discovered, was placed in the tomb in the presence of Stephen V. White, the President, Gen. Horatio C. King, a Director, and other officers of the Prison Ship Martyrs' Monument Association.

LOWER PRICES FOR PIG IRON.

A further reduction in pig iron was announced yesterday by the news agencies. It was stated that Northern was down 25 cents, and that Southern pig iron had been reduced 50 cents per ton.

Representatives of the iron and steel industries maintained the position assumed by them publicly a few days ago that whatever cuts were made were not of much significance, and that the demand still continued larger than the supply. In spite of these statements, however, Steel stocks continued weak in the market.

Benai Berith Convention.

District Grand Lodge No. 1 of the Independent Order of Benai Berith will meet in annual convention in New Haven, Conn., on Sunday. The delegates to the convention represent lodges in the States of New York, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, and the Dominion of Canada. About one hundred delegates will represent the lodges in the State of New York. This is the second time in fifty-five years that the Grand Lodge meets outside of the City of New York, the other occasion being the meeting in Boston in 1876.

"Daisy Leighton's" Father Dead.

Daisy Leighton, the stage name of Miss Slaughter, the authoress, who is playing in "The Runaways," fainted while at rehearsals at the theatre yesterday when she received a telegram announcing the death of her father, C. H. Slaughter, a New Orleans merchant. When she revived she hurried home and left at once for New Orleans. Her father was originally from Charleston, West Va., and removed to New Orleans only a few years ago.

Wholesale Clothiers Notify Retailers.

The National Association of Clothiers has sent out to members of the retail clothing trade a pamphlet containing resolutions adopted at its recent convention inaugurating an organized effort to stop the habit of many retailers as to cancellation of orders and the return of goods without what is deemed good and valid reason.

Veteran Policeman Retired.

On his own application, Police Sergeant Patrick Ryan, a civil war veteran, who has been on the force since 1866, was retired yesterday by Commissioner Greene. Recently he has been on duty at Coney Island, and, after having served in other Brooklyn precincts several years.

Gov. Murphy Improving.

NEWARK, N. J., May 14.—Gov. Murphy, who was hurt yesterday by his horse falling, was able to be up and dressed to-day.

HOUSE OF MANY TRAPDOORS

Police Find Proprietor Hidden in an Ice Box.

One Inmate Secreted in a Trunk and Others in Small Spaces Let Into the Walls and Ceilings.

A veritable oldtime castle in the matter of trapdoors and secret hiding places was what a house on Mott Street, near the corner of Hester Street, which was raided last night by Capt. Ward and a squad of detectives, proved to be. Since Capt. Ward has been in command of the Mulberry Street Precinct complaints have showered on him with regard to the house. Almost every day some one or other of his detectives has visited it in the hope of finding evidence on which to arrest the proprietor, but it seemed as if the inmates were perfectly aware of the movements of the police, and nothing ever came of their efforts.

Recently Capt. Ward is said to have managed to place a person in the house, who was able to gather valuable information. Acting on what this person communicated to him, the Captain took Detectives Casey, Buckridge, Hess, Weigold, Richards, and others and descended on the house. While some of the officers watched the front of the house, others climbed to the roof of another house near by and scrambled to the roof of the place to be raided. Yet others got in the back yard, and at last all the avenues of escape were guarded.

The house is a four-story brick building. On the basement floor is a saloon and restaurant, on the next floor is a parlor and other rooms, and on the two remaining floors are bedrooms. When Capt. Ward entered the saloon with two or three of his men all they found was the cook, not a trace of the proprietor, his wife, or the other inmates. A close search was made, and at length in an icebox was found the alleged proprietor, Antonio Carousa. Proceeding to the second floor a door was broken open, and four Italians were found. The third floor was deserted. The officers were about to go to the fourth floor when a noise was heard apparently proceeding from a trunk. The lid was raised and a woman who gave her name as Nellie Wilson was dragged out.

In a room on the same floor, under a bed in a corner, a trap door about fifteen inches square was found. This was raised, and two women were found huddled together in a small space built in the wall. Proceeding to the fourth floor, a closet in a corner of one of the rooms attracted attention, and in the ceiling of the closet was discovered another trap door which led to a small space beneath the rafters, about two feet high. Here Carmela Lama, the wife of Carousa, was discovered and dragged forth. All were taken to the station house.

Capt. Ward said that Carmela Lama had been convicted twice of maintaining a disorderly house, and is now under suspended sentence for an offense for which she was convicted five months ago. At that time her counsel exhibited to the court a steamship ticket for Italy, which he said the woman had purchased; that she had given up her illicit business, and intended to return to Italy to live. On this representation, the Captain says, sentence was suspended.

The raid was made on warrants issued yesterday in the Tombs Court.

BALTIMORE & OHIO'S GROWTH.

April Report Shows Increase of 28 Per Cent. in Net Earnings—Prospect for Fiscal Year.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—According to the April statement of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, just issued, there was an increase in the gross earnings of $751,323, or more than 15 per cent. The operating expenses increased $316,303, or not quite 10 per cent., but net earnings make the striking increase of $435,020, or about 28 per cent.

The net earnings for the ten months of the fiscal year, including April, were $19,228,290, an increase of $2,086,805 over the corresponding period of last year, or nearly 12 per cent. Should that average keep up for the remaining two months, the net earnings for the year will run in excess of $23,000,000.

Such a showing in net earnings calls attention to the growth of the Baltimore and Ohio both in earnings and in mileage since the receivership of seven years ago. In the year of the receivership the gross earnings of the property were less than $24,000,000. The net earnings will now almost equal this sum, and the gross earnings for ten months are more than double it. Next month will round out two years in the history of the company under its present management.

NORTHWEST CATTLE FAMINE.

Washington Packing Companies Send as Far as Mexico to Obtain Stock.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, May 14.—Beef cattle have been cleaned out of the Northwest so completely that Puget Sound has been in danger of a meat famine for the last week. Dealers under contract to furnish the Government with meat for Alaska and the Philippines have purchased and are holding most of the fat stock available in Washington, Idaho, and Oregon. Local packing companies have men scouring the country through Utah, Nevada, and even across the line in Mexico for cattle. Large purchases have been made in Texas and Oklahoma.

Within a week, for the first time, those States will be shipping live cattle in train loads into the Pacific Northwest. Another cause of the local shortage is the prevailing high prices for hay and oats, of which the Government is making heavy purchases for shipment to Alaska and the Philippines.

BABCOCK OUT FOR QUARLES.

Wisconsin Representative Against Gov. La Follette in Contest for Senatorship.

Special to The New York Times.

MADISON, Wis., May 14.—Representative J. W. Babcock is now out of the Senatorial race. Until to-day it was believed that he was to be a candidate for the seat of Senator J. V. Quarles, with Mr. Quarles and Gov. R. M. La Follette as his opponents. To-day it developed that he is to support Mr. Quarles against La Follette.

The La Follette men had asserted from the start he would either be a candidate himself or would support the Governor, but Mr. Babcock is working among the legislators who are now here in the interest of Mr. Quarles. In fact, he has practically opened headquarters for the Senator at his own rooms in the Park Hotel. By the so-called "half breeds" Mr. Babcock is now spoken of as the probable opponent of Mr. La Follette for the Governorship.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

(From 12 o'clock Wednesday night until 12 o'clock Thursday night.)

3:20 A. M.—48 Orchard Street; no name and no damage.

5:50 A. M.—121 Allen Street; Max Kraus; damage trifling.

8:40 A. M.—Forty-second Street and Sixth Avenue; rapid transit tunnel; no damage.

10:10 A. M.—251 East Seventieth Street; Rudolf Lang; damage, $500.

10:30 A. M.—420 Eleventh Street; Berry Simons; damage, $25.

11:20 A. M.—422 West Thirtieth Street; Samuel Gordon; damage, $100.

12:45 P. M.—Spuyten Duyvil Road; Edward O'Really; damage, $10.

4:15 P. M.—124 Eldridge Street; Herman Goldberg; damage, $100.

4:50 P. M.—235 Avenue B; L. Mauder; damage, $25.

5 P. M.—21 West Forty-second Street; Walter J. Solomon; damage, $1,000.

5:25 P. M.—126 West One Hundred and Thirty-fourth Street; Samuel Hawkins; damage, $500.

6:15 P. M.—412 West Twenty-seventh Street; M. Winelander; damage, $500.

7 P. M.—133 and 135 West Twenty-third Street; M. S. Schami; damage, $250.

7:35 P. M.—West and Morton Streets; Patrick Lyons; damage, $5.

7:50 P. M.—222 East Broadway; Dr. Booth; damage trifling.

8:15 P. M.—28 Jefferson Street; Morris Torfel; damage trifling.

10:50 P. M.—One Hundred and Second Street and Columbus Avenue; elevated railroad; damage trifling.

11:25 P. M.—124 Elizabeth Street; P. Marchodi; damage, $4.

Established 1856.

W. H. HALL

FURRIER

A Lesson in Economy.

An opportunity to have your Fur Garments remodeled and repaired at fully 25 per cent. less than charged by other houses is worthy of notice.

We repair and remodel anything in the line of furs. Now is the time to have the work done, as the reduction is made in order to give constant employment to our experienced fur workmen during the Summer months.

Send a postal or telephone and our wagon will call.

Estimates cheerfully furnished.

Telephone 2544-18th.

W. H. HALL,

Manufacturing Furrier,

346 Sixth Ave.

(Between 21st and 22d Sts.)

Blue Serge will be very much worn again this season, but to wear well it must be the true blue Serge which we guarantee.

Hand tailored single-breasted Sack Suit, **$8.**

Double-breasted, **$10.**

Brill Brothers

Four Convenient Stores.

279 Broadway.
47 Cortlandt St.
211 and 219 Sixth Ave.
125th St., Cor. 3d Ave.

CINCINNATI POISON MYSTERY.

Mrs. McCormick Arrested at Memphis as the Sender of the Fatal Whisky.

Special to The New York Times.

CINCINNATI, May 14.—The mystery of the broken package of poisoned whisky which caused the death of one and the serious illness of four other Adams Express Company employes last night, has not been solved. There will be no further deaths as a result of drinking the deadly potion.

The men are recovering rapidly, and will probably be discharged from the hospitals to-morrow.

When Mrs. Kate Nobbe, to whom the package was addressed, identified the handwriting as that of Mrs. McCormick, local authorities requested her arrest at Memphis. It followed, as did also a promise from her to come to Cincinnati and face a charge of murder.

Mrs. Nobbe was before Chief of Police Millikin to-day, but could do nothing more than repeat statements that Mrs. McCormick was jealous of her because of imagined attentions to the Cincinnati woman on the part of Edward Fell, a Memphis saloon keeper.

The Memphis woman is tearful and indignant because of her arrest. She denies absolutely that she sent any package containing poison by express to Mrs. Nobbe. She admits that she sent her a parcel containing, she avers, a candy baby.

She avers that the baby was expressed to her by Mrs. Nobbe. She regarded it as an insult, she states, and promptly returned it. Since then she avers that she has never considered Mrs. Nobbe as a friend. Formerly they were quite friendly and corresponded regularly.

WROTE VERSE BEFORE DEATH.

Widow of a Suicide Succeeded in Killing Herself on Her Second Attempt.

After writing several melancholy stanzas of verse, Mrs. M. C. Whidden, twenty-seven years old, took carbolic acid and died in a room at the Putnam House, Fourth Avenue, near Twenty-sixth Street, on Wednesday night. She registered as Mrs. F. W. Foster, New York, but papers revealed her identity.

She was the widow of Frank Whidden, who shot and killed himself in Philadelphia last January. The husband, who was said to have been wealthy at one time, took a position as a car conductor. He brooded over the illness of his five-year-old daughter, who was staying with relatives at 124 West Eighty-fifth Street, this city, and committed suicide. Several days later the wife attempted suicide by asphyxiation. She recovered, but told her friends that she could not live without her husband and would make another attempt to take her life.

Papers among the suicide's effects included a pawn ticket for a ring, a receipt for $10 which Mrs. Whidden had paid the Philip J. Walsh estate of Philadelphia, and a letter from the Finley-Acker Company of that city, referring to four days' salary inclosed and expressing the hope that the addressee on reaching New York had found her little daughter much better. There was also $7.56, a cheap pin, and a bicycle key, and beneath the pillow a loaded pistol.

The verses the woman left had been freshly written on a double sheet of note-paper. There was much interlining and many alterations, indicating clearly that it was an original composition.

At the Eighty-fifth Street house all knowledge of the woman was abruptly disclaimed. Coroner Jackson made an investigation of the case, but at a late hour the body still lay unclaimed at the hotel.

Belmont's Footman Pleads Not Guilty.

HEMPSTEAD, L. I., May 14.—John George Reynolds, who until recently was August Belmont's footman, was arraigned before Justice Valentine Clowes at this place to-day on a charge of larceny in the first degree, for the alleged theft of some silverware and other things from the home of Mr. Belmont in Nassau County. Reynolds was in the employ of Mr. Belmont at the time in the capacity of footman. Reynolds pleaded not guilty to the charge and asked time for his counsel, Henry Keith of New York, to prepare his case. He was remanded back to jail until to-morrow afternoon. Reynold's plea of not guilty seems to have been a complete surprise to the people here.

SUBSIDIES FOR DRY DOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, May 14.—For the purpose of equipping the lakes and the Atlantic and Pacific Coasts with dry docks capable of accommodating the largest steamships, the Government to-day offered a resolution in the Commons authorizing the payment of subsidies to approved undertakings of its sort.

These subsidies will not exceed 3 per cent. of the cost of the work during the twenty years from the time of completion and acceptance. No such subsidy is to exceed $80,000 a year. The motion was carried. The two first docks to be undertaken under this resolution, it is understood, will be at Collingwood and St. John, N. B.

James McCreery & Co.

Ladies' Gloves for summer dress.

Silk, in various weights and makes,—and suede lisle in plain and fancy weaves.

Mitts in fancy silk and maltese lace weaves.

On Friday and Saturday

2 clasp, suede gloves,—pearl, biscuit and white. 1.00 per pair

Twenty-third Street

James McCreery & Co.

Ladies Suit Dep't

3rd floor

Shirt Waist Suits, made of white "butcher" linen, trimmed with Mexican drawn work. Box pleated skirts.

18.50 and 24.50

Embroidered linen Shirt Waist Dresses with pleated skirts.

24.50

Shirt Waist Dresses made of check and black or colored taffetas silk.

18.50

Black or white India Silk Shirt Waist Dresses,

22.50

Visiting or afternoon gowns made of crepe de chine or nun's veiling.

45.00 55.00 and 65.00

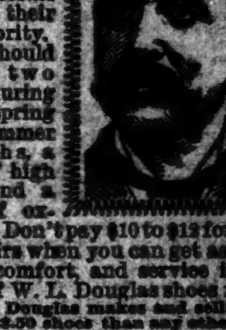
formerly 75.00 to 110.00

Twenty-third Street

W. L. DOUGLAS $3.50 SHOE UNION MADE

You can Save from $3 to $5 this Spring by wearing W. L. Douglas $3.50 Shoes.

They equal those that have been costing you $5 to $6. The immense sale proves their superiority. You should have two pairs during the spring and summer months, a pair of high cuts and a pair of oxfords. Don't pay $10 to $12 for these two pairs when you can get as much style, comfort, and service in two pairs of W. L. Douglas shoes for $7.



W. L. Douglas makes and sells more men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.

Made of the best imported and American leathers including Patent Corona Kid & Patent Corona Colt.

Boys all wear W. L. Douglas shoes. Price, $2.00 and $1.75.

Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively.

CAUTION! Name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute.

Shoes by mail, 25 cents extra. Catalog of Spring Styles free. W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

NEW YORK STORES: 432 Broadway. 755-756 Broadway. 1349 Broadway. 974 Third Avenue. 2202 Third Avenue. 356 Sixth Avenue. 845 Eighth Avenue. 301 West 125th St. 95 Nassau Street. 142 East 14th Street. 520 Willis Ave., Bronx. BROOKLYN: 708-710 Broadway. 1367 Broadway. 419-421 Fulton Street. 494 Fifth Avenue. JERSEY CITY: 18 Newark Ave.

REDUCTION IN PRICES OF THE Zeiss Stereo Field Glasses

A decided cut in the Prices of these High Powered and Compact Field and Marine Glasses comes at a most appropriate time.

If you cannot Call Send for New Price List.

Paul A. Meyrowitz

THE FIFTH AVENUE OPTICIAN.

Fifth Ave., cor. 38th Street.

Buy a quart or pint bottle of

WELCHS GRAPE JUICE.

When tired and exhausted take a small glassful, you will feel refreshed and invigorated.

Try Welch's as a table beverage; it is delicious as well as healthful.

Most druggists and grocers sell it. The Welch Grape Juice Co., Westfield, N. Y.

LOSSES BY FIRE.

FARMER, N. Y., May 14.—The stone gristmill at Ovid, one of the largest and oldest in Seneca County, owned by W. F. Blaine, was totally destroyed by fire early to-day. The loss is about $10,000. The mill furnished the flour for Willard State Hospital.

SALT LAKE, Utah, May 14.—The zinc plant of the Utah Metals Company, situated at Park City, the only plant for the treatment of zinc-bearing ores in the West, was almost totally destroyed by fire this morning. The loss is about $125,000, partially covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have resulted from placing ores from the roasters in wooden bins.

SOCIAL SCIENTISTS ON LABOR AND JOURNALISM

Oscar S. Straus Urges Employers' Unions as Balancing Force.

St. Clair McKelway at Boston Meeting Discusses Newspapers and Publicity.

BOSTON, May 14.—The general meeting of the American Social Science Association was opened here to-day in Huntington Hall. President Oscar S. Straus this evening made an address on "Industrial Peace," and St. Clair McKelway spoke on "Journalism and Publicity." Mr. Straus, referring to the Industrial Department of the Civic Federation, in part said:

"The results accomplished by this body have not only fully justified its existence, but have also clearly shown that along the lines of its endeavors the best results toward adjusting labor disputes and securing industrial peace are attainable. The 'Conciliation Committee,' composed of nine members, three selected from each of the respective groups, has been applied to for its good offices within the past fifteen months in many important and large labor controversies. These applications have come sometimes from the one side, sometimes from the other side, and not infrequently from both sides. The committee has succeeded beyond its most sanguine expectations in bringing about, or materially contributing toward, an adjustment in nearly every instance, with the exception of the anthracite coal strike.

"The conflict between employers and workmen, commonly expressed between capital and labor, has never been more concisely, graphically, and fundamentally described than when Roger Williams said: 'What are all these strifes and contentions about but for larger dishes and bowls of porridge.' This very contention which is the source of unrest, is at the same time one of the chief factors of material advancement and progress. The highest consideration should not be had to deaden the strife and contention, but how to co-ordinate and regulate it, so as not to break the bowls and spill the porridge. To the extent that labor organizes for self-protection, for the purposes of bettering its conditions and raising the standard of life, it is not only justified, but becomes a contributor to the advance of civilization. But when labor organizes in a spirit of bitterness and hostility against employers, and uses its power to tyrannize over the directing forces of industry and the capital necessary to give it life, to that extent it defeats its own interests, hinders industrial progress, and becomes a menace to social order.

OBSTACLE TO PEACE.

"The greatest obstacle to industrial peace is not selfishness, but the tyranny of ignorance, and uneconomic demands. In the very nature of things the employer class as a whole is the more educated, and has a better conception of 'enlightened self-interest.' But with the reasonable lessening of the hours of labor and the widening opportunities for education, the laboring class is certainly making great intellectual progress, and many of its leaders are men of wise experience, of education, and of ability, with an enlightened sense of their duties as patriotic, peace-loving citizens. In this connection I will quote from a recent paper read before the American Economic Association by Henry White, one of the most intelligent and learned representatives of organized labor. He said: 'No matter how good an employer's intentions, he cannot allay the discontent with economic conditions, and, owing to the limitations of competition, it would even be beyond his power individually to concede to his workmen conditions substantially better than prevailing standards. So we see the problem is not a matter of the liberality of the individual employers, but of general conditions that can be improved only by a uniform upward pressure which the wage-worker himself must apply.'

"I desire to refer to another view of the subject, which, unfortunately, obtains among a section of the laborers as well as among some employers, but I am happy to say only among the extreme wings of each. Last month, at the meeting of the National Association of Manufacturers, its President devoted a large part of his address to attacking organized labor. Some of his criticisms as to the wrongs and injustice of organized labor were true, but in the main these were negatived in force and effect by a narrow, one-sided, and arbitrary conception of the larger relations of employers and workmen. As to conciliation, he said:

"To my mind, this is not the proper time to talk conciliation. * * * Conciliation implies a yielding attitude and a recognition of the validity of distinctive demands made by the opposing side. * * * Neither is it the time to talk arbitration or 'joint agreement.' To arbitrate questions of wages and hours is to introduce artificial methods of determining what they shall be, and an equitable arrangement as to either cannot be effected artificially.

"Compare this attitude on the part of the President of an organization composed of six hundred manufacturers, with that I have quoted, from one of the leading representatives of organized labor, and I leave it to you to judge which of these representatives approaches the burning question of the day in a more conservative and conciliatory spirit, with more wisdom and justice.

ATTITUDE OF SOCIALISTS.

"The attitude of the Socialists is likewise uncompromising. They denounce the unions and the leaders of the unions for entering into agreements with employers. They affirm that the class struggle is irrepressible and that workmen must fight their employers to the bitter end and make no compromise.

"I have grown more and more hopeful that as this country was the first to organize religious and political equality, it will lead the way to a peaceful co-ordination of the economic forces, by equalizing the opportunities for advancement, which is the nearest practical approach to economic equality. The same inherent reasons and causes which render it impossible to maintain a condition of economic equality between different classes of employers obtain as between workers and employers. We can never by artificial or by arbitrary laws equalize the individual capabilities to achieve success; certainly not this side of the grave, and beyond that point, however vivid may be our hopes, our experiences are entirely lacking.

"The solution of differences lies along the lines of evolution, not revolution; and in my judgment that evolution will best be promoted, as the first step, by organization on the part of employers in their respective branches of industry. By this means they will be best able to cope with and restrain organized labor in resisting uneconomic demands and unreasonable exactions, and at the same time they will be best able to agree among themselves to accord such terms and conditions as to wages, hours, and employment as tend to improve the standards of life and living among laboring men.

"Without organization and with unrestrained competition, the well-disposed employer is often prevented from granting his workmen more liberal terms which he regards as reasonable so long as his less well-disposed competitor holds out against making like reasonable concessions, and as a result strikes on the part of organized labor are brought about to correct evils growing out of a lack of harmony among unorganized employers. Besides, strong organization among employers will have a far-reaching moral and disciplinary effect upon labor and make it easier for the leaders of labor to control their followers and restrain them from making unreasonable demands. The temptations of power which organization gives labor when not restrained by organized power on the part of employers is too great not to be misused and tyrannically exercised even on slight provocations to enforce arbitrary demands. Just as among nations one sword keeps the other in its scabbard and makes for peace, so will equality of might conduce to equality of right and strengthen the forces of wisdom and conservatism on both sides."

MR. McKELWAY'S ADDRESS.

Mr. McKelway's address was, in part, as follows:

"The journalism really opened to review here is that of which all or some of its constituency complains, whether reasonably or not. It is that which such a constituency regards as an offender. It is a journalism of which the circulation suffices to make considerable any cause of offense which it gives. It is a journalism amenable to public opinion and dependent on it.

"Of this journalism complaint is made. Now, what is the complaint? It is that such journalism invades the right of privacy. That it is destructive, at times, of considerable happiness in those affected by it. The proposition is too self-evident to need enforcement or illustration. Such an invasion must, therefore, be conceded to be a denial or an impairment to a degree of some of the primary rights of men. If the charge of wantonly invading the right of privacy can be sustained against the legitimate press, the matter is a serious one. To invade is nearly always correctly thought of as to force your unwelcome way in. There is, however, invasion and invasion. There is an invasion for what the public has a right to know. Public right in such instances must be made very clear. All will admit with me that if anything in this world ought to be private, in addition to a man's home, his telegrams, his letters, and his bank books ought to be.

"Yet tread gently here. Tweed's bank account was not respected. It was wantonly invaded by Charles O'Conor and Samuel J. Tilden. All honorable newspapers and all honest men now applaud that invasion. It was held to be essential to the proof of Tweed's robbery, necessary to the exhibition of the division by Tweed of the public money which was privately and officially stolen. It was seen to be indispensable to the discovery of what remained, from which to secure his conviction. The reader will say: 'But he was a criminal, and that made a difference.' It is easier to say that now than it was when the thing was done. It was not easy to say it then. O'Conor and Tilden and the few bold newspapers where they lived which were behind them were charged with the same invasion of the right of privacy brought against the press now. To-day the descendants of the offenders then punished, sufferers for the sins of their fathers unto the third and fourth generations, have never forgiven the journalistic invasion of the right of privacy which was forfeited by public misdeeds as suspended by the operation of public interests.

PROBING NATIONAL ELECTION.

"Nor should any citizen in whom memory is a quickener of morals or a promoter of patriotism fail to recollect that in 1876-7 a committee of Congress ransacked many private letters and seized many private telegrams in hope to determine whether the Presidency of the United States had been bought or sold or bidden for or hawked about in the preceding election. Till wrong abandons secrecy journalism will invade privacy.

"There is much unjust criticism of the press. A qualification for press criticism is not supplied by the mere receipt of that criticism. Those whom the press censors for cause are likely to censor the press without other cause than their own smarts. Newspapers are often in error, but most of them are more anxious to repair it than commit it, or persist in it. Has a man incurred the general displeasure of the community? He blames the paper that says he has and proves it. Has some particular journal offended a sensitive citizen? That journal becomes his measuring rod for the whole press. Does an editor decline to take a man at his own estimate of himself? That man regards that editor as well-nigh a public enemy.

"Government claims, and to government within limits should be conceded, the right of privacy. Yet in final analysis the endurability of government is in the publicity of it. Publicity of it is punishability of it. Of old the cry was, 'How shall they hear without a preacher?' To-day the question is, 'How shall they learn without a newspaper?' The newspaper now discharges duties of proclamation once delegated to the altar, the church door, the market place, and the town crier.

"We have more secret government than is realized. Every executive session of the Federal or State Senate is an act of secret government. A result is the creation of an artificial prerogative called Senatorial courtesy. From that results the division of the appointing power through Senators instead of its concentration in the elected President as provided by the Constitution. We thus have almost as many unelected assistant Presidents as there are Senators. An endeavor to level this contention to the plane of law created a cataclysm from which issued the assassination of James A. Garfield. Every press endeavor to get at what goes on in the executive session is resented as an invasion. But every such invasion is in the public interest. To the degree that the invasion is successful are insured the weakening of government in part by oligarchy and the strengthening of government by the people.

"The privacy of government is seen in divorces. Every divorce case tried out of open court is an act of secret government. The scandals and wrongs such proceedings often work at times arouse the thunders of the bench, of the pulpit, and of the press, and even the feeble tenor of bar associations. There are three parties to every marriage—the man, the woman, and the public. Law requires the vital facts of all marriages to be filed for registration and inspection. It formally prescribes the same with reference to divorces. But it seals up the facts in divorce cases with results which have made divorce-getting run with fraud, falsehood, and ineffable outrage on the innocent. Dissolution of marriages should not be a private convenience. The question of the measure of publication of details should be left to the press for punishment if abused, with loss of repute if absurd. That will take care of itself. The passion of the press for publicity is a public security. The good it works outweighs the harm a thousand to one.

"There is room for reform on the side which the press turns toward society. There is room for reform on the side which society turns toward the press. The daily receipt of personal items from the pens of those named in them with the polite expression that they may be inserted prominently and promptly is the experience of every paper. Advance lists of guests, advance descriptions of gowns, ornaments, decorations, and presents are kindly inclosed. So offensive do these personal notices become that those named in them invariably buy a large number of the papers—presumably for suppression.

"The community that would reform the news tone of the press should reform the news tone of its parlors, its tables, and its clubs. The gossip of the press is but the extension of the gossip of the avenue—with the difference that it is less recklessly and more grammatically expressed."

STORY OF A BRIBERY SCHEME.

Witnesses Testify Against George Edward Mills, Accused of Trying to Destroy the Flower Indictments.

The trial of George Edward Mills, the lawyer who has been indicted for grand larceny in the second degree for attempting to remove and destroy public records, was continued yesterday, before Justice Fitzgerald, in the criminal branch of the Supreme Court. Mills was the law partner of Jewell Flower, a son of Dr. Richard C. Flower, and the allegation in the charge against him is that he attempted to bribe Assistant District Attorney Garvan and Detective Sergeant Brindley of the District Attorney's office to obtain five indictments charging Dr. Flower with grand larceny, growing out of his transactions in Lone Pine Mining Company stock.

Andrew D. Meloy, a broker, of 25 Broad Street, who formerly was Dr. Flower's partner in the promotion of Western mining schemes, and as a result has been involved in much litigation with him, told of the effort to "reach" Mr. Garvan, with the result that Brindley was sent to conduct the negotiations, which culminated in the arrest of Mills. After the first meeting Meloy met Mills, who then, according to his testimony, said:

"They are dead easy. That man Brindley is a cinch."

Detective Sergeant Brindley described his several meetings with Mills, especially the one on April 3, when he said he gave Mills the five indictments and received $1,750. Mills, he said, sought to interest him in some schemes he had in Wall Street.

Brindley said that Mills declared he was counsel for Mrs. Hagaman-Delabarre in a suit against Mrs. Rebecca Richman, who was in an insane asylum, and that Mrs. Richman had stolen $75,000 worth of jewelry from Mrs. Delabarre.

"You go to her husband, who is worth between $500,000 and $600,000," Brindley said Mills told him, "and tell him that if he will put up some money Mrs. Delabarre will be prevailed upon to settle the matter out of court. I think I can manage the matter with my client, and this ought to be worth ten or twenty thousand dollars to us."

District Attorney Jerome told of obtaining the indictments from Clerk Carroll of the Court of General Sessions and giving them to Brindley.

National Guard Officers Resign.

Col. Morris of the Ninth Regiment has received the resignations of Surgeon Samuel D. Hubbard, who has the rank of Major, and of Lieut. Richard Doherty of Company I. The latter, it is said, has failed to perform the required duty. He joined the regiment as a private in 1900. Surgeon Hubbard served with the Ninth during the war with Spain. He resigned on account of business.

SCHWAB SCHOOL OPENING

Homestead to Have Gala Day in Honor of the Founder.

Dedication Ceremonies of Free Industrial Institution to be Attended by Steel Trust President.

HOMESTEAD, Penn., May 14.—Great preparations have been made for the dedication of the C. M. Schwab Free Industrial School at this place on Saturday afternoon. All business will be suspended, and the townfolk are going to take a holiday to participate in the formal opening of the institution, built and maintained by the President of the United States Steel Corporation. The building and equipment cost more than $125,000.

Work at the steel mills will be suspended, and the workingmen, several thousand strong, will march in parade. Stores, shops, and other places of business will be closed for the day. The borough authorities have authorized the committees in charge of the dedication to draw upon the treasury for whatever funds may be needed to make the affair notable in the history of Homestead.

The Industrial School will be in full operation on Saturday morning, to enable Mr. Schwab and a few personal friends to make an inspection of the institution and see what work is being done there. The cooking class will serve them with a light luncheon.

In the afternoon there will be a big parade. The uniformed troop of Homestead will act as an escort for Mr. Schwab. The young ironmaster will be followed in the line of march by the Boys' Brigade of Pennsylvania, from Pittsburg, numbering over 700. Members of secret societies, in uniform, will complete the first division.

The second division will be made up of more than 1,000 children from the public schools of Homestead, led by Borough Superintendent J. C. Kendall, the Borough School Board, and teachers, while the local fire companies will constitute the third section, and thousands of steel workers from Homestead, Braddock, Duquesne, and the surrounding country will complete the parade. It is expected that more than 10,000 persons will be in line to be reviewed by Mr. Schwab in front of the Industrial School.

At 3 o'clock the dedication of the new building will take place. A large platform has been erected in front of the school building, where the exercises are to be held. Mr. Schwab will present the building and equipment to the borough, and W. S. Bullock, Chairman of the Committee of Arrangements, will accept the gift in behalf of the School Board. Addresses will be delivered by Prof. C. M. Woodward, President of the University of St. Louis; Dr. Nathan C. Schaeffer, Superintendent of Public Instruction of Pennsylvania, and his deputy, Dr. Henry Houck; Prof. M. A. Brashear, Chancellor of Western University; Representative John Dalzell, Superintendent Samuel Hamilton of Pittsburg, and others.

The Schwab Industrial School is a handsome three-story, basement, and attic structure, with concrete floors, built of steel, pressed brick, and brownstone. It occupies a plot 90 by 110 feet on Ninth Avenue, the leading thoroughfare of the town.

When Mr. Schwab was General Manager of the Homestead Steel Works, he knew every person living in the borough well enough to call him by his first name, and he frequently spoke of the need of an industrial school, saying he believed no young man's education was complete until his hands had been educated, too.

Mr. Schwab has had the school curriculum so arranged that every boy and girl in Homestead has an opportunity to learn a trade by the time he or she is graduated from the high school, and all without costing the taxpayers anything.

ANOTHER TALE OF YARMOUTH.

Earl Said to Have Demanded More Money Just Before the Wedding Ceremony.

Another sensational story about the negotiations between the Earl of Yarmouth and the family of his bride, who was Miss Alice Cornelia Thaw of Pittsburg, was put in circulation yesterday.

It was said that the Earl, having forced one agreement of settlement from the unwilling mother of his fiancée, just before the ceremony was to have taken place, refused to go on with his part unless a stipulated annuity of £1,000 was doubled, and, in addition, an agreement was made whereby the entire fortune of Miss Thaw should go to the house of Hertford in the event of her death.

With plentiful detail, the account described the scene in the church and the anger of the bride's brothers, one of whom was said to have denounced the newly made brother-in-law even at the wedding breakfast. This same brother, in another story recently published, was quoted as admitting that he had planned the match from the beginning.

The representative of the Thaw family in New York said yesterday that he was not at liberty to discuss this latest story beyond saying that, so far as he was aware, the terms of the settlement were just as named in an authorized statement issued by Mrs. Thaw in Pittsburg the day after the Earl and his bride sailed for London.

In this statement Mrs. Thaw said that her daughter had been left, on the death of her father, an independent fortune of about $500,000, half of which was immediately put in trust, so that the income only should be available during her lifetime. Of the remaining half, it was said a small part was left as stock in the William Thaw Coke Trust. The remainder, amounting to about half of the entire fortune, Mrs. Thaw said, was, by the consent of every one involved, formed into another trust fund, to be administered by the Fidelity Title and Trust Company of Pittsburg.

The income of all three parts of the bride's estate, it was said, was, by agreement with the Earl, to be paid to the Countess, except for a small fraction which was to go to him for a personal income. In the event of the death of the Countess, one-fifth of the income of her estate was to be paid over to or invested for the estate of Hertford, to which the Earl would succeed on the death of his father. Mrs. Thaw said further that at no time had there been a hitch in the wedding arrangements because of financial considerations.

AMORY SAYS HE IS BESET BY SECRET FOES.

His Telephone Tapped, Mail Tampered With, and Attempts Made to Bribe His Servants, He Asserts.

Troubles multiply for William N. Amory, the adversary of the Metropolitan Street Railway system, and its President, Herbert H. Vreeland, and even the members of his household are not free from his mysterious foes. In a communication to Police Commissioner Greene he says that ever since he complained of the alleged irregularities in the Metropolitan Company he and the members of his family have been dogged by private detectives wherever they go. He alleges also that attempts have been made to corrupt his servants, and that his mail and telephone have also been tampered with in outrageous fashion. On these matters he has also written letters to Postmaster Van Cott and the officials of the telephone company.

He makes the positive assertion that his telephone wire has been tapped by scraping the insulation from it and attaching to it another wire leading to an instrument at the ear of a secret listener. His mail, he says, is delayed, and at times opened and resealed before it reaches him. He declares that upon one occasion two pages of a typewritten document were abstracted from a sealed envelope which, in addition to the regular postage, bore a special delivery stamp. One test letter which he mailed under a special delivery stamp but a few blocks from his house took twenty-four hours to arrive, and as another test he arranged, he says, with J. Coleman Drayton that at a certain hour they should mail special delivery letters to each other. Mr. Drayton's letter, he says, reached its destination in an hour or two, but his, though it had only a short distance to go, did not reach his house until a full day and night had elapsed.

Suggestions, he asserts, have been made to his domestic servants that they would be paid for their risk and trouble for any papers that they might be able to pass out of the house for a time long enough to permit of their being copied. The tapping of his telephone wire, Mr. Amory says, is a felony under the laws of this State.

TO STOP RABBINICAL DIVORCES.

Effort Will Be Made in a Woman's Case to Enlist the Aid of the Courts.

A strong plea for aid of the courts in stopping rabbinical divorces will be made to-day before Judge Foster, in the Court of General Sessions, when Ena Maslow, who yesterday pleaded guilty to a charge of bigamy in Judge Foster's court, will be brought up for sentence. It is likely that District Attorney Jerome will be present with Dr. David Blaustein, Superintendent of the Educational Alliance, and possibly others interested in social work on the east side.

The woman married Morris Maslow of 67 Bayard Street in 1897. The couple lived together for two years and then went to the rabbinical office at 169 East Broadway, where the woman obtained a "ghet," or Jewish divorce. A "ghet" is not valid under the laws of this country. In Russia, from which country the woman came, it is recognized by the law.

With this "ghet" she went to Rabbi Baruch Laufer of 206 Rivington Street, who married her to a man named Polikansky. Rabbi Laufer was a witness yesterday, and admitted having married the woman to Polikansky after she had shown him the "ghet," although he knew that her husband was still alive. The woman pleaded guilty.

Assistant District Attorney Iselin, who prosecuted the case, addressing Judge Foster, said that he thought the woman had sinned through ignorance.

"If it were not for the evil influence of rabbinical divorces on the east side, where hundreds of children are born in spurious wedlock of this nature, to grow up, and when they get an American education feel the full force of the stigma of their birth," he said, "I should certainly move for a suspension of sentence in this case. But as it is, I doubt if some kind of punishment should not be meted out just as an example."

When Mr. Iselin finished, Judge Foster turned to the jury and said:

"The woman having pleaded guilty, the case, of course, is no longer in your hands. But I am going to give you an opportunity to help me in another way. Will all of you who are in favor of this woman being set free under a suspended sentence please arise?" Six men stood up.

"Now, will those that think she ought to be punished please indicate this in the same manner?" The remaining six arose. Mr. Iselin said that five of these were of the Hebrew faith.

The case was one discovered in the course of an investigation into the evil, made by the Educational Society. Justice Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions has taken an active part in the work, and several convictions have already been obtained.

One of the jurors in the present case asked Judge Foster why the rabbis who performed these marriages were not punished. Judge Foster smiled, but made no answer. Some action in this direction may be taken to-day.

AN ABSENTMINDED PRISONER.

Put on His Hat Periodically to the Consternation of the Guardians of a Court's Dignity.

An absent-minded man caused much amusement yesterday in the Gates Avenue Police Court, Brooklyn. He was T. Gorman, who was charged with intoxication.

"Were you drunk?" asked Magistrate Furlong.

"I was once," replied Gorman, absent-mindedly putting on his hat.

"Take off your hat!" ordered Officer Gibbons.

Gorman hurriedly doffed his hat.

"How often do you get drunk?" asked the Court.

"I was never drunk in my life, except once in a while," was the answer, and the prisoner put on his hat.

"Take off your hat!" roared another court officer.

"Yes, yes, certainly," said Gorman, in confusion, suiting the action to the assurance.

"You'll go to jail for a day unless you can pay a dollar fine," said the Magistrate.

"Well, I'll pay the fine," returned Gorman. While he fished in his pockets for the money he put on his hat.

"Say, you, take off that hat!" commanded two court officers together.

Gorman did so, and then took a handful of silver pieces from his pocket. He needed two hands to count a dollar, and put on his hat. This time a court officer quickly removed it.

"Thank you," said Gorman, politely.

After bowing to the Magistrate, he was leaving court, when he put on his hat.

"Take off that hat!" cried the court officers in chorus.

Gorman, greatly embarrassed, took off the hat and carried it carefully in his hand all the way out of court and up the street for a block.

POLICE CASES DISMISSED.

Action Taken to Discharge Bissert, Reagan, and Witt from Bail Under Various Indictments.

On recommendation of District Attorney Jerome bail was discharged yesterday in the cases of ex-Wardman Bissert, ex-Wardman Stephen Reagan, and Andrew Witt. The motion was made before Judge Newburger in the Court of General Sessions.

There are two indictments charging bribery against Bissert. On one of these he was convicted, but was granted a new trial by the higher courts. The indorsement on the papers in Bissert's case made by the District Attorney reads:

"The defendant in these actions was a police officer in this city. He has been dismissed from the force. He was tried and convicted on a charge of bribery. The conviction was reversed and a new trial granted. After careful examination of the case, I am satisfied that the defendant cannot again be convicted. I have been acquainted with facts not appearing on the former trial, which, in my judgment, would render it improper for me to again move the case for trial. In addition the defendant has rendered valuable services to the people by co-operating with this office in its endeavor to bring to trial and punishment certain offenders."

Andrew Witt, who was under heavy bail on indictments charging him with conspiracy for spiriting away witnesses against Capt. John D. Herlihy, is also discharged on his own recognizance for "services rendered to the people."

Reagan was Capt. Herlihy's wardman. He was indicted for perjury as a result of testimony he gave at one of Capt. Herlihy's trials. The action in his case is based on a lack of corroborative evidence.

Summer Weariness

When all tired out, nervous, sleep does not rest, and the appetite is poor, take Horsford's Acid Phosphate. A tonic and nerve food that quickly improves the general health. Insist on having

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

JEROME SEEKS DR. WESTON.

He Believes That the Coroners' Physician Ignored a Subpoena in an Important Case.

Coroners' Physician Albert T. Weston, whom the Coroners made an ineffectual effort to oust some time ago, is again in trouble. This time it is likely District Attorney Jerome will take a hand in the matter.

Dr. Weston was wanted as a witness in the case of Gertrude Wade, who was placed on trial before Judge McMahon, in the Court of General Sessions, last Monday. The charge was manslaughter in the first degree, and Dr. Weston had performed the autopsy in the case. A subpoena was left for him at his apartments, 226 Central Park West, but when the case was moved for trial he failed to appear. A telegram was sent to his apartments the following day advising him that his presence would be required in the court next Monday.

The District Attorney has not as yet received a reply, nor has the telegram been returned as undelivered. Yesterday he wrote a letter to Coroner Scholer outlining the above facts and stating that Dr. Weston had been at the Morgue since the subpoena was left at his home, and should have received it. Coroner Scholer wrote the District Attorney that Dr. Weston was absent without leave and he would approve of any action the District Attorney might take. Dr. Weston is understood to be at Salem, N. Y.

LIBERTY COACH'S FINAL TRIP.

Successful Season Will Be Ended with the Run To-day.

The Liberty Coach will leave Lakewood this morning on its final trip. James H. Hyde will handle the ribbons during most of the stages. On its arrival at the Holland House at 6 P. M. the successful six weeks' season of the coach will have come to an end.

It has had probably the most successful season for a long-distance coach in the United States. Every day, rain or shine, the trip of eighty-two miles has been undertaken, and the vehicle has invariably arrived at its journey's end on schedule time.

Nine changes of horses have been made each day, each relay going approximately nine miles. Fifty-two horses in all have been used during the season. These will be sold at auction on May 26 at Durland's.

Waltham Watches.

The best pocket timekeepers made.

"The Perfected American Watch," an illustrated book of interesting information about watches, will be sent free upon request.

American Waltham Watch Company, Waltham, Mass.

WARD'S

TRIGON

The Button Oxford is in style this season. Desirable in Patent Leather. We are showing a Patent Colt—the best made.

This Shoe "Hugs the Foot."

$3.45

John Ward Co.

78 Nassau St. 307 Broadway. 50 Cortlandt St. 1400 Broadway.

New Publications.

HARPERS

The POEMS AND VERSES of CHARLES DICKENS

Leather back, Gilt top, Crown, 8vo, $2.00 net.

A complete collection of Dickens' verse, gathered from his books and other sources and edited by the best living authority on Dickens.

Edited by F. G. Kitton.

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RECITAL HALL. Sixth Floor. 2 to 4 P. M. America's Great Musical Entertainer. In Vocal, Instrumental and Whistling Solos.

We Are Responsible for Everything We Print.

A live, up-to-date newspaper does its best to furnish news, and while it stands responsible for what it prints, yet it cannot verify reports it receives as an absolute fact.

It is different with the Simpson Crawford Co. Establishment.

Everything we print possesses the element of absolute fact—not a word of doubt or exaggeration.

We stand back of every statement we make and ask you to hold us responsible for our every word.

Our store news is full of interest to all members of the family, for it tells of true and decided economies in things pertaining to the house and for personal wear.

The details that follow are decidedly interesting and well worth reading.

Don't skip a line.

WOMEN'S WAISTS. Wrappers and Sacques,
SECOND FLOOR.

200 Women's House Sacks of figured Swisses, Lawns and Dimities, slightly rumpled; have sold from $1.00 to $1.95, for 65
(No Mail Orders Filled.)

Women's House Wrappers of black and white figures, of good quality percale; sizes 34 and 36 only; original prices $1.00, $1.25, $1.45, for 75

50 dozen Misses' Waists; sizes 12, 14, 16 and 18; variety of materials and styles; original prices $1.00 to $3.95, to close them out .... 45, 75 and $1.00

LADIES' NECKWEAR.
MAIN FLOOR.

LACE COLLARS of real Russian lace—pongee color—in both cape and stole effects. Sold regularly at $4.50 each. For this Friday and Saturday at $2.95

STOCKS of finest hand needlework in several different patterns—new and pretty as deft fingers could make them. Regularly 95c. For Friday and Saturday at 48

WASH LACES.
MAIN FLOOR.

10,000 yards are in this collection; the odd widths, the broken sets, the balance of several lines; Cluny, Antique, fine Vals., Mechlin Insertions, Edgings and Bandings; in white, ecru and linen shades; values run up to 75c.; in three assortments; yard.
10, 15 and 25

EMBROIDERIES.
MAIN FLOOR.

Soiled sample stripes; a clearance of several thousand yards of fine Insertions, Bandings, Flouncings and Edgings that have become mussed and soiled from handling and display purposes; extraordinary values:
8c. each for values up to 15c.
15c. each for values up to 25c.
19c. each for values up to 35c.

WOMEN'S 25c. UNDERWEAR, 6 for $1.00.
FIRST FLOOR.

Women's very elastic Jersey ribbed white Vests and Pants; Vests low neck, sleeveless; Pants with lace bottoms, wide legs; the regular 25c. quality at 6 for $1.00 or 19c. each.

WOMEN'S GLOVES.
MAIN FLOOR.

Women's 2 and 3 clasp Glace Gloves, Paris Point; in black, pearl, brown, tan, modes and English reds, special important clearing lot of oddments, fine skins; remains of season's stocks; $1.00 and $1.50 value at 69

Women's 1-clasp Lisle Gloves; plain or with mesh back; white, black and season's tints; great value at 25

FINE WHITE GOODS At 39c.
FIRST FLOOR.

Thousands of yards, suitable for Graduation and Confirmation dresses and Summer gowns, at a price decidedly within the reach of everyone.

Assortment includes:
WHITE SILK ORGANDIES; 30 inches wide, sheer and fine.
WHITE VOILES; mercerized finish, 40 inches wide, finer in quality than woolen.
WHITE FRENCH BATISTE or PARIS LAWNS; a sheer fabric and of fine texture.
WHITE DOTTED MULL; 30 inches wide, small or medium size dots.
The above may also be had in FINER grades.

Men's 75c. Underwear 38c.
FIRST FLOOR.

Light Summer Weight, silk finished Sea Island Shirts and Drawers; Shirts have French neck, Drawers have the Otis double gussets, large pearl buttons; regular selling price 75c., special at 38

MEN'S STRAW HATS $2.00.
Samples worth up to $5.00.
SECOND FLOOR.

We were fortunate in securing the entire sample line of Men's Straw Hats of Blum & Koch, Fifth Avenue and 14th Street, a house which is noted for its fine goods. Embraced are such popular braids as Sennets, Splits and Milans. You may take your choice of any hat in the entire lot for $2.00. Styles are the very latest and in every particular these hats are up to the highest standard.

Just at the beginning of Straw Hat season—a sale of this sort can be counted indeed extraordinary. These goods can be seen in high class Hat Stores for $4.00 and $5.00.

"FRIDAY'S SPECIALS" IN BASEMENT.

$18.00 "Cort" Gas Ranges, 16 inch double oven $9.95
$8.75 "Cort" Gas Cookers 5.75
$2.50 Asbestos lined Oven 1.50
$3.00 Gas Stoves, 2 and 3 burner styles at 1.48
$1.25 Fancy Screen Doors, any size .. 75
$2.50 "Central Park" Lawn Mowers, 1.70
$9.00 "Star" Refrigerators, at 6.25

MEN'S $1.00 PAJAMAS. 79c.
FIRST FLOOR.

Just 250 Suits; men's woven madras cloth Pajamas; fancy strips light weight military cut, side opening; pearl buttons and white frogs; the $1.00 grade for one day only, each 79

SILK WAIST PATTERNS.
ROTUNDA.

Embroidered Pongee Waist Patterns—all new this season. To effect an absolute clearance and dispose of them all in one day, we make these decidedly interesting prices.

$2.50 Each. Reduced from $5.75.
$3.50 Each. Reduced from $7.50.

The popularity of Pongee Silks for Waists, and the excellence of these patterns, insures them a speedy departure from here.

COTTON DRESSES.
THIRD FLOOR.

We offer a special lot of high-class Shirtwaist Suits made to sell for $7.50, $8.75 and $12.50; choice at
$3.25.

Materials are Lawn, Nainsook, Batiste, Madras and Mercerized Chambray; in a variety of styles to please every fancy.

68c. VEILINGS, 25c.
MAIN FLOOR.

Fine Chiffon Veilings, 1¼ and 1½ yards long, in plain and hemstitched fancy borders. These come in all the new and popular shades and combinations, retailing regularly at 68c. each. A fortunate purchase on our part passes them over to you at 25c.

Women's 25c. HOSIERY 19c.
FIRST FLOOR.

Women's Fast Black imported Cotton Hose, medium weight; also allover patterns of open lace lisle threads, patterns running to the toes; the regular 25c. kind at 6 for $1.00, or 19c. each.

SALE OF PLANTS.
SIXTH FLOOR.

Boston Ferns; value $1.50; for .. 79
Hardy English Ivy; value 75c. 35
Ponderosa and Beefsteak Tomatoes, assorted; one dozen in a basket; value 25c. 15
Central Park Lawn Grass Seed:
Quarts valued at 25c. 18
Pints valued at 15c. 9
All kinds of Flower and Vegetable Seeds; 3c. pkge, or dozen 30

CANDIES.
BASEMENT.

Coffee Marshmallows; a most delicious combination, box 10
Toasted Fresh Marshmallows, box. 12
Peanut Marshmallows, box 12
Ask to be shown our May Party Favors.

EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF EMBROIDERED SWISSES.
50c. to 75c. Goods at 25c. Yard.
First Floor.

In the family of Cotton Weaves there is nothing more popular or prettier than Embroidered Swisses.

Yesterday we placed on sale several thousand yards of this stylish material, (a special purchase,) at the above price, which is the lowest ever named for goods of such character.

They command in some stores to-day from 50c. to 75c. the yard.

We must particularly emphasize the width, 45 inches. Only seven yards are required for a dress pattern. You may choose from a number of very dainty and desirable styles.

Many women wisely bought three and four patterns—and why not, when two or three dresses may be had for the price of one?

On sale at special counter opposite elevator, main floor.

The Wanamaker Store

Store Opens at 8:30 A. M. and Closes at 5:30 P. M.

The Wanamaker Store

Men's Sack Suits, $11.50 *From $15, $18 and $20*

A very meaty, trenchant headline, that is fraught with much interest to all those men—and there's a plenty of them—who are still without their light suits.

Two hundred Sack Suits, in excellent Spring styles, priced 'way below value—

$11.50, Instead of $15 to $20

because they no longer contain full size-lines. Materials are fancy cheviots and worsteds, and tailoring is of the best.

All sizes in the lot—and such a trifle to pay for a handsome suit!

Then there's an unusually handsome line of Men's Striped Worsted Trousers, in new $5 patterns, at $3.50.

Second floor, Fourth avenue.

Boys' Suits *Price-Reductions*

Size smash-ups are already occurring among our stock of Sailor Suits for boys. Here's just such a happening—can't call it an accident; for it's sure to happen earliest, every season, among the best-selling suits.

All sorts of good shades of cheviots and serges, suits in fact, that are

Regularly $5 to $8, TODAY $3

Sizes run as follows:

3-year size, 35 Suits.	8-year size, 25 Suits.
4-year size, 38 Suits.	9-year size, 10 Suits.
5-year size, 11 Suits.	10-year size, 8 Suits.
6-year size, 13 Suits.	11-year size, 12 Suits.
7-year size, 16 Suits.	12-year size, 11 Suits.

Then there's a round-up of Russian Blouse Suits, regulation style, of handsome cheviots—broken sizes, 2½ to 6 years; worth $5, at $3.75.

Shirt-Waists and Blouses of madras, Bedford cord and percale; laundered or unlaundered, with or without collars; sizes 3 to 15 years. **50c each.**

Second floor, Ninth street.

Men's Hats at $1.75 *Special Offering of Derby and Soft Hats*

This is a clean-up of a maker's samples and surplus stock of $3 and $3.50 hats. They are in perfect condition, and represent the most correct shapes of the present season. The materials and workmanship are of the very highest character as found in the best $3 and $3.50 hats. The Derby hats are in black; soft hats in black and pearl.

Choose Today at $1.75 Each

Men's Hat Store, Annex, 770 Broadway.

And these in the Under-Price Store:

Men's Soft Hats at $1

This is soft hat time—if you haven't one, you want one. And this is your chance to get one, when $2 and $2.50 Soft Hats, in new Spring shades, are sold at $1 each. In black and pearl; all sizes. We need the room, to prepare for the straw hat season.

Fine Millinery *Half Price*

The display of fine Millinery in our Second floor Salon has been notable all this present season. Naturally, quite a number of the hats show marks of handling, and today we have picked out upwards of one hundred and fifty very beautiful hats, and marked them at just half their previous prices. There is scarcely a hat in the collection on which the hurt is noticeable, except on close examination.

The collection includes every style of hats, from very large picture hats with plumes, to small flat hats and turbans. All of the colors are distinctly summery in character, and there is sufficient variety to meet every wish.

Until last night the hats were marked at $16 to $50; today they are newly priced at $8 to $25.

Second floor, Tenth street.

Imported Summer Silks *Half Prices*

Two offerings of Imported Silks, that have the merit of being strictly seasonable, with the additional good point of being marked today at

75c, instead of $1.50 a yard

The first lot is a particularly fine quality that the French maker has elected to call "Chantabaun." You'll probably recognize it better as pongee silk, with ground in natural color, with self-colored broche dots, and printed dots and designs in contrasting colors—in other words, "novelty pongees."

The other lot is of embroidered Shanghai Silks—colored grounds with white printings and white embroidered dots outlined with black.

Both reduced from $1.50 to 75c yard.

Rotunda.

Women's Walking Suits *New Low Prices*

A Walking Suit is a more essential part of a woman's wardrobe this season than ever before.

We've sold lots of the stylish, practical costumes; and there's a consequent aftermath of odd sizes and colors in the various styles.

So we have made two price-groups today, of Walking Suits that were originally moderately priced; and now will be quite irresistible to the woman who still lacks such a suit for her Summer outings:

At $7.50
Worth $10 to $15
Of mixed melton and cheviots; blouse, single-breasted and tight-fitting jackets; all tailor-made.

At $10
Worth $18 to $25
Suits of cheviot and melton mixtures; blouse and jacket styles; all tailor-made, and well finished.

Then here are two most attractive groups of women's somewhat dressier tailor-made suits, at the same sort of reductions:

At $17.50
Worth up to $32
Tailor-made Suits of cheviot, broadcloth and etamine; Eton and blouse jackets; prettily trimmed, and nearly all silk-lined. A few with unlined skirts.

At $20
Worth up to $45
Suits of cheviot, etamine and broadcloth; fly-front, Eton and blouse styles; variously trimmed, and all silk-lined.

Second floor, Broadway.

Girls' Dresses *$1, Worth $1.25*

Remarkably pretty little wash dresses of blue-and-white and pink-and-white striped dimity, for 6 to 12-year-old girls. The dresses are made in guimpe style, with belt and collar of white pique—the latter embroidery-trimmed. They would be excellent value at $1.25—but today they're

One Dollar Each

Second floor, Ninth street.

Summer Fixings For Men

The Semi-Annual Sale of Men's Furnishings Begins Today

We've done some notable things before in the matter of Men's Furnishings; but every effort of the past is eclipsed today. Never before did men find such an array of fine wear things offered under-price right at the beginning of the season.

We've been preparing for it for months. Many lines of goods have been made up brand-new for us, over our own specifications, and practically at our own prices.

Everything is thoroughly good. Every price is exceptionally low.

And the list tells the variety:

Men's Summer Shirts, 35c; 3 for $1

Two thousand four hundred spic-span-new Colored Negligee Shirts for Men. In choice patterns and colorings. Splendidly made by one of the best concerns supplying us with our regular lines of popular-priced shirts. They are made over our own liberal pattern; of good printed madras. Excellent shirts in every way; and a broad variety to pick from. Sizes 14 to 18½, at 35c; 3 for $1.

Basement.

Men's Summer Shirts at 80c Each

This season's most popular color in men's Summer Shirts is gray. We have been able to secure from one of the best manufacturers one hundred dozens of shirts of this particular color, with neat stripes of black, so that we can sell them at 80c each. This is the favored combination in shirts that range in price from $1.50 upwards. Made of good percales, finished in the best possible styles; smart-looking shirts. All have detachable cuffs. 80c each.

Ninth street aisle.

White Madras Plaited-bosom Shirts at $1

Shirts that you'll find it impossible to duplicate at $1.50 each. Made of fine white madras, finished in the best possible styles. All are made with plaited fronts. One style is a copy of a well-known $3.50 shirt. Another is open all the way down the front, unusual in ready-made shirts. All are roomy and comfortable, and with those fine little details of making that well-dressed men appreciate. Cuffs attached. About 400 shirts of each style.

Ninth street aisle.

Men's Linen-bosom Unlaundered Shirts at 25c each

Men's Linen-bosom Unlaundered Shirts—sizes 14 to 15½. Reinforced in front, cushion neck-band, made of good wearing muslin, and full sizes. Long and short sleeves. 25c each.

Basement.

Linen-bosom Unlaundered Shirts, 35c; 3 for $1

One thousand eight hundred Unlaundered Shirts; linen-bosom, open back, reinforced front and back, faced openings, long and short sleeves. Sizes 14 to 17½. Well made throughout. Will fit as well as shirts that you will pay three times the price for. 35c each, 3 for $1.

Basement.

Unlaundered Shirts at 45c

One thousand eight hundred Men's Unlaundered Shirts, made of good muslin over perfect-fitting shapes. Three-ply linen bosoms, reinforced back and front, open back, continuous facing at all openings, collar-buttons, shield and scarf-loops and two lengths of sleeves.

Basement.

Men's Night Shirts, 35c, 3 for $1

Well-made Night Shirts of good muslin, that will wear and wash well. Made as all our night shirts are, large and roomy. Plain, with collars—35c each, 3 for $1.

Basement.

Men's Surplice Night Shirts, 50c

These are the best Night Shirts we ever saw at the price. Made of good muslin in ample sizes, with the comfortable and good-looking surplice neck, with neat corded trimmings. 50c.

Basement.

Men's White Madras Pajamas, $1

We started months ago to prepare for the pajamas. Special madras woven for them; had them made by a maker who would make them our way, improve on all the defects that we have known to exist among goods sold at this price. These are equal to the usual $1.50 suits. Fly-front jacket, military collar; cool and serviceable.

Fancy madras of equal value, made in same style; same price, $1.

Ninth street aisle.

Men's Imported Bath Robes, $3

The best made Turkish Bath Robes come from Paris. Several years ago we located the best maker there, and we have been his best customer ever since. The robes he makes do not ravel out like the ordinary kinds. Yarns used are the best; softer, more absorbent and better in every way than any other. Some $5 Robes are not as good as these at $3 each.

Broadway and Ninth street.

More Bedroom Furniture *Very Much Under-Price*

The success of yesterday's offering has encouraged us to pick out many additional pieces that can be spared from our stocks, and we mark them at an average concession of a third from their real values.

Of chiefest interest are the dressing tables and chiffonniers, which are most attractive in style. The goods are first-class in every particular; handsome in design and highly finished. Some of the chiffonniers and dressing tables are of fine Colonial design. Mostly one suite or piece of a kind, so that duplicates are not to be had. A word of prices:

Chiffoniers

At $17.50, from $25—Maple Chiffonier.
At $30, from $42—Maple Chiffonier.
At $35, from $50—Maple Chiffonier.
At $45, from $70—Mahogany Chiffonier.
At $50, from $72—Mahogany Chiffonier.
At $55, from $80—Mahogany Chiffonier.
At $60, from $85—Mahogany Chiffonier.
At $65, from $90—Mahogony Chiffonier.
At $65, from $75—Mahogany Chiffonier.
At $70, from $100—Mahogany Chiffonier.

Dressing Tables

At $16.50, from $22—Maple Dressing Table.
At $20, from $30—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $24, from $40—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $24.50, from $45—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $27, from $45—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $28, from $40—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $30, from $45—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $30, from $42—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $39, from $62—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $45, from $70—Mahogany Dressing Table.
At $75, from $100—Mahogany Dressing Table.

Wooden Bedsteads—Half Price

At $2.50, from $5—Golden oak, full size.
At $5, from $10—Natural birch, full size.
At $5, from $10—Golden oak, 3 ft. 6 in.
At $5, from $10—White enameled, 3 ft. 6 in. and 4 ft. 6 in.
At $6, from $12—Golden oak, full size.
At $7.50, from $15—Green oak, full size.
At $20, from $40—Bird's-eye maple, full size.
At $24, from $48—Mahogany, full size.
At $25, from $50—White enamel, full size.

Bedroom Suites

At $30, from $43—Golden oak, two pieces.
At $45, from $62—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $45, from $65—Golden oak, two pieces.
At $50, from $77—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $60, from $85—Golden oak, three pieces.
At $75, from $115—Flemish oak, two pieces.
At $75, from $126—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $97.50, from $195—Mahogany, three pieces.
At $110, from $145—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $120, from $180—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $150, from $250—Natural yellow pine, five pieces.
At $160, from $235—Mahogany, two pieces.
At $165, from $245—Mahogany, three pieces.

Fourth floor.

China and Glass *Notable Offerings for Summer Home Furnishers*

Hundreds of housekeepers are thinking this morning of their needs in China and Glassware for the summer home. Those who have decided not to buy just yet will find sufficient inducement to do so promptly among the prices that follow. Very pronounced reductions are made on some of our popular Dinner Sets and Chamber Toilet Sets.

Our collection of Cut Glass is probably the largest to be found in New York City, and the pieces are marked at prices which cannot be matched for lowness anywhere in this city. Here are the items in detail:

DINNER SETS

At $6.50, worth $8—100-piece Dinner Sets, in neat underglaze decorations; complete for 12 persons.

At $8.50, worth $12—100-piece Dinner Sets of English porcelain, in two fine underglaze border decorations.

At $10, worth $16.50—100-piece Dinner Sets, in fine porcelain; flower decorations and gold; all have soup tureen and 3 platters; nine decorations.

100-piece Austrian Dinner Sets, in fine flower decoration, and handles gilt; soup tureen and 3 platters. Never sold for less than $16, and worth $22.50; today at $13.50.

100-piece French china Dinner Sets, in rich decorations of flowers and gold. Never sold for less than $25; today, $18.

113-piece Theo. Havilland Dinner Set, richly decorated, with solid gold handles; never sold for less than $30; today at $25.

113-piece French china Dinner Sets, richly decorated. Never sold for less than $45; today at $35.

Basement.

DINNER SETS

100-piece Theodore Havilland Dinner Set; pink decoration and all handles gilt; never sold for less than $25; today at $20.

CHAMBER TOILET SETS

12-piece Sets, with covered slop-jar, in one of the best shapes made, and richly decorated. Never before sold for less than $12 and $13.50; today at $9 a set. Just 17 sets.

11-piece Sets, with covered slop-jar, in fine underglaze decoration; very suitable for hotel or cottage. A good $5 set; at $3.45 a set.

11-piece Sets, with covered slop-jar, in fine underglaze decorations, and heavily gold-stippled. Worth $8.50; at $5.50 a set.

CUT GLASS

Bowls, 8 in., richly cut, three patterns, at $3, worth $5.

Water Caraffes, at $2.50, worth $4.

Water Tumblers, $3, worth $5 dozen.

Celery Trays, $3, worth $5.

Olive Dishes, with or without handles, at $1.50, worth $2.50.

Water Jugs, at $6, worth $9.

Claret Jugs, $10, worth $15.

Household Linens *Interesting News*

Interesting, if you have an out-of-town cottage to outfit for the Summer. Equally so, if you merely want to pick up additions to your all-the-year-round store of linens when you can save money by so doing.

For there *is* money to be saved on every one of these items of pure linens:

TABLE CLOTHS

To clear a few odd sizes.

At $6, from $11—Dutch double damask Dinner Cloth, 2x2½ yds.

At $7.50, from $13—Same as above, 2½ yds. square.

At $7.50, from $12.50—Dinner Napkins to match above cloths, 26 in. square.

TABLE LINEN

By the Yard.

At $1, from $1.25—Bleached German, 72 in. wide; strong, very durable quality. Has been sold by us at $1.25 as a special offering.

NAPKINS

At $1.65 a dozen, from $2—Snow-white Irish Napkins, in handsome new designs; have been sold by us at $1.85 as a special offering, though cheap at $2.

Fourth avenue.

TOWELS

At 20c each, from 25c—Fancy weave Towels, hemstitched; 19x38 in.; all-white border.

At 25c each, from 30c—Bleached Monie Towels, hemstitched; 19x38 in.

At 20c each, from 35c—China or glass Towels from France; extra size, 27x53 in.; will wear double the length of time of the ordinary towelling; all hemmed ready for use.

TOWELING

At 8c a yard, from 10c—Checked glass Toweling in red or blue checks. Warranted all-linen and fast color.

BED LINEN

Splendid quality of grass-bleached French Linen Sheeting; made in the good old-fashioned way, which means long service; 2½ yards wide, at $1 a yard. Pillow linen to match, 45 in. wide, at 30c a yard.

Carpets and Rugs *A Good Time to Buy*

Carpet prices are bound to go still higher very soon. They have already advanced 10 per cent., and are likely to keep on climbing; but our present season's stocks were bought on the old basis, and there will be no advance of this present season's goods.

We have superb varieties to show in all the different styles of carpets. If you are hesitating between buying carpets now or waiting for next Fall, the matter of price should urge you to make the investment now, rather than pay higher prices next season.

We are showing a very handsome collection of new Saxony Rugs. These rugs have practically the same appearance as Oriental rugs, and have almost equal durability, though they cost only about half the price of the Oriental rugs. Size 9 x 12 feet, $45.

Third floor.

Still Plenty of the Linen Batistes *The Year's Greatest Wash Goods Offering*

The selling of these beautiful fabrics grows greater daily. But, with all the thousands of dress patterns sold in the last three days, abundant quantities still remain, for we secured a hundred and fifty thousand yards for this little-price distribution.

The fabric is a Pongee-colored Linen with mercerized figured stripes in white, that look like silk.

These goods have been selling here and in other good stores at 35c a yard. Now you may choose from a variety of patterns

At 15c a Yard

A most extraordinarily low price for a half-linen fabric.

Rotunda.

Embroidered Waist Patterns *$1.50, worth $2.50 and More*

Fancy getting a complete waist pattern, embroidered in charming designs—many of them the popular blind work—on lawn, neatly boxed, and fresh and perfect, at $1.50!

It wouldn't be possible, if we hadn't made a lucky purchase. For these patterns sell regularly at $2.50 to $5—and styles and weights are just right for wear from now on. They'll go out with a rush today—400 of them—at $1.50 each.

Tenth street, Elevator Counter.

Women's Cool Gloves *The Kayser Double-Tip*

You all know the "Kayser" double-tipped silk gloves—for their good looks, and their excellent wearing qualities. The double finger-tips protect them in what is usually the weakest point of silk gloves—and a guarantee goes with every pair. If the tips don't outlast the gloves, bring the latter back—we'll give you a new pair.

A full supply of the 50-cent quality here today—colors, black and white.

Tenth street.

Formerly A. T. Stewart & Co.

JOHN WANAMAKER

Broadway, Fourth Avenue, Ninth and Tenth Streets.

EXPENSES OF THE STATE

Governor Odell Signs Three Principal Supply Bills.

Items Vetoed Amounting to $1,409,729, Although Nothing Was Changed in Appropriations for Schools, &c.

ALBANY, May 14.—Gov. Odell signed to-night the three important bills which provide for the maintenance of the State for the fiscal year, beginning Oct. 1. They are known as the Appropriation bill, the Supply bill, and the Supplemental Supply bill, and in the form in which they reached the Secretary of State's office, they appropriate in round numbers $20,549,136. As the bills were sent to the Governor from the Legislature, they appropriated $21,-958,865, but under the power accorded him only with these three bills, the Executive vetoed items amounting to $1,409,729.

This was done without cutting in any way the appropriations for schools, charitable institutions, or insane hospitals, and, in fact, all three of these departments received substantial increases. There is, however, a general increase over last year in the totals of the bills of $1,200,902, distributed as follows:

Appropriation bill, increase	$673,960
Supply bill, increase	579,038
Total	$1,252,998
Supplemental Supply bill, decrease	52,096
Net increase over 1902	$1,200,902

The principal increases are explained as follows:

Schools	$113,960
Insane	882,184
Repairs to armories	60,000
Highway payments	173,783
Public charities	179,510
Grade crossings	75,000
Total	$1,500,377

It will thus be seen that although there is an increase over 1902 of $1,200,000, it is more than wholly contained in these increases for public institutions.

The most important items cut from the bills were:

$400,000 to pay the rebates on liquor licenses. It is believed that there is sufficient money now in the Treasury in surplus funds to pay any number of rebates that may be required.

$10,000 for the continuation of the forestry experiments by Cornell University. This is vetoed on the ground that the experiments of the last year have lost to the State for nearly half a century a valuable tract of forest land.

$400,000 for good roads, on the ground that $600,000 would be sufficient to meet any similar amount of money which the various counties might raise this year for that purpose.

$2,500 for the expenses of Joseph A. Burr as attorney for Norman A. Dyke, Sheriff of Kings County.

$2,500 for W. M. Spalding as counsel in the contest for Assemblyman Morgan's seat.

$4,500 for expert assistance in the State Fiscal Supervisor's office.

$10,000 for an illustrated report of New York's exhibit at the Pan-American Exposition.

$4,500 for translating old Dutch records for Colonial history.

$36,000 for a new landing at Quarantine Station, Staten Island.

$92,500 for the Railroad Commissioners, for abolition of grade crossings.

$5,000 for new roads at Niagara Reservation.

$8,000 for horticultural instruction at Geneva.

$8,000 for a free employment bureau at Buffalo.

$12,000 for the expenses of high school departments.

$8,000 for additional employes in the Department of Public Buildings.

In addition to these many appropriations for increases in departmental work, for new bridges on the canals, for special appropriations for maintenance of the canals, and for additional clerical force in offices controlled by the State were cut out.

So far as the items relating to the State canals are concerned the Superintendent of Public Works has agreed with the Governor that until the policy of the State with regard to bridges, their construction and maintenance, is decided, it is neither proper nor incumbent upon the State to appropriate money for such purposes. As concerns features of maintenance of the canals, the Governor believes that these can be accomplished under the appropriations given to the State Engineer and the Superintendent of Public Works.

Here are some of the cuts made by the Executive:

CANALS—Compensation of engineers, on canal repairs, $30,000; salary expenses of Chief Bridge Designer and assistant, $10,000; cleaning State ditches, $72,358; replacing bridge at Willis Avenue, Onondaga County, $12,000; filling portion of Clark and Alvord Mill-Race, Onondaga County, $3,640; improving Castorland Dyke, Lewis County, $6,000; repairing pier at Cayuga Inlet, $2,000; cleaning Saranac River, $5,000; completion of Braddock's dam, Oswego River, $6,500; steel aqueduct at Durhamville, $57,000; testing electric motive power on canals, $2,500.

CONTROLLER'S OFFICE—Two transfer tax experts, $3,100; temporary clerical services in the New York office, $900; deficiency in appropriations for special accountants, $450; for additional clerks, $975; for payment to the County of Hamilton, $17,048; for John W. Ennis, confidential inspector, $425.

ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE.—For the payment of special attorneys, $10,000. Forest, Fish, and Game Commission—Salary and expenses of fish culturist, $3,900; salary and expenses of Assistant Superintendent of Forests, $3,400; survey of forest lands, $2,000; purchasing seed for forest lands, $6,000; constructing breeding pond at Catskill hatchery, $3,500; restocking the Adirondacks with moose, $2,149.

THE COURTS.—Additional clerk to miscellaneous reporter, $945; expenses of Court of Claims; Judges, $600; binding books at Kingston Library, $600; new books at Elmira, $2,000; new books at Utica, $1,000; new books at Delhi, $700; new books at Syracuse, $2,000; improving State Library used by Court of Appeals Judges, $2,500.

STATE PRISONS.—Purchasing patents on electrical execution plant, $10,000; new buildings at Eastern Reformatory, $25,000.

Of the $20,549,136 appropriated, $11,454,000 is for the maintenance of schools, charitable institutions, and the insane.

The Governor has a great many other appropriation bills still in his hands, which he will act upon to-morrow, and when they are finished it is expected that he will have cut down the Legislature's appropriations by about $2,100,000.

WILCOX BILL SIGNED.

Gov. Odell Approves Measure Amending Railroad Law.

ALBANY, N. Y., May 14.—Gov. Odell to-day signed the bill of Senator Wilcox amending the railroad law in relation to the extension of the time for the commencement or completion of certain authorized railroads.

The bill extends the time three years, from Jan. 1, 1904, instead of Jan. 1, 1906, the time for the commencement or completion of any railroad which has acquired at least one-third of its right of way or begun construction of any portion of its railroads or shall have obtained a certificate from the State Board of Railroad Commissioners that public convenience requires the construction of its lines.

HORSE PROTECTED BY WOMEN.

They Set Crowd Against Driver Who Was Beating It—Man Then Fights the Police.

Mrs. Catherine Miller of 201 West One Hundredth Street and Mrs. L. M. Davis of 2,878 Eighth Avenue saw James M. Morris, thirty-five years old, of 1,957 Prospect Avenue, Tremont, beating his horse attached to a truck at Sixth Avenue and Twentieth Street, yesterday afternoon. They urged several men to beat the driver in turn.

Morris weighs over 200 pounds. He was driving his own horse and truck, the latter being laden with a heavy load of linens. The horse had a hard time pulling the load, and at Twentieth Street and Sixth Avenue could go no further. Morris, according to the two women, beat the animal with his whip several times and then got down and kicked it.

Mrs. Davis ran up, shook an umbrella at the man, and cried: "You're a brute!" Mrs. Miller hissed at Morris and cried: "Shame!" Then a crowd of women and men gathered, and Mrs. Miller turned to the men and cried out:

"Why don't you handle this man as he ought to be handled? If this occurred in any other city he'd have been severely thrashed by plenty of men."

Several men ran out and seized Morris, but Policeman Barber of the West Thirtieth Street Station arrived and placed him under arrest, the women and the crowd following and hissing the prisoner to the station house.

Agent Seymour of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals had been summoned. On examining the horse he said the animal was not fit to go further, and had him taken to the West Thirtieth Street patrol wagon stables, near by.

Morris then turned to Mrs. Miller, who had made a complaint of cruelty to animals against him, and said sneeringly:

"It's a wonder there ain't more like you. You make plenty of trouble."

"Take that brute back," said the Sergeant, and Policemen Barber and Schumacher took hold of Morris.

Morris hit both of them and broke away, and Doorman Anthony and three more policemen took a hand. The prisoner fought hard, ripping off Schumacher's blouse, which was torn in half. He was quickly subdued with clubs, however, and locked up.

WOMAN RESCUES A COW.

Has Men Who Ill-Treated It Locked Up, Then, Helped by Firemen, Feeds Three Animals.

Leopold Oswald, forty years old, of 424 East Forty-eighth Street, and Henry Carroll, fifty years old, of 847 First Avenue, employes of J. H. Hecht, a dealer in cows at 424 East Forty-eighth Street, were locked up in the West Twentieth Street Station House last night on charges of cruelty to animals and violation of the sanitary laws. The first charges were preferred by Mrs. Agnes Shilling of 424 West Twenty-second Street, and the latter by the police.

Oswald and Carroll went to Bayonne, N. J., yesterday to get three cows purchased by Mr. Hecht. The cows were brought over on the ferry, and Oswald and Carroll started to drive them to Hecht's stable. At Eighth Avenue and Twenty-first Street one of the cows, apparently exhausted, balked and refused to go on. It is said that the two men began to beat her with sticks and kick her.

Mrs. Schilling remonstrated with them and they insulted her, whereupon she went to a telephone and called up the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals. In less than ten minutes, during which time, she says, the cow was most cruelly treated, Agent Lambert of the society put in an appearance, and the cow was then lying on the pavement. Lambert had to force his way through a crowd that had collected.

"What are you doing to that cow?" he demanded of Oswald.

"She won't move on, and I'm goin' to make her," was the reply.

Lambert called a policeman, and, with his aid, Oswald, Carroll, and the three cows were taken to the West Twentieth Street Station House. When the prisoners had been locked up, Capt. Cottrell telephoned to Hecht, and instructed him to send a wagon for the cows. He then told Mrs. Shilling that she could go, and instructed her how to reach Jefferson Market Court, where the prisoners will be arraigned this morning.

"Why, I wouldn't think of leaving now," said Mrs. Shilling. "Those cows are hungry, especially the red one. I am going to see if I can't buy them something."

Capt. Cottrell suggested that she go to the house of Hook and Ladder No. 12, across the street from the station house, and ask for some hay. She did so and saw Battalion Chief Gooderson, who entered into the spirit of the case, and contributed a goodly portion of the department hay. Two firemen carried it across to where the cows were standing, and they ate it ravenously while Mrs. Shilling patted them.

Hecht's wagon arrived for the cows at 8:45 o'clock, and it was not until then that Mrs. Shilling made her departure. She had been keeping watch for over two hours.

FUNERAL OF MR. STODDARD.

Literary Men and Women Attend the Simple Services at the Church of the Messiah.

Literary men and women of note were present at the simple funeral services of the poet and author, Richard Henry Stoddard, at the Church of the Messiah, Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, yesterday afternoon. There was no singing, the music consisting of five selections on the organ. The Rev. Dr. Minot J. Savage, the pastor, officiated, but the eulogy was delivered by the venerable pastor emeritus, the Rev. Dr. Robert Collyer, who was an old friend of Mr. Stoddard.

"I know not how you feel," said Dr. Collyer in concluding, "but I want to say that here is another and a nobler Richard of the Lion Heart. I know something in my poor degree of the 'honest hand that gets you bread' and 'the heart that stays content,' and so, not first for his great and precious gift but for the brave and steadfast working man whom blindness could not overcome, I would lay my wreath on his grave.

"Of his works others will speak. These are the moments when I want to speak only of the man who won and held my heart as I doubt not but that he has won and held yours. His own words come to me this day:

"He has gone to the dear and holy dead.
Let us not forget the path he trod.
He has done with us—
He has gone to God."

The pallbearers, nearly all members of the Century Association, which Mr. Stoddard joined in 1864, were Edmund Clarence Stedman, ex-Judge Henry E. Howland, Henry M. Alden, Charles Scribner, Richard Watson Gilder, Ripley Hitchcock, Charles Collins, and Dr. Stimson.

None of Mr. Stoddard's family survived him. The party of mourners included Miss Alice Breuder, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harvey, Mrs. Susan Donaldson, Mrs. Brander, and Piedro Piedice.

The Authors' Club was represented officially by Calvin Thomas, Chairman of the Executive Council. The Society of American Authors, of which Mr. Stoddard was also an honorary member, was represented by Poultney Bigelow, Stephen Farrelly, Charles Dwyer, John Jerome Rooney, G. Grosvenor Dawe, and others.

There were floral offerings from the Authors' Club, Mrs. Richard Watson Gilder, Charles Scribner, Society of American Authors, and others.

The mourners and a few intimate friends will accompany the body to-day to Sag Harbor, where it will be laid beside the bodies of the wife and son. There will be no formal exercises.

DYING MAN HELD BY POLICE.

Acting on the judgment of an ambulance surgeon from the J. Hood Wright Hospital, the police of the West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street Station kept a man who was mortally ill locked up in a cell all day on Sunday. He died yesterday at the hospital, where he was taken after efforts to arouse him had failed.

Policeman Frank Schlamp found the man lying on the pavement at Seventh Avenue and One Hundred and Twenty-first Street on Sunday morning. He was bleeding on the right side of his head over the eyebrow, and was unconscious. Schlamp rang for an ambulance and Dr. Van Winkle came from the J. Hood Wright Hospital with one.

Dr. Van Winkle dressed the man's wound and said he was not injured enough to require hospital treatment, but was merely intoxicated.

At intervals of half an hour during the day the policemen tried to arouse the prisoner. When 9 o'clock in the evening came Sergt. Crowley called an ambulance which brought Dr. Van Winkle. He took the still unconscious man to the hospital, but expressed the opinion that the prisoner was still suffering from intoxication. He died yesterday morning without having regained consciousness.

Coroners' physician O'Hanlon performed an autopsy yesterday afternoon. His finding was that the man died of celebral hemorrhage. He said it had not been caused by a fracture of the skull, but might have been due to excessive indulgence in liquor.

The deceased was about forty-five or fifty years old. On the right arm is tattooed a heart pierced by an arrow.

GEN. DUFFIELD AN UMPIRE.

Detroit Lawyer to Act on German Claims Against Venezuela.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The State Department has given notice of the appointment of Gen. H. M. Duffield of Detroit as umpire in the arbitration at Caracas between Germany and Venezuela. Gen. Duffield led one of the volunteer regiments in the Spanish war, and is a prominent lawyer in Detroit.

Jackson H. Ralston of the District of Columbia has been appointed umpire in the arbitration at Caracas of the Italian claims against Venezuela, and Frank C. Partridge has been charged with the double duty of umpire in the English-Venezuela and the Netherlands-Venezuela arbitration.

MISS WALSH DIVORCED, BUT DENIES MARRIAGE

Strange Romance of the Star in Tolstoi's "Resurrection."

She Married Secretly Against Her Mother's Will and Kept the Secret for Seven Years.

Although an inspection of the records in the County Clerk's office yesterday revealed the fact that an interlocutory decree of divorce actually had been entered by Blanche Walsh, the actress, against Alfred Hickman, Miss Walsh continues to deny not only the divorce, but that she ever was married to the actor, who now is playing with the "Nancy Brown" company at the Bijou. From Syracuse last night came the word that Miss Walsh, who played there in "Resurrection" during the evening, refused to see all reporters, but that she sent word through her maid that there was no truth in the statement she ever had married Hickman, much less obtained a divorce from him.

Despite this denial, A. H. Hummel, who appears as Miss Walsh's attorney in the case, yesterday said that he could not dispute the record in the County Clerk's office, and that the Mrs. Hickman of the action in question was the Miss Walsh who is starring in the Tolstoi play.

The record in the County Clerk's Office shows that Blanche W. Hickman on March 8 brought an action for divorce against Alfred Hickman, to whom she had been married in Jersey City May 15, 1896. Wilbur Larremore, as referee, made a report on the case which was confirmed by Justice Fitzgerald of the Supreme Court on April 10. Four days later, on April 14, Justice Fitzgerald granted a motion made by Mr. Hummel and signed an interlocutory decree of divorce, which will become absolute three months from that date under the recently enacted divorce law.

After the three months have elapsed Miss Walsh will be free to remarry if she pleases, while Hickman is forbidden to remarry during her lifetime. The action charged Hickman with improper conduct with an unnamed woman in St. Louis in January of 1900, and with other women in this city at later periods.

Since the first rumor of a divorce for Miss Walsh was circulated there has been much mystery made of the case. Few, indeed, of even the most intimate friends of either Mr. Hickman or Miss Walsh knew that either one ever had been married, much less to each other. Many reasons have been given for the strict secrecy that has been maintained, but from a source of unquestioned authority the facts became public last night for the first time.

Seven years ago Miss Walsh was playing the title rôle in "Trilby," and Mr. Hickman had the rôle of Little Billee in the same production. The couple became greatly attached during the run at the Garden Theatre, but when the subject of marriage was broached Miss Walsh's mother, the wife of Thomas P. Walsh, an ex-Warden of the Tombs Prison, violently opposed the idea. Mrs. Walsh had hopes of a brilliant marriage for her daughter, and also discouraged any thought of a marriage at such an early period in Miss Walsh's professional career.

Miss Walsh and Mr. Hickman saw that there was no hope of obtaining parental blessing, so on May 15, 1896, they slipped over to Jersey City and quietly were married, returning to this city, resuming their professional duties and saying nothing of the affair.

For two years after that they were together as often as their professional duties would allow. Mrs. Walsh, two years after the marriage, was taken seriously ill, and finally died without knowing her daughter had been married to Mr. Hickman. Before she died she made her daughter promise to have nothing further to do with Mr. Hickman. The couple had become estranged before that time, and Miss Walsh carried out her promise.

Before her mother's death, Miss Walsh was bound to secrecy for fear of the effect of an announcement upon her mother's health. After the latter's death the secrecy was maintained because of the pledge. So it has happened that in the years that have elapsed less than a dozen persons have been aware of the circumstances, and these persons have been as anxious as Miss Walsh to keep the matter a secret. That they are as determined in this position to-day is shown by Miss Walsh's denial last night and by the attitude of Mr. Hickman, who, when seen at the Bijou, declined to make any statement whatever.

Miss Walsh took preliminary steps two years ago to secure the divorce which just has been granted her. At that time Mr. Hickman was playing in London, but later came here, and the evidence upon which she based her action was completed and put into legal form. When the papers were served on Mr. Hickman he prepared to fight the case, but finally consented not to make a contest, and Miss Walsh, on her part, did not make application either for alimony or counsel fees. When the decree was signed the papers in the case were sealed and only the indorsements "Blanche W. Hickman vs. Alfred Hickman" was there to indicate the nature of hte contents. Howe & Hummel represented Miss Walsh throughout the proceedings, while Thomas Osborne looked after the interests of the defendant.

Miss Walsh came from the lower east side, her father having been one of the old-time political leaders, known familiarly as "Fatty" Walsh. She was born at 36 Mott Street, and later lived with her father at 5 Mott Street, which at one time was the home of George Law, the financier. When Walsh was made the Warden of the Tombs in 1886 Miss Walsh went to live at the prison with her father and family until her stage début in 1888 at the Windsor Theatre. Since that time she has made several decided successes on the stage.

Hickman plays the part of young Vanderhuphen Jenks in "Nancy Brown," one of the principal parts. A brother, Robert Hickman, is stage director at the Columbia Theatre in Washington.

There was a report in circulation last night to the effect that at the expiration of the three months' period in the interlocutory decree of divorce Miss Walsh might marry Hugo Toland, who is playing a part in her production of "Resurrection."

WILLIAM B. ELLIS INSANE.

Justice Bischoff Orders the Commitment of the Former Publisher to a Private Sanitarium.

William B. Ellis, the former Fifth Avenue publisher, yesterday was adjudged insane by Justice Bischoff, sitting in the Supreme Court. This decision was announced after a careful consideration of the testimony taken before James J. Nealis as referee. The Justice directs a commitment to issue transferring Ellis to a private sanitarium.

Ellis, when taken to Bellevue Hospital several weeks ago, was said to have been suffering from paranoia, and was charged with having threatened the life of Col. Fries, a North Carolina merchant, and attorneys who were connected with him. Justice Bischoff says he "has reached the conclusion that Ellis is suffering from paranoia, a condition of mental disorder indicated in this case by systematic delusions of persecution, and that this affliction is a distinct homicidal tendency, judging by the writings and actions of the individual."

SILK CASES NOT QUASHED.

Judge Thomas Holds the Indictments Have Not Been Invalidated.

In the trial of the silk fraud cases yesterday Judge Thomas, in the United States District Court, denied the motion made by the defense to quash the indictments because W. Wickham Smith, special assistant of the Attorney General, had no legal right to be in the Grand Jury room. The defendants made another motion to quash on the ground that Mr. Smith had been appointed an assistant to the District Attorney temporarily, merely to secure his admission to the Grand Jury room. Judge Thomas said that Mr. Smith's presence did not invalidate the indictments.

Ex-Judge Dittenhoefer, counsel for the defense, said last night that the denial on the part of Judge Thomas to quash the indictments did not affect the pleas in abatement which were argued before. If they are sustained, Mr. Dittenhoefer says, the indictments will be set aside as completely as if they had been quashed.

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Pike's Toothache Drops cure in one minute.

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JAMES MEANS' $2.50 SHOE
Call at our store and try on a pair of these celebrated shoes for men. WE CARRY A FULL LINE.
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Call at our stores and try on a pair of these celebrated shoes for men. WE CARRY FULL LINES.
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A FAMOUS TRADE-MARK
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Goods bearing this trade-mark are RIGHT!
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JAMES MEANS' $2.50 SHOE
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Call at our store and try on a pair of these celebrated shoes for men. WE CARRY A FULL LINE.
JANTZEN, 74 1st Ave., New York

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Call at our store and try on a pair of these celebrated shoes for men. WE CARRY A FULL LINE.
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"The cigar that's always good"
Robert Burns
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MILES'S PHILIPPINE REPORT.

Secretary Root Admits Withholding Certain Portions Until Officers Accused May Be Heard.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Secretary Root to-day, through the Adjutant General, made reply to the letter of Gen. Miles requesting to be informed with regard to the manner of the publication of his report on his recent visit to the Philippines, and whether the report had been given in full to the press. In his reply the Secretary explains that both reports of the Lieutenant General, special as well as the general, were given to the press in full. Before giving out the reports they were submitted to certain bureau officers having jurisdiction in the matter treated, for such remarks and explanations as might be deemed necessary, and the comments of those officials, notably, the Judge Advocate General, went with the Lieutenant General's reports.

While it is true the department gave out the text of the Miles reports together with the matter added by bureau officials, there were a few papers in the form of reports or testimony of subordinate army officers in the Philippines which were withheld. The withholding of these papers, however, was not with the intention of suppressing any facts in connection with the administration of affairs in the Philippines, but in pursuance of the rule of the department not to make public scandalous charges against officers of the army until they had opportunity to examine them and make explanation and defense. The one matter withheld about which Mr. Herbert Welsh and others have made vigorous protest is the testimony given by Major Hunter of the Fifteenth Cavalry in regard to alleged brutal treatment of Filipinos by Capt. Howze of the Sixth Cavalry, who was Lieutenant Colonel of the Thirty-fourth Provisional Regiment during the progress of the insurrection in the Philippines, and for a time in command of one of the insurrectionary districts.

Capt. Howze has been charged with having caused Filipinos to be whipped to death, and it is said that Gen. Miles based his accusations against Howze on the report or testimony of Major Hunter, who is reported to have been present when the whippings occurred. These allegations were published soon after the occurrences, and were the subject of inquiry by the military authorities in the Philippines, Gen. MacArthur having reported on them and declared that they were grossly exaggerated and furnished no ground for action against Capt. Howze.

The revival of the charges against Capt. Howze in the report of the Lieutenant General brought the matter directly to the attention of the Secretary of War, who ordered that the charges be furnished Capt. Howze with direction to make answer thereto. Pending the answer of Capt. Howze Secretary Root has adhered to the rule of the department and declined to allow the charges to be made public until the accused should have ample opportunity to make answer. The answer of Capt. Howze was received a few days ago by the Judge Advocate General, and it is now on the desk of Secretary Root awaiting his examination. It is the understanding that as soon as the Secretary has made examination of the case the Hunter charges and Howze's reply, together with all papers and documents relating to the matter, will be given to the press.

While there is no disposition at the War Department to suppress information it is held that ordinary fair dealing requires that officers accused of scandalous and criminal conduct should have opportunity to meet and answer the charges before they are made public.

POSTAL OFFICIALS ACCUSED.

Ex-Cashier Tulloch of Washington Office Makes Long Report of Alleged Irregularities.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Seymour W. Tulloch, the ex-cashier of the Washington City Post Office, completed his statement to-day as to the irregularities which he charged were committed under the direction of higher officials of the Post Office Department three years ago. The statement, which is a long and exhaustive one, will be placed in the hands of Assistant Postmaster General Bristow to-morrow. There is no likelihood that the statement will be made public immediately. It is understood that the Postmaster General and Assistant Bristow will examine it together, and that the statements of fact contained will be verified with the documents and various data in the department.

It is said that Mr. Tulloch has gone to the pains of making his statement as strong as it was possible for him to make it. He was angered by the allusions made about him by Mr. Payne to newspaper men, and accordingly has made a complete and unsparing story of what occurred under his knowledge when, in the absence of law, expedients were resorted to for the purpose of setting up a postal service in Cuba.

The facts set forth by Mr. Tulloch are said to show conclusively that certain officials took advantage of the situation and the emergency to rob the Government. The aggregate amount is believed to have run into a large sum. Mr. Tulloch has quoted letters and documents to support his allegations.

Postmaster General Payne will probably give out the statement within a few days after he receives it, as it is understood that Tulloch considers himself under attack, and has taken the precaution to make a copy of his letter to the department and will himself make it public if it is withheld at the department.

Postmaster Merritt, who was one of the four persons whom the Postmaster General asked to throw light on the charges made by Mr. Tulloch, made a very long statement, which is relied on in the department to controvert what Mr. Tulloch may say. Mr. Merritt will not discuss his letter nor make public any of the facts set forth in it. The Postmaster General has also refused to make it public until after Mr. Tulloch is heard from.

It is understood that Merritt says he was never approached by ex-Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith or First Assistant Perry S. Heath with the object of getting Tulloch removed from the position of cashier of the Washington office because he could not be used in the manipulation of appropriations and accounts.

Mr. Merritt says that one of the first things he did after he became Postmaster was to look into Tulloch's fitness for the place. He says he was approached by a friend of Tulloch's, asking him if he wanted Tulloch to go on his bond. Merritt says he declined the offer. After investigating Mr. Tulloch for a few weeks Merritt concluded to dismiss him, and he gives the reasons for this action in his letter. His reasons do not assail Tulloch's integrity, but raise a question of administrative harmony and make that a ground for his dismissal.

RID OF NEGRO POSTMASTER.

Mr. Payne Settles Difficulty by Substituting Rural Delivery for Maryland Town.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Postmaster General Payne has ordered the Post Office at Quindocquia, Somerset County, Md., discontinued, as there is to be a rural free delivery route installed there, which makes the office unnecessary.

This action settles the dissension that has arisen over the appointment of a colored Postmaster for Quindocquia at the request of Representative Jackson, the newly-elected Republican member from the First Maryland District. Mr. Jackson was elected by colored votes, and he was anxious to please his constituents of that color, so he had one Andrew J. Day selected for Postmaster at Quindocquia. As there was no Post Office there he had one ordered to be established.

There were two men there named Andrew J. Day, and the white residents thought the white Day was to be the new Postmaster. When they found it was to be the colored Day, they made a loud protest, although a large majority of the population at Quindocquia is colored.

As this was the first attempt to appoint a colored man Postmaster in Maryland the excitement was intense. But Mr. Payne was quick to see a way out of the difficulty, and there will be no Post Office, but a rural route instead.

NEGRO CARRIER COMMENDED.

Postmaster General Assured That Tennessee Community Condemns Assault on Allgood.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Postmaster General Payne has received a preliminary report from Superintendent Conger, at Nashville, in regard to the colored rural carrier, Allgood, who was warned by masked men to quit carrying mails on a route running out from Gallatin, Tenn. Mr. Conger says that the preponderating sentiment of the community condemns the assault on the carrier. The latter is commended by all the patrons on the route as a capable, honest, and gentlemanly man.

It is known that no one on the route took part in the assault. The leading citizens are indignant that any reproach should have been cast on the community by such lawlessness. Whether the route will be continued is in doubt. The Postmaster General said to-night that he disliked to withhold the service from any community in the South on account of a question as to the color of an official. He could not, however, ask that troops be sent to protect a single carrier, and the only thing to do was to discontinue the route. He was inclined to continue it, and would do so if the Sheriff and the town officials were to assure him that the carrier would be protected.

Of course, the carrier might not like to take the risk of being shot from ambush, but if he wanted to resume his duties and the community would in good faith give assurance of protection the route would be continued.

TO HASTEN MERGER HEARING.

Attorney General Will Make the Supreme Court Motion on Monday—May Be Called Oct. 19.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Authoritative announcement was made to-day of the intention of the Attorney General to enter a motion in the United States Supreme Court next Monday to advance the hearing in the Northern Securities Company case, the appeal in which was docketed recently in that court.

It is altogether probable that the court will grant the motion, but it is not likely that the court will take action on the motion before the sitting on June 1, when the court will be in session for the last time during the present term. Hence there is no possibility of the argument of the case before the court reconvenes on Oct. 12. As assigned cases never are heard during the first week of a term, the earliest probable date for the hearing is Oct. 19. The vast importance of the case will be given as the Attorney General's reason for asking the court to expedite it.

MORE WHITE HOUSE CHANGES.

Mrs. Roosevelt Insists on Having More Convenient Entrances for the Public.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The complaint that in the restoration of the White House the ease with which the people from time immemorial entered the mansion has been seriously interfered with and in some respects entirely denied, has led to a partial correction in the plans. One of the changes which was most sorely felt was the denial of access to the East Room, which has always been open to the public.

The new arrangements provided an entrance from the east, and only the President's family and members of the President's household have recently been privileged to enter the mansion through the main north door.

Mrs. Roosevelt has now intervened for the benefit of the public, and insisted that there shall be a flight of steps down the terrace at the east of the mansion, so that people who come to the main door need not walk so far around to the other entrance.

The change will be made as soon as possible.

MABINI DIES FROM CHOLERA.

Filipino ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs Had Been Ill Two Days.

MANILA, May 14.—Mabini, the ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Filipino Government, died from cholera at midnight. He was attacked by the disease on Tuesday.

Since his return from Guam Mabini had lived in seclusion. Captured correspondence of the Rizal province insurgents showed that he had been in communication with them, but the letters were not of a seditious nature.

The Filipinos and Americans generally regret the death of Mabini, but there will be no demonstration at his burial, on account of the nature of his disease.

Mabini, who was at one time President of the Filipino Supreme Court, surrendered to the American forces in December, 1899, but he persistently refused to take the oath of allegiance and was deported to Guam.

Last February Mabini and Ricarte, an ex-Filipino General, were taken to Manila from Guam on the United States transport Thomas. Mabini took the oath of allegiance on Feb. 26 on board the transport, but Ricarte refused to do so, and was placed on board the steamer Gaelic and sent to Hongkong.

T. THOMAS FORTUNE IN ROW WITH POLICE.

Negro Labor Commissioner Involved in a Free Fight in Manila—His Secretary Clubbed.

MANILA, May 14.—After a difficulty with the local police, T. Thomas Fortune, colored, Special Labor Commissioner appointed by the War Department to visit the Hawaiian Islands and the Philippine Islands, has left Manila for home. A companion of Mr. Fortune was arrested for a petty offense, and Mr. Fortune accompanied him to the police station, where an argument led to a fight, during which the police clubbed Mr. Fortune's secretary and charged Mr. Fortune with resisting officers of the law. Mr. Fortune made counter charges, but later all the charges were withdrawn.

The appointment of T. Thomas Fortune as a Special Commissioner to the Philippine Islands was the first step toward opening up an inquiry into the advisability of colonizing the archipelago with negroes from the United States. He was sent to undertake a study of conditions and opportunities for colonization there of the colored people now in this country, so far as they might be willing to avail themselves of the chances for homes in a new country.

The question of the colonization of the Philippines was brought forcibly to the attention of the War Department by the recent agitation in the South of the matter of negro representation and suffrage. Negro labor with American capital, it was thought, would make a success of our occupation of the islands. Consequently it was decided to have experts in ethnology and economics make a thorough study of the subject.

Liner Deutschland's Swift Voyage.

It was announced yesterday that the Hamburg-American liner Deutschland, which sailed from Hoboken Thursday last at 3:45 P. M., had arrived off the Scilly Islands Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock, making the passage in 5 days and 16 hours, a very swift trip. She landed her Plymouth passengers in the afternoon, and those booked for Cherbourg in the evening.

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While not absolutely everything in our stock this spring is new, the few goods carried from last season have had new prices affixed that make them very attractive.

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OUR showing is immense. Everything you can think of and many things that you won't find elsewhere. Norfolks and Sack Suits in Home-spuns, Cassimeres and Flannels.
Norfolk Suits $10 to $15. Sack Suits $5 to $12. Separate Knickers $2 to $6. Caps 50c to $1. Hosiery, Sweaters, Jerseys, Flannel Negligee Shirts, Belts and the L. A. W. Bicycle Shoes.
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WORKING ON THE SUBWAY

Contractor McDonald Says Tunnel Will Not Be Delayed.

Italian Laborers Still Out Not to be Re-employed—Strikers Hold Many Meetings—Police Have Some Trouble.

"The opening of the subway will not be delayed a minute by the strike," said Contractor McDonald when the Rapid Transit Commissioners asked him about the condition of the road at their meeting yesterday afternoon. The laborers' strike, he said, was the least serious of all his troubles, and all through it the rest of the work, such as steel construction and underground tunneling, had been going ahead as fast as possible.

Asked about the condition of the main power house of the subway, at Eleventh Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street, the contractor said the building had been delayed a good deal by the ironworkers' strike, but he expected it to be easily completed on time.

"On the whole subway," said the contractor, "there is less than ninety days' work of excavation left to be done."

There were a number of threatening incidents and several arrests along the line of the subway during the day. As on Wednesday, the police were on duty to a man. Gen. Greene's orders were rigidly enforced, and not since the negro riots of two years ago was there such a show of force from the department. Every block of tunnel was guarded and the stations were filled with reserves, ready for emergency service at a moment's notice.

Mr. McDonald estimated that 1,900 laborers were at work along the tunnel, and he said he expected to have the rest of the needed 4,000 within the next day or so. From early morning non-union laborers and some of the strikers were applying to the offices of the sub-contractors for work, and all of them got what they wanted without distinction.

Late in the day, however, a representative of the Degnon-McLean Contracting Company, which hires half of the 4,000 laborers now needed on the tunnel, said:

"Beginning to-morrow, we shall employ none of those who went on strike. They refused arbitration and disregarded their leaders, who favored peace. Our walking bosses, each of whom employs the excavators and rockmen for about a block, know all the men who worked under them before the strike. These men had their last chance to return to-day."

It was explained that there was no way of differentiating between union and non-union excavators and rockmen, except so far as the particular strikers were concerned, and the bosses could not tell every time whether they were getting back a union man who had been employed on a section elsewhere or on some work other than the subway.

"The only object we have," explained one of the foremen, "is to show them that we have won. As far as we are able to do so, we shall give none of them work. All the sub-contractors, I understand, have given the same instructions about this."

The striking Italian unions of excavators and rockmen continued to hold almost continuous meetings at their headquarters, 2,229 First Avenue, and at their down town and various other branches during the day and evening. Again the men voted to remain on strike. At the headquarters a Socialist editor urged the men to stand firm. Many were the denunciations of the employers, and not a few of the men renewed their grumblings against their old leader, Tito Pacelli, who, they were inclined to think, had "betrayed" them. After the speech of the Socialist editor President Pacelli delivered an address, during which he showed signs of backing down from his advice to arbitrate. He said he agreed with the editor that the contractors eventually would be forced to take back the men at their own terms.

Constantino Lauadio, President of the rockmen, gave somewhat similar advice, but declared against violence in any form.

Meanwhile the police on guard along the subway had trouble every now and then. Shortly after 2 o'clock two Italian strikers, after loitering for a while around Franklin and Elm Streets, suddenly hurled into the subway excavation a mass of lead pipe, wrapped in newspapers. The package, which was about a foot in diameter, knocked off the hat of one of the new excavators, and as the thrower ran away there was a small-sized panic in the trench.

"Dynamit-a," shouted an Italian, and the rest began to scramble out of the way, led by the man whose head had had such a narrow escape. Two patrolmen stationed on the block pursued the two men, who fled after one of them had thrown the package, but the fugitives disappeared in a crowd and escaped. Detectives McCafferty and Price of the Central Office, however, had seen the fleeing men, and a few minutes later they noticed two men, both Italians, standing at Centre and Franklin Streets. The detectives took the men to the excavation, where they were identified by a foreman as the men who had thrown the pipe. They were discharged by Magistrate Deuel, however, in the Tombs Court, for lack of evidence.

Charles Passo of 24 Baxter Street was arrested for throwing bricks into the subway, and when arraigned was held in $300 bail.

STRIKERS ATTACK DETECTIVE.

Policeman Makes Short Work of a Crowd That Pounced Upon Him.

Italian subway strikers attacked Detective Joseph F. Reichert of the Elizabeth Street Station on Baxter Street, near Worth Street, shortly after 8 o'clock last night. Prior to a meeting in the rear of Pietro Travesso's saloon at 24 Baxter Street strikers were standing about in front of the meeting hall in little groups, when one group was roundly abused with epithets by a man who disappeared in the crowd.

Detective Joseph F. Reichert, who was in plain clothes, was immediately mistaken by the strikers for their abuser. He did not have time to draw his revolver. Three of them jumped on the policeman's back, and as many rushed in front of him. A crowd quickly hemmed the fighters in. To either side of the saloon entrance is a cellar entrance.

A quick blow on the chin of one of the older men in the crowd sent him staggering backward, and he fell clumsily down the cellarway. Reichert stumbled and was about to fall when he clutched one of the men with whom he was fighting and steadying himself threw the man into the cellar after the first man. Then he landed his third man in the other cellar entrance, and the remaining assailants drew off. Reichert decided not to make any arrests.

TO WATCH MARINE ENGINEERS.

National Board of Steam Navigation Plans to Institute Prosecutions.

The National Board of Steam Navigation, composed of men interested in steam vessels in all parts of the country, has decided to prosecute any of the marine engineers who may commit an illegal act in their efforts to obtain more pay. Resolutions to this effect were made public yesterday by C. H. Boyer, Treasurer of the board, 90 Water Street.

It was decided, he said, that the Secretary of the board be instructed to request its members in any port where the marine engineers are now on strike to bring charges before the local Inspectors of Steam Vessels where the law has been violated, with a view to revocation of licenses. Among those given as subscribing members of the board in this city are the Red D Line, Old Dominion Line, Morgan Line, Cornell Steamboat Company, and a number of the railroad companies.

STRIKE PICKETS ARRESTED.

Three Men Caught by Bicycle Policeman Accused of Intimidation.

Louis Salda of 126 West One Hundred and Sixty-third Street, Vincent Parra of 228 East One Hundred and Sixth Street, and Salvatore Satin of 345 East One Hundred and Fourth Street were arrested at Eighty-fifth Street and Central Park West yesterday on the charge of intimidating and attempting to assault workmen. All three arrests were made by Bicycle Policeman Kerrigan, who said he chased them from Ninety-third Street to Eighty-fifth Street. Two of them rode on wheels, he said, and when he appeared blew a whistle to warn others. In Satin's pocket a revolver was found, and in the pockets of the others there were stones of a handy size for throwing, he said.

The three men were locked up in the West One Hundredth Street Station on the complaint of Joseph Martin, a contractor of 582 Amsterdam Avenue, that they were trying to assault some of his workmen in a new brownstone house in course of erection at 247 Central Park West. Martin said that the three men were among a crowd of about fifty strikers who surrounded the house, made threats, and struck some of the workmen with stones. Dr. George Frederick Brooks, for whom the house is being built, was also a complainant.

TWO CONTRACTORS GIVE IN.

President of Mount Vernon Excavators' Union Announces Two Victories.

MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., May 14.—President Furey of the Excavators' Union announced to-night that the New York contracting firm of T. E. & T. Crimmins, whose construction work for the Union Railway here has been held up for many days by a strike, had granted all the demands of the men, and that work would be resumed with a full force in the morning. The firm brought a dozen Italian laborers from New York and put them to work under a strong police guard this morning. Only a few strikers stood about watching them for a little time, and then went away.

Frank Nordone, who is building a sewer from between Fifth Street and Columbus Avenue, said a large force of New York non-union laborers would be at work this morning, but the men failed to appear, having been turned back, it is believed, by a committee of strikers. President Furey reports to-night that Nordone has also made a complete surrender.

OMAHA TEAMSTERS VIOLENT.

Non-Union Men Beaten on All Sides—Entire Police Force on Extra Duty Ready for a General Riot.

OMAHA, May 14.—P. J. Maddock, a driver for a delivery company, was found this afternoon under the Tenth Street viaduct in an unconscious condition. When restored he said that he had been knocked from his wagon. His home is in Pittsburg.

The entire police force was called on for extra duty this afternoon, and additional deputies were put in charge of the Chief of Police.

A riot occurred at Seventeenth and Chicago Streets late in the afternoon, when a driver was pulled from his wagon and beaten. The crowd had dispersed when the police arrived. Another driver accompanied by a deputy was taken from his wagon, and the deputy did not attempt to protect him.

In several instances drivers were stopped, their teams unhitched, and the contents of wagons strewn on the street. It is reported also that several drivers abandoned their wagons without cause, leaving the teams hitched to telegraph poles or standing in the streets.

Chief of Police Donahue has ordered that persons arrested for rioting shall not be released on bond until after their hearing. An attempt was made to secure the release on bail of men arrested to-day, but they were refused their liberty.

Chief Donahue says a meeting of teamsters was held last night, at which it was decided to adopt forcible measures to-day, if necessary. This, President Crews of the Teamsters' Union denies absolutely, and says union men have been warned that they will not receive protection when arrested for violence. The situation seems to be more strained than at any time since the strike began, and further trouble is feared. Attorneys for the Business Men's Association intimate that the Governor will be asked again to take a hand and send troops to Omaha.

Sympathy Strikers Return to Work.

The gang of structural ironworkers, who quit work on Pier 1 of the Bush Terminal Company in South Brooklyn in sympathy with other strikers, returned to work yesterday, the reason being that the company was beginning to fill their places with non-union men. The strikers notified their union that non-union men would be also put to work on Pier 2 in a few days if the strike lasted. The union decided that the men should go back and take the work while it was available.

WOMEN INSPECTORS DROPPED.

Their Services Discontinued by Order of the Secretary of the Treasury.

Commissioner of Immigration Williams yesterday received from the Secretary of the Treasury the following instructions:

You will issue to the women Inspectors of immigrants the following notice:

"Your name not appearing on the eligible list of the Civil Service Commission, you cannot be re-employed without executive order. No such order having been made and your term of service having expired under your temporary appointment, said services are hereby discontinued."

"I prefer to make no comment. It is best that everything in regard to the order should come from Washington," said Commissioner Williams when questioned about the order. The women Inspectors themselves also declined to discuss it.

The Inspectors were appointed after much agitation on the part of women's organizations all over the country, notably the Women's Christian Temperance Union. President Roosevelt lent a kindly ear to their demands, and on Feb. 4 the following were selected: Miss Matilda Wichmann of Hoboken, Miss Sarah Harrison of Washington, Miss Helen A. Taylor of Ellis Island, Miss M. G. Bachelder of New York, and Miss Josephine Lassce of New York.

The first inspection occurred Feb. 12. On March 14 the system was declared a failure after thirty days' trial as originally planned. No fault was found with the Inspectors, but it was held that the results were not up to expectations, and the need of women Inspectors had not been altogether clearly established. On March 19 the service was ordered abolished, but pending appeals to President Roosevelt, the Inspectors went on with their work, and on March 28 the President ordered that the service be continued for sixty days at least.

Next day Miss Taylor, who had been matron at Ellis Island, was detached from the corps and returned to Ellis Island. She had been the nominal chief of staff. On April 27 the Social Science Institute of this city made an appeal for the continuation of the service.

AMERICAN BIBLE SOCIETY.

Reports Presented and Managers Elected at Annual Meeting.

The eighty-seventh annual meeting of the Board of Managers of the American Bible Society was held yesterday afternoon at the Bible House. Theophilus A. Brower of New York, the First Vice President, occupied the chair.

The report filed shows that during the eighty-seven years of its existence the association has disposed of 72,670,783 Bibles printed in many tongues. The total distribution for the year ended March 31, 1903, was 1,993,559, a gain of 209,767 compared with 1902.

The receipts for the year were $412,406.64, and the expenditures $401,490.11, leaving a cash balance of $10,916.53. The total of the invested trust funds is $522,120.72, independent of the Jonathan Burr fund, the income from which can only be used to supply the Scriptures in raised letters for the blind. The Fitch Shepard Bible fund is now $88,916.50, but the income from this is added to the fund which will not be at the disposal of the managers until it reaches $100,000. The society has other funds of the par value of $88,857.44 which are available for general purposes.

The following managers, to serve for four years, were elected: Frederick Sturges, F. Wolcott Jackson, George G. Reynolds, James A. Punderford, George E. Sterry, Thomas Whittaker, George Beatty, Frederick S. Duncan, William J. Holls, Jr., and Charles A. Schieren.

Aged Journalist Is Stricken.

George C. Exray, sixty-five years old, a journalist of 182 East One Hundred and Fifteenth Street, was taken suddenly ill in the hallway of the Seabury Building, at 59-61 Maiden Lane, yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. He was cared for by the police of the Old Slip Station, and later taken to the Hudson Street Hospital, where it was said that he was in a critical condition, his case being diagnosed as paralysis of his left side. His son, J. E. Exray of Maple Avenue, Hackensack, N. J., was notified.

HECLA IRON WORKS EMPLOYES LOCKED OUT

Co-operative Profit-Sharing Also Abolished by Company.

President Poulson Says All Differences Would Have Been Settled Satisfactorily, Had Not Walking Delegates Interfered.

About 4,000 men, employed by the Hecla Iron Works in Williamsburg, were locked out yesterday because of a threatening strike. The concern is the largest of its kind in New York, the plant occupying one block between North Tenth and North Eleventh Streets, Williamsburg. Just how long the plant will remain shut down is not known. Many of the men benefited annually in the company's co-operative system by sharing in the profits, according to their length of time in the employ of the company and the amount of wages received.

Besides the shut-down the company abolished the co-operative system, and in the future, should the men go back, they will not share in the profits. The company has many contracts on hand, but from time to time since the beginning of the year many of the "inside" men in the works have been threatening to strike for a Saturday half-holiday as well as for a fifty-hour week work schedule. The men also wanted finishers to be paid at the rate of 36 cents an hour and helpers at the rate of 25 cents. The company rejected these demands, and, as a result, the works were shut down yesterday morning. Several hundred of the men wanted to remain at work, but were informed that they would have to go out with the rest.

Nils Poulson, President of the company, said yesterday that the whole trouble of the lock-out was attributed to walking delegates, and declared that the trouble between the company and its employes could have been adjusted to the satisfaction of both parties had it not been for the interference of the walking delegates. He also said in regard to the abolition of the co-operative system that the men could not expect to receive benefits accruing from the profits and a strike at the same time.

CIVIC FEDERATION MOVE.

Committee Considers Building Trades Troubles—One Chapter in Recent Elevated Road Difficulty.

The monthly meeting of the Conciliation Committee of the New York Civic Federation was held yesterday afternoon at the United Charities Building. The present troubles in the building trades were considered and the employers were sounded as to arbitration of the present differences. While acknowledging the objects of the Civic Federation, however, those engaged in the present fight are said to have taken the stand that the present matters in dispute cannot be arbitrated.

It was learned last evening that the New York Civic Federation is really to be credited with the bringing together of both sides in the dispute some weeks ago which threatened a general strike of the guards, conductors, and others on the Manhattan Railroad system. It was through the efforts of the Federation, conducted very quietly, that William D. Mahon, President of the Amalgamated Association of Street Railway Employes, was brought into communication with the officers of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company. This led to a series of conferences which resulted in a settlement of the trouble when a strike seemed to be inevitable.

BOY KILLED BY A CAR.

Just Before He Died He Pleaded with His Mother Not to Scold Him.

Charles J. Ganseberg, six years old, of East One Hundred and Thirteenth Street was run over last evening by a north-bound Lexington Avenue car between One Hundred and Thirteenth and One Hundred and Fourteenth Streets. He was terribly cut and died two hours later. Patrick Dooner, twenty-five years old, of 100 East One Hundred and Second Street, the motorman of the car, was locked up in the East One Hundred and Fourth Street Station on a charge of homicide.

With an older brother and several other boys the lad was playing tag in the street last evening. During the game he ran directly into the car between the two trucks. He was rolled under the wheels of the rear truck. Two men called to the motorman to stop his car, but the boy was dragged twenty feet before he could do so. When taken out from the car with both legs severed, the boy said faintly:

"Oh, mamma! Oh, mamma! I didn't mean to do it."

He was taken to the Harlem Hospital, and during the few minutes he was conscious he called continually for his mother, and when she came he pleaded with her not to scold him.

STOPPED SUPPOSED SWINDLE.

Three Men Arrested After a Wealthy Man Was Approached.

Three men were arrested yesterday afternoon at Ninth Avenue and Fourteenth Street by headquarters detectives, on swindling charges. They are William Walker, alias William Parker, Frank Chase, a salesman, living with his wife at 529 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, and Thomas Rafferty, alias McGraw, who said he lived at 333 Eighth Avenue. Pictures of the first two are in the New York Rogues' Gallery, and that of the other in the Boston gallery.

Parker is said to have gone to the house of Martin T. Hart, a retired business man, of 67 West Ninety-sixth Street, on May 11 or 12, saying he had been sent by Mr. White, the agent of the White Star Line, and presented a letter of introduction. The visitor told Mr. Hart of a friend who had some Anaconda Copper Mining Stock, and arranged a meeting at the Adams House, Tenth Avenue and Gansevoort Street, for yesterday morning.

Mr. Hart notified the Central Office and kept the engagement.

At the Adams House he was taken to the room of a man who said he was ill and that he had 5,000 shares of Anaconda stock that could be sold for 14 or 15, and tried to negotiate a loan of $1,000.

The detectives, who were in the neighborhood, met the three men and arrested them. They were held in $1,000 bail for examination to-day in Jefferson Market Police Court.

RECKLESS CHAUFFEURS WARNED.

They Must Not Use Seventh Avenue for Their Evolutions.

Professional chauffeurs belonging to automobile stables in the three blocks from Thirty-seventh Street to Fortieth Street on Seventh Avenue for several weeks have been using the smooth asphalt of the avenue as a parade ground and a sort of auto-gymnasium. They have been doing all kinds of fancy driving, with the result that the pets of the neighborhood have been decimated, children have had many narrow escapes, and adults have been afraid to cross the avenue. This terrorism continued all day and night.

About 150 of the residents of the neighborhood sent a protest to the Mayor, who referred the matter to Commissioner Greene. He notified Capt. O'Connor of the West Thirtieth Street Station, and Detectives Schibles and McKay have warned the proprietors of the auto-stables that if the nuisance does not cease a squad of bicycle police will be detailed to that district and arrests will be made. The proprietors promised that the trouble would be stopped.

UNDERWRITERS IN SESSION.

President Beath of the National Board on the General Increase in Fire Insurance Rates.

At the annual meeting of the National Board of Fire Underwriters, which was held in the assembly room of the New York Board of Fire Underwriters yesterday, President Robert B. Beath said that the business of the 145 fire insurance companies belonging to the National board showed an underwriting profit of about 4 per cent. for last year. As to the recent advances in rates, he said:

"The widely commented upon increase of rates effected during the year, known as the 25 per cent. advance, actually produced an average increase of .0912 cents, or nearly 8 7-10 per cent. The advance applied mainly to long-considered underrated classes, and the improvement of risks was recognized in reduced rates, so that this increase has simply turned the underwriting account from one of unbroken loss for a period extending over five years to one of a small profit for 1902, and only placed the average rate about 4 cents on the $100 higher than the rates of 1894, the decline in rates dating from that year.

"This statement alone explains the withdrawal of so much insurance capital during the past five years. Of the companies withdrawn in that time were a number seemingly strong and recognized as both honest and influential, who had established themselves in the agency field at great expense, were affording reliable protection to insurers, yet they could not stand the continued strain of inadequate charges for insurance."

These officers were elected for the year by a unanimous vote:

President—Henry H. Hall.
Vice President—John H. Washburn.
Secretary—Charles A. Shaw.
Treasurer—F. W. Arnold.
Executive Committee Members—George Ingraham, W. B. Kelly, James Nicolls, and E. G. Richards.

At the suggestion of the Executive Committee a resolution was passed to the effect that it was not wise to make any expenditures for passing or defeating any measures pending before legislative bodies.

The Committee on Law reported that, although the Legislatures of most of the States were in session since the last meeting of the board, and a large number of bills deemed inimical to fire insurance interests were introduced, comparatively few were passed. Among the enactments were an anti-compact and a valued policy law in South Dakota, an anti-co-insurance law in Idaho, and a resident agents' law in Wyoming. In Texas a revised anti-trust bill was passed, one effect of which is to relieve companies from making the affidavits heretofore required.

The committee took up at length the matter of county and municipal insurance taxes, arguing that the companies were willing to pay a single tax to the State, but that this should cover all taxes.

The National Board held its annual dinner last night at Delmonico's. Two hundred members of the board and their guests sat down. President Hall presided, and the speakers were John H. Washburn, ex-Attorney General Griggs, Manager Hess of the New York Fire Exchange, A. A. Raven, William M. St. John, George F. Seward, William H. McElroy, and A. H. Sawyer of Watertown, N. Y.

Ex-Attorney General Griggs spoke of the many visits of insurance men to legislative halls.

"You show yourselves in Albany and other capitals too frequently," said he. "If you paid less attention to a certain class of legislation those behind strike bills would have to go out of business."

LOST WIFE'S LOVE AND SUED.

Edwin H. Tucker Has Demanded $75,000 Damages from Eugene V. Dudley of Brooklyn.

Suit to recover $75,000 damages for alienation of the affections of his wife has been instituted by Edwin H. Tucker, an insurance agent, of 549 Park Place, Brooklyn, against Eugene V. Dudley, who is reputed to be wealthy and who lives at 44 Lefferts Place, that borough.

The complaint was filed with the County Clerk of Kings County yesterday afternoon. In it the plaintiff alleges that Tucker was an intimate friend, and for a long time lived in his home. He declares that Dudley, who is principal stockholder in the firm of Cramer & Co., manufacturers of palace-car fittings, took away his wife's love by means of expensive presents and by "deceitful arts and wiles."

Mrs. Tucker began a suit for divorce against her husband about two weeks ago. In his answer to her complaint he made counter-charges, and then instituted the action for damages against Dudley. He declares that Dudley is furnishing his wife with funds with which to prosecute her suit. Dudley is said to be sixty years old, while Mrs. Tucker is only twenty-five years old.

SHE CLIMBED THE FIRE ESCAPE

Woman with a Gallery Ticket Couldn't Get Into the Theatre and Wanted Her Money Back.

The unusual sight of a woman climbing the fire escape of the Victoria Theatre on its Forty-second Street side attracted a curious crowd there about 8:30 o'clock last night.

The woman, who was well dressed, as if prepared to go to the theatre, was first noticed after she had climbed to the first flight of steps from the pavement. She seemed quite unconscious that she was doing anything out of the ordinary, and continued until up the third flight. She then hesitated, looked about as if for an entrance into the theatre, and finally came down.

She made a beeline for the box office of the Belasco Theatre, red in the face, and angry. She threw down a balcony ticket and demanded her money of Henry Shadd.

"What's the trouble, Madam; isn't the seat well located?" he asked.

"I didn't get to it," she retorted. "I climbed almost to the roof and never got into the theatre. It's a shame to have such long stairs. When I bought those seats yesterday, Mr. Dunlevie at the box office said that I had only to climb one flight of stairs just outside leading up from the street. Now give me my money!"

Mr. Shadd explained to her that she had mistaken the Victoria fire escape for the Belasco stairs.

DUCKED BY A TURTLE.

Two Boys, However, Landed Their Game and Sold It.

Because he refused to release the tail of a big snapping turtle, Frank Goetz of the Greenville section of Jersey City earned a ducking for himself and his brother in the Morris Canal yesterday. As the boys captured the turtle and sold it for $2, however, they rejoice over the adventure.

Frank found the turtle sunning itself on the canal bank, and caught it by the tail, intending to turn it on its back. As he stooped to seize its tail he lost his balance, and he and the turtle rolled into the canal. He held firmly to the tail, and the turtle towed him to the other side of the canal.

His brother Christian jumped into the canal and seized him by the collar, telling him to let the turtle go.

"Nary let go," sputtered Frank. "He's a whopper."

With Christian's help, he was able to reach the canal bank, still holding his prize. They landed the turtle, which weighed twenty pounds, and sold it to a neighboring hotelkeeper.

FUSION LEADERS CONFER.

An informal conference relative to a fusion of forces against Tammany Hall in the coming campaign was held yesterday at the office of R. Fulton Cutting. There were present, besides Mr. Cutting, William H. Ten Eyck, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Republican County Committee; Jacob Brenner of Brooklyn, and John C. Sheehan of the Greater New York Democracy.

The organizations to be invited to participate in the fusion campaign were discussed, but it was decided not to make the names of these public until the meeting at Citizens' Union headquarters next Monday.

John C. Sheehan reiterated his opinion that an independent Democrat should be nominated for Mayor, but at the same time expressed himself in favor of even a Republican to defeat Tammany.

Will Accept Morris's Resignation.

The resignation of Robert C. Morris as President of the Republican County Committee will be accepted at the meeting of the organization next Thursday. No one seems as yet to have been determined upon as his successor, but the names most considered are ex-Justice Ernest Hall and Park Commissioner W. R. Willcox. It is certain that William H. Ten Eyck will not consent to be a candidate, and the members have no hope that George R. Sheldon can be induced to reconsider his refusal to serve as head of the committee.

Union-Castle Atlas of South Africa.

The Union-Castle Atlas of South Africa, just published by the Union-Castle Mail Steamship Company, Limited, of which Donald Currie & Co. of London are the managers, contains 21 plates, printed in colors, plates containing 36 maps and diagrams, together with a gazetteer index of over 6,000 names. It opens with an account of the geographical features, the climate, and the mineral and other resources of the land. There is also a comprehensive map of South African railways and a guide giving fares and other information in regard to them, and also coaches, mail carts, and bullock wagons which ply between the steam roads and important towns, which locomotive has not yet reached. The atlas is bound in heavy covers.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Morris, H., Norfolk, Va.; woolens; Herald Square Hotel.
Berno, J. D., & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; S. M. Rose, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Thomas, A. S., Meriden, Conn.; J. C. Thomas, dress goods and silks; Herald Square Hotel.
Higbee Company, Cleveland, Ohio; C. C. Northrup, silks; Grand Hotel.
Rosenbaum & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; M. Rosenbaum, hosiery and gloves; Victoria Hotel.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; S. S. Kerr, blankets and upholstery goods; 621 Broadway; Holland House.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; A. B. Lovejoy, carpets; Broadway and Tenth Street; Albemarle Hotel. G. H. Urweiler, linens and white goods; Hoffman House.
Hundley-Smith Dry Goods Company, St. Joseph, Mo.; H. M. Hundley, domestics; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Ullman Brothers, Williamsport, Penn.; L. M. Ullman, clothing; Victoria Hotel.
Dey Brothers & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; J. Murphy, notions and jewelry; 66 Grand Street; Victoria Hotel.
Hecht Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; E. Hecht, dry goods; Hotel Marlborough.
Houston Notion Company, Galveston, Texas; J. L. Souza, notions and furnishing goods; 532 Broadway; Hotel Marlborough.
Salveter Furnishing Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. L. Salveter, furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Hagerdorn, J. J., & Co., West Point, Ga.; F. Hagerdorn, dry goods; Hotel Navarre.
Gutman, Nathan, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; N. L. Gutman, hosiery and furnishing goods; Hotel Cadillac.
Howland Dry Goods Company, Bridgeport, Conn.; H. W. Pettis, gloves, parasols, and laces; 75 Spring Street; Criterion Hotel.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. P. Briggs, china, shoes, and rubbers; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Normandie.
Smith, Beir & Gormly, Rochester, N. Y.; A. Beir, dry goods; Hotel Normandie.
Eastman Brothers & Bancroft, Portland, Me.; Miss S. A. Gates, laces, trimmings, and ribbons; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Navarre.
Hart Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; H. H. Hart, manufacturing department; 38 Howard Street; Hotel Imperial.
Powers Mercantile Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; W. J. Jennings, cloaks and suits; 43 Leonard Street; Hotel Earlington.
Notcher, C., Chicago, Ill.; G. Brandeis, silks; 377 Broadway; Herald Square Hotel.
Barney, H. S., & Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; E. T. Lansing, hosiery; 75 Spring Street; Park Avenue Hotel.
Hart, Schaffner & Marx, Cleveland, Ohio; M. G. Schaffner, clothing; Hoffman House.
Epstein, J., Baltimore, Md.; W. A. Applewaite, hosiery and underwear; Hoffman House.
Daniels & Fisher Stores Company, Denver, Col.; W. A. Francis, clothing; 59 Worth Street; Hotel Navarre.

AT THE HOTELS.

HOLLAND—Robert E. Crawford, Galveston; R. W. Bernheimer, Louisville.

IMPERIAL—Oscar Hau, Budapest; Dr. A. I. Elliot, Lucknow, India.

GRAND—T. P. Moran, Washington; C. C. Northrup, Cleveland.

GILSEY—W. G. Raoul, Atlanta.

ENDICOTT—J. Federa, Birmingham, Alabama; G. W. Parker, St. Louis.

MANHATTAN—George F. Seward, ex-United States Minister to China; S. D. Bridge, Monterey, Mexico.

FIFTH AVENUE—Norman L. Bassett, Augusta, Me.; H. C. Perham, London; Ernst Joshi, Berlin; Gen. Julian S. Carr, North Carolina.

HOFFMAN—William Gray, Richmond; Henri Zeng, Brussels; W. M. Jackson, London; Henley Brent, Baltimore; C. W. Ferris, Seattle, Washington.

ALBEMARLE—Seymour Cunningham, Washington.

PLAZA—John H. Mangham, Mexico; S. P. Johnson, Washington.

SAVOY—Arthur Bergheil, London.

NETHERLAND—A. J. Bowling, Detroit; Julius Garfinkle, Washington; ex-Senator Marion Butler, North Carolina; Henry P. Newman, Hamburg; Thomas Shook, Detroit.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The principal area of high pressure to-night overlies the North Pacific Coast, the northeast high on the Atlantic having given way rapidly during the day. Pressure continues low over the South and in the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions.

Rain continues in the Southeastern States, the East Gulf States, and Tennessee. There were also a few local showers in the lower lake region, the first in about ten days. Dry weather continues in the Upper Ohio Valley, the Middle Atlantic States, and Virginia.

It is somewhat cooler in the lower lake region and much colder over the northern plateau and the North Rocky Mountain region. The temperature has risen somewhat in the Lower Mississippi Valley, but continues below the seasonal average in the Southeast.

Rain is probable Friday in the Southeastern States and the Upper Missouri Valley. Saturday will be fair, except along the South Atlantic Coast and locally over the Eastern slope and the Upper and Middle Mississippi Valleys. It will be colder Friday in the Rocky Mountain region, the Upper and Middle Missouri Valleys, and lower temperatures will prevail Saturday over the Eastern Slope and Upper Mississippi Valley.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coasts will be mostly light southwest; on the South Atlantic, light east to southeast; on the Gulf Coast, light and variable; on the upper lakes, light northeast, becoming fresh south, and on the lower lakes, light northeast to east.

Steamships departing Friday for European ports will have light variable winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

New England—Fair Friday and Saturday; light north winds, becoming variable.

Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, District of Columbia, and Maryland—Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair Friday and Saturday; light variable winds, becoming fresh southeast.

Western New York—Fair Friday. Saturday fair, warmer; light to fresh east winds, becoming southeast.

West Virginia—Fair Friday and Saturday.

Virginia and North Carolina—Fair Friday and Saturday; fresh southeast to east winds.

South Carolina—Rain Friday and probably on the coast Saturday; fresh northeast winds.

Minnesota—Fair Friday, warmer in northeast portion. Saturday showers and cooler; fresh southeast winds.

North Dakota and South Dakota—Fair in east, showers and colder in west portion on Friday. Saturday fair, cooler in east portion.

LOCAL FORECAST—Fair; light, variable winds.

The record of temperature for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from THE NEW YORK TIMES's thermometer and from the thermometer of the Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	—Weather Bureau.—		—TIMES.
	1902.	1903.	1903.
3 A. M.	52	58	56
6 A. M.	49	57	58
9 A. M.	55	63	71
12 M.	59	74	79
4 P. M.	68	74	76
6 P. M.	64	70	73
9 P. M.	56	67	68
12 P. M.	54	65	65

THE TIMES's thermometer is 6 feet above the street level; that of the Weather Bureau is 325 feet above the street level.

Average temperatures yesterday were as follows:

Printing House Square	68¼
Weather Bureau	66
Corresponding date 1902	58
Corresponding date for last twenty-five years	57

The thermometer registered 59 degrees at 8 A. M. and 65 degrees at 8 P. M. yesterday, the maximum temperature being 75 degrees at 1 P. M. and the minimum 56 degrees at 5 A. M. The humidity was 59 per cent. at 8 A. M. and 72 per cent. at 8 P. M.

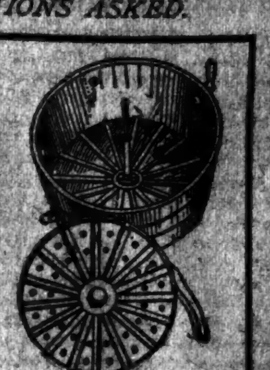
The "1900" Ball-Bearing Washer Free

FROM FACTORY TO YOUR DOOR

Express Prepaid in Greater New York and Suburbs on Thirty Days' Trial.

NO DEPOSIT OR ADVANCE PAYMENT REQUIRED. IF NOT SATISFACTORY, RETURN IT AT OUR EXPENSE. NO QUESTIONS ASKED.

As it appears looking under the bottom of Tub.


Inside view of Tub and bottom of Agitator or Washboard.

The "1900" BALL-BEARING Washer is the greatest time, labor and expense saving appliance ever invented. An absolute necessity to Households, Laundries, Hotels, Boarding Houses, Public Institutions, &c., &c. Only practical, simple, easy running washer ever made. Hundreds of thousands now in successful use.

The "1900" Ball-bearing Automatic Washing Machine is the simplest, easiest running, most efficient machine for washing clothes ever invented. It is a thoroughly practical labor-saving machine for washing all kinds and grades of materials, from the finest laces to the coarsest fabrics. It is constructed on scientific principles. It revolves on ball-bearings, which render the rotary movement as easy as the wheels of a high-grade bicycle. The "1900" Washer will wash any garment without boiling, without scrubbing and without wear or tear. There is absolutely no need of using any chemicals. Soap and hot water are the only necessary things to do perfect work.

The Washing is Done While the Operator Sits by the Side of the Tub, Revolving it by the Handle half way around, to right and left.

There is no further need for stooping, rubbing by hand or boiling of clothes. The "1900" Washer will wash large quantities of clothes (no matter how much they are soiled) in from 6 to 10 minutes.

It is not a cumbrous affair, for, unlike so many so-called washing machines, it has no complicated machinery, no wheels, paddles, rockers, cranks, etc.; in fact, it is so simple that a child can operate it.

The principle upon which this machine operates is directly opposite to that of any other.

The "1900" Washer will wash collars and cuffs, laces, cambrics, and the most delicate materials perfectly clean and positively without tearing them or wearing out a single thread. It will wash blankets, bed spreads and the heaviest clothes just as easily and thoroughly.

CONVINCING TESTIMONY.

$1,000.00 will be forfeited to any one proving these letters not genuine.

BRIGGS AVE., Morris Park, N. Y., Feb. 19, 1902.

Inclosed please find bill for washer, with cash to settle same. I can hardly express my satisfaction with the machine, and thoroughly agree with you that the first time you use it you like it, but the more you use it the better you like it. I did not believe it possibly could do what you claimed, but thought it must have some good points or you could not venture to send on free trial. The free trial is a splendid idea, as I never should have been induced by any amount of advertisements to invest any money to find out if it was a good machine. I stood amazed as I lifted articles from the washer on my first trial; articles that as I put them in were so soiled that I exclaimed: "Oh, yes, they'll come out clean and white—?" But they certainly did! I have three little ones and plenty of washing, and pretty much soiled generally, but my only regret is that I did not have the washer years ago, and thus have saved myself very much. Thanking you for being the means of robbing washday of its terrors, I am, Yours very truly, Mrs. E. H. VOSE.

SPARKILL, Rockland County, N. Y., Oct. 29, 1901.

"1900" Washer Company:

I have given your washer a fair trial and found it all right as recommended. It is one of the best washers I ever saw. It washed three pairs of my dirty and greasy overalls and overshirts in ten minutes, and washed them clean. My housekeeper says it would have taken her two hours to have washed them the old way. It will wash ten shirts, with collars and cuffs, in seven minutes. It will wash three washes without changing the water, only adding soap suds and about two quarts of hot water after the first wash.

Enclosed you will find check in full payment of the washer. Please acknowledge receipt of the same and oblige,

Respectfully yours, EDWARD KENT.

P. S.—I have been a delegate and attended twenty-six conventions held in different parts of the country, and my name is known on nearly every railroad in the United States and Canada. I am an engineer of the New York Division of the Erie Road, and have run an engine for forty years.

REMEMBER, you take absolutely no risk, incur no expense or obligation whatever. The washer is sent by us on 30 days' trial, express prepaid in New York or vicinity, and freight prepaid both ways to any other point in the U. S., and positively without any advance or deposit of any kind.

For catalogue and full particulars of this liberal and absolutely genuine offer, address

"1900" WASHER CO., 101 N. CHENANGO ST., BINGHAMTON, N. Y.

We refer by permission to the FIRST NATIONAL BANK, Binghamton, N. Y.

BEST & Co

LILIPUTIAN BAZAAR

Boys' and Youths' Attire.

There are many reasons why you should purchase your Boys' Clothing here, where the requirements for garments that will stand strain and hard wear receive special attention. We not only apply every known test for quality, color and fabric, but exercise equal care to provide well-made, stylish, perfect-fitting garments, suited to youth and which are impossible to obtain under other conditions.

Our assortment of linens and other wash fabrics, as well as serges, suitings, coatings and reefer cloths is incomparably larger than any other house in existence, every garment possessing the characteristics that have made our Boys' Clothing famous throughout the world. They are not men's clothes made small. We manufacture largely and sell direct to the consumer at one moderate profit.

We also offer the largest lines of every known requisite for their complete outfitting from Hats to Shoes at prices lowest for quality, which is all to your advantage.

60-62 West 23d Street.

$25 Worth FREE!

Watch J. GUMPEL & SON'S Startling "Ad." in Friday Evening Papers!

NEW SAILS FOR RELIANCE

Defender May Have Entirely New Outfit for To-day's Spin.

Fog and Rough Sea Yesterday Prevented the Yacht's Trip to New London —Anchored at Newport.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 14.—The Reliance met with more delay in getting off to New London to-day on account of her tender, the Sunbeam, consuming so much time on her trip to Bristol, where she went to obtain sails and other racing equipment for the new yacht. The Sunbeam carried some sails to the Herreshoff shops to be refitted and to bring others back. She did not return until after 5 o'clock. The weather was foggy and the sea rough off Point Judith, and Mr. Iselin decided that it would be better to wait until to-morrow.

The Reliance is completely stripped of sails as she lies at anchor off Goat Island, but as a new mainsail was brought on board this afternoon from the Sunbeam there is a probability of her having a sailing trial to-morrow forenoon. The fore-staysail and jib were up in stops all day, but were lowered after the arrival of Mr. Iselin and taken aboard the tender. It is believed that if the craft has a sailing spin to-morrow she will be fitted with an entire new suit of sails. From the number of times her sails have been taken in hand by sailmakers at the Herreshoff shops it is considered that the craft will be well fitted out for the racing soon to take place at Glen Cove.

The delay in making a start for New London proved unfavorable for the Reliance, the constantly freshening breeze having reached a twenty-five-knot strength by the middle of the afternoon. This was too strong a breeze to risk sailing a new cup defender around Point Judith, and the sea had grown too rough to tow her out. Her head sails were lowered shortly after 2 o'clock and everything on board was made snug for a blow.

There were on board only one officer and six sailors as an anchorage watch, the rest of the crew having gone to Bristol on board the tender Sunbeam with Mr. Iselin for more canvas. The departure of so many of the crew was taken to indicate that some of the larger sails were to be handled, and the new mainsail will probably be used preparatory to the coming races.

COTTON RECORDS ECLIPSED.

New High Marks for May, July, and August — Danger of Trouble Said to be Over.

In the cotton market yesterday records for May, July, and August cotton which had been reached during the last fifteen years were eclipsed. May sold up to 11.44, or 127 points above the high mark of 10.17 in 1900. The July and August options were also way above the records, and spot cotton reached 11.60 cents. The highest prices for the day were made in the morning, and it was during the height of activity at that time that July reached for a moment the eleven-cent mark, 10,000 bales being sold in one block at that price.

Transactions were not quite as heavy as on Wednesday, some 750,000 bales being traded in, as against 1,000,000 on the day before. The dealings, however, were heavy enough to keep the pit in a fever of excitement all day long. Fluctuations of ten and more points continued as a feature.

All day long many rumors were in circulation. Bremen and Liverpool, it was said, were figuring on shipping cotton to this port, and dealers in this market were said to be contemplating the sending of cotton to New Orleans, where prices are sufficiently above the quotations here to permit the shipping of cotton at a profit from this market, although the transportation charges are said to be equal to 40 points in the price. There was a difference of opinion as to whether the contemplated movement to New Orleans was preparatory to another squeeze of shorts here or to an endeavor by the New Orleans shorts to cover their contracts by purchases in the market.

The closing of the market was feverish and excited, with prices below the highest for the day. May, which had been 11.44, closed at 11.40. July, which had sold at 11 cents, closed at 10.97. August made the greatest gain over Wednesday's prices, closing at 10.70, or 17 points up.

Talk of commission houses in trouble was put at rest by the positive statement by Daniel Sully, the former bull leader, that there was no truth in them and that no private settlements had been necessary. Mr. Sully will probably sail for Europe shortly.

"MANIPULATION" OF COTTON.

President of Southern Spinners Says False Prices Threaten Manufacturers with Ruin.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., May 14.—In his annual address to the Southern Cotton Spinners' Association, President George B. Hiss gave it as his opinion that cotton market "manipulators" exercised an unfavorable influence on the producer and manufacturer. Mr. Hiss said, in part:

"During the past two years manufacturers using American-grown cotton have failed to secure a proper margin of profit, and it has been during these last two years that cotton 'manipulators' have held their greatest sway. It is estimated that between 80,000,000 and 100,000,000 bales of cotton are bought and sold annually in this country, while we actually produce an average of but 10,000,000 bales annually.

"Is it not probable that these manipulators have an unfavorable bearing on profits of the manufacturers in this country using American-grown cotton?

"Except in a few special fabrics, the price the 'manipulators' have fixed for cotton to-day is out of all proportion to the price the manufacturer can realize for his product. Is there not a remedy for this situation? If the cotton manufacturer could arrange to buy his year's supply of raw stock by making his purchase during the period covered from Sept. 1 to Dec. 1 of each year, as is largely the case with our foreign competitor, there would be but slight opportunity for the 'manipulator' to juggle a profit out of the few hundred thousand bales not taken up by these purchases."

NEW ORLEANS COTTON FLURRY.

July Option Advances 21 Points on Sensational Reports from Liverpool.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—In a wild and irregular opening in the cotton market to-day the July option went to 12 cents, selling 21 points up from the closing yesterday. August advanced 20 points and September 11 points.

The advance was caused by sensational reports from Liverpool, where shorts bought 20,000 bales of spot at an advance of 10 points. Local shorts became equally frightened, and eagerly bought every contract thrown into the ring by the realizing long side. In spite of the heavy profit taking of the bulls, prices were kept well above the closing of yesterday throughout the morning, and with the stopping of liquidation showed a disposition to climb higher.

Guilty of Insurance Frauds.

MINEOLA, N. Y., May 14.—Frederick J. Beyer of St. Albans, who was indicted on charges of having wrongfully obtained money from two insurance companies, to-day entered pleas of guilty, and will be sentenced later. Beyer had several small fires in various places he lived in, and collected on the insurance. The frequency of the fires caused the underwriters to investigate. Five insurance companies claimed to have been losers by insuring his household property.

BELMONT WANTS CITY TO PAY.

Deputy Controller Objects to $1,206,000 Claim—Rapid Transit Board Wants Itemized Statement.

At yesterday's meeting of the Rapid Transit Board a letter was read from August Belmont, who demanded that the city pay him immediately for more than $1,000,000 spent by him for easements. He said there was no reason for the delay up to date, as the contract provided for the payments. The total amount of $1,206,000 included all purchases prior to June 1 of last year, wrote Mr. Belmont.

Deputy Controller Stevenson, representing Controller Grout, objected to the payments, saying that Mr. Belmont had refused to give an itemized account of the expenditures and that he had charged the city for certain purchases thousands of dollars more than the recorded deeds showed was spent therefor. Mr. Stevenson added that he had examined the deeds in the Register's office, and he found that Mr. Belmont, or the Rapid Transit Construction Company, had paid for ten easements $240,000, but later the company sent the city a bill for $345,000 for the same easements.

In order to let Mr. Grout himself give his views on the matter, the board decided to postpone action for a week. In the meanwhile Mr. Belmont was to be asked for an itemized statement.

Edward M. Shepard, counsel for the board, rendered an opinion that the board had no right to prevent the subway contractors from building entrances from private buildings into the subway stations, and that the convenience of passengers ought to be the foremost consideration. The discussion arose out of John Wanamaker's recent request for an entrance from the Eighth Street underground station into his proposed store, between Eighth and Ninth Streets. Action was deferred for a week, that Mr. Grout might have an opportunity to discuss Mr. Shepard's opinion.

Albert B. Boardman of counsel for the board reported that the Railroad Committee of the Board of Aldermen had decided to report favorably on the plan to legalize the easterly tunnel in the Park Avenue section—the one over which Charles T. Barney and other property holders have been making their fight in the courts. Alderman Parsons, who represents the Murray Hill district, has notified Mr. Shepard that he will oppose the legalizing of the line unless the contractor agrees to reimburse damages sustained by property owners.

DOOLEY'S NAME A HANDICAP.

Revival of the "Dooley-ooley" Song Threatens the Peace of Washington Heights.

"What's in a name?" asked one man of his neighbor on Washington Heights yesterday morning.

"Enough to mean the political end of a good fellow," was the answer. Then they compared notes, with the result that long before they had reached their places of business they had agreed to use such influence as they had to retain ex-Police Inspector Thomas F. McAvoy as the Tammany leader of the Twenty-third Assembly District. At the same time they agreed to write notes of sympathy to J. J. Dooley, who would oust McAvoy from his leadership. Said Smith to Jones:

"I always did like Dooley, and, though I am no politician, I would scratch a ticket to favor him, but it's all over now. I'd stuff a ballot box to defeat him, and it's all because of his name. When the J. H. O'Connell Association a few weeks ago passed resolutions favoring Dooley for the leadership as against McAvoy, I was heartily in favor of the movement."

"Same here," said Smith.

"In a day or two the cook preparing my breakfast made me so nervous with her rendition of the 'Dooley-ooley-ooley' song while I was attempting to shave myself that I had to give it up. My wife is doing the cooking now. I fired the cook."

"Same here."

"Then the kids took it up, and I had to take them to the cellar so that the neighbors could not hear all the music they made while I was exercising with a stick and they were changing their tune."

"Same here, or, rather, next door."

"Must have been busy at the same time. Didn't hear your young ones. Last night the wife was busy at the sewing machine and I was reading the paper. I like the music of the machine. Makes me ready for sleep, but the first thing I knew wife was 'Dooley-ooleying.' That was a little too much. I am afraid I was ugly. Went up to bed without even saying 'good night.'"

"Mine had the same trouble while she was darning the kids' stockings. Just as ugly, myself."

"Seems there was a meeting last night of the O'Connell Association, where they refused to rescind the resolution favoring Dooley. Some time after midnight I was disturbed. I dreamed that even the owls had changed their cry and had the 'Dooley-ooley' madness. Then I was wide awake. It was the O'Connell crowd going home, and they were all singing the praises of Mr. Dooley, out of tune and out of time. Didn't sleep a wink the rest of the night."

"Same here."

"They say that a band has been engaged to play 'Dooley-ooley' exclusively in front of the McAvoy headquarters, and that all the barrel organs are to come here to grind out the tune before our doors. I've loaded my shotgun."

"Same here."

TORPEDO CONCERN'S TROUBLE.

President Darling to be Examined by Attorney for the Receiver.

Theodore S. Darling, President of the Pneumatic Torpedo Company, which on April 18 was placed in the hands of Arthur C. Butts as temporary receiver, will have to appear in Part II. of the Supreme Court on May 19 and submit to an examination under an order secured yesterday from Justice Bischoff of the Supreme Court, which was granted to F. H. Van Vechten, attorney for the receiver, before trial in order to enable Mr. Van Vechten to frame a complaint in his action to recover books, moneys, patents, and other property of the corporation which have been in the possession and control of Mr. Darling, so the receiver alleges, since the corporation went into the hands of a receiver. The order also includes Henry H. Dougherty, the Vice President and Treasurer of the corporation, although Mr. Dougherty is not said to have any of the books or other property in his possession, but is believed to have considerable knowledge bearing on the subject.

The corporation, which has had several large contracts with the Government for building dynamite guns for Fisher's Island and other fortified points, was placed in the hands of a temporary receiver on the application of Mrs. Elizabeth F. Pegg, a judgment creditor, who discounted several notes made by the corporation and on which payment was defaulted. The receiver was appointed April 18 of the present year. Mrs. Pegg seeks to have a judgment entered, sequestering the property of the corporation. In the papers placed before Justice Bischoff yesterday it was said, on information and belief only, that Mr. Darling has received some $60,000 from the Government, in payment of contracts, and that this money now is in his possession. There are other payments, too, that are brought into question, amounting in all to $151,000, but none of the additional payments is said to have been paid to Mr. Darling. The latter has his office at 42 Pine Street.

Receiver for Directory Company.

Justice Truax of the Supreme Court has appointed Albert Sanders temporary receiver for the United States Directory Company of 29 Murray Street in a suit brought by J. Power Fallon, the President, against the company, and Henry L. Giles, Treasurer, on account of a disagreement between them. The receiver is authorized to carry on the business, complete the directory in process of compilation, collect the debts, &c., his bond being fixed at $5,000. The company was incorporated in November, 1902, with a capital stock of $60,000. Its affairs have been aired in the courts recently.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

New York City.

BANGS & CO.—A meeting of creditors of Fletcher H. Bangs, who did business as Bangs & Co., book auctioneers, at 93 Fifth Avenue, was held yesterday at the Everett House, Fourth Avenue and Seventeenth Street. Mr. Bangs made an assignment on the 5th instant. The creditors were informed that the liabilities are $30,000, and assets about $5,000, and after some discussion the assignee was instructed to liquidate Mr. Bangs's affairs. No offer of settlement was made.

GEORGE H. BURNHAM & CO.—Schedules in the assignment of George H. Burnham & Co., incorporated printers at 49 Rose Street, show liabilities of $60,865; nominal assets, $29,238, and actual assets, $9,001. The assets consist of plant, nominal, $13,982; actual, $6,099; book accounts, nominal, $15,256, and actual, $2,902. Among the creditors are Van Allens & Boughton, $18,221; estate of Abbie S. Burnham, $9,000; Evelyn A. Burnham, $7,369; George N. Miller, $6,025; Theodora Campbell, $5,425, and Henry J. Seymour, $5,146.

HENRY KROEHL.—Schedules in the assignment of George F. and Percival Kroehl, doing business as Henry Kroehl, importers of bristles at 220 Pearl Street, show liabilities of $179,679, nominal assets, $268,730, and actual assets, $232,348. The contingent liabilities are $71,000. The principal items in the assets are stock, nominal, $108,913; actual, $104,670; accounts, nominal, $88,212; actual $91,763; notes, nominal, $17,398; actual, $16,675; real estate, nominal, $26,750; actual, $12,850; 50 shares of stock of the First National Bank of Asbury Park, of which he was President, nominal, $5,000; actual value, none.

PETITIONS IN BANKRUPTCY.

GEORGE W. LINCOLN.—Schedules in bankruptcy of George W. Lincoln, dealer in surgical instruments at 148 East Twenty-third Street, show liabilities of $3,140 and assets of $2,177, consisting of stock, $900; accounts, $1,165; cash, $59; draft, $38; motor lathe, &c., $20.

LOUISE C. FOLEY.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed J. Edwards Wyckoff receiver of the assets of Louise C. Foley, dressmaker, at 286 Fifth Avenue, who filed a petition in bankruptcy on Wednesday, on the application of Arnold, Constable & Co., creditors for $355.

CHRISTOBAL SALOM.—Schedules in bankruptcy of Christobal Salom, shoe manufacturer at New City, N. Y., show liabilities of $6,873 and assets of $1,056, consisting of stock, $101; machinery, $256; accounts, $686, and cash in bank, $13. The largest creditors are P. Lenox & Co. of Lynn, Mass., $1,927; John H. Folk & Co., $1,750, and Joseph Musliner & Co., $1,017, both of this city.

ELIZABETH L. KOUES.—Elizabeth L. Koues, who has been conducting a boarding and day school for girls at 282 West Eighty-fifth Street and 310 West Eighty-eighth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $9,041 and assets $2,604, consisting of furniture, &c., $2,385; accounts and claims, $171, and cash, $48. She owes $1,466 for wages of employes and salaries of teachers.

LAFAYETTE BINDERY.—Judge Holt of the United States District Court has appointed Samuel M. Hitchcock receiver of the assets of the Lafayette Bindery of 30 Lafayette Place, against which a creditors' petition in bankruptcy was filed on Wednesday, on the application of Max Hart, a creditor for $378, and a stockholder to the extent of $17,900 of the capital stock. The receiver is authorized to complete the unfinished contracts if it is advantageous to do so, but his power is limited to ten days unless a majority in amount of the creditors consent.

SCHMIDT & BLEIDNER.—A petition in bankruptcy has been filed against Henry Schmidt and Gus Bleidner, composing the firm of Schmidt & Bleidner, grocers, at 2,039 Seventh Avenue, by John K. Lasher & Brother, and five other creditors, whose claims aggregate $508. It was alleged that they are insolvent and on April 30 transferred all their stock and fixtures to C. Bleidner by a bill of sale. They began business on Aug. 28, 1902. On April 1 they claimed to have stock and fixtures to the amount of $3,000 and to owe $1,500 for merchandise.

NATHAN BURNSTINE.—Nathan Burnstine, a real estate agent, of 28 West Ninety-seventh Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $107,269 and no assets. Of the liabilities, $81,738 were contracted in 1879 at Detroit, Mich., secured by mortgages estimated at $65,000, which mortgages were foreclosed, and he does not know what was realized. The following were the secured creditors: Delia Burnstine of Detroit, $18,399; Marcus Burnstine, Detroit, $25,000; Bernard Burnstine, Washington, D. C., $20,000; Charles Fox, Son & Co., (all dead,) $12,000, and Charles S. Cohen of Newark, N. J., $5,339. The unsecured liabilities, $25,522, were contracted in New York City chiefly from 1883 to 1885, to wholesale dry goods merchants.

Judgments.

The following judgments were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

ARMSTRONG, David W.—J. R. McMurran	1,126
A. D. KERR COMPANY—Park & Tilford	487
ADAMS, Albert L., Jr.—F. W. I. Hatcliffe	$179
APPLETON, Walter S.—E. C. Ross	777
BOSTWICK, Lesbia M.—J. S. Smoot	70
BOOTH, Barnabas H., Jr.—Kingan Provision Company	3,470
BADKIN, John—W. M. Ritter and another, costs	65
CASAZZA, Mary—H. S. Belting Company	245
CUMMING, James M.—E. B. Hopkins	34
CARSON, Elias G.—H. Wolfe	99
CRAY, John, Jr., and Stephen H.—J. Beck and another	210
CARUCCI, Rosario, and Herman or Henry Reynolds—People of the State of New York	1,000
COOKE, Richard K.—T. B. Starr	49
DOSEDLA, Carl—H. Plagemheimer	47
DONAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY—S. E. Muller	861
EDSON, David O.—I. M. Seckel	122
FRIEDLANDER, Edward J.—A. M. Leopold and another	444
FUSSER, Joseph—F. H. Ernst	123
FRANK V. STRAUS & CO.—Welsbach Gas Lamp Company	35
FORD, Frank—F. G. Patterson	175
GARLOW, John—C. Funck	27
GREENSPAUN, Abraham—B. Weisenthal	126
GALT, Kate—J. Proctor	84
GOTTLIEB, Eugene I.—G. A. Scharff	17
GEBHARDT, Adolph—J. N. Partridge, Commissioner	82
GWYNN, St. Charles B.—H. Heather	142
GRAHAM, Theresa C.—H. C. Rydell	238
HOMAN, Lillie S.—Siegel-Cooper Company	61
HEUSER, Freda—G. W. Martin and another	42
HESSLEIN, Nathan—G. P. Butler, costs	23
HILL, Frederick A.—H. W. Merrill and another	350
HASTINGS, James—T. G. Patterson	19
JACOBS, Ora C. B.—R. Fabrizio	124
JOHN D. PARK & SONS COMPANY—National Wholesale Druggists' Association and another, costs	149
JOHN H. PARKER CO., William C. G. Wilson, and John H. Edelmeyer—A. Oliver and another	4,130
KUTNER, Abraham, and Louis Silverman—R. Lewis	517
KUTNER, Abraham, and Louis Silverman—R. Lewis	517
KARP, Jacob—L. Gluckman	676
KEENEY, John M.—G. H. Squire	280
KENNERLY, Michell—Cooper Engraving Company	110
KATZ, Isaac, and Jacob/L. Messier—H. Lewishon and another	85
KORN, Maria P.—M. Cohn	125
LANG, Meier—F. De Fan and another	41
LYONS, Frederick A.—City of New York, costs	107
LEIER, George—M. A. Blake, administratrix	90
MORIYA, Kengo—J. Sakabe	535
MINISTER, William H.—L. Jones and another	354
McSORLEY, James—F. L. McCooey	427
McCORMICK, Henry J., and National Sign Material Company—Isaac Goldman Company	226
MEGRUE, Condus G.—A. A. Whitney	282
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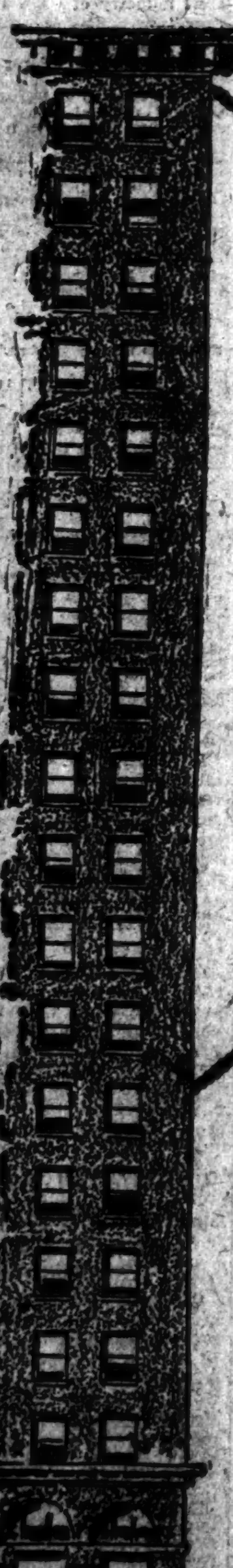

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The New York Times.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

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THE DIGNITY OF THE JUDICIARY.

We should say that all the more intelligent and faithful members of the judiciary and the bar as well would be satisfied with the declaration of principles made by the Bar Association at their last meeting. It was as follows:

Resolved, That in the opinion of this association it is incompatible with the degree of dignity and independence of the judiciary which this association is striving to promote, that judicial offices should be held concurrently with important positions, whether actual or honorary, in private corporations, whose affairs are likely to be the frequent subject of judicial decision by such judicial officers or their colleagues.

It may be said that this declaration is academic. It uses no names and it refers specifically to no case. It seems to us on that account to have all the more force. The application of it is left to the conscience and to the sense of propriety of those whom it may concern. There can be no question as to the class of cases to which it relates, and we think that there ought to be no question as to the conduct it invites in such cases as come within its scope.

We confess that it does not impress us as a fortunate indication that a declaration of a principle of this extreme importance and obviousness should have to come from the organized bar of this city. It would have been much pleasanter if it had been proclaimed by the steadfast and consistent conduct of the judiciary themselves. Their dignity and independence should be more precious to them than to the lawyers who practice before them, and they should appreciate even more highly the imperative necessity of popular confidence in these essential qualities, or, to put it more strongly, these qualifications. And they should understand, we should say, most plainly, that holding "important positions, whether actual or honorary, in private corporations whose affairs are likely to be the frequent subject of judicial decision by" them or "their colleagues," does not and can not strengthen public confidence.

Since there has arisen occasion for the bar to do what the judiciary should have given no cause for doing, we are gratified that the bar has not hesitated to do its duty. And we are especially glad that the plea was not entertained that the high reputation of our Judges made the action unnecessary, and that their undoubted purity should shield them from criticism. It was unfortunately one of those matters in which a precedent set and shielded under the plea of high personal character was sure to do more mischief than it could do if established by men open to suspicion. The bar has done its plain duty, and we trust that it will have no occasion to follow the subject further.

MAGISTRATES AND POLICE.

It is plain that Gen. GREENE's remarks about the Magistrates at the annual dinner of the Civil Service Reform Association have had their effect in calling to them the attention of the persons concerned or arraigned. There is a great fluttering in the Magisterial dovecotes.

The ultimate fact seems to be that it is necessary for the administration of justice that a Magistrate should have a wide discretion. Cases come up every day in which the strict application of legal rules would work far more mischief than it cures. The discretion lodged in a Magistrate assumes, at the outset, that the Magistrate is a discreet person. If he happen to be so, all goes fairly well. If he happen not to be so, all goes intolerably ill. It also seems to be the case, as we might expect from the constitution of our imperfect human nature, that some of our actual Magistrates are fit persons to be intrusted with the exercise of a wide discretion and that others are not. Those who are not are those who might be expected to resent with most fierceness the criticisms of the Police Commissioner.

Evidently what Gen. GREENE had largely if not mainly in mind was the unfortunate effect upon the zeal, and consequently upon the efficiency, of the police force of the summary dismissal of apparently well founded and well fortified cases. Without doubt that is very discouraging to a zealous Commissioner who is quite aware that he has undertaken a Herculean task, a Herculean task of the Augean kind. It is Gen. GREENE's task to infuse a sentiment of loyalty and discipline and esprit de corps into a body which has suffered greatly from demoralization. It has been demoralized from the top downward, and it must be moralized in the same direction. It is very gratifying to hear Gen. GREENE's warm acknowledgment of the good quality of the rank and file. The last official in his place, or something like it, who undertook the same public service that Gen. GREENE is trying to render, eagerly made the same acknowledgment. President ROOSEVELT, not yet of the United States, but only of the Police Board, never wearied in praise of what he called "the common cop." It is most satisfactory to find his successor holding the same view. In fact, the disgraces of the police force, the organized blackmail and the organized perjury, have in every case come from "higher up." Gen. GREENE has been giving very emphatic notifications to men who fill, or filled, the places higher up. The "common cop" has been all along as good as he was allowed to be. Under Gen. GREENE's immediate predecessor there was a very remarkable demonstration on the part of the patrolmen, who in one district refused point blank officially to certify lies which their Captain desired to have certified. Now, Gen. GREENE has made very plain his determination to hold inefficient Captains responsible for their inefficiency. He evidently has the notion that the police force of New York can be made like an army in efficiency and discipline, but that to do that you must bring to bear on the force military motives. That is to say, you must have, as CARLYLE expresses it, your "honor of a soldier, different from your threepence a day."

That is the spirit with which Gen. GREENE is trying to interfuse the police force of New York. He is doing wonders in that direction, and more than vindicating the Mayor's choice of a man of military training to take the command of a force which has so many more analogies and affinities with an army than with any other public service. When the Magistrates consider what the Police Commissioner is trying to do, and how much their obstructive decisions are hampering him, they ought really to consider the situation, instead of breaking out in promiscuous anathemas against him for presuming to criticise them. It is not the most efficient and discreet Magistrates whom we should expect to find first and loudest in the criticising business.

GERMANY AND THE PACIFIC.

One can never tell when one is going to offend German susceptibilities. When we Americans read the President's remarks at Watsonville, it surely did not occur to us that they could offend anybody. It is simply a fact that we have a great stake in the future of the Pacific and of all its shores. This stake comes from the fact that we possess a longer stretch than any other Power of the eastern coast line of that great ocean. We need not include Alaska at all in order to make it plain that we are the Power which owns the longest stretch of coast that can fairly be called available. And our stretch of coast is inhabited by a much more enterprising race than any other, with the exception of Canada, of which the Pacific Coast is not yet populated, in comparison with ours.

Why should we not have an interest in the Pacific? Why should the President not remind us that we have such an interest, and that we need to safeguard it, without giving offense to Germany, from which any point on either coast of the Pacific is, by the most advanced methods of transportation, weeks away? When the President said that we needed a strong navy in order to protect our interest in the Pacific he uttered a truism. He might almost be accused of having uttered a platitude. Why should the German press attribute particular if not sinister significance to these perfectly innocent remarks?

But it is at least quite plain that the temper and mental attitude which disposes the German press to find such significance in such remarks is in itself a fact that must be reckoned with in casting the international horoscope.

IRON AND STEEL.

The attempt on Tuesday last to create a break in steel stocks for speculative purposes by the circulation of the rumor of a cut of $2 a ton in the price of billets at Pittsburg has directed public attention to the general situation of iron and steel and started an inquiry as to whether the conditions in that market are disquieting. Iron and steel have long been regarded as the most sensitive barometers of the general business situation. Accepting this view, it may be said with truth that, while certain wholesome adjustments are in progress, there is nothing in the situation or in the outlook to cause apprehension that we are nearing the end of the period of unprecedented business prosperity which began in 1899 and has continued to acquire impetus ever since. That it should have been considered necessary in order to depress steel stocks to have recourse to the expedient of false market reports is significant of strength rather than of weakness. The attempt has certainly resulted in revealing a more satisfactory situation than was expected—which suggests the thought that perhaps this is what was intended. A drop without a reaction does not profit "the Street."

It is generally understood that pig iron is weakening. This was inferred from the fact that ten days or two weeks ago there was a decline of from $1 to $2 a ton on orders for delivery during the third quarter of the present year. This was preceded by rumors of an oversupply, which are not quite consistent with the known facts of the statistical position of pig iron. The April output of the blast furnaces of the United States is shown by The Iron Age's statistical tables to have reached the unprecedented total of 1,650,000 tons, or at the rate of 19,750,000 tons per annum. The most surprising and significant fact, however, is found in the fact that the stocks of anthracite and coke irons, sold and unsold, exclusive of the product of the furnaces owned by the steel plants and making for their own use, declined 9,420 tons between April 1 and May 1, on which date the total available supply of anthracite and coke irons in first hands was only 147,312 tons, or not more than two or three days' output. This shows that the statistical position of pig iron is exceedingly strong, and that the volume of business calling for it as a raw material is not shrinking. The object of the readjustment of prices is to meet the views of buyers who think that pig iron has of late been disproportionate to the prices of finished material, and also to discourage further importations of foreign pig iron.

The conditions are so much more favorable this year than last that pig iron costs less to make. Coal and coke are lower, and the railroads are able to handle freights expeditiously. Another factor in the equation is the increased furnace capacity resulting from the efforts of the great steel companies to make themselves independent of market fluctuations in the matter of their supplies of pig iron suitable for conversion. This is expected to render it necessary for the Bessemer furnaces of the Middle West to change their output to foundry iron. The effect of the placing of the large foundry orders which have been held back in anticipation of lower prices is likely to be expressed in some stiffening of prices. While, therefore, the immediate course of pig iron prices is a little uncertain, there would appear to be nothing on which to base a prediction of anything resembling a break in this market.

In the centres of the steel trade material is still scarce and prices are firm. There is a heavy and apparently unabating demand for structural material of all kinds, and there is no idle rolling mill capacity. It is difficult to obtain prompt deliveries, and improvident contractors are greatly retarded by the fact that there is no stock upon which to draw. The steel rail mills are sold to the end of the present year, and about all the orders they can take now are the result of readjustments in dates of delivery to accommodate buyers who are not yet ready to receive all the rails they have ordered. The plate mills have all the business they can handle, and it is difficult to place orders for delivery before next Fall. And so it is all along the line. Whether a relaxation of the tension and an easing of prices would be a good thing or not still presents itself as an academic question in view of conditions which do not appear to permit such a movement. For "the little rift within the lute" we must for the present look elsewhere than in the iron and steel markets. Great as is the production, consumption keeps pace with it; and so long as this is true we shall see no danger signals flying in the direction of Pittsburg or any other great centre of these industries.

DR. LORENZ AND HIS CRITICS.

The average layman who reads the press report of the discussion of the Lorenz operation at the Washington meeting of the American Surgical and Orthopedic Association will be likely to derive the impression that criticism is much cheaper and easier than the doing of great and revolutionary things in the way of correcting congenital deformities. The proper position for the conscientious physician and surgeon is one of conservatism, and he is safest when he plants his feet firmly on the solid ground of experience and refuses to be blown about from extreme to extreme by every wind of doctrine which has its origin in the imagination of speculative and experimental practitioners, whose contributions to medical literature are as voluminous as they are valueless. But there is such a thing as persistent inappreciation, and one who falls into this habit has outlived his usefulness in an age and a profession characterized by a progress of leaps and bounds.

It is claimed that the Lorenz operation is not invariably successful in completely correcting congenital deformities of the hips and feet. Probably not. If we recall correctly, all that Dr. LORENZ ever claimed for the method with which his name is so honorably identified is that 25 per cent. of the double and 50 per cent. of the single dislocations could be reduced through his operation. His work in this country shows that this was a very modest estimate. Eighty-five and 95 per cent. would have been closer to the facts. It is reported that one girl died of shock after the operation. Possibly; but deaths from shock after surgical operations performed with the knife are not impossible. We are also told that a boy thus operated on subsequently died of meningitis. This might very well have happened after any other kind of operation. We repeat that this kind of criticism is extremely cheap, and that to belittle the modest, generous, skillful surgeon who has taught the profession of this country the most useful lessons in orthopedic surgery it has ever had is not profitable nor pleasant. The popular opinion that in the treatment of congenital hip disease in young children it is the best method yet demonstrated will remain unchanged.

"GETTING RID OF TAMMANY."

Our readers will recall that early in the history of the present administration there was a good deal of talk by the heads of departments as to the trouble they had in getting rid of the Tammany men under them owing to what they called the "protection" of the civil service law. This talk was indulged in even by the Mayor himself, who wrote a sober letter pleading with the State Civil Service Commission for extended exemptions from the competitive system on the ground that places under that system could not properly be regulated according to the needs of the service and the views of a reform administration.

We took occasion at the time to point out that these complaints were absolutely without foundation, and that the defect which prevented the removal of incompetent officials and employés was not at all in the law or the rules, but in the backbones of the men appointed to execute the law, including the spinal column of our excellent Chief Magistrate. On Wednesday evening, at the dinner of the New York Civil Service Reform Association, statements were made by Dr. LEDERLE, the Commissioner of Health, and by Mr. NELSON SPENCER, one of the city Civil Service Commissioners, that fully sustained the criticism we made more than a year ago. Mr. SPENCER stated that, under the decision of the courts, the head of a department had clear and ample authority to dismiss his subordinates for any cause relating to the good of the service if the head of department submitted to the accused employé a statement of the charges against him and gave him an opportunity to reply to them. The appointing officer is not at all compelled to prove his charges before the courts. The courts hold him to be in possession of the necessary facts and to be responsible for the conduct of his office. All he has to do is to record his reasons. Dr. LEDERLE gave some fifty cases of removal in his department in which the law had been strictly complied with and in which he had no trouble whatever in securing satisfactory results.

It is good to know that the heads of the city departments have come to this view of the law. Dr. LEDERLE did not need to come to it; he adopted it from the first, having apparently made himself familiar with the law, and preferring to act under it instead of not acting and blaming the law for preventing action. It is fair to assume that his Honor the Mayor has also seen light on the subject.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

—Recurring to the transfer of "AL" ADAMS from Sing Sing to Clinton Prison, it may be worth while to explain, for the benefit of all who, like one of our correspondents, are inclined to view with suspicion the action taken in the case of this wealthy criminal, that Clinton is a prison much like the other two, and in no sense a hospital, though it has, of course, hospital facilities fairly adequate for its population, just as they do. It is the custom for the Wardens of Sing Sing and Auburn to send some of their consumptives to Dannemora for the simple and excellent reason that, being secluded in the Adirondacks, the elevation and pure air give them a chance for their lives, when the disease is not far advanced, and imprisonment for a term of years is not, as often happens in the other places, turned into what amounts to condemnation to death. There is, however, nothing luxurious about the life at Clinton, and as a matter of fact it is the one prison of the three to which convicts, especially those from the cities, hate to be sent, not because they fear ill-treatment there, but because its position is most inconvenient for visitors and the rural loneliness and silence prey upon their spirits. Money will do nothing at Clinton, in or out of the little hospital, that it will not do in Sing Sing or Auburn, and it is quite certain that both ADAMS and MILLER heard with regret and sinking hearts the decision to bury them in the wilderness, out of all touch with their world. It is well that this should be thoroughly understood, as nothing is more dangerous than the existence of a feeling that there is one sort of justice for the poor and another for the rich.

—Why is it that men of the Devery stamp are so ready to talk about a part of the American population as "the common people," and why is it that they never seem to offend their auditors by doing it? Most of us have to be very careful how we use that phrase, and to give it a wrong inflection is often enough to cause serious trouble. But Mr. DEVERY has no such hesitation. He coolly divides people into common and—by implication—uncommon, asserts his right and intention to represent the first class, and with always justified confidence waits for the applause of those whose mediocrity, if not inferiority, he flings in their faces. He apparently assumes that "common" means "poor," and he more than hints that it means "ignorant," yet nothing is thrown at him, and he walks around without a guard. We are almost sure, however, that nobody likes to be called common, in his or her individual capacity, and that nobody, in his or her heart, is prepared to admit the lack of distinctive qualities. Mr. DEVERY and his popularity are very mysterious.

—It is distinctly amusing to see that the Patent Office people have felt compelled to make public denial of the report that they recently, not only issued a patent for a "perpetual motion" machine, but had also made explicit and enthusiastic admission that the "great problem" was at last solved. A dispatch to that effect, originating in the South, has, indeed, appeared in a good many newspapers, and by some of them it was printed with an amazing semblance of serious belief, but it is hardly to be supposed that anybody was really deceived by the yarn. Those who could give it credence do not read the newspapers, and others must know that the idea of this machine—a ball rolling in a groove on an oscillating disk—has been a favorite with ignorant mechanics from time immemorial. Thousands of them, it can be said without the slightest exaggeration, have worked for years at that contrivance, only to find, but not always to believe, that the ball wouldn't roll and the disk wouldn't oscillate without help from the outside. The Commissioner of Patents says—and this is not quite so amusing as his denial—that his office "certainly will not allow a patent on any so-called perpetual motion device which is made for the purpose of duping and swindling the credulous and uneducated." Does his office examine into the motives of inventors, and issue or refuse patents as the motives are good or bad? In the case of perpetual motion machines, it must be a difficult task to discriminate, and we incline to the view that the Commissioner didn't say exactly what he intended to say. He should try again—like the ball-and-disk men.

CONSTRUCTIVE WORK IN DEMOCRACY.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I ask the courtesy of your columns for a few words in reply to your editorial of to-day. Also to clear up the confusion that I find exists in many minds as to what has been proposed.

On Sunday evening, May 3, I gave to my people suggestions for constructive work in Democracy. The propositions advanced were all based upon experience, in organizing educational and forum work in Cooper Union, in establishing a club now at 241 East Fourteenth Street, and in uniting many times with others in attempts to further or defeat legislation at Albany.

The suggestions were three, each independent of the others.

(1.) The creation of a central home for the people, forum, church, concert hall, theatre, &c.

(2.) The permanent union through delegates, or by a choice otherwise determined, of the various non-political organizations, such as the Central Federated Union, Merchants' Association, City Club, &c., that are now seeking in isolation to defend the people's rights; in other words, the creation of a non-political Civic Parliament, with the stimulation of similar organizations in other cities of the State, and thereafter the formation of an inter-municipal league.

(3.) The creation of a stock company, small at first, with shares at from $5 to $20 each, with guaranteed 3 to 4 per cent. interest, for the establishment of a system of self-supporting, self-governing people's clubs.

Public attention has been directed, as I would have wished, almost exclusively to the first of these three proposals, and the press has given it on the whole a very favorable reception. Slight misunderstandings have, however, arisen.

As to the term "People's Palace," it is purely a makeshift—we shall find a more adequate word. Then, as to what is meant by "the people's supporting this movement." By people, we mean all the people, rich and poor; naturally few of the wealthy are to be found in our audiences or club, since they enjoy similar privileges elsewhere. But when we come, as we soon shall, to make an appeal for funds, we shall ask every man, woman, and child in this city to contribute according to their means, believing that only thus will each take personal interest in the movement and the building be truly "of the people."

As to the spirit of our work. I see no reason to apprehend any change as the result of enlargement. Many men, many minds. What seems radicalism to one is conservatism to another. A free platform, from which only the uninformed, the insincere, and the preacher of revolution are debarred, is not only a safety-vent in the fermentation of ideas, but also a place where the better and the best may be chosen and the unworthy discarded.

Then as to getting together and removing class misunderstanding. In the past six years many of the foremost students of sociology and leaders in pulpit and public life have been brought, in our gatherings, close to the wage-earners, and in the keen interchange of question and answer that follows every address both sides have learned.

Our democracy will prosper in proportion as we succeed in holding together, preventing the erection of class barriers, moving forward unitedly to ever-larger ideas, not affrighted by a name, as Socialism for example, but willing to prove all things in order to attain the ideal society.

We, the People's Institute, have profound faith in democracy, and it is not a faith based on closet study, or on the reveries of an enthusiasm shut away from the world, but won in the open dealing with men.

Hence, when we ask that the democracy of this city be given a home adequate to its needs and worthy of our metropolis, when we plead for small club homes not based on charity but on an independent membership, when we urge that isolated bands of the army of democratic defense meet organization with organization and put an end to political brigandage, we are but summing up the results of practical experience and suggesting what seem to us the next steps in constructive democracy.

CHARLES SPRAGUE SMITH.

New York, May 13, 1903.

RIGHT TO BREATHE FRESH AIR.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It would seem that, when the Declaration of Independence was framed, to the words "life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness," should have been added "and the right to breathe fresh air." Do smokers ever realize the annoyance and positive injury that they cause to those who have that right? If tobacco users could always be penned off by themselves where they could do no harm to any one else, the condition of things would not be quite so bad, but almost every smoker seems to think that no one else has a right in that regard that he is bound to respect, and even seems to look upon the unperverted, healthy person who objects to the poison as a "crank."

B. M. Jordan, in your paper of to-day's date, says: "Nature provides in abundance that which she intended to be freely used." Nature provides the deadly nightshade, toadstools, and other noxious weeds, but we do not for that reason feel called upon to consume these poisons as a daily food. If tobacco is a perfectly healthful and desirable product of nature, to be used as B. M. Jordan says, would laws be passed prohibiting its sale to minors? Would so many instances occur where boys have become insane from cigarette smoking? B. M. Jordan seems to be exhibiting one of the defects caused by tobacco—loss of memory. Whatever the smoker's plea for using it—whether ignorance or selfishness—the fact remains the same, it is "nasty, stinking tobacco," and the user of it defiles himself and the air around him.

AN ADMIRER OF JUSTICE.

New York, May 8, 1903.

NUGGETS.

Worried.

Host—My wife is worrying about there being thirteen at the table to-night.
Guest—Superstitious, eh?
Host—No; she has only a dozen silver knives and forks.—Chicago News.

Others Do.

Mrs. Wise (reading)—I see by this that the Emperor of Japan has ten men to carry his umbrella.
Mr. Wise—That's nothing. I guess twenty men have carried mine.—Detroit Free Press.

Cranks?

Judge—Let us get this thing right. You say this man whom we are examining is not insane, and yet he is not in his right mind. How is that?
Witness—Lots of people, your Honor, who are not insane are wrong-minded about everything.—Chicago Tribune.

An Assured Success.

"I have succeeded in securing a splendid new play for next season," said the eminent actress.
"What is it?" inquired the critic.
"It's a modern drama in three acts and eight new Paris gowns."—Philadelphia Press.

The Accommodating Comparison.

Poet—I can make no mistake in saying her cheeks are like the rose.
Friend—But you have never met her?
Poet—That matters not. If she is blushing there are red roses, if she is pale there are white roses, and if she is sallow there are yellow roses.—Chicago News.

THROBS.

Grif Alexander in Pittsburg Dispatch.

There's a yard of sky above me, in a frame of tower and dome,
And the smoke makes purple patches on its gloomy monochrome.
There are soot-bedraggled pigeons upward sailing to the sky
Through the cañons, gloomy, narrow, hedged by buildings, black and high.
There are sparrows idly flitting—sparking, spooning, fighting blades—
One might give undue importance to their voluble tirades,
For Messrs. Fuss and Feathers are convinced of this one fact:
A most afflicted world 'twould be if it their presence lacked.
I may sit and dream of sailing on a sunny, smiling sea;
Of fishing in a quiet brook, a good book on my knee;
Of walking through the silent woods, or through the meadows sweet—
But the great old heart of Nature throbs in noises of the street!

A mistaken country poet had a thought and wrote it down,
'Twas that God had made the country, but that Man had made the town.
But the product of the city is the Man that God has made—
Hes created in His image, strong, erect, and unafraid.
And although I love the country, where the dicky birdie sings,
I'm confessing in my heart of hearts his songs are trifling things
As compared to lilting melodies—folks tramping up and down,
The street-car gongs, the whirr of wheels, the noises of the town!
I may dream of sweet-voiced nightingales—their notes are all "tip-top"—
But I want life's grander organ played with Vox Humana stop.
Though she smiles upon the country, and her smile is good and sweet—
Ah, the great old heart of Nature throbs in noises of the street!

RELIGIOUS CONFLICT IN ENGLAND RENEWED

"Passive Resistance" Movement Against the Education Act.

The Rev. R. J. Campbell of the City Temple Says He Will Refuse to Pay Rates for Sectarian Purposes.

LONDON, May 14.—There was a remarkable scene in the City Temple at the midday service to-day, when the pastor, the Rev. R. J. Campbell, the successor of the late Dr. Parker, announced his adhesion to the "Passive Resistance" movement against the education act.

Mr. Campbell, who may be regarded as the head of the Nonconformists in this country and as voicing their determination, said he would tender payment of the portion of the rates which was not to be devoted to sectarian purposes, but added that the collector would have to seize his hall clock and other chattels for the balance. The congregation, numbering about 3,000 persons, stood up and cheered lustily for several minutes.

The pastor added that he had heard that Colonial Secretary Chamberlain was likely to advocate the imprisonment of those who prticipated in the "Passive Resistance" movement, but he believed that if Mr. Chamberlain imprisoned him (Mr. Campbell) his days as a Colonial Secretary would be numbered, for Nonconformity represented half the religious life of the nation.

The English Nonconformists, after the introduction of the Education bill in the House of Commons, made many threats that they would refuse to pay the taxes to carry out the provisions of the bill, but since the passage of the act these threats became less frequent and up to a month or so ago it was supposed that the idea of fighting the measure in the way suggested had been abandoned.

It now seems that the Nonconformist leaders have decided to carry out their original plan, and another bitter religious conflict is consequently expected.

R. W. Perks, M. P., who was one of the most active opponents of the Education bill before its passage, speaking at Oxford on April 22 at a meeting convened by the Free Church Council of that city, said that, if they had been told two or three years ago that a Government would come into power and make it one of its cardinal measures to sweep out of existence the great school boards of England and to strengthen the priestly control over the elementary education of their children they would have said that it was beyond belief. There were certain cardinal features in the education act which they as Free Churchmen never could and never would admit. First of all, in every voluntary school in the country the majority of the foundation managers were not elected by the people, and that must be reversed. In the second place, they had 14,000 appointments of headmasters and headmistresses in the voluntary schools where the masters and mistresses were subjected to sectarian tests, and none of these appointments could be legally held by Nonconformists. This was bad, because it limited the area of choice, and because it was a serious temptation to a boy or girl to change religious opinions simply for the purpose of securing a public appointment.

In conclusion Mr. Perks said he did not believe it was their duty to pay a rate for the propagation of a faith or tenets which they believed to be obnoxious in the sight of God.

These remarks were received with loud cheers.

On April 27 J. T. Middlemore, a Liberal Unionist member of Parliament, in a speech at Birmingham, (Mr. Chamberlain's city,) said that while Mr. Chamberlain had been uniting the empire abroad, he did not think Mr. Balfour had been uniting England at home. He thought Mr. Balfour had divided England to some extent into two camps, the Dissenters and the Churchmen.

CONSERVATIVE WINS ELECTION.

LONDON, May 14.—The bye-election held to-day at Preston to fill the seat in the House of Commons made vacant by the death on April 28 of the Right Hon. Robert William Hanbury, President of the Board of Agriculture, resulted in J. Kerr, the Conservative candidate, defeating J. Hodge, labor candidate, by a majority of 2,149.

The last Parliamentary election at Preston resulted as follows:

	Votes.
R. W. Hanbury, (Conservative)..........	8,944
W. E. M. Tomlinson, (Conservative)..........	8,067
J. K. Hardie, (Labor)..........	4,834

BRITISH PROTECTIONIST LEAGUE.

LONDON, May 14.—The Right Hon. James Lowther, M. P., (Conservative,) presided to-night at a meeting in this city attended by a number of members of the House of Commons and others.

Resolutions were passed in favor of forming a Protectionist League, in order to organize that large body of public opinion desirous of the adoption of a protective tariff.

THE VIENNA CHESS TOURNEY.

VIENNA, May 14.—The ninth and final round of the first part of the international gambit tournament was played in this city this afternoon and evening, when the men were engaged against each other in the following order: Swiderski vs. Maroczy, Gunsberg vs. Marco, Marshall vs. Schlechter, Tschigorin vs. Teichmann, Pillsbury vs. Mieses.

When time was called Swiderski and Maroczy had drawn, Gunsberg had gone down before Marco, Marshall and Schlechter had divided honors, Tschigorin had disposed of Teichmann, and Pillsbury had defeated Mieses.

In the first part of the contest the whites won 18 games, the blacks 16, and 11 games were drawn, thus showing a majority of wins for the attack. Tschigorin leads Pillsbury by 1½ points. The score up to date follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Tschigorin..........	7½	1½	Maroczy..........	4½	4½
Pillsbury..........	6	3	Mieses..........	4½	4½
Marshall..........	5½	3½	Swiderski..........	4	5
Teichmann..........	5	4	Schlechter..........	3	6
Marco..........	4½	4½	Gunsberg..........	½	8½

The tenth round of the contest, which is identical with round one, is scheduled for to-morrow. In each case, however, the player having had the white pieces in the first round, takes the black pieces in the tenth, the order being as follows: Tchigorin vs. Schlechter, Marshall vs. Marco, Gunsberg vs. Maroczy, Swiderski vs. Pillsbury, and Mieses vs. Teichmann.

The appended table shows the results of all the games of the first part of the tournament, namely after each man has met every other man once:

	Gunsberg.	Marco.	Maroczy.	Marshall.	Mieses.	Pillsbury.	Schlechter.	Swiderski.	Teichmann.	Tschigorin.	Total Won.
Gunsberg..	..	0	½	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	½
Marco..	1	..	0	1	0	½	1	½	½	0	4½
Maroczy..	½	1	..	0	½	½	½	½	0	1	4½
Marshall..	1	0	1	..	1	1	½	1	0	0	5½
Mieses..	1	1	½	0	..	0	0	1	1	0	4½
Pillsbury..	1	½	½	0	1	..	1	1	½	½	6
Schlechter..	1	0	½	½	1	0	..	0	0	0	3
Swiderski..	1	½	½	0	0	0	1	..	1	0	4
Teichmann..	1	½	1	1	0	½	1	0	..	0	5
Tschigorin..	1	1	0	1	1	½	1	1	1	..	7½
Total lost.	8½	4½	4½	3½	4½	3	6	5	4	1½	45

1—Won game. 0—Lost game. ½—Drawn game.

GERMAN WARSHIPS AT BREST.

Visit of Prince Henry's Squadron the First of Its Kind for Years.

BREST, May 14.—The German squadron, commanded by Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, arrived off this port to-day at the same time that the French Northern Squadron entered. As this was the first visit of German warships to French waters in years, the appearance of Prince Henry's squadron caused much commotion and comment.

The German ships fired a salute of eleven guns, which was returned by the land batteries and the French flagship Massena. The German squadron presented a formidable appearance, being made up of seven battleships and six cruisers. The commander of the German flagship, the Ariadne, boarded the Massena and paid a formal visit to Admiral de Courthille, and the latter returned the visit on board the Ariadne. The ships saluted each visit gun for gun. Later the commander of the Ariadne visited the port officials, and the German mail was taken ashore.

Prince Henry's squadron came from Kiel and is on its way to Spain and Portugal.

EXILED BOXER LEADERS NOT THREATENING REVOLT.

Tung-Fu-Siang and Prince Tuan Living Quietly in Mongolia—Both Fear Assassination.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Peking correspondent of The Times says a letter has been received from the Bishop of Bermyn, Mongolia, whose diocese comprises the district in which Gen. Tung-Fu-Siang and Prince Tuan reside. The letter is dated San-Tao-Ho, north of Ning-Hia-Foo, April 13, and reports that the Bishop has just completed a two months' tour of Ordos, Kan-Soo, and Ala-Shan.

The Bishop visited the homes of Tung-Fu-Siang and his relatives and of Tuan, though he did not see the exiles. He found everything extremely quiet. He says Tung-Fu-Siang is without money or resources, living quietly in a small fort surrounded by a small body of retainers. Tung is fearful for his own safety. Tuan, who is protected by his brother-in-law, the Prince of Ala-Shan, lives in concealment four marches from San-Tao-Ho. He also is apprehensive of personal violence.

The correspondent says the letter finally disposes of the elaborate fictions representing Tung-Fu-Siang and Tuan as preparing to march to Peking with 50,000 men.

Quarrel Over Japanese Budgets.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times says the business of the Diet is being delayed owing to a difference regarding the interpretation of the financial law. The Opposition denies the legality of introducing supplementary budgets when the regular budget has failed to come into existence.

JAPANESE PRO-RUSSIAN PARTY.

London Times—New York Times Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Tokio correspondent of The Times says a question has been submitted to the Japanese lower house suggesting the necessity of peacefully inducing Russia to recognize the validity of Japan's Korea status conferred by the British-Japanese agreement and asking whether Japan's present procedure in regard to Manchurian questions is calculated to promote close relations with Russia.

This, says the correspondent, emanates from the Pro-Russian Party, which is small but active.

ANGRY WITH MR. CARNEGIE.

People of Sydney, C. B., Offended by Alleged Disparaging Remark on the Steel Industry of the Colony.

LONDON, May 14.—A dispatch received here to-day from Halifax, N. S., quotes Mayor Richardson of Sydney, Cape Breton, as saying that the Town Council would return Andrew Carnegie's gift of $15,000 for a library in Sydney because of an interview in London with Mr. Carnegie in which he is alleged to have said that the iron and steel industry of Cape Breton was a "mirage."

Mr. Carnegie said to-day that he was very sorry if anything he said had hurt the feelings of his Canadian friends. He had no desire to underrate Canada's efforts, did not remember using the word "mirage," and said that it was wholly inapplicable. Mr. Carnegie added that he knew they were making steel, or intended to make finished steel, in Nova Scotia. He had no doubt they would succeed. On the other hand it was ridiculous to compare anything 5,000,000 people could do with what could be achieved by the 80,000,000 in the United States, which was making more steel than the rest of the world. If views were to have weight, figures and facts must be recognized.

Mr. Carnegie said he had the warmest feeling for Canada, and added, laughingly: "The best thing I know about Canada is that it is mostly Scotch."

TURKISH DEBT UNIFICATION.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 14.—The Council of Ministers has decided in favor of the proposals of the Ottoman Bank for the unification of the Turkish debt.

The Zola Memorial Statue.

PARIS, May 14.—The statue to the memory of Emile Zola will represent him standing in an attitude of vehement controversy. A symbolic figure of Truth is pointing out his path. This is believed to be suggestive of the late novelist's course in the Dreyfus affair. Below the statue there will be a group representing the "Labor Family." The monument will be completed in three years, and will be placed in the Tuileries Gardens, facing the statue symbolizing Alsace.

Storing Coal Under Water.

LONDON, May 14.—An important Admiralty experiment of storing coal under water was commenced at Portsmouth to-day. All the naval stations report that stores of coal, where exposed to the atmosphere, deteriorate. Some twenty tons of Welsh coal have now been submerged, inclosed in wooden cases, and will be raised a year hence, when its steam-raising capacity will be tested.

Luncheon to Prussian Minister.

George W. Perkins of the firm of J. P. Morgan & Co. gave a luncheon yesterday at the Lawyers' Club in honor of Baron von Rheinbaben, Prussian Minister of Finance. The guests were George F. Baker, James Stillman, George Westinghouse, Charles M. Schwab, E. H. Gary, Jacob H. Schiff, Richard A. McCurdy, John A. McCall, Cornelius N. Bliss, Mark Hanna, A. J. Cassatt, Charles Steele, and George T. Stotesbury.

MONUMENT TO MARTYRS.

Memorial Arch Erected in Oberlin, Ohio, in Honor of Missionary Victims of Chinese Boxers.

OBERLIN, Ohio, May 14.—The memorial arch erected to the memory of the thirteen missionaries of the American Board of Foreign Missions, who suffered martyrdom in China in 1900, was dedicated here to-day. The Rev. Judson Smith, D. D., of Boston, Secretary of the American Board, presided. The dedicatory address was delivered by the Rev. Frank S. Fitch, D. D., of Buffalo.

The arch is a magnificent structure of buff Indiana limestone, standing on the college campus. The central arch has on either side a colonnade extending out about fifty feet, there being six columns on each side. On each side are bronze tablets containing the names of the martyrs.

Lecturer on Music at Princeton.

PRINCETON, N. J., May 14.—Frederick Pease of the class of 1896 has accepted the position of lecturer on music in the university for next year. Mr. Pease succeeds Ernest Carter, who resigned in 1901. While in college Mr. Pease was leader of the Glee Club. E. H. Kellogg, 1903, has been elected week-day organist.

AS ONE LIKES IT

Shakespeare's Great Pastoral in the Open Air.

Mr. Ben Greet's Company at Its Best—Miss Wynne Matthison as Rosalind, Mr. Robert Lorraine as Orlando, and Mr. Greet as Jaques.

Yesterday afternoon, for the first time, it is said, in the history of the Island of Manhattan, a band of professional actors gave an out-of-doors performance. The play was "As You Like It," the forest scenes of which were represented by Mr. Ben Greet's company, in the South Field of Columbia University, and the production was made gratuitously, through the courtesy of Mr. Charles Frohman, in aid of the University Settlement Kindergarten. The list of patrons was both long and distinguished, and the proceeds, it is said, aggregated no less than $10,000, all of which is, no doubt, thoroughly satisfactory, but the fact that will linger longest in the memory of those present was that Shakespeare's wondrous poetic pastoral was represented under circumstances ideally appropriate by a company of players capable of embodying the maximum of its poetry with the minimum of jarring circumstance. In many details the performance of yesterday afternoon may have been surpassed on the regular stage, but it is safe to say that the harmony and force of the play as a whole have never shone forth in such undimmed and persuasive beauty.

Something of the result is to be attributed to the auspiciousness of the place and the time. The site of the great metropolitan university is one of unexampled majesty, with the steel-gray Hudson flowing between its Palisades on the one hand, and on the other a noble view of Central Park and the northern portion of the city, stretching eastward to the Sound and Long Island. No place could be more in sympathy with the serenity, the aloofness, and the broad, sweet outlook of the great dream comedies of Shakespeare. And the spirit of Spring was in the air. The sky was filmy and opalescent, and the mimic Forest of Arden was banked with sprays of flowering syringa that breathed sweetly on the air. The very maples that overshadowed the green and turfy glade were dense with pale green leaves, and showered their blossoms down upon the exiled foresters and upon those of their auditors who sat near them.

By some unexplainable magic, or by virtue of his long experience in open-air performances in England, Mr. Greet was able to divest the performance of all the garish suggestions of the stage. The costumes were of the simplest cut, and the coloring—a harmonious blending of rich, dull greens and grays and browns. No doubt the actresses had resort to powder and rouge, and the actors stained their faces to produce the coloring of wind and sun; but the fact was less evident than it usually is before the footlights of the conventional stage. Above all the motions and the attitudes were simple and direct, producing the illusion of easy and unconscious life. There was a far-away sound at intervals of woodland singing, and the people of the Forest of Arden strolled into the mimic glade and out again so naively and unaffectedly as to give full sway to the forces of expanding imagination. That the play was not given entire was much to be regretted, for the curtailment of all but the forest scenes detracted sadly from the force of the narrative. But except for this the text was treated reverently, the folio text was given its proper preference, and the few slight alterations that were made were almost certainly for the better.

It was, of course, the Rosalind of Miss Wynne Matthison that dominated and gave tone to the whole. The hundred and more performances of "Everyman" have impressed upon the metropolis the singular dignity and elevation of her bodily motions and gestures, the richness, fullness, and natural flexibility of her voice. But it was a surprise to find that her feeling for poetic comedy was as full and sweet and strong as her feeling for tragedy. There may have been gayer and sprightlier Rosalinds, Rosalinds more capricious of foot and of heart; Rosalinds that lived more warmly in the flood tide of amorous girlhood; though Miss Matthison never failed to denote fully the bubbling of comic glee and the ecstasy of blending blood and fancy. But we have not yet seen a Rosalind that denoted, in all its phases, the essential pervading mood of the part so consistently, abundantly, and sincerely.

In the passage in which, hearing of Orlando's presence in the forest, Rosalind exclaims, "What shall I do with my doublet and hose," we remember an actress who flirted with her long cloak so outrageously that one felt it unseemly to be looking at her hose. Miss Matthison suited the action to the word, but with such simplicity of maidenly feeling that one only felt the pure comedy of the line. In the passage in which, from behind the tree, Rosalind hears Orlando praise her to Jacques, avowing his love, we remember an actress who, to emphasize the comedy of the situation, danced and bubbled and blew kisses at such a rate that we feared lest at any moment she should rush out, and picking him up bodily, carry him away. Miss Matthison leaped upon her toes, and blew a kiss, but she did so in a manner to make one feel how infinitely beyond expression was the joy in her heart. In the passage in which Rosalind swoons at the sight of Orlando's blood-stained "napkin" we remember actresses who have mimed and trifled with the "situation," but none who has so sincerely denoted the fainting of the heart and the senses of a girlish lover.

Miss Matthison's performance was lacking in "points," but it lived and breathed and moved in the manner of an authentically poetic creation. The gestures were large and simple, the attitude broad and free. To resort to the terms of another art it had the noble dignity of Phidian sculpture. If the headless and armless Iris (or whatever her name may have been) on the Parthenon pediment were to come to life in the completeness of maidenly beauty, she would walk and dance and blossom into speech in quite the manner of this open-air Rosalind.

The Orlando of Mr. Robert Loraine moved in a sympathetic spirit. The part is not a rich one. Few of the chief Shakespearean parts are so lacking in opportunities for the actor. But Mr. Loraine was always at an advantage. He read his lines simply and with fine effect, and his plastique was excellent. Especially to be commended was the manner in which he filled out and rounded several of his scenes by the simple expedient of simple and wholesouled boyish laughter.

Mr. Greet's Jacques presented a finely intellectual and original reading. Its humor was dry and crusty, with the touch of the Yankee sententiousness one so often finds (and is both delighted and surprised to find) in modern Englishmen. His voice is not of the strongest, and he seemed at times to force it in the effort to vie with the sounds of trolley gongs, with undergraduate cheering at an adjacent baseball game, and even with the melody of a one-man band on a neighboring street.

There is said to have been also a misguided rooster behind which insisted on crowing as if the play were "Hamlet." But all Mr. Greet's intentions were fine, and in more favorable circumstances the effects would have matched them. The studied elocution of Mr. George Clarke's recent reading of the part at the Victoria was gratefully absent, as was also the incidental music, unless we accept as such the one-man band and the voice of chanticleer. Especially to be noted was the fact that during the Seven Ages speech the stage was virtually empty, the Court of the banished Duke retiring to the background. As a relief from the throng of bored retainers, pretending to listen to the disquisition, this fact brought a welcome relief. But it may be questioned whether a compromise would not be more in keeping with the text and otherwise preferable.

Mr. C. Rann Kennedy, who will be remembered as the Doctor in "Everyman," played the part of Oliver with his familiar force and intelligence. The singing, of which there was a good deal, was pleasantly unostentatious. Mr. Greet sang the parody of Amiens's "Greenwood Tree" song, which is so often omitted, with good comic effect. As Amiens, Mr. R. E. Pigott was commendably unaffected. All the singing, in fact, was of the forest rather than of the theatre.

Rumors were current to the effect that the performance might be soon repeated, but the details as to when, where, and how are reserved for his majesty, the press agent.

NOTABLE AUDIENCE PRESENT.

Box Parties Include Many Persons Prominent in Society.

There was a prompt audience at the open air performance of "As You Like It" on South Field. Nearly every one had arrived when the overture was played. There were boxes and seats for nearly three thousand spectators, and all except the rear seats were filled. One corner of South Field was inclosed with a fence and canvas, and this inclosure was entered through canvas passageways directly from One Hundred and Sixteenth Street.

Bishop Potter and his wife occupied seats well down toward the greensward stage. As the Bishop took his place he glanced up at the sky, where little fleecy clouds were just beginning to obscure the sunshine, and remarked:

"I saw this sort of thing done once in England, and it rained in the middle of the performance." Then, as Bishop Potter cast a glance at the rows of brightly gowned women about him he added: "Too bad if it should be so to-day."

From his evident enjoyment one might almost have supposed that the Shakespearean witticisms were entirely new to the Bishop. He laughed heartily at Touchstone's remarks, and at one point in the action of the play, where Miss Matthison was especially winsome, he ejaculated, "Nice girl, nice girl."

It was long after 5 when the performance was finished, and most of the audience remained till it was over, and departed to the strains of "Auld Lang Syne."

Mrs. James Speyer, to whose efforts in getting up this entertainment for the benefit of the University Settlement Kindergarten its success is largely due, had among her guests in her box Baron von Rheinbaden, the Prussian Minister of Finance, who arrived from Europe this week; Consul General Karl Buenz of Germany, and several other distinguished foreigners.

Other box holders were Mrs. James Stillman, Mrs. A. D. Juilliard, Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. A. N. Huntington, Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Mrs. F. F. Thompson, Mrs. Osborne, Mrs. F. Cromwell, and G. G. Haven, W. C. Whitney, George J. Gould, T. Jefferson Coolidge, Victor Morawetz, and Clarence Mackay, who, of course, as the Mackays are in mourning, gave the box to friends.

Among the guests of the box holders and in the seats were Mrs. William Jay, Miss Eleanor Jay, the Misses Evelyn and Helena Parsons, Mrs. M. Dwight Collier and Miss Georgette Collier, Mrs. Frederic Neilson, Mrs. C. M. Oelrichs, Mrs. H. H. Pitford, Mrs. George Crocker and the Misses Alice and Emma Rutherford, Miss Josephine Johnson, Mrs. Emmet, Mrs. Alfred G. Vanderbilt, Miss Knowlton, Miss Viola Allen, Miss Grace George, Miss Amelia Bingham, Mrs. C. R. Flint, Mrs. William Post, Miss Elizabeth Remsen, Mrs. Whitridge, Mrs. John McG. Woodbury, Mrs. Shepard, Mrs. Shrady, Mrs. Gouverneur Kortright, Mrs. Thacher M. Adams, Mrs. Oliver W. Bird, Mrs. J. E. Alexandre, Mrs. F. G. Bourne, Miss Acosta, Mrs. E. M. Culver, Mrs. Lewis R. Morris, Mrs. Burke-Roche, Mrs. Edwin Gould, Mrs. Jacob Miller and the Misses Miller, Miss Therese Iselin, Mrs. Iselin, Mrs. J. J. Wysong, Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Meyer, F. H. Baldwin, Charles Robinson, R. E. Booraem, George Baldwin, R. L. Cutting, A. F. Eno, C. T. Mathews, James Speyer, and many other well-known people.

WASHINGTON CHARITY FETE.

Society Turns Out En Masse to Help Along the National Junior Republic.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The most successful of the many Spring entertainments in which charity and fashion unite took place this afternoon, when the grounds of the old naval observatory were filled by the friends and helpers of the National Junior Republic. This particular fête, to which more than 100 prominent men and women contributed their time and talents, was in the form of a country fair, with a score of tents and booths dotting the extensive grounds and the Marine Band playing almost continuously from 3 until 7 o'clock.

The first booth on entering was a typical country store, where the shelves were filled with a miscellaneous collection of articles from Paris, parasols, and London golf caps, to sacks of flour, canned tomatoes, and salt fish. Mrs. Ward Thoron and Miss Ethel Dallas Horstmann were the proprietors of the store, assisted by Miss Alice Roosevelt, Miss Josephine Boardman, Miss Robeson, Miss Isabel May, Miss Glover, Miss Horstmann, and Mrs. Westinghouse.

In connection with the store was a village Post Office, with Miss Boardman in truly rural costume and calico sunbonnet as Postmistress. Although not attired as a letter carrier, Major Charles McCawley acted in that capacity, delivering many important communications at 25 cents apiece. The ice cream was situated near the store, and did such a thriving business that a hurry call to town was necessary to supply the customers.

The tearoom, a rival of the ice cream booth, was across the lawn, where Mme. Mayor Des Planches, Mrs. Cowles, and Mrs. Arnold Hague presided, assisted by a corps of young attendants.

Mrs. Corbin, who had the candy table, scored one of the great successes of the afternoon, her large stock of sweets being sold at a great profit an hour before closing time.

Miss Patten presided over a cake table which reaped a good profit, as also did Mrs. George Howard's sale of picture frames and pillows.

A tintype gallery, conducted by Miss Francis Benjamin Johnson, and a shooting gallery, conducted by Ned Mitchell, were popular resorts, while one of the picturesque features of the afternoon was the dairy and green grocery conducted by Miss Charlotte Hopkins and Miss Betty Davis.

The gypsy encampment was a great success, a United States Government wagon answering as a caravan furnished in true gypsy style, while the large number of maidens sold beads, attended campfire, and told fortunes.

Mme. De Margerie and Mrs. Waterlow sold lemonade, and Miss McCauley conducted a Lotto table at different points on the grounds, while one of the largest reservations was for Master Vincent Walsh's sideshow, where a small but very interesting collection of freaks was to be seen, the escape of the Wild Man of Borneo from his tent and his capture by a company of jackies detailed from the Dolphin after a spirited race through the grounds being a wildly exciting episode for the juvenile visitors.

The latter were also very happily entertained by the goat carriage in charge of Master Sterling Larrabee, who was kept busy and could easily have found employment for three goats.

The old-fashioned fishpond gave way to a rock-bound Klondike, where the children were permitted to dig for nuggets of gold-colored paper inclosing some toy or candy.

Several articles given, and too valuable to find a ready sale, were raffled for, a very handsome silver vase being won by the Secretary of the Treasury and a traveling case by Miss Gwynne.

The patronesses of the afternoon, all of whom were present or well represented, were Mme. Mayor Des Planches, Mme. Jusserand, Mrs. Payne, Mrs. Hale, Mrs. Lodge, Mrs. Cowles, Mrs. Walsh, Mrs. Slater, Mrs. Edgerly, Mrs. Terry, Mrs. Darling, and Mrs. MacFarland.

To enumerate the visitors would be to mention the entire fashionable population of Washington that has not already taken itself abroad or to the country.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

Society was quite divided in its amusements yesterday, and for a day so late in May there was unusual gayety. Aside from the open-air performance of "As You Like It," the wedding of Miss Mary Newbold Patterson and Mr. Hale, the coaching and the races made quite an attractive ensemble. To-day promises little beyond the usual coaching trips and the preparation for the country house parties which take place at the week-end.

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As the Liberty, the coach of James H. Hyde, is to go out of commission to-morrow, Mr. Hyde and a party of friends will take part in the Philadelphia four-in-hand parade to-morrow. The Pioneer will continue for a fortnight longer, the whips being Reginald Rives and Alfred G. Vanderbilt.

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Mrs. John Morris of Baltimore and Miss Morris have been in town. They are sailing this week for Europe. They are to pass a part of the Summer with Mr. and Mrs. Henry Clews, Jr., in Paris.

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Mr. and Mrs. Seth Barton French, who are cruising in the Catania, left England about a fortnight ago. They are to return to London later in the season, and will pass some time there. Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt are cruising off the coast of Italy.

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James Brown Potter is in England. He will remain in London for some time before going to the Continent. He is being entertained by many of his old school friends.

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Mrs. Albert Barnes Boardman gave a dinner last night at the Boardman residence in West Fifty-third Street for her son, Sewall Boardman, and his fiancée, Miss Madge Niles. The guests included Miss Niles's sister, who is to be her matron of honor; several of her intimate friends, and the best man and ushers, Mr. and Mrs. James H. McLean, (Miss Cecil Boardman,) Mrs. John Jay Knox, Miss Randell, Miss Ehrhardt, Miss Mottley, Miss Violet Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Gruner, Philip Boardman, Mr. Whitman, Mr. Read, Mr. Boyd, and Mr. Coggeshall.

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The wedding of Miss Grace S. Henop and Robb de Peyster Tytus will be celebrated at 4:30 o'clock on Tuesday next at Grace Church. The complete list of Mr. Tytus's ushers is Parker Corning, Mr. Burnett of Boston, Robert S. Brewster, Roderick Terry, Jr., F. Lawrence Lee, Joseph B. Barnes, Richard Ely, and Benjamin S. Moore. George Parmlee Day will be the best man. As published some weeks ago, Miss Sydney Stuart Henop will be her sister's maid of honor, and little Miss Flourney Hopkins Sharpe will be the flower girl.

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Mrs. Augustus Fleming King, who was married a month ago, gave the first of two receptions yesterday afternoon at her residence, 27 East Sixty-ninth Street.

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Mr. and Mrs. James Greenleaf Sykes had a daughter born to them on Thursday last. Mrs. Sykes was Miss Anna Wells of Burlington, Vt.

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Mrs. Charles H. Steinway sailed yesterday for Bremen on the Königin Luise.

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The names of Miss Prime's attendants at her wedding on June 11 were published in this column a week ago. Mr. Benjamin's best man and ushers will be Lieut. Julian A. Benjamin, United States Army; Charles R. Swords, Charles L. Riker, Hamilton Fish Benjamin, Rufus King, Jr., Richard L. Morris, John H. Prentice, Rogers H. Bacon, and James M. A. Darrach. He will give his bachelor dinner at the Union Club on June 5.

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The Marion Cricket Club will give three promenade dances on June 10, 24, and July 15, respectively.

THE NEWS OF NEWPORT.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 14.—Miss E. Gertrude Wildes, who has a cottage on Kay Street, is here for a short visit.

Mr. Witherspoon of New York is guest of Dr. Austin Flint, Jr.

Mrs. Creighton Withers and Miss Louise Francis have returned from New York.

Judge Henry W. Bookstaver is at his cottage near Easton's Beach.

Mrs. R. M. Burnett and Mrs. Charles C. Choate, Jr., are at the Muenchinger-King cottage.

Mrs. Hugh L. Willoughby and Miss Willoughby have arrived at their cottage, the Chalet, on Halidon Hill.

Mrs. Howard Walter arrived to-night and is guest of her father and mother, Rear Admiral and Mrs. Stephen B. Luce.

WEDDINGS OF A DAY.

Hale—Patterson.

The wedding of Miss Mary Newbold Patterson, the daughter of Justice and Mrs. Edward Patterson, and Richard Waldon Hale of Boston, the son of the late George Silsbee Hale, took place yesterday at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street. The rector of the church, the Rev. Dr. D. Parker Morgan, performed the ceremony, and before the service there was an elaborate musical programme.

Miss Eleanor S. Patterson, the bride's sister, was maid of honor. Robert Sever Hale, a brother of the bridegroom, was best man. The ushers were Dr. Henry Stuart Patterson, Edward Liddon Patterson, and Arthur Cox Patterson, brothers of the bride; Warwick Greene, a son of Gen. and Mrs. Francis Vinton Greene; Frank Grinnell, Thomas Nelson Perkins, Arthur Hill, and Robert Pendleton Bowler of Boston.

The bride carried white lilacs and wore white chiffon and lace with pearls. There was a reception for the bridal party after the ceremony at the residence of the bride's parents, 19 East Forty-fifth Street.

Mead—Child.

Special to The New York Times.

GREENWICH, Conn., May 14.—Miss Grace G. Child, daughter of Frederick W. Child, and Sanford Mead, were married this evening at the bride's home, by the Rev. Dr. J. H. Selden. Miss Laura D. Mead was maid of honor, and Chester P. Child was the best man, while the Misses Mary Mead and Dorothy Olmstead of New Canaan were ribbon bearers. Among the wedding gifts was a building lot next to William G. Rockefeller's residence, presented by an uncle of the bridegroom.

Montgomery—Ropes.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 14.—Miss Carrie Miller Ropes and Marius Whitman Montgomery were married at the home of the bride's brother, William T. Ropes, 19 Gates Avenue, at noon to-day. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Dr. B. S. Rossiter of New York. Only the relatives of the contracting parties were present. Following the ceremony a wedding breakfast was served, after which Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery left for a short bridal tour. They will reside in New York.

Lathrop—White.

Mrs. Anna Harris White, widow of Lieut. Commander Henry C. White, United States Navy, were married yesterday to James Roosevelt Lathrop, Superintendent of Roosevelt Hospital, in this city, the ceremony being performed at Trinity Chapel, Washington. Mr. Lathrop and his bride will sail for Europe on a three months' honeymoon on May 16.

Sillick—Messiter.

The wedding of Miss Grace Messiter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Richard Platt Messiter, to Fletcher Halsted Sillick of Pittsburg, took place yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in Grace Methodist Episcopal Church, Brooklyn. The bride was attended by her sister, Miss Helen Messiter. The best man was Harris Ashton Dunn, and the ushers were Gano S. Dunn, Harry R. Childs, Arthur Messiter, and Warren V. Deyo.

Kelly—Hale.

Special to The New York Times.

HOOSICK FALLS, N. Y., May 14.—To-night at St. Mark's Episcopal Church occurred the marriage of Miss Vivian Rosamond Hale to William Kelly. The Rev. Leopold Kroll, the new rector of the church, officiated. The bride was attended by Miss Julia A. Quinlan. Harold V. Austin acted as best man.

Bowling Club Banquet.

THE NEW YORK TIMES Bowling Club held its annual banquet at Osterman's, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon. President G. F. Blaisdell presided and made the speech of welcome. Those who attended the dinner were J. F. McCabe, C. J. Holmgren, D. W. Kennedy, W. A. Penney, H. C. Pierce, L. A. Johnson, A. H. Boyle, F. E. Burr, H. White, J. T. Spoth, G. T. Adam, D. J. Klein, D. O'Rourke, F. C. Goethals, G. Meinert, R. Priest, and J. C. Spoth.

Dan Daly Presents "John Henry."

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—Dan Daly presented "John Henry," a new farce, at the Hyperion Theatre to-night, and was well received. George Backus, Julie Herne, Algeron Tassen, and J. G. Marlowe contributed to the fun. The play hangs on a country house, which has been furnished by two uncles of John Henry, each unaware of the other's action.

BACH FESTIVAL IS NEARING ITS CLIMAX

Music of the "Passion According to St. Matthew" Is Given.

Real Spirit of the Performance in Bethlehem Grows as the Presentation Continues.

Special to The New York Times.

BETHLEHEM, Penn., May 14.—The climax of the Bach festival approaches. One of the high-water marks was reached to-day in the performance of the immortal music of the "Passion According to St. Matthew."

The town is fuller than ever of strangers, and the hotels are turning away visitors to seek the hospitality of private houses. Those who were not prepared to endure six strenuous days of Bach's music are coming in large numbers for the crowning performances of the passion music and the mass at the end of the week. The streets have taken on a more animated appearance, and some of the most serious-minded of the old guard are complaining that picture hats and high-heeled shoes are spoiling the local color of the place.

But, however these things may suggest frivolity, there is really nothing to interfere with the eager interest in the music, the pious devotion to the spirit of Bach, and the lofty ideals of his art. As the festival progresses and the anticipation is converted into experience the conviction gains a firmer hold that the scheme is too extensive, the demands upon both singers and listeners, even granting all the piety in the world, are too great. The powers of the executants are strained to the utmost, and especially is the receptivity of the listeners dulled and blunted. It is indeed a special public that is appealed to by these performances, but the distance of Bach in spirit and in form from modern music can be bridged only by an effort more or less conscious on the part even of the most adaptant scholarly listener. It is one of the gratifications afforded by the festival to find that there are so many not only willing but eager to make this effort, and that they extend to so wide a geographical radius. For the first time since the festival began the Moravian Church has been completely filled at the afternoon and evening sessions to-day.

In the Matthew passion Mr. Wolle performs the one of all Bach's greater works that is best known. It is the one that has most contributed to make his name familiar to the world of music lovers. With all its difficulties it is one that most of the great choral societies have presented some time or frequently. What has been expected of the Bethlehem choir has been a performance more closely approximating in spirit and in the surrounding circumstances to those that prevailed in Bach's time than could be offered by any concert performance under ordinary conditions.

INTRODUCTION OF THE SERMON.

As every one knows, the passion settings, of which Bach wrote five, and of which we possess two of undoubted authenticity, were written for performance in church on Good Friday. Between the two parts into which they are divided the sermon was preached. It came close to the hearts and feelings of the whole congregation in its exposition of the story of Christ's passion and death. It is precisely in this point that the Bach festival performance to-day has had its greatest effect. It was in many respects considerably in advance of some others that we have heard here this week, but to those who were familiar with its effect in the concert halls, the reference and religious decorum, the intimacy of the whole effect, the feeling of personal participation on the part of the congregation were the most striking features of it. They give it a different, a newer, and a more touching significance. The performance, indeed, realized more substantially than any that has preceded it the real spirit of this festival.

This was true, it must be confessed, to a considerably greater degree in the afternoon session than in the evening. The singing, especially of the soloists, was better then, and the audience seemed more completely in tune with the occasion. The hush in the church, the complete absence of applause, the black dresses of the women choristers, which they had donned last evening in anticipation of the approaching passion music, the expectancy of the congregation, and its submission to the sway of the wonderful music were all factors in the whole. Another factor was also, no doubt, the joining of the congregation in singing the chorales that Bach has so frequently employed in the passion music. It seems probable, however, that this does not correspond with the actual practice in Bach's time. There are those who believe that it does, among whom evidently Mr. Wolle is numbered, for through his programme books he has invited the congregation all through the festival to join in the numerous chorales that are formed in the works presented. The weight of authority, however, is against this view. These chorales were as familiar to the Lutheran believers as anything that formed a part of their daily lives, and no doubt the temptation to the congregation to join with the choir in singing them was very great.

One thing is certain, however, and that is that they were not sung in the form in which Bach has introduced them into his works. He has harmonized them, not as they were known to the untrained hymn singer of the Lutheran congregations, but with the profundity of the greatest harmonist of the age, with elaborate part writing and unaccustomed harmonic sequences to express the varying moods uppermost in the various parts of the narrative at which they appear. Thus the familiar tone "O haupt voll blut und wunden," which in a way forms a sort of keynote to the whole, is employed in five tunes, but it appears in no less than four entirely different harmonic guises, each one, it may be said, of wonderful and expressive beauty, and based on a recondite knowledge of the meaning of the old ecclesiastical modes. Such music is not for congregational singing, and even if the congregation had joined only in singing the melody, it would have so overbalanced and covered up the harmonization as to have made all the art that Bach expended upon them go for naught.

WORK OF THE CHORUS.

The singing of the chorus to-night showed it at its best. It knew the work thoroughly, and it showed more finish, more shading and potent expressiveness and more beauty of tone than in some of the previous sessions. The incisive quality and the volume of tone were more in evidence, as has heretofore been the case, than some of the subtler qualities of fine choral singing, delicacy of shading, nice adjustment of dynamic values, and beauty of quality. Yet there were times when there was deep impressiveness gained through these very qualities, as in the opening chorus of lamentation, with the chorale melody, sounding above and through it, and the finale chorus of the first part was treated with a lofty eloquence of tenderness. There was not only clearness in the utterance of the many voiced polyphony, but there was a realization of the exquisite sense of color that guided the old master in his work.

Of course those who know the Bach choir will know that it revealed in the choruses of a more dramatic stamp. Sharpness of outline, clearness and precision were there sometimes like the snap of a whip. Such effects as those of the "thunder and lightning" chorus were of course not allowed to fail, but, alas, Mr. Wolle's unalterable principle of retarding the movement for every close was not suspended.

It is even here, and the mordant phrase at the end had to submit with the rest. And alas, also, for the close of the great chorus, "O Man, Bewail Thy Grievous Sin," where Mr. Wolle began his ritard a dozen measures before the double bar with an effect that can be characterized only as completely inartistic. The matter of the appoggiaturas still distressed the believers in finish of style, who heard the different solo singers, and the accompanying instruments in the orchestra pursue opposite methods at their own sweet wills, disagreeing with each other, and with themselves sometimes in the same piece.

The solo singers included Mrs. May Hissem De Moss, Mrs. Gertrude May Stein, Nicholas Douty, Julian Walker, and Herbert Witherspoon. Mr. Douty's name was substituted for that of William H. Rieger, who was to sing the evangelist's part, but telegraphed word of his indisposition yesterday. Mr. Douty, the tenor of the last two days' session, was pressed into service. It speaks much for his musicianship that there is little reason to claim any exemption from criticism which would be granted the singer who should accept a task of such difficulty at twenty-four hours' notice. He declaimed the narrative of the evangelist with vigor, elasticity, and dramatic forcefulness, and with clearness of diction. It is a trying part in its exactions upon the singer's high notes.

A fair measure of success can be attributed to his associates, but not so great as it would be pleasant to record. Mrs. Stein did not sing all her airs with the certainty that we are used to from her, and with the help of the concertmaster, came near to shipwreck in the air with chorus, "Look ye, Jesus Waiting Stands," but it was a pleasure to hear her in the great air, "Erbarme Dich Mein Gott." Mrs. de Moss's fresh and beautiful voice and finished style were appreciated. The orchestra was in its worst form, and did much to spoil the good effects that the rest of the forces attained.

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE.

Work on Many Theatres Delayed by Strikes—Primrose to Leave Dockstader and Appear in Vaudeville.

Because of the labor troubles in the city just now work has been interrupted on all of the theatres which are in course of erection or which are being remodeled. The managers fear that unless these troubles are adjusted they will be unable to open their theatres at the proper time next Autumn. There are six new ones being built in the theatre district—the new Amsterdam, the new Lyceum, the new Lyric, the Hudson, the Drury Lane, and that of the Sire Brothers. Then the New York and the Empire are being reconstructed, and it is proposed to remodel or redecorate the Herald Square, the Metropolitan Opera House, the Casino, and others. David Belasco had some work to do in his theatre, but postponed it because of the uncertainty of having it completed by Fall.

***

George H. Primrose, who has been at the head of a minstrel show for twenty years, will be seen in vaudeville next year, playing for twenty weeks at $1,000 each week. Mr. Primrose announces this in connection with the statement that he and Lew Dockstader have finally agreed to separate. Their famous minstrel show is being given for the last time this week in Newark. Mr. Dockstader may continue a minstrel company.

***

It is said that while in Europe Henry W. Savage practically selected the woman who is to appear in the title rôle of his production in English of Puccini's opera, "Madame Butterfly." The star in question is Julia Allen, formerly soprano of the Church of the Holy Name, New York, who has met with much success abroad, and is now the prima donna of the Royal Italian Opera Company, singing at Nice, France.

***

The press agent for "Skipper & Co., Wall Street," is mailing to business people the following letter:

Dear Sir: The particular stock we are anxious to call your attention to is the unlimited, preferred, full-paid, and non-assessable laughing stock issued by Skipper & Co. of Wall Street, this stock being rated nearly 100 per cent. above par in the opinion of all those who have already subscribed. The stock is guaranteed by the bonds of good-fellowship and past comedy success issued by Maclyn Arbuckle, the popular comedian, and duly indorsed by Manager Frank McKee. Skipper & Co. feel perfectly safe in assuring prospective subscribers to this stock that a dividend of ten laughs per minute will be declared continuously throughout each meeting of the stockholders.

***

After playing two seasons in this country in "A Message from Mars," Charles Hawtrey will appear in the play for the last time at the Criterion Theatre to-morrow night. He will bring the season at the house to a close and will open it next September, when he will be presented by Mr. Frohman in "The Man from Blankley's."

***

Manager Isaac B. Rich will address the meeting of the National Art Theatre Society at the Garrick Theatre Sunday afternoon from the point of view of "The Man Who Pays."

***

Augustus Thomas sails to-morrow for a three months' trip to Europe.

***

The National League, represented by New York, Chicago, and Cincinnati teams, will be present at the Savoy to-night, and Ezra Kendall will tell some baseball jokes between curtains.

***

Arrangements are being made to decorate the interior of Weber & Fields's Music Hall. It is not unlikely that the theatre's seats will be changed and its capacity increased.

***

George Arliss yesterday, through Miss Alice Fassanario of Florence, Italy, arranged for the presentation in Italy of "There and Back," his farce now being presented by Evans and Hopper at the Princess. The first Italian performance will be in Milan in October.

***

Aaron Burr is to be seen on the stage, arrangements having been made by which Charles Felton Pidgin's two books, "Blennerhassett" and "The Climax," are to be dramatized by Frank E. Carstarphen and Robert Drouet.

IN THE SHOPS.

A woman who is to have an inexpensive little unfurnished house for this Summer is pondering over the question of furnishing and looking up low-priced furniture in the shops. The house she is to take is within a hundred miles of New York, and some of the shops will deliver goods within that distance free of charge. This being the case, it will be quite as inexpensive to buy everything new if the prices can be found low enough and have everything shipped directly from the shop to the Summer home. Below are some of the low-priced goods that have been discovered:

***

There are different styles of tables in plain wood which can be made to do good service in many ways. These tables are of the cheapest, the regular kitchen tables without paint or stain. They can be treated at home with but little cost, however, and can be used for many purposes. Many women do their own decorating and with good results. There are tables of this kind, plain and square cornered, longer than they are wide, with four legs, which can be bought for from $2.70 to $5, as they range in size from three to six feet, or from $1.80 to $4.15, as they are with or without drawers. They can be painted in different colors for different rooms, have a piece of felt tacked on the top with brass-headed nails for a desk, or the larger ones can be used for dining tables if the family is small, or can be decorated with cretonne for dressing tables. With the tables alone, in the different sizes, a house is half furnished.

***

In a line with the tables are the settles with backs, which can be reversed and also form tables or a picturesque piece of furniture when they are merely high-backed settles. These are large enough for dining tables in the larger sizes, and all sizes are pretty if painted or decorated in any way, the seat and back can be upholstered simply if desired. These table-back settles cost in the plain white wood from $4 to $7.50.

***

There are simple camp chairs with wooden seats finished in the natural color of the wood which are comfortable and useful and cost $1.25 apiece. Small chairs can sometimes be found for less than this.

***

Kitchen cabinets which answer the purpose of a china closet, if painted the color of a room—if this, for instance, was done in some pretty light color—are not inexpensive. They do not come in the unfinished wood, but are stained and cost from $8 to $10. They are tall, have a cupboard with glass doors in front and projecting slightly the lower part has a drawer in the top and big cupboards with wooden doors below.

***

Settees or garden seats, which are useful about a house, come in the white wood, unfinished or painted, and cost from 65 cents to $2, and are from three feet long to something more. These have strips of wood across the back and seat.

***

Simple little metal stands with washbowl, pitcher, and soap dish of painted tin come as low as $1.20 in a small size, $1.75 for one as large as might be desired, and a large one, white enameled, with a large water carrier and slop jar, will cost $4.25.

***

In papier maché, which is a good material for the Summer home, there are washbowls which cost from 20 to 40 cents apiece, pitchers 30 cents to $1, and big slop jars cost 65 cents. The two latter are in pretty colors of blue and pink.

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Simple painted iron bedsteads with springs can be had as low as $5.50, and there are camping cots for $2 each.

***

Old hickory is a strong and useful furniture, and a few pieces of it are pretty if no more are used. A rocker will cost $3, and from this the prices range up.

***

There are what are called porch chairs, rockers in maple with reed seats and backs without arms, and others with arms and wooden backs, which cost $2 each. A settle in this maple will cost $4.50. This has the wooden back.

***

The prettiest of comforters, poppies, blues, and whites in good colors, and other designs may be had for 90 cents each. They are only six feet long, while the more expensive are a few inches longer, but they will be long enough for general Summer service.

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For mats there are the natural grass, colored by the threads with which they are woven, giving them red or blue or green effects, and these, twenty-seven inches by fifty-four, will cost 70 cents, and are very durable. The Dhurrie rugs, which are bright for Summer homes, are a little more costly, $2 for one of this size, and they range in price upward.

WAR ON DEPARTMENT STORES.

Milwaukee Grocers Will Boycott Goods Displayed in Them.

MILWAUKEE, May 14.—The Retail Grocers' Association of Milwaukee, a member of the national association, has passed resolutions not to handle products of manufacturers that are placed in department stores.

Henry W. Schwab, President of the local organization, predicts that the action of Milwaukee grocers will be followed in every one of the forty-one States in which the national association has branches.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Thomas G. Gaynor.

Thomas G. Gaynor, one of the personal attachés of Postmaster Van Cott's office, died yesterday morning at his home, 38 Madison Street, Brooklyn. Mr. Gaynor had been in ill health for several weeks, and on Friday Mr. Van Cott told him he would better go home. Mr. Van Cott yesterday was dictating a letter to him, telling him to remain at home until he had fully recovered, when word was received of his death. Mr. Gaynor was editorially connected with The Tribune under Horace Greeley. He had scores of friends in Wall Street, where he had been a speculator. At the Post Office he arranged the system of newspaper clippings preserved by the office.

Obituary Notes.

MRS. R. E. RIDER, wife of the Congressman from the Fourteenth New York District, is dead, according to a dispatch received from the Adirondacks yesterday. Her body will be brought to this city for interment.

PHILIP VAIL, a wealthy farmer, died Wednesday at his home near Lamington, N. J., of Bright's disease. He was sixty-four years old. He was a veteran of the civil war. He made a fortune in the peach nursery business years ago. He never married.

MRS. GEORGE S. BATCHELLER of Saratoga, N. Y., wife of Judge Batcheller of the International Tribunal of Egypt, died at Alexandria, Egypt, yesterday morning. She had been ill a few days. She is survived by her husband and their daughter, Miss Katherine Batcheller. Mrs. Batcheller was about sixty-five years old.

EDMUND H. BARD, a teacher of music in Elizabeth, N. J., for twenty-five years, died at his home, 144 De Hart Place, that city, late Wednesday night, aged eighty-three years. He was born in Canterbury, Conn. When a young man he was commander of a military company in Brooklyn. He was also engaged in the manufacture of gold pens in New York.

MRS. JANE A. DODGE, widow of Richard J. Dodge, died on Wednesday night at her home, 280 Henry Street, Brooklyn. She was born eighty years ago in Montreal, Canada, and was a daughter of Prof. John C. Andrews, who was connected with the Willard Seminary, Troy, N. Y. In her time Mrs. Dodge was well known as a singer and vocal teacher.

The Rev. SAMUEL T. SEARLE died at the home of his son, the Rev. E. V. Searle, pastor of the Reformed Church, at Metuchen, N. J., last night. He had been ill about three weeks. Mr. Searle was born in Salem seventy-nine years ago. He was educated at Union College and the Reformed Theological Seminary of New Brunswick. Since 1848 he had been a minister of the Reformed Church. His last charge was at Hurley, N. Y.

LYSANDER S. WEEKS, who was for many years engaged in the manufacture of cabinets at 1 Walton Street, Brooklyn, was stricken last night with heart failure while walking in the street at Gates and Marcy Avenues, that borough. Mr. Weeks was carried into a near-by store and soon died. He was seventy-two years old, and lived at 327 Quincy Street.

Business Notices.

Collars E. & W. Lock Front. Collars.

MARRIED.

HALE—PATTERSON.—On Thursday, May 14, 1903, at the Church of the Heavenly Rest, by the rector, the Rev. D. Parker Morgan, D. D., Mary Newbold, daughter of Edward and Isabel Liddon Patterson, to Richard Walden Hale of Boston, Mass.

MILES—TAFT.—On Tuesday, May 12, at the residence of the bride's parents, 1,239 Pacific St., Brooklyn, by the Rev. Marcus L. Taft, D. D., Ethel, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Horton Taft, Jr., to Franklin Hobart Miles.

DIED.

BAKER.—At New Rochelle, May 13, 1903, Louise C., daughter of the late Joseph A. and Almazaide C. Baker, aged 38 years.
Funeral services at her late residence, 36 North St., on Friday, at 4 P. M.

BROOKFIELD.—On Wednesday, May 13, 1903, William Brookfield, aged 59 years.
Funeral services at the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church, 55th St. and 5th Av., on Saturday, May 16, at 2 o'clock. Kindly omit flowers.

GENERAL SOCIETY OF MECHANICS AND TRADESMEN of the City of New York.
Executive Office, 20 West 44th Street.
Regretful announcement is made of the death of Brother William Brookfield on May 13th, 1903, for eighteen years a member of the Society.
CHARLES W. HOFFMAN, President.
RICHARD T. DAVIES, Secretary.

CORRIGAN.—At St. Leo, Fla., on May 12, 1903, Marie, wife of Dr. Joseph Corrigan.
Solemn high mass at St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., on Saturday, May 16, at 10 A. M. Interment Cemetery Holy Sepulchre.

DODGE.—Suddenly, on May 13, 1903, Jane A. Andrews, widow of the late Richard J. Dodge, in her 80th year.
Funeral at 280 Henry Street, Brooklyn, at 8 P. M., Friday, May 15.

DONIHEE.—On May 12, 1903, at his residence, 147 West 61st St., William B. Donihee.
Funeral from Church of St. Paul the Apostle, 59th St. and Columbus Av., Friday, May 15, at 10 A. M.

FILLINGHAM.—At Livingston, S. I., May 13, 1903, Elizabeth, wife of William Fillingham.
Funeral services at the Church of the Ascension, West New Brighton, on Friday, May 15, 3 P. M.

HOPPING.—On May 12, 1903, Cora Elizabeth, daughter of the late Andrew J. Hopping.
Funeral service at her late residence, 437 West 51st St., on Friday, May 15, at 2:30 P. M. Interment in Trinity Cemetery.

LAW.—Thursday, May 14, 1903, Alice Mills Law, wife of Alfred W. Law.
Notice of funeral hereafter.

SMITH.—On Thursday, May 14, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. George H. Corwin, Jr., Greenport, N. Y., Julia Frothingham, wife of Francis J. Smith.
Funeral services at the Fifth Street Reformed Church, Bayonne, N. J., at 2:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Carriages will meet train leaving foot of Liberty St. at 1 P. M.

TURNER.—On Wednesday, May 13, 1903, Jane E. Turner, in the 81st year of her age.
Funeral services at her late residence, 696 West 180th St., at 4:30 P. M., on Friday, 15th inst. Interment at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., at the convenience of the family.

"Rain Will Not Spot"

Priestley's "Cravenette"

MOHAIRS.

They come in Black, Navy, Gray and many fancy effects.

B. Priestley & Co. and Cravenette stamped on the wrong side.

CARPET CLEANING J. & J. W. WILLIAMS Tel. 306 Columbus. Est. 1875. 353 West 54th St.

R. C. VANDERBILT SAILS.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., May 14.—Reginald C. Vanderbilt and his bride sailed for Europe on the Dominion liner New England to-day. Special quarters were prepared for them. They are to be gone until some time in August. They carried forty-five pieces of luggage.

Mr. Vanderbilt says Boston was chosen as a place of embarkation because of their desire to avoid the New York crowd that would surely be met with on a vessel sailing from that port.

The plans of the pair call for them to spend most of their time in the South of France and in Italy automobiling. They expect to meet relatives in London, but do not anticipate spending any great amount of time with them.

No demonstration attended their departure, and no relatives saw them off.

DEATHS REPORTED MAY 14.

Manhattan.

Ages of one year or under are put down one year.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date D'th May
AULETTA, Raffael, 410 E. 11th St..	40	11
ANDERSON, Charles, S. S. Esperanza	40	13
ABRAHAM, Johanna, 645 E. 9th St.	20	12
ADAMSON, George F., 153 W. 106th	21	13
BAUMANN, Frances M., 228 E. 23d	60	13
BROWN, Joseph, 444 W. 39th St....	44	13
BLACK, William, 67 South St......	73	13
BRUNDY, Patrick, 45 Dominick St..	15	13
BRUNEY, Barbara, 66 W. 101st St..	78	14
BARTON, William A., 342 W. 30th St.	24	13
BEINHAUER, Frederick, 312 W. 58th	70	12
BRAUNSTEIN, Sarah, 49 Delancey.	1	14
BURNS, Charles, 245 E. 45th St.....	50	13
BRAITHEWAITE, Bellfred, S. S. Puritan..........	30	12
BONGIOMO, Salvator, 230 Chrystie St.	5	13
BURKE, Lizzie, 501 W. 29th St.....	31	12
CONROY, John, 154 E. 110th St.....	52	12
CULBERSON, Marguerite, 271 W. 154th St............	2	13
COOK, Edward, 50 W. 95th St......	56	12
CAVANAGH, James, 189 Washington	27	13
DORAN, Mary J., 230 E. 112th St....	38	13
DE PALMA, Angelina, 34 Prince St.	54	13
DAMATO, Giuseppe, 334 E. 113th St.	1	13
DONOHEE, William, 147 W. 61st St.	61	12
DWYER, John J., 320 E. 90th St....	28	13
DICKEY, Anne, 1,423 5th Av........	44	14
ESPOSITO, Romovaldo, 233 E. 111th.	1	13
EGAN, Owen, 416 E. 51st St.......	34	12
ENGEL, Rudolph J., 238 E. 24th St..	3	13
FAY, Nora, 546 Hudson St........	34	12
GREEN, Emma, 144 Varick St.......	48	12
GARDELLO, Benjamin, 10 Clarkson.	29	13
HEFFNER, Edward, 416 E. 72d St...	1	14
HASSLER, Joseph, 8 Vandam St....	40	12
HOFFMAN, Beatrice K., 92 Pineapple St., Brooklyn..........	41	13
HOPPING, Cora E., 437 W. 51st St..	40	12
HENSEL, William, 642 E. 11th St...	64	12
HOLBERT, Rose A., 2,406 2d Av.....	1	13
HEAGNEY, Patrick, 322 W. 53d St..	85	12
HUNTER, Hattie, 310 W. 30th......	1	13
IMMEN, Maria, 305 E. 53d St......	69	13
JORGENSEN, Herman B., 323 E. 54th	67	12
JOHNSON, Frank B., 1,192 1st Av....	3	13
KENNEDY, David M., 273 W. 117th..	42	12
KING, Margaret, 87 Dey St........	48	13
KAPPEL, Ferdinand E., 168 E. 93d..	6	13
KNOZER, Mary, 22 6th Av.........	45	13
KREISBERG, Dina, 769 9th Av......	3	13
LYNCH, Rose, 28 Vandam St.......	3	12
LAKE, L. C. T., Great Neck.......	24	13
LALLY, John, 6 Front St..........	35	13
LABDELL, Cordelia, 215 E. 118th St..	68	12
LAYDEN, Bridget, 27 North Moore St.	68	13
MANCA, Katie, 365 E. 78th St.....	15	13
MILLER, Katharine, 170 W. 101st St.	66	13
MILANO, D., 23 Marion St.........	1	14
MUSTAR, Josephine, 64 Goerck St....	2	14
McCARTHY, Edward, 577 7th Av.....	1	13
McDERMOTT, James L., 53 W. 137th.	26	12
NOONAN, Lawrence, 222 5th St.....	76	12
NEUJUHR, Wilhelmina, 300 E. 44th.	4	13
NEUMAN, Jane, 420 Park Av.......	24	12
NEWMAN, Sadie, 294 Delancey St...	1	13
PIZZAROLLI, Louis, 218 Canal St....	20	12
PEZZULLO, Giovanni, 300 E. 111th...	20	13
PALUMMO, Francesco, 444 E. 115th..	1	14
RENNER, Herman, 306 E. 86th St....	1	13
REUSKY, Louis, 56 Eldridge St.....	42	13
ROSEN, Isaac, 53 Suffolk St.......	2	14
ROSENKRANZ, C., 169 Essex St.....	70	13
ROMEO, Giuseppe, 44 Elizabeth St..	1	13
SHEEHAN, Mary, 297 Pleasant Av...	30	12
SIMON, Abraham, 167 Avenue B.....	80	13
SCHULMAN, Dora, 126 Stanton St...	34	13
SCHAPIRA, Gitel, 60 Montgomery St.	1	13
SHEA, Denis, 87 Division St.......	52	12
SHIELDS, Martin, 200 South St.....	25	13
SEAMAN, Georgiana, 60 Leroy St....	40	13
SCHWARTZ, Ike, 3,372 3d Av.......	27	13
SHEFFMAN, Fannie, 140 Delancey....	1	14
TIERNAN, Francis, 160 W. 106th St..	60	13
THOMPSON, Jane, 456 E. 12th St....	30	12
VIGHETTA, Domenico, 210 Mott St...	42	12
VAITES, Thomas, 111 E. 3d St......	27	11
ZAHN, Philip, 399 E. 4th St.......	68	12

Bronx.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date D'th May
CAPOBIONO, F., 649 Morris Av.....	9	12
DENNERLEIN, John, Unionport.....	68	13
EAGAN, Wm. H., 465 E. 141st St....	21	13
FITZMAURICE, F. H., Home for Incurables..........	70	11
FLEISCHHAUER, W., St. Joseph's Hosp..........	32	13
HOCK, Godfrey, 1,374 Prospect Av..	74	12
IRVIS, John, Lincoln Hosp.........	66	12
LOUGHLIN, Charles, 567 E. 136th St.	38	13
LUNDRIGAN, H. F., 225th St. near Napier Av..........	1	13
POWER, Mary, 1,018 E. 156th St....	48	12
SEVIRON, Joseph, Lebanon Hosp....	65	13
SEIZER, Maria, Lincoln Hosp.......	93	13
STUDLEY, Katherine E., 1,376 Prospect Av..........	35	12
WILT, Mary A., 67 St. Lawrence Av.	73	13

Brooklyn.

Name and Address.	Age in Yrs.	Date D'th May
AIKMAN, Mildred, 555 Putnam Av..	6	13
AINSWORTH, Gladys L., 1,475 Bushwick Av..........	1	12
BALLERAND, Andrea, Long Dock, Erie Basin..........	1	13
BARRY, Mary, 477 Henry St........	1	14
BEHRINGER, Herman, 97 Vermont.	1	13
BIVONA, Frank, 151 Ten Eyck St..	3	13
BOYER, Rose, St. Peter's Hospital..	31	14
BRANDAN, Matilda, 52 N. 1st St...	66	12
BROOKS, Harry, L. I. C. Hospital..	63	13
BRUNNER, August, L. I. C. Hosp..	1	12
BYRNE, Mary, 1,025 Manhattan Av.	1	12
CARTY, Mary M., 602 Park Av.....	1	11
COHEN, Morris, Varet and Bushwick Av..........	4	13
COLLINS, Margaret, 48 Amity St....	52	14
COUSINS, Everett P., 119 Rapelyea	21	12
CROPSEY, Louise M., 84th St. and New Utrecht Av..........	73	13
CURTIN, Elizabeth, 96 Greenpoint Av	1	13
DAVIS, Baby, 6 Sheffield Av.......	1	13
DONNELLY, Margaret, 135 Ryerson	17	12
DONOVAN, Dennis, 420 Baltic St....	57	12
DURKIN, John, E. D. Hospital......	48	12
FASTENHAUS, Minnie, Kingston Av. Hospital..........	2	13
FIRTH, Sarah L., 120 N. Elliott Pl.	29	13
FOWLER, James W., 299 De Kalb Av	1	13
GILLESPIE, Baby, 1,069 Lafayette Av	1	13
HABER, Sarah, 331½ Leonard St....	1	14
HANRAHAN, Mamie, 66 State St....	1	13
HESS, Philip, 338 56th St.........	47	13
HYDE, Mary S., 156 Huron St......	53	13
KEARNS, Elizabeth, Douglass St. and 5th Av..........	8	13
KENNEL, Ernest, C. I. R. R.......	67	12
KERNER, Jacob, 1,444 Gates Av.....	1	12
LYNCH, Bernard, St. Peter's Hosp..	38	11
MANWARING, Thomas R., 1,348 Atlantic Av..........	73	13
MARCHESANI, V., L. I. C. Hosp.....	32	13
MILLER, Otto W., 144 Jefferson St..	3	13
MINNER, Carl, Kings Co. Hosp.....	47	13
MOELLER, Elsie J., 424 Cleveland St.	12	13
MURRAY, Joseph, 300 7th St.......	70	13
McBRIDE, Florence, 714 57th St....	1	13
McDERMOTT, C. A., 111 Rapelyea St.	40	13
McKENNA, William, 955 Grand St..	2	12
NAGEL, Caroline, 180 Ten Eyck St...	76	13
NELSON, George W., 1,370 54th St..	46	14
NEWMAN, Margaret G., 553 5th Av..	25	13
NICHOLS, L. S., 87 New Jersey Av..	3	14
PENDER, Beatrice, 22 N. Oxford St..	1	14
PETRUZZO, Jennie, 178 Union Av...	1	12
POWER, John E., 577 Bainbridge St.	64	13
REINOVITZ, F., 46 Rockaway Av....	60	13
REITZ, Conrad A., 222 Stanhope St.	1	13
RODER, Martin, 94 Sumpter St......	56	11
RUSSELL, Frank W., Henderson's Walk, Coney Island..........	38	13
RYAN, Joseph, 73 Glenmore Av.....	1	12
SCHNAARS, Annie, 580 Sterling Pl..	25	12
SCHNIDER, Benjamin, K. Co. Hosp.	1	14
SCHNIDER, Dora, K. Co. Hospital..	1	14
SHEA, John, 370 Miller Av........	53	12
SPOSITO, Maria G., 21 Navy St.....	16	14
STRYKER, Mary, 62 St. Mark's Av..	73	13
SWEENEY, Thomas J., 334 Park Av..	1	13
VIEHMAN, Edward, 405 Smith St...	21	14
VIVIS, Victor, 196 Bedford Av.....	61	12
VOLKENS, Josephine, 195 Covert St.	21	12
WATERBURY, Edward F., 1,370 Bushwick Av..........	5	13
WILLIAMS, John, 323 40th St......	54	14
WILLKORNN, William E., Humecrest Av. and Neck Road..........	30	13
WILSON, Sarah L., 553 Madison St..	65	13
WRIGHT, Thomas H., 376 Decatur St	62	11
WUNSCH, Clara, 423 5th Av........	29	12
YUSKO, Michael, 306 Kent Av......	14	14

Special Notices.

Caswell, Massey & Co.'s
NO. 6 COLOGNE.
The Standard American Cologne. All dealers.

By Using Platt's Chlorides Freely, much sickness and trouble may be prevented.

Amusements.

CASINO TO-NIGHT THE RUNAWAYS
"The Beauty Show of Broadway."
"THE RUNAWAYS IS A SUCCESS." —HERALD.

PRINCESS, B'way & 29th St. Mats. Thursday & Sat.
"Kept the audience laughing all eve."—Herald.
Evans & Hopper | THERE & BACK.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Henry W. Savage Presents GEORGE ADE'S Hit
SULTAN OF SULU
Music by Alfred G. Wathall.

BROADWAY THEATRE, 41st St. & B'way. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
Special Prices Wed. Mats. 50c. to 1.50.
Henry W. Savage's New Musical Comedy Success
PRINCE OF PILSEN

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way and 44th St. Last 2 Eves. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15.
CHARLES HAWTREY A MESSAGE FROM MARS.

GARRICK THEATRE, 35th St., Near B'way. Last 2 Eves. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15.
SKIPPER & CO., WALL STREET.
May 21—Henry E. Dixey in Facing the Music.

NEW SAVOY THEA. 34th St. & Broadway. Evgs. 8:15. Matinee Wed. & Saturday, 2:15.
EZRA KENDALL, THE VINEGAR BUYER.

GARDEN THEATRE 27th St. & Madison Ave. Last 2 Evgs. 8:30. Last Mat. Sat. 2:30.
Everyman

MADISON SQ. THEATRE. 24th St. nr. B'y. Evgs. 8:30. Matinees Thurs. and Saturday.
Geo. Broadhurst's Greatest Comedy A FOOL and his MONEY

HERALD SQ. Ev. 8:10. Mats. Wed. & Sat. LAST 2 WEEKS.
GRACE GEORGE in Pretty Peggy

KNICKERBOCKER THEA. B'way & 38th. Last 2 Nights. Last Mat. Sat. at 2.
Klaw & Erlanger's Colossal Production of
MR. BLUE BEARD Last Week.
Monday, May 25. (Theatre Closed week May 18.)
Liebler & Co.'s All-Star Production of
Romeo and Juliet. Orders now being filled.

PROCTOR'S COMEDY & VAUD. SHOWS. 25c. 50c. Every Aft. & Ev. Res. 75c. Ev. Sts. $1
23rd St. Big All-Star Vaudeville. | 5th Av. Who is Brown? Vaudeville.
58th St. Nellie McHenry in M'LISS. | 125th St. Face in the Moonlight. Big Vaude.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC 14th St. & Irving Pl.
FRANK DANIELS COMIC OPERA COMPANY
in MISS SIMPLICITY.
Prices 25, 50, 75, 1.00. Mats. Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15.

Manhattan Broadway & 33d St. Ev. 8:20. Mat. Wed. & Sat.
THE EARL OF PAWTUCKET

MAJESTIC GRAND CIRCLE, B'way & 59th St. Ev. 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2.
WIZARD OF OZ BEST SEATS Wed. Mat., $1.00.
with Montgomery & Stone. Ev. & Sat. Mat. $1.50.

DALY'S BROADWAY AND 30TH ST. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
CECIL SPOONER in
MY LADY PEGGY GOES TO TOWN.

CIRCLE 60th & B'way. 2:15 & 8:15
KONORAH, 3 MORTONS,
Jessie Couthoul, 5 De Lucas, All Star Acts.

THE DEWEY E. 14th St. MATINEE TO-DAY
HARRY MORRIS A Night on Broadway
Sunday Ngt. Grand Concert, 25c. 50c.

14th Street Theatre. Near 6th Av. Mats. Wed. and Sat.
THE 4 COHANS 3D WEEK—Their BEST Play, RUNNING FOR OFFICE.

BIJOU B'way 30th St. Evg. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. 2:15.
LAST 3 TIMES MARIE CAHILL in NANCY BROWN.

VICTORIA, 42 St. B'way & 7th Av. Sat. Mat. DAVID BELASCO Presents
WARFIELD in "The Auctioneer."

BELASCO THEATRE Matinee Saturday. Last 2 Weeks.
DAVID BELASCO presents BLANCHE BATES in THE DARLING OF THE GODS.

AMERICAN | RESURRECTION.
2d Crowded Week. Nx. Wk.—A Mother's Love

STAR Lex. Av. & 107th St. Matinee Sat.
A DESPERATE CHANCE.
Nx. Wk.—Little Church Around the Corner

KEITH'S B'way and 14 St. BEST SHOW IN TOWN. 30—GREAT ACTS—30 PRICES 25c. and 50c.

Harlem Op. House. Last Week. Joseph Jefferson To-night, "Cricket on the Hearth," and "Lend Me 5 Shillings."

EDEN MUSEE. WORLD IN WAX. New Groups CINEMATOGRAPH. May Day Celebration, Mysterious, etc.

GRAND | ALICE FISCHER In "MRS. JACK."
Nxt Wek—Henry Miller—"The Taming of Helen"

MURRAY HILL THEA. Lex. Av. & 42d St. MATINEE EVERY DAY 25c. "She Stoops to Conquer."

H&S Hurtig & Seamon's, W. 125th. Girard & Gardner, Florence Bindley, Crawford & Manning. Mat. To-day.

WEST END | MR. LOUIS MANN. "All on Account of Eliza."

The Turf.

MORRIS PARK RACES
EVERY WEEK DAY.
MUSIC BY LANDER.
Take 2d Av. "L" to Willis Av., thence by Special Trains direct to Morris Park.
Or, via Fordham, N. Y., N. H. & H. trains leave Grand Central Station at 12:06, 1:35, 2:35 P. M. N. Y. C. & H. R. R., from Grand Central Station, at 12:35 P. M. Third Avenue Elevated trains every six minutes. Carriages may be hired at Fordham Station to the track.
FIRST RACE, 2:30 P. M. FIELD, 50 CENTS.

Lacrosse at Celtic Park.

A good deal of interest in the game of lacrosse having been revived, the officials of the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association have arranged a game to be played between their Irish club's team and adepts from the College of the City of New York. The contest will take place at Celtic Park, Long Island City, in connection with the diamond meet of track and field athletes on Decoration Day. Diamond prizes will be awarded to the winners of the field and track contests, and the Games Committee believes that the entries will outnumber any previous list of athletes at any American meeting.

Brighton A. C.-Everett College Game.

The Brighton A. C. baseball team, champions of Brooklyn, will play Everett College, who have shown splendid work, defeating such crack teams as the West New Yorks and "Kid" Carsey's Metropolitans, on Sunday at Brighton Park, Linwood Street station, Kings County elevated, Brooklyn. Shults of the Springfields will pitch for the college boys.

Tennis Reviewed in Handbook Annual.

Followers of lawn tennis will find a valuable handbook of reference in the Spalding's Lawn Tennis Annual for 1903, recently issued. It contains a critical review of the play of last season, and especial mention of the international matches between the English and American teams. The official rules and ranking of the foremost players are given, together with details of the most important matches. These include Whitman vs. Pim, R. F. Doherty vs. Larned, Larned vs. Pim, Whitman vs. R. F. Doherty, Doherty Brothers vs. Ward and Davis; summary. Previous international championship records; international regulations for the Davis trophy; changes suggested by the English L. T. A. National championship tournaments; record of American champions; sectional championships; State championship tournaments; invitation and open tournaments; intercollegiate and interscholastic championships; intercollegiate and interscholastic championship records; English, Irish, French, and Canadian championship records; British championship records; schedule of fixtures for 1903. The illustrations are a noticeable feature of the publication and comprise portraits of all the prominent tennis players and scenes at notable tournaments.

FARREL WON TWO RACES

Blues and Minotaur Were First for Big Stable Commissions.

Mimosa Captured a Morris Park Purse for W. C. Whitney After Throwing Rider and Running Away.

It was only by a hair's breadth that the favorites failed to make a record for the season at the Morris Park race track yesterday, for actual post choices were first in the first five races on the programme and the winner of the sixth event at one time in the betting was quoted as the favorite. With results of that character betting racegoers found the task of picking winners so easy that a delighted crowd left the track for the homeward journey, while the layers of odds tried to find consolation in reflections of what ought to have happened.

A fair instance of the good fortune that favored the betting public occurred in the second event, when W. C. Whitney's filly Mimosa was backed with blind confidence on reports of fast trials, and, going to the post favorite, threw her rider, Gannon, and ran away half way down the Eclipse course. Chance, however, ruled that she made the twist into the Withers course without injury, and, though she shook off one man who tried to catch her, she finally was recaptured, led back to the post, and remounted, after which she got away well and romped home a winner while her backers were frantically looking around for the chance to save their bets by hedging.

The politicians shared in the good fortune that came to the general public, for among the winning favorites there were two horses from the stable of Frank Farrell, both of which carried bets innumerable for men of both National parties. Of the Farrell winners, Minotaur was at the best price, he starting a slight favorite over Castalian in the race for the Van Nest Selling Stakes at six and a half furlongs. From start to finish Minotaur was in front, and lasted just long enough to get in first by a head, while Ingold, who was closing fast at the finish, had to make up a lot of ground lost at the send-off.

In the fourth race, Blues, the pride of the Farrell establishment, got in with light weight under the conditions, and, though Blues has long been notorious as a singularly uncertain racehorse, he seemed to have so much the best of the weight that his stable backed him heavily at post time. It happened to be one of Blues's good days, and, off in front, he ran a phenomenally fast seven furlongs, finishing three-quarters in 1:12 and the seven furlongs in time that was only a half second slower than the track record, though Blues was pulled up through the last furlong and finished in a canter. Mayor Julius Fleischmann of Cincinnati captured the opening event with St. Daniel, who won in easy style. The weather was clear and pleasant and the attendance excellent. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—Highweight handicap for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs over the Eclipse course.
Julius Fleischmann's St. Daniel, b. c., 3 years, by St. Andrew—Daniella, 120 pounds, (J. Martin,) 13 to 5 and even....1
J. B. Haggin's St. Jude, b. g., 3, 126, (T. Burns,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5....2
H. B. Durham's General Prig, ch. c., 3, 128, (Mathews,) 20 to 1 and 8 to 1....3
Time—1:12½. Won handily by a length and a half, a neck between second and third. Wealth, Eberta, Sparkle Esher, Miladi Love, and Turnpike also ran. Value to the winner, $800. Winner trained by Thomas Welsh.

SECOND RACE.—For two-year-olds, non-winners of more than three races; special weights, with allowances; last four and a half furlongs of the Eclipse course.
W. C. Whitney's Mimosa, br. or blk. f., by Hamburg—Castolia, 102 pounds, (Gannon,) 7 to 2 and 7 to 5....1
J. E. Madden's Aristocracy, ch. c., 108, (Wonderly,) 15 to 1 and 6 to 1....2
Thomas Hitchcock, Jr.'s Jocund, ch. c., 105, (T. Burns,) 10 to 1 and 4 to 1....3
Time—0:54. Won easily by three lengths, a length between second and third. Rowena, Golden Mineral, Tim Sullivan, Agnes Brennan, Yellow Hammer, Cal Kearney, and Montpelier also ran. Value to the winner, $800. Winner trained by J. W. Rogers.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; non-winners of more than three races in 1903; special weights, with allowances; last seven furlongs of the Withers mile.
Frank Farrell's Blues, b. h., 6 years, by Sir Dixon—Bonnie Blue II., 114 pounds, (Hoar,) 11 to 10 and 1 to 3....1
Alex Shields's Young Henry, b. c., 3, 111, (Odom,) 8 to 1 and 3 to 1....2
Green B. Morris's Homestead, b. c., 4, 108, (Bullman,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1....3
Time—1:26½. Won in a canter by five lengths; a length between second and third. Elsie L., Dr. Saylor, and Clarion also ran. Value to the winner, $810. Winner trained by F. Weir.

FOURTH RACE.—The Van Nest Stakes, for three-year-olds; selling allowances; scale from $3,500 down to $1,500; last six and one-half furlongs of the Withers mile.
Frank Farrell's Minotaur, b. c., by Eon—Mermaid, 98 pounds, (Fuller,) 7 to 5 and 7 to 5....1
A. Featherstone's Ingold, b. g., by Ingoldsby—Radiance, 103, (H. Cochran,) 5 to 1 and 2 to 1....2
Green B. Morris's Durazzo, ch. c., by Arkle—Kitty B. II., 93, (Connell,) 4 to 1 and 8 to 5....3
Time—1:21. Won cleverly by a short neck; four lengths between second and third. Castalian, Orloff, Foxy Kane, Examiner, Forward, Blue and Orange, Red Knight, and Lass O'Linden also ran. Value to the winner, $1,705. Winner trained by F. Weir.

FIFTH RACE.—For four-year-olds and upward, non-winners of $1,250 or of more than five races in 1902, special weights, with penalties; one mile on the Withers course.
Newton Bennington's Royal, ch. h., 5 years, by Candlemas—Royal Falcon, 109 pounds, (O'Neil,) 4 to 5 and out....1
The Boston Stable's New York, b. c., 4, 111, (Odom,) 7 to 2 and even....2
Thomas Shields's Extinguisher, br. c., 4, 106, (J. Martin,) 6 to 1 and 8 to 5....3
Time—1:39¾. Won ridden out by a head, a length and a half between second and third. Surmise and Luke Ward also ran. Value to the winner, $770. Winner trained by F. Burlew.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth over the hill.
Alexander Shields's Hunter Raine, b. c., 4 years, by Longstreet—Chartreuse, 100 pounds, (J. Martin,) 2 to 1 and 1 to 3....1
P. Lorillard's Numeral, ch. c., 4, 104, (O'Neil,) 9 to 5 and 1 to 3....2
G. E. Smith's Grand Opera, blk. c., 4, 117, (Bullman,) 9 to 5 and 1 to 3....3
Time—1:46¾. Won ridden out by a head, a half length between second and third. Only three horses ran. Value to the winner, $960. Winner trained by owner.

Entries for Morris Park Races.

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, special weights, penalties, and allowances; last six and a half furlongs of the Withers mile. Gay Boy, 124 pounds; Stevedore, 118; Saccharometer, 111; Flying Jib, Yard Arm, Colonsay, Chicle, and Sun Gold, 106 each; Stroller, 103, and Royal Pirate, Reckless, and Semper Vicum, 101 each.

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, non-winners of $1,500 in 1902 or 1903, selling allowances, scale from $2,500 down to $1,000; last seven furlongs of the Withers mile. Ivernia and Carroll D., 107 pounds each; Rough Rider, 106; Dr. Riddle, and Knight of the Garter, 103 each; Tommy Foster, Miss Buttermilk, and Merry Maker, 102 each; Scoffer, 100; Nevermore, 99; Dark Planet, 98; Kickshaw, 97; Tioga and Pittacus, 96 each; Showman, 91, and Rasance, 88.

THIRD RACE.—The New Rochelle Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; last seven and a half furlongs of the Withers mile. Col. Bill, 124 pounds; Lux Casta, 122; Royal, 119; Highlander, 116; Bon Mot, 108; Yard Arm, 106; Waswift, 104; Huntressa and Wild Thyme, 102 each; Sir Faust, 90, and Knight of Harlem, 87.

FOURTH RACE.—For maidens, fillies and geldings, two years old; special weights; last four and a half furlongs of the Eclipse course. Alpine, Miss Shylock, Emergency, Pequette, Gold Ribbon, Destiny, Vagary, Mountain Valley, Dove Cote, Amelia Richardson, Hopeful Miss, Lida Lieb, Golden Drop, and Briarthorpe, 100 pounds each.

FIFTH RACE.—For maidens, colts two years old; special weights; last five furlongs of the Eclipse course. Olof, Ballycastle, Fortune Hunter, Jim Kelly, Lasheron, Luxembourg, Goldbreaker, and Inflexible, 106 pounds each.

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for three-year-olds and upward; six furlongs over the Eclipse course. Gay Boy, 126 pounds; Saccharometer and Reliable, 122 each; Judith Campbell, 120; St. Jude, 116; Invincible, 114; Stroller, 110; General Prig, 105; Tommy Foster, 103, and Ondurdis, 95.

Good Morning Out of Suburban.

Good Morning II., stable companion of Hermis, top weight in the big Spring handicaps and the Winter favorite for both Brooklyn and Suburban, has been declared out of the race for the Suburban by his owner, Louis V. Bell. Good Morning, a five-year-old, by Gallinule—Bonnie Morn, was handicapped at 115 pounds for the Suburban on the strength of his form in England, but was one of the outsiders in the future betting on the Suburban, the last odds quoted against him having been 100 to 1.

Mexican Ruptured a Blood Vessel.

The three-year-old race horse Mexican, owned by R. T. Wilson, Jr., and rated as the favorite for the Withers Stakes, to be run at the Morris Park track to-morrow, received his final trial for that race at the Morris Park course yesterday morning, and after galloping a mile, finished pulled up through the last furlong in 1:45, and was found to have ruptured a blood vessel of the head. He bled only slightly, but the mishap was sufficient to make it a matter of grave doubt as to whether or not he will be started for the Withers. Mexican was one of the high-priced colts of last season, and was a stake winner under the colors of C. H. Mackay. When Mr. Mackay retired from racing, after the death of his father, Mexican was bought by his present owner, and was to have been ridden in the Withers by Jockey P. McCue, who was brought on to New York from Butte, Mon.

YESTERDAY'S BASEBALL GAMES

Both New York Teams Lost—Honors Were Evenly Distributed.

Honors were evenly distributed between the Eastern and Western baseball teams yesterday in the two big leagues. New York's National League team still holds its place at the head of the list, but McGraw's men cannot afford to lose many more games like yesterday's, in which they were shut out by the Cincinnati players. The last game of the series between these teams will be played this afternoon, and the local nine will have a chance of an even break. The Brooklyns won a close game from the Chicagos, and they, too, will meet again this afternoon. Pittsburg's champions revenged their Wednesday's defeat by winning handily from Philadelphia's team, and it took eleven innings to decide the game between the Boston and St. Louis nines, the verdict being in favor of the former by the score of 4 to 3.

In the American League contest the Chicago and Detroit clubs were the only Western winners, Washington and Boston furnishing the lucky Eastern teams. Griffith's New Yorkers seem to be unable to cope successfully with their Western opponents, as they again were defeated at Detroit, where they lost three out of four games. They will open in Cleveland this afternoon, and Manager Griffith says that they will more than redeem themselves there, but they will have to win four straight in order to do so. The Philadelphia champions were swamped in Chicago, but Washington beat St. Louis, and Boston outplayed Cleveland. These results placed Detroit in the first division, while St. Louis dropped back from third place and now leads the second division, a few points ahead of New York.

Following are the scores of the games in the National and American Leagues, respectively:

Cincinnati, 8; New York, 0.
Brooklyn, 4; Chicago, 3.
Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Pittsburg, 5; Philadelphia, 1.

Detroit, 9; New York, 5.
Washington, 4; St. Louis, 3.
Chicago, 9; Philadelphia, 3.
Boston, 10; Cleveland, 4.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Cincinnati Played Faultlessly and Shut Out New York Team.

Manager McGraw and the New York baseball team were not only defeated by the Cincinnatis at the Polo Grounds yesterday, but they experienced their first shut-out of the season through the very clever work of Pitcher Hahn. The latter had the assistance of errorless fielding by his team mates, and only four scattered hits were made off his puzzling left-hand delivery. Cronin, who pitched eight innings, was hit to good advantage by the visitors, who batted him safely nine times and scored three runs.

On two occasions the local men had a chance to bring in a run, but the looked for hit was not forthcoming either time. In the third inning, with one man out and two men on bases, Browne struck out and Bresnahan was put out at first. In the sixth inning Bresnahan reached second with a hit and a clever steal after Browne had struck out, but McGann sent up an easy fly to Magoon, and Mertes drove a liner to Kelley, which the latter caught very neatly.

Kelley opened the game with a safe hit to centre and scored on Donlin's long hit over Mertes's head. Beckley followed with a good drive for a base to right field and brought Donlin home. The other run for the winners was marked up in the eighth inning. Seymour made his third hit in the game, and got around on Donlin's sacrifice and Beckley's hard liner past Lauder. The teams will finish their series this afternoon at the Polo Grounds. The score:

CINCINNATI.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Kelley, lf.	1	1	1	0	0	Browne, rf.	0	0	1	0	0
Seymour, cf.	1	3	1	0	0	Bresna'n, cf.	0	1	2	0	0
Donlin, rf.	1	1	1	0	0	McGann, 1b.	0	0	9	0	0
Beckley, 1b.	0	2	14	1	0	Mertes, lf.	0	0	1	1	0
Steinfe't, 3b.	0	0	0	1	0	Dunn, ss.	0	1	3	4	1
Corcoran, ss.	0	1	2	3	0	Lauder, 3b.	0	0	1	2	0
Magoon, 2b.	0	1	3	3	0	Gilbert, 2b.	0	0	3	3	0
Bergen, c.	0	0	5	2	0	Warner, c.	0	1	5	0	0
Hahn, p.	0	0	1	2	0	Cronin, p.	0	0	0	0	1
						*Van Hal'n	0	0	0	0	0
						Miller, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Total	3	9	27	12	0	Total	0	4	27	11	2

*Batted for Cronin in the eighth inning.

Cincinnati	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—3
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Earned runs—Cincinnati, 2. Two-base hit—Donlin. Sacrifice hits—Donlin, Cronin. First base on balls—Off Cronin, 1; off Hahn, 2. First base on errors—Cincinnati, 2. Struck out—By Cronin, 2; by Miller, 1; by Hahn, 4. Stolen bases—Bresnahan, Seymour. Double play—Dunn and McGann. Left on bases—Cincinnati, 6; New York, 5. Time of game—1:25. Umpire—Mr. O'Day.

BROOKLYN, 4; CHICAGO, 3.

At Washington Park, Brooklyn, yesterday, Hanlon's baseball team redeemed themselves in part for their two previous defeats by winning from the Chicago players by the close score of 4 to 3. Jones and Weimer were the pitchers, and their work was pretty well balanced, although neither received very good support in the field. Capt. Doyle of the local team and Chance, who plays first base for Chicago, caused the only sensation in the game by objecting to the decision of Umpire Emslie in the seventh inning, and both were ordered out of the game by that official. At the beginning of the seventh inning the score stood 2 to 1 in favor of the local men, and Chance got a base on balls. D. Jones bunted to O. Jones, and the latter failed to head off Chance, who reached second safely. Tinker, the next man up, also bunted to the pitcher, but Chance again beat out the throw to third base. When Emslie called the runner safe, Doyle made a strenuous objection, and he was put out of the game, Ahearn taking his place at first base. Casey sent a grounder to Flood, and the latter threw the ball to the plate. Emslie called Chance out, and then there was another squabble, which resulted in Chance's being ordered out of the contest also. With the bases filled a second time, the visitors failed to score, as Evans and Kling were dismissed on foul flies by Ritter, and a chance to score was allowed to go by. The home team then made two tallies in the latter half of the inning, and these proved to be sufficient to win the game, as the Chicago players only succeeded in scoring one run in the eighth and another in the ninth inning. The score:

BROOKLYN.	R	1B	PO	A	E	CHICAGO.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Strang, 3b.	0	1	2	1	0	Harley, rf.	1	0	1	0	0
McCreedie, rf.	1	0	0	0	1	Slagle, lf.	0	1	2	0	0
Sheckard, lf.	2	2	3	0	0	Chance, 1b.	0	0	9	0	1
Doyle, 1b.	0	0	9	0	0	Lowe, 1b.	0	0	2	0	0
Hearn, 1b.	0	1	1	0	0	D. Jones, cf.	0	1	0	0	0
Dahlen, ss.	0	1	0	4	0	Tinker, ss.	1	1	1	10	0
Ritter, c.	0	1	7	2	0	Casey, 3b.	0	2	5	1	0
Flood, 2b.	0	2	3	6	1	Evers, 2b.	0	0	1	0	1
Thielman, cf.	1	0	1	0	1	Kling, c.	1	1	4	1	0
O. Jones, p.	0	1	1	1	0	Weimer, p.	0	1	1	0	1
Total	4	9	27	14	3	Total	3	7	24	12	3

Brooklyn	1	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—	—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	—3

Earned runs—Brooklyn, 2. Two-base hits—Hearn, Dahlen. Sacrifice hit—O. Jones. First base on balls—Off Jones, 4; off Weimer, 1. First base on errors—Brooklyn, 2; Chicago, 2. Struck out—By Jones, 3; by Weimer, 4. Stolen bases—Tinker, McCreedie, Flood, Kling. Double plays—Dahlen, Flood, and Doyle; Tinker and Lowe. Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Chicago, 7. Wild pitch—Jones, 1. Hit by pitched ball—By Jones, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty-one minutes. Umpire—Mr. Emslie.

BOSTON, 3; ST. LOUIS, 2.

BOSTON, May 14.—Boston took to-day's game from St. Louis when it seemed lost. With two out in the ninth, Stanley hit to left for two bases. This, followed by two passes, Dexter's single, and Brain's error gave Boston two runs and tied the score. In the eleventh inning singles by Stanley, Dexter, and Tenney scored the winning run. The batting of Stanley was the feature of the game. Score by innings:

												R.	H.	E.
Boston	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	—3	8	2
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—2	5	4

Batteries—Pittinger, Willis, Moran, and Kittredge; J. O'Neil and M. O'Neil. Umpire—Mr. Moran.

PITTSBURG, 5; PHILADELPHIA, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—McFetridge to-day pitched his first home game with a big league. He was fairly effective. His admirers presented him with a pair of diamond link buttons. Phillippi was the stumbling block of the locals. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Pittsburg	0	0	0	1	1	0	2	0	1	—5	9	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	—1	6	3

Batteries—Phillippi and Phelps; McFetridge and Doola.

National League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	15	6	.714	Cincinnati	12	12	.500
Chicago	16	9	.640	Brooklyn	11	12	.478
Pittsburg	16	10	.615	St. Louis	7	18	.280
Boston	11	10	.524	Philadelphia	6	17	.261

Games Scheduled for To-day.

Cincinnati in New York.
Chicago in Brooklyn.
St. Louis in Boston.
Pittsburg in Philadelphia.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York Beaten Again by the Detroit Team—Many Errors Made.

Special to The New York Times.

DETROIT, Mich., May 14.—New York's new baseball team lost the final game of the series with the local nine here to-day by the score of 9 to 5. The fielding on both sides was very loose, and the local men were worse in this respect than the visitors. Wolfe, who pitched for New York, was hit hard, five runs being made off him in the first and third innings. Manager Griffith substituted Howell in the fourth inning, but he also was found rather easily by the home team, who made two runs right off, and scored a like number in the eighth.

There were several brilliant plays by both teams, but Beville's work behind the bat was particularly good. His quick throw to third, by which he caught Elberfeld napping at a critical stage of the game, was greeted with generous applause from the spectators. Keeler also distinguished himself with a fine running catch, while the batting honors easily belonged to Crawford. The visitors made a brave rally in the final inning, scoring two runs, with only one man out, but although they had the bases filled, they could not get another man home. The score:

DETROIT.	R	1B	PO	A	E	NEW YORK.	R	1B	PO	A	E
Barrett, cf.	2	1	2	0	0	Davis, lf.	1	0	0	0	0
Smith, 3b.	0	0	0	1	1	Keeler, rf.	2	2	2	0	0
Gessler, rf.	1	2	1	0	1	McFar'd, cf.	1	1	1	0	1
Crawford, lf.	2	3	1	0	0	Conroy, 3b.	1	1	1	0	1
Elberfeld, ss.	1	2	2	6	0	Ganzel, 1b.	0	2	9	3	0
Carr, 1b.	1	2	7	0	2	Court'y, 2b.	0	2	4	3	0
Lush, rf.	1	1	5	0	1	Long, ss.	0	1	2	1	1
Yeager, 2b.	0	1	2	3	1	Beville, c.	0	0	4	3	0
McAllister, c.	0	1	6	4	0	Wolfe, p.	0	0	0	1	0
Mullin, p.	0	0	1	2	0	Howell, p.	0	0	0	5	0
Total	9	12	27	15	6	Total	5	9	24	16	3

New York	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	2	—5
Detroit	3	0	2	2	0	0	0	2	0	—9

Earned runs—New York, 4; Detroit, 2. Base hits—Off Wolfe, 6; off Howell, 6. Two-base hit—Ganzel. Sacrifice hits—Smith and McFarland. Stolen bases—Carr and Keeler. Bases on balls—By Mullin, 5; by Wolfe, 3; by Howell, 3. Hit by pitcher—Mullin. First base on errors—Detroit, 1; New York, 4. Left on bases—Detroit, 6; New York, 10. Struck out—By Mullin, 3; by Howell, 1. Double plays—Elberfeld to Lush; Elberfeld to Carr. Passed ball—Beville. Time of game—Two hours and seven minutes. Umpire—Mr. O'Loughlin.

WASHINGTON, 4; ST. LOUIS, 3.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—By taking the game to-day, Washington made it an even break for the series. Patten was effective in every inning except the eighth, when he was hit hard. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3	7	3
Washington	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	—4	10	0

Batteries—Reidy and Kahoe; Patten and Clarke.

CHICAGO, 9; PHILADELPHIA, 3.

CHICAGO, May 14.—White proved an enigma to the champions to-day until the game was safe, but was touched up for three runs in the ninth. Both Waddell and Quinn were batted freely, each of the locals scoring and all excepting McFarland hitting safely. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Chicago	0	3	1	3	1	0	0	1	x	—9	12	2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	—3	8	4

Batteries—White and McFarland; Quinn, Waddell, and Powers.

BOSTON, 10; CLEVELAND, 4.

CLEVELAND, May 14.—Boston won out in the fifth inning, when, with two out, errors by Gochnaur and Hickman gave them five runs. Moore struck out eight men in the first four innings, but weakened when his support became bad. Dineen took Gibson's place in the eighth and stopped Cleveland's batting rally. Stahl's batting was a feature. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	0	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	—4	8	5
Boston	0	0	0	0	5	0	0	4	1	—10	15	1

Batteries—Moore and Abbott; Dineen, Gibson, and Criger.

American League Standing.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	13	7	.650	St. Louis	8	9	.471
Philadelphia	13	9	.591	New York	9	11	.450
Boston	11	10	.524	Cleveland	7	10	.412
Detroit	10	10	.500	Washington	7	12	.368

Games Scheduled for To-day.

New York in Cleveland.
Boston in Detroit.
Philadelphia in St. Louis.
Washington in Chicago.

MANHATTAN, 12; WESLEYAN, 3.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 14.—Manhattan defeated Wesleyan's baseball team here to-day rather easily. Minihan allowed his opponents but four hits, two of which resulted in home runs through the slowness of Manhattan outfielders. The visitors bunched three home runs in the ninth. Score by innings:

										R.	H.	E.
Manhattan	0	2	0	0	0	1	1	4	4	—12	17	2
Wesleyan	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	—3	4	4

Batteries—Minihan and Duff; Chapman and Hanlon.

Eastern League Games.

AT BALTIMORE.

										R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	2	7
Jersey City	3	0	2	0	0	0	0	5	—	—12	8	3

Batteries—Mills, Gettig, and Fuller; Pfanmiller and McManus. Umpire—Mr. Latham.

AT ROCHESTER.

										R.	H.	E.
Rochester	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—	—2	10	5
Newark	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—1	4	0

Batteries—Becker and Lilly; Pardee and Shea. Umpire—Mr. Brown.

AT TORONTO.

										R.	H.	E.
Toronto	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	8	1
Worcester	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	2	0	—6	10	1

Batteries—Kissinger and Toft; Wisham and Steelman. Umpire—Mr. Kelly.

AT BUFFALO.

										R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	3	0	1	2	6	0	0	0	—	—12	14	3
Providence	0	0	1	0	4	1	0	0	0	—6	12	0

Batteries—Ferry, Hooker, and Shaw; Clements and Diggins. Umpire—Mr. Shannon.

New York State League Games.

At Schenectady—Schenectady, 6; Utica, 5.
At Albany—Syracuse, 3; Albany, 0.
At Gloversville—Ilion, 1; A. J. & G., 0.
At Troy—Binghamton, 10; Troy, 8.

American Association Games.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 4; Kansas City, 3.
At St. Paul—Minneapolis, 3; St. Paul, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 4; Columbus, 3.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; Toledo, 0.

Wesleyan Football Schedule.

MIDDLETOWN, Conn., May 14.—The complete schedule of the Wesleyan football team for the season of 1903 has been announced as follows:

Sept. 26, Columbia at New York; Oct. 3, Brown at Providence; Oct. 7, Yale at New Haven; Oct. 10, Holy Cross at Middletown; Oct. 14, Harvard at Cambridge; Oct. 17, Rensselaer Polytechnic at Middletown; Oct. 24, New York University at Middletown; Oct. 31, Dartmouth at Hanover; Nov. 7, Trinity at Middletown; Nov. 14, Williams at Middletown.

New Jersey Y. M. C. A. Athletic Meet.

The Young Men's Christian Association Athletic League of New Jersey will hold an athletic meeting on June 6 at the Young Men's Christian Association athletic field in Jersey City. The events will be as follows: 75-yard run, 220-yard run, 440-yard run, one-mile run, running high jump, running broad jump, and putting twelve-pound shot. Prizes will be given for first and second places, and a trophy to the association whose team scores the most points. Teams will be entered by the Jersey City, Newark, Summit, Paterson, Rahway, New Brunswick, Montclair, Orange, Plainfield, and Passaic Associations.

FORDHAM ATHLETIC MEET.

Juniors Win the Relay Race and O'Connor Gets the College Championship.

Fordham's annual field day brought out over 150 athletes at Fordham Field yesterday. Captain Fallon and O'Toole, who won the college championship last year, did not enter. The most exciting event was the relay race between the junior and sophomore classes, each class represented by four runners, who had to complete 220 yards each. The junior team, composed of O'Brien, Plunkett, Sibbell, and Rodier, won by four inches, Rodier defeating O'Connor, who won the college championship earlier in the day. In the afternoon the Prep. baseball team defeated the senior nine in their annual game by a score of 16 to 15, the game being decided in the final inning. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Senior.—Won by Sweeney; second, Fitch; third, O'Connor. Time—0:10 3-5.
100-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by Cassassa; second, Rodriguez; third, Johnson. Time—0:11 1-5.
60-Yard Dash, Junior.—Won by Galvin; second, Hoyt; third, Kreiser. Time—0:07 2-5.
220-Yard Dash.—Won by Johnson; second, Regnard; third, Fitch. Time—0:24 1-5.
440-Yard Dash.—Won by Cassassa; second, Hurley; third, Sweeney. Time—0:56.
880-Yard Dash.—Won by Grimley; second, Gargan; third, Meehan. Time—2:05.
60-Yard Dash, Special for Championship of the College.—Won by O'Connor; second, Fitch; third, Sweeney. Time—0:06 4-5.
Broad Jump.—Won by O'Brien, (1 foot,) 19 feet 9 inches; second, Rodriguez, (2 feet,) 19 feet; third, Dady, (scratch,) 18 feet 8 inches.
Shot Put.—Won by McGrane, (3½ feet,) 38½ feet; second, Essentor, (2 feet,) 37½ feet; third, O'Brien, (scratch,) 40 feet.
Special Relay Race, between Junior and Sophomore.—Won by Junior team, Plunkett, O'Brien, Rodier, and Sibbell.

YALE ATHLETES DISAPPOINTED.

International Meet This Year Would Have Settled the Tie Between the Rival Universities.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—An editorial reference to the failure of the negotiations for a track meet between American and English universities is made in The Yale Daily News this morning as follows:

"All Yale men have for some time been following with a great deal of interest the negotiations which have been carried on for the arrangement of a joint track meet between Yale and Harvard and Oxford and Cambridge, and the feeling in New Haven has strongly favored holding such a meet from the start. The announcement made yesterday that Harvard had refused to carry further the negotiations was thus met with general disappointment. Of the four international meets in which Yale and Harvard have been represented the score of victories is the same for the English and American universities. This year would have settled the tie, and great interest in the result would have been shown in the meet on this account. The teams would have been very evenly matched, and everything seemed to point to one of the best contests of the kind ever held. Because such joint meets have always promoted the best of feeling between Yale and Harvard, and because an exceptional meet was expected this year, the announcement that it all has been called off is received with a feeling of keen disappointment and regret."

SHAMROCKS DID NOT RACE.

Fife So Well Satisfied with New Boat That He Is Ready to Abandon Further Trials.

GOUROCK, Scotland, N. Y., May 14.—The weather did not clear until too late to send the two Shamrocks out. Sir Thomas Lipton, at the invitation of King Edward, went to Glasgow to-day to participate in the reception to the King and the Queen.

Weather permitting, the two Shamrocks may sail a special match to-morrow outside Bute Island. There is a possibility, however, of no further racing on this side. Designer Fife says he is so satisfied with the work already done by Shamrock III. that he is willing to postpone further trials until the yachts have been refitted in the United States.

YALE'S ATHLETES ON EDGE.

Keen for Meet with Harvard and the Intercollegiate Championship.

While the victory of Yale's track team over that of Princeton provided no surprise last Saturday, the results clearly indicate that the New Haven institution has the most formidable lot of athletes that have sported the blue in many years. The most notable performances in these games must be credited to Glass and MacLanahan, the former in the shot put and the latter in the pole vault. Glass looks like a winner in the shot event, while MacLanahan's 11 feet 5 inches in the pole vault shows that he is doing consistent work, and a like distance at the intercollegiate championships will come near winning. The dark horse for the broad jump came off on schedule, Fulton of Yale clearing 22 feet 5 inches, the best jump that has been made by a college man for over a year.

Harvard's class games last week brought out some very good performers. Haigh's win of the quarter mile in 0:49 2-5 practically gives him a place in this event at the intercollegiate championships, while Lightner, who was only two yards back, should also be placed again. This is a very strong pair, and Holland, the present champion, will have great difficulty in beating them. Tingley did 44 feet 7½ inches in the shot put, with both Schoenfuss and Robinson doing over 43 feet. Both Tingley and Schoenfuss are quite likely to do over 45 feet, so that Glass of Yale will have to be right up to form to win this event, and even then one of the Crimson giants may defeat him. John Graham is but very little behind Murphy as a trainer, and his men have a way of doing their very best at the championships.

Williams's beating out of Lightner in the 100-yard dash indicates that Harvard has another fast man here, for Lightner has been sprinting very well this Spring. Shick ran away with both the 100 and 220 yard dashes, and these events should be worth going a long way to see both in the dual sports and at the intercollegiate championships. Shick is known to be good for 0:09 4-5, while the way Moulton has been running indicates that he also can do this time. Inches will separate them at the finish, while Shick is sure to make Moulton run his hardest in the 220-yard dash, and they should come near to the present record. Judging from last week's results, there will be another battle royal at Berkeley Oval this month when these teams meet.

Runners for G. N. Y. Irish A. A. Games.

S. A. Mellor of the Mohawk Athletic Club, who won last year's Marathon race at Boston and finished second this year, has sent in his entry for the five-mile special run at the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association games at Celtic Park on Decoration Day, which was gotten up for the express purpose of giving all the runners whom Joyce, the ten-mile champion, beat so handily, an opportunity to get back at the champion. While the longer distance is Mellor's forte, still he can make good at the five-mile distance and can make any of the men hustle to keep up with him. With Carr, Soutar, Todd, and Maher as the other possible entries in the five-mile special invitation race, the contest promises to be one that will arouse the enthusiasm of the spectators to a higher pitch even than did the ten-mile championship at Madison Square Garden.

The world's record holder for the 16-pound hammer and 56-pound weight, John Flanagan, is at daily practice getting into trim for the handicap events which promise to test his strength and skill. Invitations have been sent to the athletic associations of the various grammar schools to enter teams for a special race. The entries close with James E. Sullivan, Chairman of the Athletic Committee, 16 Park Place.

Western Automobilist Coming.

Barney Oldfield, the daring automobile operator of Toledo, who is to race Charles G. Wridgway at the Empire City track on Decoration Day, has arranged to come to New York a week before the day for the match in order to have ample opportunity to try the seventy-horse power machine with which he has supplied so many new world track records.

Although he has done some remarkable work in the West, Oldfield has never appeared on an Eastern track, and there is much curiosity to see the man who managed to cover a mile in 1:01 1-5, and five miles in 5:28. The latter is an official record, but the former was not accepted, as no permit was taken out for the trial. When Oldfield defeated Winton and four others at Detroit last October he not only won a $800 challenge cup but also received a special prize from the track for breaking the record and the $250 cup offered by the concern whose tires he used. The first mile from standing start in that race was made in 1:07.

Automobilists who have been waiting for a chance to test the speed of their machines and the makers generally, who appreciate the value of racing in the presence of interested spectators, are expected to swell the entry list for the Decoration Day meet. Arrangements are being made at the track to gather all the machines that attend the meet as an outdoor automobile show. Entry blanks and full information of the seven events scheduled can be obtained from Alfred Reeves, Secretary, 5 West Sixty-sixth Street, New York.

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HARVARD'S CREW SHIFTED.

Some Notable Changes Made in Positions for 'Varsity Oarsmen.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—Harvard's 'Varsity boat was completely changed to-day, when the most radical and sweeping changes of the year were made. Capt. McGrew, who has been rowing at 6 all the season, to the surprise of every one, was taken from that position and put in at stroke, where he rowed in the Yale race last year. Dillingham, who has been filling this position for the past few days, and who had come to be regarded almost as a fixture there, was put in at stroke on the second boat, and McGrew's old seat at 6 was taken by Filley, a freshman, who is rowing splendidly.

Filley is the first freshman to fill a seat in a Harvard 'Varsity boat in years. Up to yesterday's change he was rowing at 2. That place was filled by Wolcott, the former candidate for stroke, who had previously been stroking the second boat. Another shift that was made yesterday was the substitution of George for Hartwell, who had been rowing 3 on the 'Varsity boat, and the relegation of the latter oarsman to bow on the second. The order of the 'Varsity after the changes became as follows: Stroke, McGrew; 7, Lawson; 6, Filley; 5, Duffy; 4, F. W. C. Foster; 3, George; 2, Wolcott; bow, Swain; coxswain, Chase. The order of the second boat now is: Stroke, Dillingham; 7, Haycock; 6, R. Foster; 5, Ayer; 4, Derby; 3, Ober; 2, Webster; bow, Hartwell; coxswain, Ivy.

ATHLETE CARR IN DOUBT.

Runner Undecided Between Two Races in Plan to Retrieve Prestige.

E. P. Carr, the noted distance runner of the Xavier Athletic Association, is undecided whether to start in the one or five mile run, both special invitation races, at the games of the Greater New York Irish Athletic Association, at Celtic Park, on Decoration Day. He has a score which he is anxious to settle in either race, and whichever one he feels he has the best chance to win he will enter. In the mile race, his main intention would be to beat Grady, the Pastime Athletic Club miler, who defeated him recently at the Sixty-ninth Regiment games, and in the five-mile he would endeavor to prove to his constituents that Joyce, the ten-mile champion, cannot take his measure at the shorter distance.

More interest is felt in these two races among the different athletic clubs than in any of the other events on the programme, because of the probable entry of Carr. Many partisans claim that Grady has been too long out of athletics to cope with Carr outdoors, despite his recent defeat of Carr. Others think that Carr will show best at the five-mile distance.

COLUMBIA-CORNELL BASEBALL.

The Columbia and Cornell 'Varsity baseball teams will meet this afternoon at American League Park, One Hundred and Sixty-seventh Street and Broadway, in their first contest of the season on the diamond. The game promises exceedingly well, and undergraduate enthusiasm has reached the point that 300 Columbia students who will attend the game in a body have engaged a band for the occasion. Play will be called at 3:45 o'clock. The batting order of the teams will be as follows:

Cornell—Bigler, centre field; Brewster, left field; Lewis, short stop; Ferguson, first base; Umstad, right field; Merrill, Chase, or Umstad, pitcher; Costello, third base; Braman, second base; Welch or Sheppard, catcher.

Columbia—Goodman, short stop; Taber, second base; Joyce, third base; Frambach, catcher; O'Neil, right field; Godwin, left field; Bloomfield, first base; Tyler, centre field; Gearin or Grant, pitcher.

Doubt Over Columbia Trophy.

Considerable comment has been created among the Columbia students by the rumor that the so-called Henley shell which hangs in the trophy room, and in which it is popularly supposed the Columbia crew won at Henley in '78, is not after all the genuine Henley boat. In an article in the anniversary number of the Columbia Spectator, dealing with the history of Columbia athletics, Francis S. Bangs, one of the university trustees, intimates that the original Henley shell was never brought back to this country. He says: "When the crew returned a hilarious crowd greeted them at the pier, from which in an open carriage they were drawn with ropes by their happy fellow collegians up Broadway and Fifth Avenue to the college. Their shell was left in England. How it got from there to our present trophy room is one of the mysteries that puzzles the old boys like myself."

While the shell may not be genuine, it is known that the oars of the Henley boat, which also rest in the Columbia trophy room, are so, as they were presented to the Columbia students by the owners themselves.

Women Play on Newark Links.

The women of the Newark Golf Club finished the first match play rounds Wednesday for two cups presented by Mrs. Dickinson. Four qualified for each trophy in the preliminary round last week. For the first cup, Mrs. Charlotte Jenkinson beat Mrs. Adrian Riker by 2 up, and Miss Holden beat Mrs. Dickinson by 1 up. In the second cup event Miss Grace Flood beat Miss Flood by 3 up and 2 to play, and Miss Bless beat Mrs. Atha by 2 up. The final rounds will be played next Wednesday.

Brooklyn A. C. Spring Games.

Conspicuous among the outdoor athletic events of the early season are the annual Spring games of the Brooklyn Athletic Club, which are to be held at the club grounds, Monteverge's Park, Grand Street, Maspeth, L. I., on Saturday, May 30. There will be events suitable to every athlete from the ball fiend to the bicycle sprinter. The entries will close on Saturday, May 23, with John A. Schofield, 384 Bedford Avenue, Brooklyn, and Dieges & Clust, 25 John Street, Manhattan.

New York Golf Team to Play Quakers.

Walter J. Travis will not go to Philadelphia to-morrow with the Metropolitan team to meet the team of the Philadelphia Golf Association in the first half of this year's intercity match. The event will be played on the links of the Merion Cricket Club, the first part of the match being 18 holes, medal play, while an 18-hole team foursome match will be played in the afternoon. The team as selected to represent New York consists of Findlay S. Douglas, Charles B. Macdonald, Charles H. Seeley, Robert C. Watson, Jr., Louis Livingston, Jr., Devereaux Emmet, Allan Kennaday, Daniel Chauncey, John A. Ward, and Adrian H. Larkin.

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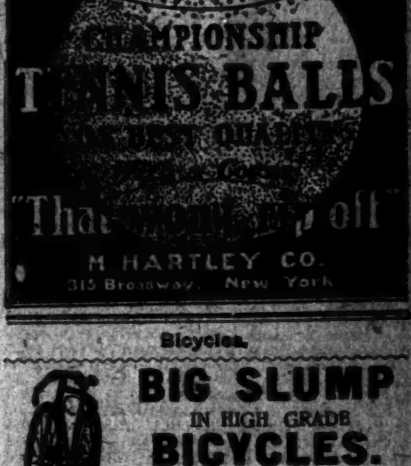

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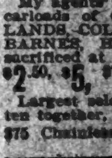

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Sporting Events.

Baseball To-day, 3:45, Cornell vs. Columbia, American League Park, 168th St., near Amsterdam.

BASEBALL, Polo Grounds, to-day, 4 P. M. Cincinnati vs. New York. Admission 50c.

Baseball—Manhattan vs. Hobart, Jasper Oval. Game called at 3:30 P. M. Admission, 25c.

Changes in Yale's Crew.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, May 14.—Capt. Cameron B. Waterman of the Yale 'Varsity crew has announced the first change to be made in the shell since the Annapolis race. The first eight now is made up of Bogue, Cross, Judson, and Waterman of last year's boat; Bailey and Fish of last year's freshman boat, and Stubbs and Miller, former substitutes. This arrangement drops from the 'Varsity squad Daly and Coffin, both of whom rowed in last year's race. The arrangement is not regarded as permanent. The second crew has been divided into two four-oar crews.

Columbia Out of Cornell Regatta.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 14.—Commodore Morse announced to-night that the Columbia crew management had decided not to enter a crew in the Memorial Day regatta on Lake Cayuga. The remaining crews are Cornell, Harvard, and Pennsylvania.

Steeplechase Jockey Barry's Condition.

Lawrence Barry, the steeplechase jockey who had his skull fractured in a fall from the horse Seminole in a race at Morris Park Wednesday, remained unconscious at the Fordham Hospital since the time of his accident, and has showed no sign of improvement. It was said last night that his case is practically hopeless.

Vanderbilt Horse Ran Second.

PARIS, May 14.—W. K. Vanderbilt's Cleopatra II. was second in the race for the Prix de Compeigne to-day at the Bois de Boulogne meeting.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Calendars for Friday, May 15.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Platt, J.—Opens in Room 42, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Jury calendar. Preferred causes.

491—Goodwin vs. Jay. [illegible]—Trappel vs. N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. [illegible]—King vs. Penn. R. R. [illegible]—Campbell vs. Moffatt. [illegible]—Wright vs. N. Y. & Cuba Mail SS. Co. [illegible]—Burke vs. Central Vermont Railway. 111—Herring-Hall-Marvin Safe Co. vs. Bergh. 112—Holbrook vs. Morton. 113—Hampton vs. Met. St. Ry.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Lacombe, J.—Opens in Room 126, Post Office Building, at 2 P. M. Motion calendar. Adjourned cases.

1—Bradiche vs. Anilin, &c. vs. Bischoff. 2—Stevens vs. Conried. 3—N. Y. & Porto Rico SS. Co. vs. Strano-hen. 4—Page vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. 5—E. & J. Burke vs. Clausen & Son Brew. Co. 7—United States vs. Carter. 8—Same vs. Neely. 9—E. & J. Burke vs. Schuhardt. Cases noticed. 10—In re Stackpole & Laganke. 11—Bishop vs. Bernstein. 12—Page vs. Met. St. Ry. Co. 13—Menefee vs. Frost. 14—Leadam vs. Fitzgerald. 15—Hatch vs. O'Donnell. 16—Regina vs. Strauss. 17—Anglo-Am. Chem. Works vs. Hartford. 18—Wheaton vs. Daily Telegraph Co. 19—Van Tine vs. Hilands. 20—Westinghouse vs. Catskill Ill. &c., Co. 21—Dancel vs. United Shoe Mach. Co. 22—Waldstein vs. Rosenfield.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 63, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M. Admiralty.

1—De Bois vs. SS. Montserrat. 111—Burns vs. Burns. 112—Healey vs. Miller. 121—Ferguson vs. Prov. Wash. Ins. Co. 52—H. R. Lighterage Co. vs. Steamer C. W. Chapin.

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals.

ALBANY, May 14.—Court of Appeals calendar for Friday: 255, 205, 282, and 219.

New York Calendars—Friday, May 15.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Patterson, O'Brien, Ingraham, McLaughlin, and Hatch, JJ.—Opens at 1 P. M. Motions.

1—In re Ziebel. 2—Housman vs. Herdtfelder. 3—Burke vs. Rhoads. Non-enumerated motions. 13—Miles vs. Montreal & Boston Copper Co. 14—Hopper vs. Weber. 15—Bliss Mfg. Co. vs. Wells. 16—George A. Kessler & Co. vs. Chappelle. 17—Corn Exchange B'k vs. Lorillard. 18—Harrison vs. Wilson. 19—In re Anderson. 42—Kukman vs. Butler. 43—Hull vs. same. 44—Predmore vs. same. 45—Pfeifer vs. Supreme Lodge, &c. 46—In re Briggs Av. 47—In re Tiffany St. 48—In re Garver. 50—Rothschild vs. Gould. 51—Kerngood vs. Pond. 52—Am. Accident Co. vs. Indus. Fed. of America. 57—Dunlap & Co. vs. Young.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.

[illegible]

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Bischoff, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on. Motions. General calendar.

[illegible]

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 2090.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part VI.—, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VII. and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(Criminal Term.)—Fitzgerald, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Rand, Clarke, and Garvan for the People.

1—George E. Mills. | 2—Charles L. Franklin.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Scott, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Calendar clear.

[illegible]

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part III., Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts III., IV., V., VI., and VII., for trial.

[illegible]

Highest number reached in regular call on general calendar, 3110.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Clarke, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Amend, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Blanchard, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Barrett, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VII.—MacLean, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Truax, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IX.—Giegerich, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part X.—Gildersleeve, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XI.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XII.—Greenbaum, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIII.—, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar—To be called in Part VIII., Room at 10:15 A. M. Cases will be sent from this calendar to Trial Term, Parts VIII., IX., X., XI., and XII., for trial.

Inquest, 703—Nilson vs. Kavanagh. Inquest, 3080—Schwarzschild & S. Co. vs. Nutt. 4210—Mut. Loan Association vs. Lesser. 4211—Same vs. same. 10002—Dillon vs. Ivory. 2458—Butler vs. Man. Ry. Co. 10543—Gallenkamp vs. Garvin Mach. Co. 2608—Kellogg vs. Brenneshoitz. 2400—Livingston vs. Fidelity & Casualty Co. 1539—Rockford vs. C. H. O'Neill Co. 3327—Townsley vs. Bankers' Life Ins. Co. 2424—Lennon vs. Globe Realty Co. 10586—Landau vs. City of New York. 1990—Gols vs. Looney. 10600—Vryling vs. 3d Av. R. R. Co. 2019—Horowitz vs. Rates. 10552—Carr vs. Merchants' Union Ins. Co. 2389—Dudley vs. N. Y. Filter Mfg. Co. 991—Baldwin vs. Mitchell. 1145—Frank vs. No. German Lloyd S. S. Co. 2045—Hoppe vs. Ernst-Marx-Nathan Co. 2038—Haskins vs. Yule. 2048—Con. Wall Paper Co. vs. Kraus. 2071—People, &c., vs. Siegel Cooper Co. 2069—Bowger vs. Heumes. 2060—Chase vs. Lyons. 2079—Valcrosa vs. Stromberg. 1905—Wanamaker vs. Megaw. 10001—Keane vs. City of New York. 2073—Craighead vs. Amer. Mills Co. 2502—Levy vs. Hahlo. 2503—Levy vs. same. 1900—Tanenbaum vs. Prince. 2014—Wheeler vs. Camp. 2015—Hoops vs. McIntyre. 2025—Hooper vs. Havemeyer. 2036—Pulitzer vs. City of New York. 2037—Connor vs. Hock. 2040—Crimmins vs. Steers. 2041—Adler vs. Amer. Bonding & Trust Co. 2308—Siegel vs. Wood.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Fitzgerald, S.—Held on ground floor in County Court House.—Motion calendar called at 10:30 A. M.

1—Mary J. Martin. 2—Otto Arendt. 3—William H. Alfring. 4—William H. Alfring. 5—Charles Harnischfeger. 6—Julia Buckley. 7—Grace Meehan. 8—Joseph Miller. 9—John Jones. 10—Charles V. Hough. 11—Theresa Lynch. 12—Theresa Lynch. 13—Mordchai Flammandorf. 14—Wilfred K. Adolphi. 15—Harriet M. Kemp. 16—Daniel Herold. 17—Daniel Herold. 18—Henry Gledhill. 19—Ellen Marie Clune. 20—Sylvester N. Leary. 21—Victoria C. Olwell. 22—Henry Klein. 23—James S. Warren. 24—Meyer Levy. 25—John H. Moncke. 26—Ernest Bolsinger. 27—Emma Beck. 28—Katharine D. Callahan. 29—James McCann. 30—Ellen Sheridan. 31—Max Wolf. 32—Margaret Laughlin. 33—James Hastings. 34—James Mahoney. 35—Betsey Levi. 36—Roger P. Kennedy. 37—Daniel Herold. 38—Cornell Ferris. 39—August Manger. 40—James McKean. 41—Caroline A. Bates. 42—John M. Harlow. 43—Daniel Harnett. 44—Michael Redmond. 45—Maria Reseigno. 46—Benjamin Richardson. 47—Estate of John Lacy Wills for probate at 10:30 A. M. John Reilly, Michael C. Murphy, Maria J. Eckenfelder, William J. Davis, Patrick J. Gallagher, Simon Calmann, Edward R. Johnes. At 11 A. M. Hannah I. Blakely. At 2 P. M. Nathaniel J. Burchell, John A. Hull, Mary Sullivan, Sallie Fellows.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Held in Surrogates' Court, Trial Term, second floor, in County Court House.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Contested will. 1913—Adaline D. Townsend.

CITY COURT—General Term—Adjourned until May 22.

CITY COURT—Special Term—Conlan, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Motions must be made returnable at 10:30 A. M. Defaults on motions will be taken at 11 A. M. No contested motions will be heard unless placed on the calendar before 10 A. M.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—McCarthy, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.

[illegible]

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Seabury, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Case on.

[illegible]

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hascall, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.

[illegible]

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—O'Dwyer, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear. Short causes.

[illegible]

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Delehanty, J.—Held in Brownstone Building. (Chambers Street.)—Opens at 10 A. M. Calendar clear.

2699—Young vs. Murtha. 2707—Sickles vs. Union Railway Co. 2709—Dukelsky vs. Met. St. Ry. Co.

Highest number reached on regular call, 2831.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part I.—Newburger, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Townsend and Smyth for the People.

1—Francis Ryan. 2—Edward Smith, John Ryan. 3—Antonio Duco, Matteo Lauriola, James De Orio, Felix De Orio, Joseph De Filippo. 4—Frederick Nortley. 5—Charles Fisher. 6—John Smith. 7—Robert Irvin. 8—Joseph Stein, Barney Hoffman, Joseph Smith. 9—Dominico Franko. 10—Edward Grannan. 11—Joseph Granas. 12—William Jennings, John Brown. 13—Mandie Wiley. 14—Eliza Smith. 15—Harry Ackerman. 16—Samuel Weinstein. 17—Frank Caspirial. 18—James Nolan. 19—Salvatore Stratra. 20—Giuliano Antonio. 21—Isidore Markowitz. To fix a day for trial. 1—Julia McManus. 2—Antonio Irene. Pleadings. 1—James Allen. 2—Edward Young. 3—David Martin. 4—Philip C. Germond. 5—Thomas Vaiton. 6—John Evans.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part II.—McMahon, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Thorne for the People.

1—Orme B. Wheeler. 2—Wm. B. Johnson. 3—Ocido Morrone. 4—Frank R. Amex.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part III.—Cowing, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Sanford and Train for the People.

1—Julian Rochlitz. 2—Giuseppe Risciano. 3—Julius Barnett. 4—Dora Schall, Jacob Schall, Isaac Mirtse. 5—Joseph Heywart. 6—Charles Garragh. 7—Rosie Black, Joseph Zucker, Jacob Stein.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS—Part IV.—Foster, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Clarke and Studin for the People.

1—Samuel Thorne. 2—Peter Devine, John Fritche, James Walker, William Monahan. 3—Charles J. Atkinson. 4—Nicholas Cashin, alias Nicholas Cashman. 5—John F. Mannion. 6—Louis Cappellini, Mamie Murphy. 7—James Connell. 8—Martin Doolan. 9—John Geehan. 10—Marie Cooper. 11—Patrick Lee, John Palmer. 12—Joseph Tyrrell, Charles McGowan, James Rawley.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—J. Power Fallon vs. United States Directory Company et al.—Albert Sanders.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Bischoff, J.—Goodwin vs. Feist—Theodore L. Bailey. Zimmerman vs. Zimmerman—Herbert H. Maass. Collins vs. Collins—Leon Sanders. Clapp vs. Clapp—E. G. Whitaker.

SUPREME COURT—O'Gorman, J.—Conway vs. Conway—Zadoc S. Stoddard. Lee vs. Lee—William M. K. Olcott. Heinze vs. Bergmann—Henry L. Woodward. Clark vs. Laughlin—John J. Delany. In re. Lorillard—Charles W. Dayton.

SUPREME COURT—Truax, J.—New York Gas, Electric Light, Heat and Power Company vs. Feltner—Gerard Roberts.

CITY COURT—Conlan, J.—Dixon vs. Julien—George M. Boynton.

Brooklyn Calendars—Friday, May 15.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division—Second Department.—Recess.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Smith, J.; Part II., Keogh, J.; Part III., Howard, J.; Part IV., Maddox, J.—Opens at 10 A. M. Day calendar.

7348—Nevins vs. Ward. 7440—Dittmar vs. B. H. R. R. 7453—Rubin vs. Muesch. 7454—Sheinbaum vs. B. H. R. R. 1966—Burke vs. Borden's Condensed Milk Co. 971—Connors vs. Russell. 5324—Rickert vs. Arbuckle. 6465—Provenzano vs. B. H. R. R. 6709—Hopkins vs. Breen. 6951—Corso vs. Arbuckle. 5867—Gibson vs. Sippelius. 3731—Glattstein vs. B. H. R. R. et al. 5806—Block vs. B. H. R. R. 1549—Krause vs. Owens. 5390—Linton vs. Long Island R. R. 6629—Brill vs. Stollmark. 2369—Nowak vs. Newman. 6488—Jacobowitz vs. Schnur. 7107—Weiss vs. Bernstein. 6820—Wilson vs. Ross Iron Works. 7101—Jones vs. Seaman. 3851—Ceballos vs. Munson S. S. Line. 3061—Gerard vs. Brighton Mills. 1281—Gershinsky vs. Mutual Real Estate Co. 1550—Burke vs. Bahr. 2035—Smith vs. Wege. 6574—Ball vs. Hoyt. 7132—Meyers vs. Met. St. R. R. 7452—Excelsior Glass Co. vs. Curtis Bros.

Highest number reached on regular call, 7457.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Trials—No calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term for Motions—Dickey, J.—Ex parte business at 10 A. M. Motion calendar at 10:30 A. M.

COUNTY COURT—Part I.—No day calendar.

COUNTY COURT—Part II.—Civil Calendar—Opens at 10 A. M. 331—Ripley vs. Dusenberg. No call calendar.

Referees Appointed—Kings County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Dickey, J.—In re Butler—William T. Hoy, to inquire. City of New York, in re Streets for Bridge Purposes—William D. Campbell, to hear and determine. Nichols vs. Martin—Harry R. Lydecker, to compute. Tollner vs. Rope—Jacob Neu, to compute. Carruthers vs. Diefendorf—William Van Name, to take proof. Sullivan vs. Smith—Edward P. Tabor, to compute.

NOTES OF INSURANCE INTERESTS.

L. J. Hubbell has resigned as Indiana special agent of the Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Company.

Examiner Pennington of the Iowa State Insurance Department has resigned because the fees of the office are too small.

E. B. Craig, ex-Commissioner of the Tennessee State Insurance Department, has been appointed Chattanooga manager of the Southern Life Insurance Company.

C. P. Wofford has resigned as Deputy Commissioner of the Tennessee State Insurance Department to become Western special agent of the Royal Exchange Assurance Company of London.

A. E. Ames has been elected President of the Imperial Life Assurance Company of Canada to succeed the late Sir Oliver Mowat. The company's managing Director, Frederick G. Cox, was chosen a Vice President.

The Newark Insurance Company Exchange, at its first annual meeting, has elected these officers for the year: President—B. Smith Wood, to succeed Mr. Conlon; Vice President—R. A. Osburn; Secretary and Treasurer—Charles A. Dodd.

The Boston Board of Fire Underwriters has voted for a plan for the gradual revision of fire insurance rates, this step being due to the demand of large business interests that the 25 per cent. advance of a year ago be rescinded.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

WHERE WILL YOU SPEND THE SUMMER? The Erie Railroad and N. Y., S. & W. R. R. will sell SPECIAL EXCURSION tickets from New York at the ONE-WAY FARE, FRIDAY, MAY 15; SATURDAY, MAY 16; FRIDAY, MAY 22; SATURDAY, MAY 23; FRIDAY, MAY 29; SATURDAY, MAY 30. Tickets good returning until the MONDAY FOLLOWING DAY OF SALE. On sale at ERIE Ticket Offices at 399, 1183, 261, 112 Broadway, 21 Cortlandt St., 25 Union Square, 187 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., Chambers St. and West 23d St. Ferries, New York; 333 and 860 Fulton St., and 390 Broadway, Brooklyn; 129 River St., Hoboken; Jersey City Station; 183 Market St., Newark; Newark Station; Paterson Stations (Erie and N. Y., S. & W.). "Rural Summer Homes," "Fishing on the Picturesque Erie," beautifully illustrated books, free on application to any Erie Ticket Agent, or by sending stamps for postage to D. W. COOKE, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Health and Pleasure

during the hot summer can be had at moderate cost

IN THE MOUNTAINS

of Orange, Sullivan, Ulster and Delaware Counties, N. Y., on the New York, Ontario & Western Railway. Physicians heartily recommend this region as one of great natural beauty and absolute healthfulness, 2,000 feet above the sea, with Pure Air, Pure Water, Pure Milk. No Malaria or Mosquitoes and within three hours' ride from New York. Send 8 cents for postage to the undersigned, or call and get free at offices below the SUPERBLY ILLUSTRATED BOOK, "SUMMER HOMES," of 200 pages. It gives list of over 900 Hotels, Farm and Boarding Houses, with their location, rates of board, facilities, attractions, &c.

On May 29th and 30th Excursion tickets at reduced rates will be sold at 425 Broadway, 1354 Broadway and Ferry offices, giving an opportunity of personally selecting a summer home, and also enjoying a day's fishing in this delightful region. Tickets good returning up to Monday, June 1.

IN NEW YORK: 141, 165, 167, 425, 1354, 1370 Broadway; 3 Park Place; 287, 280 4th Av.; 245 Columbus Av.; 153 East 125th St.; 273 West 125th St.; 182 5th Av.; ticket offices Franklin and 42d St. Ferries.

IN BROOKLYN: 4 Court St.; 860 Fulton St.; 390 Broadway; Eagle Office.

J. C. ANDERSON, General Passenger Agent, 56 Beaver St., N. Y.

NEW YORK.

Lake George.

NEW FORT WILLIAM HENRY HOTEL, LAKE GEORGE, N. Y.

Owned by Hudson Valley Railway Company. At the Gateway of the Adirondacks. Most beautifully located Summer hotel in New York State. Furnished new throughout. Surpassing its old-time popularity. Doring's celebrated string and brass band. Open from June to October. Hourly trolley service to Saratoga. W. W. BROWN, Mgr. 15 years at Sagamore Hotel, Lake George. New York Office—Marlborough Hotel. Mr. Brown will be at the Marlborough Wednesdays in May. Write for handsome illustrated folder.

Adirondacks.

THE ADIRONDACKS

Hotel AMPERSAND And Cottages

LOWER SARANAC LAKE, N. Y.

A most delightful lake and mountain resort. Opens June 25th. Perfect Golf Links. Fishing, Rowing, Bathing, Tennis, and Dancing. Superior Music. Post, telegraph, telephone offices in hotel. Booklet. G. S. MOULTON, Manager. N. Y. Office, Aeolian Building, 362 Fifth Av. (34th St.)

ADIRONDACKS.

The Wawbeek and Cottages

ON UPPER SARANAC LAKE.

GOLF, TENNIS, BOATING, MUSIC.

Pure Spring Water. Private tables for guests.

J. BEN HART, WAWBEEK, N. Y.

Heart of Adirondacks, STEVENS HOUSE, Lake Placid, N. Y. Circulars.

Dutchess County.

THE DUTCHER HOUSE, PAWLING, DUTCHESS CO., N. Y. NOW OPEN.

For information address R. C. LOVERIDGE, Manager, Pawling, N. Y.

Ulster County.

Windsor Lake House

In the Shawangunk M'tns. Accommodates 200. Elevation 1,500 ft. Grand Scenery. Healthiest Location. All amusements. No malaria, no mosquitoes. Coolest and best equipped house in the mountains. Personal inspection solicited. Illustrated booklet. PAUL NICHOLS, Greenfield, Ulster Co., N. Y.

White Lake.

THE KENMORE, Kauneonga, Sull. Co., N. Y., situated on picturesque White Lake. All modern and sanitary improvements; accommodates 100. Booklets. E. M. VAN ORDEN, Prop.

MANSION HOUSE, White Lake, Sullivan Co., N. Y.—High elevation; overlooking lake; accommodates 125; open June 1st; sanitary improvements. Booklet. J. P. Kinne & Co.

Dolson House, White Lake.—Accommodates 50; excellent table; airy rooms. For terms, address D. A. Dolson, Prop., Kauneonga, Sull. Co., N. Y.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

NEW YORK.

Long Island.

Hotels and Boarding Houses on Long Island.

A TERRITORY SWEPT BY THE PREVAILING COOL SUMMER SOUTH WINDS FROM THE OCEAN. THE IDEAL PLACE FOR HEALTH, REST AND RECREATION.

"SUMMER HOMES," a booklet describing hotels and boarding houses, free upon application at L. I. R. R. ticket offices, Astor House, 120, (869 Eagle Bureau,) (1,381 Journal Resort Bureau,) (1,381 World Vacation Bureau,) 1,383 and (1,404 Mail and Express Resort Bureau) Broadway, 96 5th Ave., 34th St., E. R., and foot New Chambers St., and 42 West 125th St., New York, or send 4 cents in stamps to HOWARD M. SMITH, General Passenger Agent, L. I. R. R., 263 Fifth Ave., New York.

EDGEMERE HOTEL

EDGEMERE, LONG ISLAND, N.Y. OPENS JUNE 25TH.

ADVANCE ENGAGEMENTS NOW BEING MADE

For Booklets, Diagrams, &c., apply to THOS. C. WARD, Booking Agent, Care of RAYMOND & WHITCOMB, 25 Union Square.

LONG BEACH, L. I.

LESS THAN ONE HOUR FROM NEW YORK CITY.

LONG BEACH HOTEL, OPENS JUNE 27TH.

A. E. DICK, Proprietor. Also proprietor of HOTEL GRENOBLE, 56th St. and 7th Av., N. Y. City, where advance engagements may be made.

Fort Lowry Hotel and Cottages, Bath Beach, L. I.,

Now open, 40 minutes from New York; 600 feet ocean front; first-class accommodation for 500. For terms and booklet apply Alfred Richardson, Proprietor.

Far Rockaway, Bayswater.—Private family owning cottage in elegant section overlooking bay, can accommodate a few desirable adults for Summer. Box N. 112 Times.

Catskill Mountains.

THE GRAND HOTEL, Catskill Mountains, N. Y.

"The Leading Hotel of the Catskill Mountains."

Every comfort and convenience of a city hotel of the highest grade in the heart of the Catskills. Golf links, tennis courts, swimming pool, &c. Superb scenery. Cuisine unexcelled. Parlor cars direct from New York to hotel grounds in three and one-half hours. H. E. EDER, Manager. N. Y. Office, 249 5th Avenue. Telephone 1003 Madison Sq. OPENS JUNE TWENTY-FIFTH.

SUNSET PARK INN. (Opens May 28.) FINEST IN CATSKILLS. GRANDEST VIEWS. C. E. LELAND, Mgr. Buckingham Hotel, 5th Av. and 50th St., N. Y.

Cairo.

THE ROCKWOOD CAIRO, N. Y. Will gives its 6th annual Decoration Day Excursion. Round trip tickets, including 3 days' board at THE ROCKWOOD. Address H. S. DUNCAN, Proprietor, Cairo, N. Y. Or St. George Hotel, 12th St., N. Y. City. Telephone 1286—18. $5

Sullivan County.

MAMAKATING INN, Sullivan Co., N. Y.—2,000 feet elevation. Well-built hotel. Large rooms. All conveniences. Select mountain resort. Beautiful lake. 4,000 acres. Cool, dry atmosphere. Excellent table. Music. Bowling alley. Telephone. Casino. Boating. Livery. Two mails daily. References required. Address Mamakating Park, 23 West 42d St., New York.

Mount Pleasant House, Neversink, Sullivan Co., N. Y. Elevation 1,900 feet, southwest spurs of Catskill Mts. Summer home for city people among mountains, rivers, woodland. Two pianos, one organ. Village 10 minutes' walk. Price $7-$10. Circulars. W. V. DENMAN.

HOTEL ROCKWELL, Monticello, N. Y., Geo. W. Rockwell. Thoroughly renovated; steam heat, electric lights, baths; transients, $2, $2.50, $3; special weekly rates to July 1st.

PROSPECT HOUSE AND COTTAGES, White Lake, Sull. Co., N. Y. Amusement halls; 1¼ miles lake shore; 80 acres forest.

Liberty.

HOTEL PINNEY, Liberty, N. Y. Opens May 1st. Rooms, with private baths; accommodates 200; all modern improvements; booklets and rates on application. E. EUGENE PINNEY.

LIBERTY HOUSE, Liberty, Sull. Co., N. Y. Accommodates 100; first-class family and transient hotel; open entire season. Booklets of Times Bureau or U. S. Messiter, Prop.

NEW ENGLAND.

New Hampshire.

WAUMBEK AND COTTAGES

JEFFERSON, N. H. WILL OPEN IN JUNE.

In the White Mountains. A. J. MURPHY, Manager. Information obtained and engagements made by addressing Mr. Murphy at the LAUREL HOUSE, Lakewood, N. J.

Connecticut.

EDGEWOOD INN, Edgewood Park. Greenwich (On-the-Sound) Conn.

Will Open Wed., May 27, for the Summer season.

A beautifully located Resort Hotel for select patronage. All rooms en suite with private baths and strictly modern conditions and furnishings. Careful service in all departments. A new casino for indoor amusements; superior stable equipments and "auto" quarters; golf links; tennis courts; good music, and a multitude of well-kept walks and drives through picturesque country. Easy distance from popular Golf and Yacht Clubs. FRANK F. SHUTE, Manager. At Lakewood, N. J., until May 15.

Massachusetts.

THE RED LION INN, Stockbridge, Mass. In Berkshire Hills. Now open. Modern equipment. Beautiful surroundings. Golf. ALLEN T. TREADWAY.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Delaware Water Gap.

THE NEW KITTATINNY, Delaware Water Gap, Pa. Reopens May 21. Last year the hotel was entirely remodelled, enlarged and thoroughly modernised. Electric lights, hydraulic elevator, 1-3 mile of piazzas. Golf links, bathing, fishing. Rooms en suite with private baths. Illustrated booklet. 2¼ hrs. from New York via D. L. & W. R. R. LEWIS T. BRYANT, Mgr. LEEDS & LIPPINCOTT, Props. Haddon Hall, Atlantic City, N. J.

Mount Pocono.

Pocono Mountain House, Mount Pocono, Penn.—Elevation 1,800; abundant attractions; superior cuisine. E. L. Hooker & Son.

NEW JERSEY.

Atlantic City.

HOTEL COLUMBIA, Directly on the Boardwalk. Every room ocean view. Unexcelled in appointments. Elevator, etc. Reduced Spring rates. Booklet. R. R. JOHNSTON.

THE LORAINE.—On the Beach, St. Charles Place. Fresh and sea water baths. Elevator. Special Spring rates. SAML. WAGNER & SON.

ACME, Kentucky Av., near Beach; comfortable family house; modern improvements; terms reasonable. Mrs. G. W. Stoddard.

Spring and Summer Resorts.

NEW JERSEY.

Atlantic City.

THE ST. CHARLES

Located directly on the Ocean front; unobstructed view from all sides.

OPEN ALL YEAR.

One of the most luxuriously and thoroughly appointed hotels in America.

Hot and cold sea water, with shower attachments, etc., in all baths.

GOLF PRIVILEGES, AUTOMOBILE SERVICE. BOOKLET MAILED.

N. Y. Booking Office, 389 Fourth Ave.

NEWLIN HAINES.

HOTEL STRAND

Atlantic City, N. J.—The Strand is a new modern fireproof hotel, overlooking the world-famed Boardwalk and ocean; centrally located; sea water baths; booklet. Booking representative, J. L. TRENCHARD, at Hotel Wellington, 55th St. and 7th Av., daily from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

HOTEL RUDOLF

Direct Ocean front. Atlantic City, N. J. American and European plans. Open throughout the year. Rooms with sea and fresh water baths. Music. Write direct to hotel for terms and booklet. C. R. MYERS.

HADDON HALL,

Atlantic City, N. J. This well-known hotel remains open throughout the year. Golf, yachting, driving, riding, the ever famous boardwalk, &c. Illustrated Booklet. N. Y. office, 289 4th Av. Phone 1749—18th.

THE GARDEN HOTEL

Open throughout the year. American and European Plans. The only hotel in Atlantic City employing white service throughout. W. I. FINCH, Prop. H. J. PEARSON, Mgr.

HOTEL LENOX,

Ocean Av. and Boardwalk, Atlantic City, N. J. Unobstructed ocean view from all rooms. 100 rooms, 50 private baths. High class. European plan. White service throughout. Café attached. C. GENET & SONS, Props.

Magnificent New

HOTEL AGNEW

Adjoining Boardwalk. Capacity, 300. Special, $15 up, weekly; $2.50 daily; $3.00 over Sunday, including Sea Water Baths, Swimming Plunges, Orchestra, Automobile. Booklet. New York Office, 289 4th Ave. 'Phone 1749 18th; also 3 Park Place.

HOTEL IROQUOIS.

South Carolina Av. and Beach. Capacity 400. Rooms singly and en suite, with bath. Elevator. Sun parlors heated. Table and service unsurpassed. Special May and June rates, $10 to $17.50 weekly, $2.50 and up day. Write for booklet. W. F. SHAW.

European Hotels.

"BAD EMS"

GERMANY, STATION OF THE NASSAU R. R., NEAR COBLENZ. ALKALI SALT THERMAL WATERS 82-40 DEGREES R.

Old renowned international watering place connected by mountain railroad with mountain resort "Hohenmalberg." Season begins May 1st. Remedies: Spring and water cure, Inhalations, Electricity, Pneumatic Cabinets, Massage, cold water treatment, walking cure, cow and goat milk, whey. Diseases which are curable at Bath Ems: Chronic catarrh of the nose, throat, larynx, trachea, and its branches, of the stomach, intestinal canal and gall; also catarrhs which very frequently remain after an attack of Influenza, Grip, whooping cough, and inflammation of the lungs. A pre-eminent cure are the Emser Springs for several female diseases. Prospectus can be obtained through "The Kurcommission." Entertainments: Conversation, reading, and play rooms, theatres, concerts 3 times daily; dancing, boatrace, hunting, fishing. Leading meeting place of tourists visiting Lahn, Rhine, and Mosel. SEASON BEGINS MAY 1ST. St. R. G.

EMS HOTEL D'ANGLETERRE. The favorite resort of Americans. OPPOSITE BATHS AND PARK.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

North German Lloyd.

FAST EXPRESS SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN.

From New Pier foot of 3d St., Hoboken.

Kaiser...May 19, 10 AM | K.Wm.II..June 23, 2 PM
K.Wm.II..May 26, 1 PM | Kronprinz..July 7, 3 PM
Kronprinz..June 9, 3 PM | Kaiser...July 11, 10 AM
Kaiser...June 16, 10 AM | K.Wm.II..July 21, 1 PM

THE NEW TWIN-SCREW EXPRESS

S. S. "Kaiser Wilhelm II."

707 FEET—19,500 TONS—40,000 HORSE-POWER. SAILS MAY 26, JUNE 23, JULY 21, AUG. 25.

TWIN-SCREW PASSENGER SERVICE.

PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—BREMEN. From Bremen Piers, Hoboken, N. J.

Friedrich..May 21, noon | Luise...June 18, 10 AM
Barbarossa.May 28, 11 AM | Friedrich.June 25, 10 AM
Kurfuerst..June 4, noon | Barbarossa.July 2, 11 AM
Bremen...June 11, 11 AM | Kurfuerst.July 9, 10 AM

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.

GIBRALTAR—NAPLES—GENOA. From Pier 24, ft of Amity St., Brooklyn.

Lahn....May 16, 11 AM | K. Albert.June 20, Noon
P. Irene...May 23, 3 PM | Lahn....June 27, 10 AM
Hohenzollern.June 6, 3 PM | P. Irene...July 4, 1 PM
†Weimar.June 13, 10 AM | Hohenz'n.July 18, 11 AM

†Naples, Genoa only.

S. S. LAHN FROM PIER FT. OF 3D ST., HOBOKEN.

OELRICHS & CO., No. 5 Broadway, N. Y. Louis H. Myer, 63 South Third St., Phila.

Hamburg-American.

FOR PLYMOUTH—CHERBOURG—HAMBURG. Twin-Screw Express and Passenger Service.

Waldersee.May 16, 9 AM | Deutschland.June 4, 1 PM
A.Victoria.May 21, 10AM | Patricia...June 6, 1 PM
Bluecher.May 28, 5:30 AM | Moltke....June 11, 4 PM
Pennsyl.May 30, 5:30AM | F.Bism'ck.June 11, 10 AM

S. S. Deutschland

Record Voyage, 5 days 7 hours 38 min. SAILS JUNE 4, JULY 2, SEPT. 15.

MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE. NEW YORK—NAPLES—GENOA.

*Ravenna......................May 27, 3 PM

*Ravenna belongs to Nav. Co. "Italia."

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, Offices, 35 & 37 Broadway. Piers Hoboken, N. J.

CUNARD LINE.

TO LIVERPOOL VIA QUEENSTOWN. From Piers 51 and 52, North River.

Ivernia..May 16, 9 AM | Campania.May 30, 9 AM
Etruria..May 23, 2 PM | Umbria.....June 6, 1 PM

EXTRA TUESDAY SERVICE.

Aurania..May 26, 3 PM | Carpathia..June 9, 4 PM

Carrying Second and Third-Class Only.

VERNON H. BROWN & CO., Gen. Agents, 29 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.

AMERICAN LINE.

NEW YORK—SOUTHAMPTON—LONDON.

St. Paul..May 20, 10 AM | Phila.....June 3, 10 AM
New York.May 27, 10 AM | St. Paul.June 10, 10 AM

RED STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—ANTWERP—PARIS.

Zeeland..May 16, 10 AM | Vaderland.May 30, 10AM
Finland..May 23, 10 AM | Kroonland.June 6, 10 AM

Piers 14 and 15 N. R. Offices, 73 Broadway, N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

Glasgow and Londonderry.

Anchoria..May 16, noon | Columbia..May 30, noon
Furnessia..May 23, noon | Astoria....June 6, 2 PM

First saloon, $50 to $100. Second Cabin, $35 and up; third class, $26 and up. For New Illustrated Book of Tours apply to HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17 and 19 Broadway.

WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW YORK—QUEENSTOWN—LIVERPOOL.

Germanic.May 20, Noon | Majestic...May 27, Noon
Cedric....May 22, 2 PM | Celtic...May 29, 7:30 AM
*Armenian.May 26, 6 AM | Oceanic....June 3, Noon

*Liverpool direct, $40 and up. 2nd class only. Pier 48 North River. Office, 9 Broadway, N. Y.

STEAMSHIP TICKETS

by all lines, choice cabins at lowest prevailing rates, sailings, plans, and full information, foreign money, letters of credit, travelers' cheques. Passports secured.

RAYMOND & WHITCOMB CO., 25 Union Square, 'Phone 6000—18 St. New York.

CLARK'S ROUND THE WORLD TOURS leave Aug. 1, Sept. 8, Oct. 8; 195 days, $1,850. Party to Europe per "Umbria," July 4, $260. F. C. CLARK, 113 Broadway, N. Y.

COOK'S TOURS TO EUROPE. 80 TOURS this season, visiting all points of interest, $220 to $1,000. Pamphlets. THOS. COOK & SON, 261 & 1185 B'way, N. Y.

Travelers' Guide—Shipping.

SHORT SEA TRIP NO. 24

4 Days' Duration

NEW YORK to OLD POINT COMFORT, RICHMOND and VIRGINIA BEACH, VA., VIA OLD DOMINION LINE.

Lv. N. Y. daily, except Thurs. and Sun., arr. Old Point Comfort next morning. Includes dinner at Hotel Chamberlin. Lv. Old Point Comfort same day 6:00 P. M., arr. at Norfolk 6:45 P. M. Lv. Norfolk on new steamers "Berkeley" or "Brandon" 7:00 P. M. via James River, arr. Richmond next morning. Includes dinner at either Murphy's Hotel, The Lexington, or New Ford's Hotel. Lv. Richmond on new steamers "Berkeley" or "Brandon" 7:00 P. M. via James River, arr. Norfolk next morning. Includes railroad fare to and from Virginia Beach and dinner at Princess Anne Hotel. Lv. Norfolk 7:00 P. M. same day, arr. N. Y. next afternoon.

Total Cost of Trip - $18.00

Tickets and Stateroom Reservations at Pier 26, North River. Telephone 1580 Franklin. For other trips from 2 to 7 days' duration apply to OLD DOMINION STEAMSHIP CO., 81 Beach St., New York.

OLD DOMINION LINE. DAILY SERVICE

For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Virginia Beach, Washington, D. C., and entire South and West. Freight and passenger steamers sail from Pier 26, N. R., foot of Beach St., every week day at 3 P. M. H. B. WALKER, Vice Prest. & Traffic Manager.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Intended steamship sailings from Vancouver for Japan, China, and Philippine Islands.

Emp. of India, May 25 | R.M.S.Athenian,June 29
R. M. S. Tartar, June 8 | Emp. of China, July 6
Emp. of Japan, June 15 | Emp. of India...July 27

Hawaiian-Fiji Islands, Australia & New Zealand

Aorangi.........May 29 | Moana.........June 26

For rates and information apply at 353 & 1 B'way.

ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE

NEW YORK—LONDON DIRECT.

Minn'ha.May 16, 8:30 AM | Minneapolis.June 6, 3PM
Minnetonka.May 30, 8AM | Minn'ha.June 13, 7:30AM

New York—London via Southampton.

MARQUETTE ......May 23, 9 A. M.
MANITOU ....June 1, 9 A. M.
MENOMINEE ......June 15, 9 A. M.

ALL MODERN STEAMERS, LUXURIOUSLY FITTED WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. ALL STATEROOMS AMIDSHIPS on UPPER DECKS. FIRST CABIN PASSENGERS CARRIED FROM NEW YORK TO LONDON. FOR RATES, ETC., APPLY TO 1 BROADWAY.

"LA VELOCE," Fast Italian Line. WEEKLY SAILINGS TO NAPLES—GENOA.

Citta di Napoli.....................May 26

Cabin, $55 & up. Dining saloon on promenade deck. Bolognesi, Hartfield & Co., 20 Wall St.

Travelers' Guide—Steamboats.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT.

FIRST TRIP MAY 18TH. MORNING BOAT for WEST POINT, NEWBURGH and POUGHKEEPSIE. Hudson River Steamer MARY POWELL. Commencing Monday, May 18th, Daily (Sundays excepted), Leaving New York, Desbrosses St. 3:40 P. M.; W. 22d St. 3:00; 129th St. 3:20; Yonkers 3:45, landing at West Point, Newburgh, and Poughkeepsie. Returning leave Poughkeepsie 1:30 P. M., reaching 129th St. 5:10, 22d St. 5:30, Desbrosses St. 6:00 P. M. Morning and afternoon concerts. On and after May 29th MARY POWELL will resume her regular route, leaving New York 3:15 P. M., (Saturdays 1:45.) DAY LINE STEAMERS "NEW YORK" and "ALBANY" commence regular trips May 28th from New York, May 29th from Albany.

JOY LINE $1.25 to Providence First Class Service

Fast and elegant Steamers leave New York daily excepting Sunday, at 5 P. M., from Pier 35, East River, foot of Catharine St. Telephone, 3063 Franklin.

PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.

Leave Pier 32, N. R., foot Canal St., at 6 P. M. daily (Sundays excepted.)

TROY BOATS "Saratoga" or "City of Troy" leave West 10th St. Pier daily 6 P. M. except Saturday. Direct railroad connections at Troy for all points North and East. SUNDAY STEAMERS TOUCH AT ALBANY.

CATSKILL, HUDSON AND COXSACKIE BOATS

Leave Pier 43, N. R., every weekday, 6 P. M.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

STATIONS FOOT OF WEST TWENTY-THIRD STREET AND DESBROSSES AND CORTLANDT STREETS.

☞The leaving time from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets is five minutes later than that given below for Twenty-third Street Station, except where otherwise noted.

7:55 A. M.—FAST MAIL.—Limited to two Parlor Cars and Dining Car New York to Pittsburg. Sleeping Car Pittsburg to Chicago. No coaches to Pittsburg.

8:55 A. M.—FAST LINE.—Pittsburg and Cleveland.

9:55 A. M.—PENNSYLVANIA LIMITED.—Pullman Compartment Sleeping, Dining, Smoking, and Observation Cars. For Chicago, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis.

1:55 P. M.—CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Toledo, Nashville, (via Cincinnati and Louisville,) Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis. Dining Car.

5:55 P. M.—ST. LOUIS EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Indianapolis, Louisville, St. Louis. Dining Car. For Welch, W. Va., (via Shenandoah Valley Route.)

5:55 P. M.—WESTERN EXPRESS.—For Chicago. For Toledo, except Saturday. Dining Car.

7:55 P. M.—PACIFIC EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg and Chicago. For Knoxville, daily, via Shenandoah Valley Route. Connects for Cleveland, except Saturday.

8:25 P. M.—CLEVELAND AND CINCINNATI EXPRESS.—For Pittsburg, Cleveland, and Cincinnati.

WASHINGTON AND THE SOUTH.

[illegible]

SOUTHERN RAILWAY.—Express, 3:25, 4:25 P. M., 12:10 night daily.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.—Express, 8:25 A. M. and 9:25 P. M. daily.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY.—Express 12:55 P. M. and 12:10 night daily.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY.—For Memphis and New Orleans, 3:25 P. M. daily.

CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO RAILWAY.—7:55 A. M. week days and 4:55 P. M. daily.

FOR OLD POINT COMFORT AND NORFOLK.—7:55 A. M. week days and 8:55 P. M. daily.

ATLANTIC CITY.—9:55 A. M. and 2:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 7:55 A. M. Through Vestibuled Trains, Buffet Parlor Cars, and Standard Coaches on week days. Parlor Smoking Car, Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Standard Coaches on Sundays.

CAPE MAY.—12:55 P. M. week days.

For points on New York and Long Branch Railroad (from West Twenty-third Street Station) 6:55 A. M., 12:10, 2:25, 3:25, 4:10 and 4:55 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:25 A. M., 4:55 P. M. (from Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets, 3:30, 9:00 A. M., 12:20, 2:30, 3:40, 4:30, and 5:10 P. M. week days. Sundays, 9:45 A. M., 5:15 P. M.)

FOR PHILADELPHIA

[illegible]

Ticket offices, Nos. 461, 1,354, 113, and 261 Broadway; 182 Fifth Avenue, (below 23d St.;) 263 Fifth Avenue (corner 29th St.;) 1 Astor House; West Twenty-third Street Station, and stations foot of Desbrosses and Cortlandt Streets; 4 Court Street, 860 Fulton Street, 390 Broadway, and Pennsylvania Annex Station, Brooklyn; Station, Jersey City. The New York Transfer Company will call for and check baggage from hotels and residences through to destination.

Telephone "914 Eighteenth Street" for Pennsylvania Railroad Cab Service.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Travelers' Guide—Railroads.

NEW YORK CENTRAL & HUDSON RIVER R. R.

THE FOUR-TRACK TRUNK LINE.

Trains arrive and depart from Grand Central Station, 42d Street, New York, as below:

North and West bound trains, except those leaving Grand Central Station at 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 9:45, 9:30, 9:15, 11:30 P. M., will stop at 125th St. to receive passengers ten minutes after leaving Grand Central Station.

All southbound trains, except the "20th Century," and the "Empire State Express," and Nos. 50 and 60, will stop at 125th St. ten minutes before their arrival time at Grand Central Station.

12:10 A. M.—*MIDNIGHT EXPRESS. Due Albany 5:55 A. M., Troy 6:30 A. M.

7:54 A. M.—*SYRACUSE LOCAL. Stops at all important stations.

8:30 A. M.—*EMPIRE STATE EXPRESS. Most famous train in the world. Due Buffalo 4:45, Niagara Falls 5:45 P. M.

8:45 A. M.—*FAST MAIL. 26 hours to Chicago. Due Buffalo 7:10, Niagara Falls 8:07.

10:30 A. M.—†DAY EXPRESS. Makes local stops. Due Buffalo 1:15 A. M.

11:30 A. M.—†RUTLAND EXPRESS. Due Rutland 7:55 P. M.

12:50 P. M.—*BUFFALO LIMITED. Due Buffalo 11 P. M., Niagara Falls 11:55 P. M.

1:00 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN LIMITED. Due Cincinnati 10:20, Indianapolis 11:30 A. M., St. Louis 6:45 P. M. next day.

1:00 P. M.—*CHICAGO LIMITED. 24 hours to Chicago via Lake Shore. 25¼ via M. C.

2:45 P. M.—*"THE 20TH CENTURY LIMITED." 20-hour train to Chicago via Lake Shore. Electric Lights and Fans.

3:30 P. M.—†ALBANY AND TROY FLYER. Due Albany 6:40, Troy 7 P. M.

3:35 P. M.—*ALBANY AND TROY EXPRESS. Local stops.

4:00 P. M.—*DETROIT, GRAND RAPIDS AND CHICAGO SPECIAL.

5:30 P. M.—*LAKE SHORE LIMITED, 24-hour train to Chicago. All Pullman Cars. Due Cleveland 7:25 A. M., Cincinnati 1:30, Indianapolis 3:10, Chicago 4:30, St. Louis 9:45 P. M. next day.

6:00 P. M.—*WESTERN EXPRESS. 28 hours to Chicago via both L. S. & M. C.

6:35 P. M.—*MONTREAL EXPRESS via D. & H. or Rutland.

7:30 P. M.—*ADIRONDACK AND MONTREAL EXPRESS.

8:00 P. M.—*BUFFALO AND TORONTO SPECIAL. Due Buffalo 7:25 A. M., Niagara Falls 8:45, Toronto 10:50 A. M.

9:15 P. M.—*SPECIAL MAIL, LIMITED. Sleeping car only for Rochester.

9:20 P. M.—*SOUTHWESTERN SPECIAL. Due Cincinnati 7:50, Indianapolis 10:10 P. M., St. Louis 7:30 second morning.

9:30 P. M.—*PACIFIC EXPRESS. Chicago, 34 hours by Michigan Central, 33 hours by Lake Shore.

11:30 P. M.—*CHICAGO THEATRE TRAIN. Cape Vincent, Ogdensburg, Buffalo, Detroit, and Chicago.

*Daily. †Except Sunday. ‡Except Monday.

HARLEM DIVISION.

9:05 A. M. and 3:36 P. M. Daily except Sundays to Pittsfield and North Adams. Sundays at 9:20 A. M. Pullman cars on all through trains. Trains illuminated with Pintsch light.

Ticket offices at 167, 261, 415, and 1,216 Broadway, 25 Union Sq. W., 275 Columbus Av., 153 West 125th St., Grand Central Station, 125th St. and 138th St. Stations, New York; 338 and 726 Fulton St. and 106 Broadway, E. D., Brooklyn. Telephone "900 38th Street" for New York Central Cab Service. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express Company.

NEW YORK CENTRAL ROUTE BETWEEN NEW YORK, BOSTON, AND NEW ENGLAND

Via Springfield and the BOSTON AND ALBANY RAILROAD, (N. Y. Central & Hudson River R. R. Lessee.)

Trains leave Grand Central Station, Fourth Avenue and 42d Street, New York, as follows: *9:04 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 †P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive Boston 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M. Leave Boston *9:00 A. M., †12:00 noon, *4:00 P. M., *11:00 P. M.; arrive New York 3:30 P. M., 5:40 P. M., 10:00 P. M., 6:15 A. M.

Tickets at New York Central ticket offices, 415 and 1,216 Broadway, and at Grand Central Station.

A. H. SMITH, General Superintendent. GEORGE H. DANIELS, General Pass. Agent.

WEST SHORE RAILROAD.

(New York Central & Hudson River R. R., Lessee.)

Leave Franklin St. Station, New York, as follows and 15 min. later foot West 42d St., N. R.

*7:10 AM—for interm. points to Albany.
†11:30 AM—(1) Saratoga & Mohawk Exp.
*1:00 PM—Chicago Express.
*2:25 PM—Cont. Lim. for Detroit, Chi. & St. Louis.
†3:45 PM—(2) For Hudson River points & Albany.
*6:00 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Cleve., and Chic.
†7:45 PM—For Roch., Buffalo, Detroit & St. Louis.
*9:15 PM—For Syra., Roch., Niag. Falls, Det. & Chi.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. Leaves Brooklyn Annex (1) at †10:45 A. M., (2) at 3:45 P. M.; leaves Jersey City, P. R. R. Station, (1) at †11:30 A. M., (2) at †3:35 P. M. Time tables at principal hotels and offices. Baggage checked from hotel or residence by Westcott Express.

A. H. SMITH, Gen'l Superintendent. C. E. LAMBERT, Gen. Pass. Agent.

READING SYSTEM

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R.

Liberty Street and South Ferry. (time from South Ferry five minutes earlier than shown below.)

EASTON, BETHLEHEM, ALLENTOWN, AND MAUCH CHUNK—*4:00, (7:15 Easton only,) 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:40, 5:00, (5:45 Easton only,) P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:00, 5:30 P. M.

WILKESBARRE AND SCRANTON—*4:00, 9:10 A. M., 1:20, 4:00 P. M. Sundays, *4:25 A. M., 1:00 P. M.

LAKEWOOD, LAKEHURST, TOMS RIVER AND BARNEGAT—*4:00, 9:40 A. M., 1:30 (3:40, *4:10 Lakewood and Lakehurst only,) 5:00 (*5:30, Lakewood only,) P. M. Sundays, 10:00 A. M.

ATLANTIC CITY—*9:40 A. M., *3:40 P. M.

VINELAND AND BRIDGETON—*4:00, A. M., *1:30 P. M.

LONG BRANCH, ASBURY PARK, OCEAN GROVE, POINT PLEASANT, AND SEASHORE POINTS—*4:00, 8:30, 11:30 A. M., 4:45, 5:30, 6:30 P. M. Sundays, except Ocean Grove, 9:00 A. M., 4:00 P. M.

PHILADELPHIA (READING TERMINAL)—[illegible]

READING, HARRISBURG, POTTSVILLE AND WILLIAMSPORT—[illegible]

SANDY HOOK ROUTE—From foot of Rector Street, Pier 8, Atlantic Highlands, Seabright, Monmouth Beach, and East Long Branch, 10:00 A. M., 4:30 P. M.

‡From Liberty Street only. *Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only. ‡Parlor cars only. ||Via Tamaqua. §Saturdays.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Av., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Av., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

W. G. BESLER, Vice Pres. and Gen. Mgr. C. M. BURT, Gen. Pass'r Agt.

ROYAL BLUE LINE.

NEW JERSEY CENTRAL R. R., PHILADELPHIA AND READING RY. and BALTIMORE AND OHIO R. R.

Leave South Ferry, Liberty St. Ferry.

Balto., Washington..	†8:25am.	†8:30am.	Buffet.
Balto., Washington..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*11:25am.	*11:30am.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
"Royal Limited" ..	*3:55pm.	*4:00pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*4:55pm.	*5:00pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Diner.
Balto., Washington..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: Liberty St. Ferry, South Ferry, 6 Astor House, 167, 261, 434, 1300, 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 153 East 125th St., 273 West 125th St., 245 Columbus Ave., New York; 4 Court St., 344, 860 Fulton St., Brooklyn; 390 Broadway, Williamsburg. New York Transfer Co. calls for and checks baggage to destination.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD

Leave New York City, South Ferry, Liberty St.

Chicago, Pittsburg..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	
Chicago, Columbus..	*12:55pm.	*1:00pm.	Diner.
Pittsburg, Cleve.....	*3:55pm.	*4:00pm.	Limited.
"Pittsburg Limited"	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*12:10nt.	*12:15nt.	Sleeper.
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*10:25am.	*10:30am.	Diner.
Cincinnati, St. Louis..	*6:55pm.	*7:00pm.	Buffet.
Norfolk	†12:55pm.	†1:00pm.	Diner.

*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

Offices: 113, 261, 434, 1,300 Broadway, 6 Astor House, 25 Union Square W., 391 Grand Street, N. Y.; 343 Fulton Street, Brooklyn; South Ferry and Liberty Street. Baggage checked from hotel or residence to destination.

LEHIGH VALLEY.

Foot of West 23d St., Cortlandt and Desbrosses Sts. R. R. *Daily. † Except Sunday. Sunday changes: [illegible]

[illegible]

Tickets and Pullman accommodations at 167, 261, 355, 1234 and 1354 Broadway, 182 5th Ave., 25 Union Square West, 245 Columbus Ave., N. Y.; 338 Fulton St., 4 Court St., 860 Broadway, and Ft. Fulton St., Brooklyn.

N. Y. Transfer Co. will call for and check baggage.

SUPREMACY IN LEGAL ADVERTISING.

THE NEW YORK TIMES published during the year 1902 249,168 lines of legal advertising. The other New York morning papers combined printed 205,[illegible] lines.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks weak.

Money easy, 2½@3 per cent.

Yesterday St. Paul declined 1⅝. St. Paul was not the entire market, but the decline in it epitomises the market. St. Paul ought to profit on the good crop news, and is not exceptionally a sufferer by the labor troubles, or the iron trade's condition. Yet the professionals used it as a battering ram to unsettle and depress the list. They succeeded, but not brilliantly. Not a single representative stock advanced a full point, but there was an average decline of about a point upon the market leaders. Delaware and Hudson made an exceptional fall of 2½, which is ill-timed in connection with the recent changes in its affairs. The new management scarcely can need the advice not to take such a cool welcome too much to heart. It is part of the present game.

The contest continued in the cotton market between those who have bought what they do not want for any industrial use and those who have sold what they do not possess to those who must have the real thing for consumption. The cotton goods market is so far from following the staple upward that it is lower than last year, and that cotton is not now dealt in at centres which sell to consumers. The position is so abnormal that cotton is worth more at New Orleans than here, and Bremen, Havre, and Liverpool are returning the cotton they imported. It is as interesting as a football game or a prizefight, or any other contest of skill and endurance, and is made so by the momentary expectation of casualties. In this case the interest—if that is the right word—is increased by the fact that the prospective casualties are not confined necessarily to the combatants, but may be extended to involuntary spectators. However, there may be no casualties. "I have been in the business thirty years, and I cannot tell what may happen in cotton to-morrow," said one competent operator. It therefore becomes a mere observer to venture no further than to record the fact that new record "highs" were made yesterday upon business which might almost be called quiet, so much wilder has it been at times this week.

The iron market is in a scarcely less singular state. It is sufficiently striking to remark that production is constantly increasing and stocks decreasing. But it is necessary to add that prices are decreasing also. Another cut was made in Southern pig yesterday. It seems established that domestic steel makers are not cutting prices, yet sales at the reduced prices are reported on acceptable authority. The inconsistencies are reconciled by the facts about the imports of iron and steel. It is hard to be pessimistic about a position which makes it necessary to import articles to supplement unprecedented production. But we did import 100,000 tons of iron in April, and it is German steel which is being sold at cut prices. But why should German steel be sold below the market if there is a shortage? A little patience should be exercised toward those who are as children in these things. The very best attention would be given to an explanation which explains.

It is still too early to say much about the next bank statement. We have had better than this one promises. The exports of gold do not come from the deposits, but from the surplus.

The Bank of England appears to have nailed to the mast its 4 per cent. rate. It must be admitted that a decline of the reserve by 15 per cent. affords sound argument for making no change this week. Thirty-seven per cent. is not a bad reserve in itself; in fact, it is near an average reserve, and the total reserve showed a small increase. The decline in the per cent. of reserve is due to the phenomenon too familiar here—an increase of requirements, through an increase of loans of £18,881,000, and a little larger increase of deposits. This throws doubt upon inferences which have been drawn regarding the abundance of idle capital as revealed by the oversubscription of the Transvaal loan. It is to be floated, it seems, not by fresh money, nor by foreign money, but by borrowed money, and the Bank must supply the funds in the first instance, at least. It must be remembered that London itself knows no more about the operation of the joint stock banks, whose reserve is included in the Bank's, than we know the operations of our trust companies whose reserve is included in the Clearing House reserves, and whose condition is not reported. The return of the Bank yesterday affords an implication that London is pretty well loaned up. Its demand for gold is likely to be as constant a quantity as the prolonged maintenance of the Bank rate indicates. Previous favorable inferences from the Transvaal flotation must be withheld for revision according to the digestion of this addition to the previous £30,000,000 of undigested consols, and, say, £20,000,000 of floating debt. These disclosures are as unwelcome here as anywhere, with the sterling market ranging where it does.

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Net changes in stocks of one-half of 1 per cent. or more were:

Stocks Advanced.

Am. Woolen pf	¾	Un. Pacific pf	½
Con. Tobacco pf	1½	U. S. Red. & Ref.	½
Met. Securities	1	Wheel. & L. E.	1
Mo., Kan. & T. pf	⅝	W. & L. E. 1st pf	1⅛
Pere Marquette	3½		

Stocks Declined.

Amal. Copper	1⅝	N. Y., N. H. & H.	1
Am. Ice	½	Norf. & West	⅝
Am. Linseed	½	North American	1
Anaconda Copper	1⅛	Penn. R. R.	⅝
Canadian Pacific	1⅛	Phila. Co.	⅝
Chi., M. & St. P.	1⅝	Ry. Steel Spring	⅝
Chi. & N. W.	1⅝	Reading	1½
Chi. & N. W. pf	23	Reading 2d pf	⅝
Del. & Hudson	2½	Rock Island	⅝
Erie	⅝	Rock Island pf	⅝
Erie 1st pf	⅝	Rubber Goods pf	⅝
Erie 2d pf	1	Southern Railway	⅝
Evans. & T. H.	1	Tenn. Coal & I.	1½
General Electric	2	Third Avenue	⅝
Illinois Central	⅝	Un. Bag & P.	1
Int. Paper	1⅛	Un. B. & P. pf	⅝
Iowa Cent. pf	1⅝	Union Pacific	⅝
Kan. & Mich.	1	United Fruit	2½
Kan. City So. pf	1⅝	U. S. Leather pf	1
Louis. & Nash.	1	U. S. Realty pf	1
Missouri Pacific	⅝	U. S. Rubber	⅝
Nat. Biscuit	⅝	U. S. Rubber pf	⅝
N. Y. Central	⅝	Westinghouse	7
N. Y., C. & St. L.	2½	Wis. Central	⅝

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Net changes in bond quotations of 1 per cent. or more were:

Bonds Advanced.

Del. & H. R. 1st	2½	Pacific Coast 1st	1
Kan. C. & Pac. 1st	1	Va. Southwest. 5s	1

Bonds Declined.

Am. Sp. Mfg. 6s	2	Stand. R. & T. 6s	1½
Col. Fuel gen. 5s	1	U. S. shipbuilding 1st 5s	2
Det. City Gas 5s	1		
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	1		

STOCK TRANSACTIONS.

	Shares.
May 14	395,607
To date this year	83,850,607
Corresponding date last year	74,595,896

BOND TRANSACTIONS.

May 14	$1,963,000
[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Adams Express.
American Colonial Bank of Porto Rico.
American Cotton Oil Co. common and preferred stocks.
Brooklyn Union Gas Co.
Delaware and Bound Brook Railroad.
Massachusetts Gas Co. preferred stock.
National Biscuit Co.
Pittsburg, Bessemer and Lake Erie Railroad.
United States Cast Iron Pipe and Foundry Co. preferred stock.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American District Telegraph Co.
American Graphaphone Co. on preferred stock.
American Radiator Co. on preferred stock.
City Trust Co. of Philadelphia.
Cleveland and Sandusky Brewing Co. on preferred stock.
Daly-West Mining Co.
Dayton, Springfield and Urbana Street Railway.
Empire State-Idaho Mining and Developing Co.
International Smokeless Powder Co. on preferred stock.
National Carbon Co. on preferred stock.
New England Telephone and Telegraph Co.
Niles-Bement-Pond Co. on preferred stock.
People's Bank of Brooklyn.
Pratt & Whitney Co. on preferred stock.
Procter & Gamble Co. on common stock.
Pullman Co.
Railway Equipment Corporation.
Rome, Watertown and Ogdensburg Railroad.
Shelby Iron Co.
Twin City Rapid Transit Co. on common stock.
United States Express Co.
United States Steel Corporation on preferred stock.
Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. on assenting stock.

FEATURES OF THE MARKET.

When prices began to sag yesterday in the early trading the common talk in the Street was that no stocks were coming out; that the market had been "sold to a standstill," and that—because the selling had been all for short account, according to these stories—the shorts were to be badly squeezed. Later, when prices declined still further, it was said that the bears were again "hammering" prices and that there was no liquidation. Whatever there was in these reports, the tenor of the talk all changed in the last hour, when large blocks of stock clearly representing liquidation came out. In St. Paul, in Union Pacific, in Rock Island, in Reading, in Central—in all of these and many others, despite what short selling there may have been, there was genuine liquidation by people who for one reason or other did not care to carry their stocks any longer.

In the active issues the weakest feature was St. Paul, which sold down to within three-quarters of the low price recorded for it in the extreme weakness some weeks ago. The decline had disquieting effect in the Street and served to impress the more the probable significance of the published utterances of a leading Standard Oil official in which the opinion was expressed in effect that there could be no hope of a better market with the Sherman law in force, and so long as it was in the power of one man—the President—to attack corporations as he saw fit. However, it has been an open secret for some time that all the larger banking interests were opposed to any advance in the market at this time, and were, in fact, rather inclined to let prices fall to a level attractive enough to induce outside investment buying. At present figures St. Paul is regarded as distinctly cheap, but in the absence of new buyers it suffers with other good stocks, such as Pennsylvania and New York Central.

The really phenomenal March quarterly statement of New York Central, showing an increase in net of nearly $500,000, had given rise to the hope and expectation in many parts of the Street that this would be followed by a good recovery in the stock. Instead the issue declined yesterday a full point. A published statement in the Street, apropos of the selling in the stock, was to the effect that one interest alone had disposed of 1,000 shares. The statement was that people close to the management of the company were selling, presumably in anticipation of the new stock issue. This could not be verified.

Two reasons were offered for the decline in Reading during the day, one that there might be some truth in the report that proceedings are to be begun at Washington against the coal combination; the other that President Baer's statement that he hoped within two years that a dividend might be paid on the second preferred held out little hope for the common stockholders for some time, inasmuch as a dividend on the common will not come until after one on the second preferred. And in Wall Street, so the speculators say, two years is a long time. The fact, too, that the stock is now a minority issue is declared to be against it, speculatively. There is some curiosity in the Street to know what the Gates interests did with the 20,000 shares of stock they bought openly about two weeks ago between 55 and 56½.

Brokers and commission houses generally continue to lament the absence of the public from the market—that is, the absence of a "new" public. It is not wholly right to say that the public is not in the market at all. Yesterday's decline convinces to the contrary, for many hurry calls for margins were made, and brokers' offices were more than ordinarily filled with customers long of stock, worrying over their position and praying for a rally on which to get out. But of new buying power there is a dearth, even the bargain hunter being conspicuous by his absence. The threatening labor situation and a recognition of the fact that many "undigested securities" have still to find a market have been, it is said, the principal reasons for keeping the public out.

When some weeks ago a few speculators united to manipulate Delaware and Hudson from around 173 to above 181, conservative interests in the Street, deploring the incident, did not hesitate to say that the manipulators might have difficulty in finding a market for the stock they were forced to buy. This prediction—it did not find favor with the manipulators—now seems to be coming true. Yesterday, on about 3,000 shares, the stock sold down nearly 3 points, to 174¼, and at the close of the day the best bid was 174, or but little above where the manipulative move started.

The biggest drop of the day was in Chicago and Northwest preferred, which on 100 shares sold down 23 points, to 210, this comparing with the last previous sale of 233 on March 13, a 2 per cent. dividend having come off in the interim. It is interesting to note that the last four sales of this stock have marked a break of 50 points on 400 shares, the sales (each of 100 shares) being at 260, 250, 233, and 210. The stock on April 29 of last year sold as high as 274½—this at the time the Moore interests undertook to obtain control of the system.

Liquidation was again yesterday in evidence in the high-priced shares, as in other parts of the list. In addition to the extreme break in Northwest preferred, Northwest common sold down over two points from the high, Westinghouse fell 7, New Haven 1 (this on unusually large transactions in this stock, more than 1,200 shares being dealt in,) and General Electric 2. A theory in some parts of the Street was that a part of the general selling during the day was by stock operators who had been caught short of cotton and who were in need of funds to protect themselves in the cotton market.

While it was somewhat earlier in the week than usual to speculate upon the probable showing to be made by Saturday's bank statement, there was nevertheless more or less discussion yesterday as to what this week's figures will show. Generally there is some hope that loans will be reduced and thus to some extent offset the loss in cash sustained by the banks, including the gold to South America and the currency shipped to New Orleans, presumably in connection with the cotton speculation.

A story on the floor yesterday was that during the day an effort had been made to liquidate a block of Southern Railway common stock, but that the market could not take the stock and that accordingly part of the order was withdrawn in the hope that a better market may present itself to-day. [illegible]

count, and was in order to protect other holdings.

It is said that the bull pool in Missouri Pacific has lately been getting more stock than it bargained for. This was true also of the pool in copper, which yesterday was obliged to part with some thousands of shares of its holdings at a no inconsiderable loss.

London bought about 10,000 shares in this market yesterday. The purchases were said to represent short covering.

FINANCING MARCONI COMPANY.

Eugene H. Lewis, Chairman of the Finance Committee of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph Company of America, made public a statement yesterday to the effect that arrangements had been completed to provide the Marconi Company with working capital to the amount of not less than $250,000, and possibly $450,000.

The statement says that the arrangements were concluded at the office of the Continental Trust Company, which acts as Trustee under the various guarantee and other agreements. The plan includes a privilege to stockholders to exchange their shares of stock for certificates of deposit, of the par value of $5 each, which certificates of deposit will be placed upon the market in lieu of the shares of the company.

COTTON EXCHANGE TICKET.

The Nominating Committee of the Cotton Exchange has selected the following candidates for officers to be elected on June 1:

For President—Robert P. McDougall.
For Vice President—Henry Schaefer.
For Treasurer—George Brennecke.
Board of Managers—E. A. Fachiri, Henry H. Wheeler, Edward M. Weld, James F. Maury, Herman Norden, David H. Miller, Richard A. Springs, J. F. McFadden, Marcus J. Parrott, Albert L. Rountree, Herman Hagedorn, Frank Guest, George M. Bailey, William Roy, and L. L. Fleming.
Trustee of the Gratuity Fund, to serve three years—E. E. Moore.

GENERAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

Statement that the annual meeting of the American Thread Company, ordinarily held in May, will take place this year early in July, the reason being that it gives the company more time to prepare the annual report.

According to Pittsburg dispatches the Clairton Steel Company will make improvements at its plant in the Monongahela Valley at a cost of $5,000,000.

Incorporation at Trenton of the Hinsdale Mining Company, with an authorized capital of $1,000,000 to operate a group of claims in Colorado.

Birmingham (Ala.) advices that the Directors of the Woodward Iron Company have authorized the building of a third iron furnace with 300 tons daily capacity.

Stockholders of the South Baltimore Car Works to meet May 26, and those of South Baltimore Foundry and the Ryan & McDonald Manufacturing Company on May 27 to vote on question of consolidating under the name of the South Baltimore Steel Car and Foundry Company, with a capital of $1,000,000.

Member of the firm of Rogers, Brown & Co. quoted as saying that there is no truth in the report from Cincinnati that his company has acquired the large iron furnaces and other interests in Ashland, Ky., of the Ashland Coal and Iron Company.

Special meeting of the stockholders of the Edison Electric Illuminating Company of Boston called for June 2, to take action on the issue of 8,636 shares of new stock authorized by the Gas Commission on June 18, 1902.

Sales on the Stock Exchange of 10 shares of Bank of Commerce at 355@355¼ and 20 National City Bank stock at 295.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on stock collateral loaned at 2½@3 per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. The majority of the day's loans was made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 3¾@4 per cent. for sixty to ninety days, 4 per cent. for four months, 4½ per cent. for five and six months, and 5 per cent. for eight months.

Mercantile paper rates, 4¾@5 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 4¾@5¼ per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 5½@6 per cent. for others.

New York Clearing House exchanges were $222,006,221; balances, $10,240,542; United States Sub-Treasury, debit balance, $954,939.

Money on call in London, 2½@3 per cent.; short bills, 3⅝ per cent.; three months' bills, 3¾ per cent.

Foreign exchange was strong. Nominal rates were $4.85½ for sixty days and $4.88½ for demand. Rates for actual business closed as follows: Sixty days, $4.85; demand, $4.88@4.88¼; cables, $4.88½. Commercial bills were $4.84¼@4.85.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.18¾@5.18⅛ less 1-16 and 5.15⅝@5.15⅝ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 13-16 and 95 5-16@95⅜; guilders, 40 1-16@40⅛ and 40¼@40 5-16.

Exchanges on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—25c premium. New Orleans—Commercial, 90c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 5c; telegraphic, 7½c. St. Louis—20c premium. Cincinnati—Between banks, 25c premium; over counter, 50c premium. Pittsburg—25@35c premium. Louisville—Par.

THE LONDON MARKET.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES
Special Cablegram.

LONDON, May 15.—The Times, in its City article to-day, says the very large amount due was repaid to the Bank of England yesterday, but money was still plentiful at low rates.

The Bank of England return shows that the reserve has risen £311,000, to £24,779,000, but owing to the increase of liabilities its proportion to them has fallen 14¾ per cent., to 37⅝ per cent.

The Bank of England yesterday bought £90,000 bar gold.

On the Stock Exchange there was not much general business yesterday. The tendency was dull and then steadier, except in South Africans, which showed marked and persistent weakness. Consols declined ⅛, to 92⅛, for cash, and 92 5-16 for the account. Transvaal Loan was 1-16 lower at 1⅜ premium. Home rails were dull.

American rails were a shade above parity throughout the day. In the afternoon there was arbitrage selling, especially of coalers. Mexican rails and Grand Trunks were in demand, with rising prices.

The prices of foreigns hardly moved. The general mining market was quiet.

There was a good Indian inquiry for bar silver, which rose ⅛d. per ounce to 25d. spot and 24½d. forward, closing steady.

By The Associated Press.

LONDON, May 14.—There was a plethora of money in the market to-day, and a fair demand prevailed in connection with the Stock Exchange pay day. The monetary position will be abnormal until the heavy borrowings from the Bank of England are liquidated.

On the Stock Exchange prices opened firm, but business was quiet. Operators were hopeful of an increase of business with the new account. Consols were a fraction easier, but were steady. Americans were unsettled and idle. They had a better tendency, though the excitement in the cotton market at New York was regarded unfavorably. Americans closed steady. Grand Trunk was firm on bear covering. Mexican rails were in good demand. Kafirs were weak on further Paris and Johannesburg selling.

There was a further advance of ⅛d. in the price of silver to-day, in response to more favorable Eastern advices.

Closing prices: Consols for money, 92⅛; Consols for account, 92 5-16; Anaconda, 5¼; Atchison, 81¾; Atchison pf., 99¾; Baltimore and Ohio, 95; Canadian Pacific, 135¾; Chesapeake and Ohio, 45; Chicago Great Western, 23¼; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, 164½; De Beers, 22¼; Denver and Rio Grande, 37; Denver and Rio Grande pf., 89; Erie, 35⅜; Erie first pf., 69¾; Erie second pf., 58; Illinois Central, 141½; Louisville and Nashville, 120⅝; Missouri, Kansas and Texas, 26¾; New York Central, 132¼; Norfolk and Western, 73¾; Norfolk and Western pf., 90½; Ontario and Western, 29⅝; Pennsylvania, 66¾ ex div.; Rand Mines, 10¼; Reading, 27⅝; Reading first pf., 43; Reading second pf., 35½; Southern Railway, 30; Southern Railway pf., 95; Southern Pacific, 55⅞; Union Pacific, 92½; Union Pacific pf., 93; United States Steel, 35¼; United States Steel pf., 85½; Wabash, 28¾; Wabash pf., 49.

Bar silver firm, 25d. per ounce.

Money, 2¾@3 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3⅝ per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3¾ per cent.

The Bank of Bombay to-day advanced its rate of discount from 6 to 7 per cent.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Buenos Ayres, 127.27½; Madrid, 36.22; Lisbon, 24.

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, May 14.—Prices were well sustained at the opening of the Bourse to-day, but later the general tone became heavy, industrials lost ground, and the market closed irregular and rather weak.

The private rate of discount was 2 11-16 per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 98f 2½c for the account. Exchange on London, 25f 16½c for checks.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows the following changes: Notes in circulation decreased 85,925,000f; Treasury accounts current decreased 1,025,000f; gold in hand decreased 8,375,000f; bills discounted decreased 19,625,000f; silver in hand increased 750,000f.

BERLIN, May 14.—The recent quietness of business on the Boerse continued unbroken to-day.

Call money rose to 3¼ per cent.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 47½ pfennigs for checks. Discount rates: Short and three months' bills, 3 per cent.

BANK OF ENGLAND.

LONDON, May 14.—The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows the following changes: Total reserve increased, £311,000; circulation decreased, £294,000; bullion increased, £16,800; other securities increased, £18,881,000; other deposits increased, £20,021,000; public deposits decreased, £584,000; notes reserve increased, £309,000; Government securities increased, £275,000.

The proportion of the bank's reserve to liability this week is 37.85 per cent., as compared with 52.17 per cent. last week. Rate of discount unchanged, at 4 per cent.

BOSTON STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—The money market continues dull and easy. Call loans, 3 per cent.; time loans on collateral, 4½@5 per cent.; time loans on mercantile paper, 5½@5 per cent.; Clearing House loans, 2@2½ per cent.; New York funds, par; clearings, $21,145,443; balances, $1,682,300. The foreign exchange market is firm. Long sterling bills have been advanced ⅛ cent.

The stock market continued dull and featureless. Complete transactions were as follows:

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	*Atchison	79	78⅝	78⅝
87	Atchison pf	97½	97	97½
814	Boston Elevated	146	145¾	145¾
6	Boston & Albany	245	245	245
50	Boston & Lowell	240	240	240
43	Boston & Maine	174½	174½	174½
11	Connec. Passumpsic pf	163½	163½	163½
2	Fitchburg pf	141	141	141
170	Mass. Elec	31½	31	31
31	Mass. Elec. pf	88	87½	88
156	N. Y., N. H. & H.	194	192½	192½
2	Old Colony	204¼	204¼	204¼
275	Pere Marquette	91	91	91
160	Union Pacific	80¼	80	80
14	Union Pacific pf	91	91	91
20	West End	91¾	91½	91½
10	West End pf	112	112	112

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
590	American	157	155	156¼
190	Mexican	2	2	2
50	*New England	136	136	136
5	Western	19	19	19
1	Western pf	95	95	95

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
3	Am. Ag. Chem. pf	77	77	77
335	American Sugar	126⅜	125⅝	125⅝
15	American Sugar pf	121⅛	121	121⅛
130	American Woolen	13	13	13
5	Am. Woolen pf	78	78	78
350	Dom. Iron & Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
11	Edison	272	272	272
257	General Electric	190¼	190	190
115	Mass. Gas	43⅝	43⅜	43⅜
202	Mass. Gas pf	86	85⅝	86
5	*Pullman	217½	217½	217½
14	†Seattle Elec. pf	100	100	100
135	Swift & Co	112½	111½	112
136	United Fruit	105	103½	103
53	Un. Shoe Machine	47	47	47
8	Un. Shoe Mach. pf	29¾	29¾	29¾
517	U. S. Steel	34½	33½	34½
611	‡U. S. Steel pf	83¾	83¾	83¾
12	*Westinghouse	105	103½	104

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Adventure	..	8½	8½
80	Allouez	7	7	7
5,184	*Amalgamated	65¼	64½	64⅝
300	American Zinc	12	11¼	11¼
60	Arcadian	3⅝	3½	3½
300	Atlantic	11½	11¼	11½
150	Bingham	30½	30	30½
34	Cal. & Hecla	524	524	524
130	Centennial	25	24½	24½
1,225	Cons. Mercur	1¼	1 3-16	1 3-16
636	Copper Range	62¾	62¼	62½
55	*Daly West	47½	47½	47½
30	Isle Royale	10	10	10
10	Mohawk	51	51	51
5	Montana C. & C.	6¼	6¼	6¼
50	National	75c	75c	75c
125	Old Dominion	17½	17½	17½
5	Osceola	66	66	66
25	Parrot	28¼	28¼	28¼
100	Quincy	113	109	109
50	Rhode Island	2½	2½	2½
130	Shannon	13¾	13¼	13¼
60	Tri-Mountain	91½	89½	89½
50	Trinity	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
485	U. S. Coal & Oil	14½	14	14
665	United States	24⅞	24	24
590	Utah	29½	29¼	29¼
50	Victoria	5½	5½	5½
662	Winona	11⅝	10¾	10¾
20	Wolverine	71	71	71
75	Wyandotte	2	1⅞	2

British Columbia, 4½ bid, 6 asked.

*Ex dividend. †Ex rights. ‡Ex rights and ex-dividend.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, May 14.—The opening this morning gave promise of a better local market. There was a cessation of the urgent selling on liquidation of the two preceding days, and in several quarters of the list prices showed an inclination to rally. This tendency, however, was soon offset by the appearance of fresh scattering liquidation in United Gas shares. Heaviness simultaneously appeared in Consolidated Lake Superior preferred, accompanied by a decline of 1¼ points to 20, the common also shading to 7⅛. The preferred subsequently recovered to 29⅞. The arbitrage stocks were under pressure all day, and their weakness did much to unsettle the locals. Philadelphia was also a large seller of stocks in New York, the offerings coming from tired-out and disgusted holders.

Total sales, 24,558 shares and $73,600 bonds. Range of prices:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
44	Cambria Iron	47½	47½	47½
610	Cambria Steel	24⅛	24	24
406	Consolidated Lake Sup.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
1,306	Consol. Lake Sup. pf	30	29	29⅞
125	Electric Co. of America	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝
10	Arctic Storage Bat. pf	73	73	73
300	Erie	34¾	34¼	34¼
170	Ins. Co. of N. A.	24¼	24¼	24½
503	Lehigh Valley	42	41⅜	41⅜
920	Marsden Co.	3½	3⅜	3⅜
200	National Asphalt Co. pf	⅝	⅝	⅝
10	Nesquehoning Val. R. R.	53	53	53
808	Penna. R. R.	64⅜	64⅛	64 9-16
1,813	Penna. R. R. warrants	4 9-16	4⅛	4⅛
151	Phila. Traction	97	97	97
290	Phila. Electric	7 1-16	7	7
225	Philadelphia Co.	44¾	44¼	44¼
6	Philadelphia Co. pf	48	48	48
8,657	Reading	27⅛	26⅛	26⅜
5	Reading 1st pf	41½	41½	41½
100	Reading 2d pf	34⅝	34⅝	34⅝
100	Rochester Passenger	71	71	71
500	Southern R. R.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
100	Tidewater Steel Co.	3	3	3
10	United Co.'s of N. J.	276⅝	276⅝	276⅝
1,308	United Gas Imp. Co.	92⅛	91½	91½
1,576	U. G. Co. Imp. Co. allot.	41½	40⅛	40½
44	Union Traction	46½	46	46½
2,466	United States Steel	34½	34	34
15	United States Steel pf	83⅞	83⅞	83⅞
100	Wabash pf	48⅞	48⅞	48⅞

Gold Engaged for South America.

Tentative arrangements were made yesterday to send $1,000,000 in gold to Argentina by to-morrow's steamer. Of this amount $500,000 was arranged by the Bank of British North America for the London and River Plate Bank, Limited. The other $500,000 were tentatively engaged by the Merchants' Bank. It is not certain that the latter shipment will be actually made.

No Extension for Steel Preferred.

J. P. Morgan & Co. announced yesterday that the plan to convert a portion of the United States Steel preferred stock into bonds would not be extended. The right to subscribe to these new bonds expires to-morrow.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Excessive dullness prevailed in most outside stocks yesterday, and there was practically no change from the conditions which governed the market on Wednesday. An event of interest was the sale of $10,000 of International Mercantile Marine 4½s at 97½, which with the exception of the one bond which sold several days ago at 75 is the only trade which has been made in these bonds. The new United States Steel bonds were again traded in to a considerable amount, the increase in activity being due apparently to the approach of the final day for the conversion of the preferred stock into the bonds, this privilege ceasing on Saturday next. There appeared to be little or no significance in the general course of prices as the changes were mostly fractional and so irregular in character that they failed to show any real tendency in one direction or the other.

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INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE, the developments in which during the past few days have been such as to attract much attention, was very dull. The preferred stock was not traded in at all, and only 100 shares of the common sold during the day. But it was the bonds which kept alive the interest in these securities. Just before the close a sale of $100,000 of the bonds was made at 97½, but it developed immediately afterward that the broker sold the bonds in error. His order was to sell $10,000 and not $100,000, and the matter was settled by the buyer cancelling the difference between the two amounts. This trade in the bonds was made "when, as and if issued," a fact which caused some comment, as it has been generally understood that the bonds have been issued for some time, though they are still believed to be controlled by the syndicate which underwrote the International Mercantile Marine Company.

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UNITED STATES STEEL new 5s were somewhat firmer than on Wednesday, but the advance which occurred during the first part of the day was nearly all lost during the afternoon's trading. A large part of the trading in these bonds represents arbitrage transactions between the preferred stock and the bonds, but for some time past the profit in such transactions has been relatively small, owing to the fact that the price of the bonds has kept pace with that of the preferred stock. As the time for the exchange of the preferred stock and the bonds comes to a close at the end of this week, there will soon be an end to these arbitrage transactions.

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The principal transactions reported in the outside market yesterday, with the high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Stocks.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
300	Am. Can	7¾	7½	7½
2,305	Am. Can pf	47	46	46
116	Am. DeForest Wireless	11	11	11
4,800	Am. Elevated	¾	⅝	¾
3	Am. Light & Trac	81	81	81
1,361	Am. Light & Tr. rights	⅛	⅛	⅛
60	Central Foundry	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝
200	Con. Refrigerating	5	5	5
200	Denver Gas	25	25	25
100	Electric Boat pf	41	41	41
400	Electric Vehicle pf	16	15¾	15¾
1,300	Fuel Oil Power	23	22¾	23
150	Gold Hill Copper	⅝	⅝	⅝
2,300	Greene Con. Copper	22¾	22⅜	22¼
3,100	Hackensack Meadows	16½	14¼	14¼
300	Havana Tobacco	47	46	46
100	Int. Mer. Marine	11	11	11
300	Light, Fuel & Power	22⅝	22⅜	22⅝
1,000	Manhattan Transit	4½	4½	4½
450	Mont. & Boston Copper	1⅞	1½	1⅞
24	N. Y., N. H. & H. rts	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞
125	N. Y. Transportation	7⅞	7⅜	7⅞
1,200	Northern Securities	98	97½	97½
100	Rapid Vehicle rights	1½	1¼	1¼
83	Royal Baking Pow. pf	103⅛	103	103
1	Safety Car Heating	172	172	172
200	Seaboard Air Line	25	25	25
100	Seaboard Air Line pf	42	42	42
41	Standard Oil	680	675	675
100	Tennessee Copper	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛
800	Union Copper	2	2	2
200	U. S. Light & Heat	10	10	10
8,975	White Knob Copper	18¾	18⅛	18⅜

Bonds.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$5,000	†Central Foundry 6s	69	69	69
15,000	C., R. I. & P. 5s, w. i.	91½	91⅛	91½
3,000	†Cuban 6s of 1896	35½	35	35½
5,000	†Denver Gas & Elec. 5s	77	77	77
10,000	Int. Mer. Mar. 4½s, w. i.	97½	97½	97½
9,000	Lack. Steel 5s, 20% pd	97¾	97¾	97¾
10,000	Lack. Steel 5s, full pd	97¾	96⅛	96⅛
20,000	U. S. Shipbuilding 5s	45	45	45
642,000	U. S. new 5s, w. i.	88⅝	88½	88½

*Less than 100 shares. †Sell flat.

QUOTATIONS—INACTIVE ISSUES.

Closing quotations of stocks in which no transactions in full lots were reported compare as follows with the closing prices of Wednesday:

Industrial and Miscellaneous.

	May 14. Bid.	May 14. Asked.	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.
American Banknote	57	58½	57	58½
American Chicle	116	120	116	120
Amer. Chicle pf	89½	91½	89½	91½
American Diesel Engine	16	16½	16	16½
Amer. Malting 6s	101¼	101½	100⅝	101½
Amer. Sparklets pf	..	5	..	5
American Typefounders	34½	36½	34½	37
Amer. Typefounders pf	94	95	94	95
Amer. Writing Paper	4⅝	5	5	5⅛
Amer. Writing Paper pf	20½	21½	20½	21
Amer. Writing Paper 5s	74½	75	74½	75
Bamberger, De Lamar	9⅝	10⅛	9⅝	10½
Borden's Cond. Milk	116	119	116	119
Borden's Cond. Milk pf	107	110	107	110
British Col. Copper	4⅜	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
California Copper	3-16	⅜	3-16	⅜
Camden Land	¼	⅜	¼	⅜
Casein Co. of America	..	13⅝	..	13⅝
Casein Co. of Amer. pf	83	87½	83	87½
Central Fireworks	20½	23	20½	23
Central Fireworks pf	62	67	62	67
Central Foundry pf	16½	18	17	18
Compressed Air	3½	4	3½	4
Con. Rubber Tire	½	1½	½	1½
Con. Rubber Tire pf	5	7⅝	5	7⅝
Con. Rubber Tire 4s	7	10	7	10
Detroit & Mack	33	35	33	35
Detroit & Mack pf	79	84	79	84
Dominion Securities	5	20	5	20
E. W. Bliss	140	160	140	160
E. W. Bliss pf	140	160	140	160
Electric Boat	23	29	23	29
Electric Lead Reduction	1½	2	1½	2
Elec. Lead Reduction pf	3	4	3	4
Electric Vehicle	10	11½	11¼	12
Electro-Pneumatic	⅜	½	⅜	½
Empire Steel	13½	14½	13½	14½
Empire Steel pf	40	53	40	53
Erie conv. 4s, w. i.	87½	88	87⅝	88
Gold Hill Copper	5-16	⅜	5-16	⅜
Gugg'h'm Ex. 50% paid	110	112	110	112
Guggenheim Exploration	115	125	115	125
Hall Signal	95	105	95	105
Havana Tobacco pf	53	60	53	60
Houston Oil	7½	7⅝	7	7⅝
Houston Oil pf	25	30	25	30
Interb. R. Tr. 90% paid	100	104	..	104
Interb. R. Tr. full paid	100	104	..	104
Inter. Mer. Marine pf	29½	30	29⅝	30
International Salt	11½	12½	11½	12½
International Salt 5s	43	46	43	46
Inter. Silver 1st 6s	100¼	102	100¼	102
Inter. Silver deb. 6s	..	92½	..	92½
Inter. Silver ctfs	35	..	35	..
Inter. Silver	..	8½	..	8½
Inter. Silver pf	..	51	..	51
Kitchener Mining	½	⅝	½	⅝
Lackaw. Steel 60% paid	90	95	91	95
Lackaw. Steel full paid	90	94	90	94
Maine Steamship	18	22	18	22
Maine Steamship 5s	75	78	75	78
Marconi Wireless of C.	6⅝	7½	6⅝	7½
Mex. Nat. C., $17 pd. off	6⅛	7	6⅝	7
New Eng. Trans	⅛	¼	⅛	¼
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P.	42	48	42	48
N. Y. & Q. E. L. & P. pf	72	75	72	75
North Am. Lumber & P.	9½	11	9½	11
Otis Elevator	41	42½	41	42½
Otis Elevator pf	95½	96½	95½	96½
Pacific Pack. & Nav.	⅝	1½	⅝	1½
Pacific Pack. & Nav. pf	..	4½	..	4½
Peoria, Dec. & Evans.	⅛	½	⅛	½
Safety Car Heating	173	176	173	176
Seminole Mining	⅝	1⅛	⅝	1⅛
Simpson-Crawford	27	35	27	35
Simpson-Crawford 6s	80	85	80	85
Standard Coupler	27½	31	27½	31
Standard Coupler pf	125	135	125	135
Standard Milling	5	7½	6	7½
Standard Milling pf	..	27½	..	27½
Standard Milling 5s	73	76	73	76
Storage Power	⅝	1	⅝	1
Tonopah Mining	8½	9	9	9½
Trenton Potteries	20	23½	20	23½
Trenton Potteries pf	90	95	90	95
Trenton Potteries deb.	72½	75	72½	75
Union Typewriter	115	117	115	117
Union Typewriter 1st pf	119	120½	119	120½
Union Typewriter 2d pf	120	122	120	122
United Box Board	3	4	3	4
United Box Board pf	23	24	23	24
United Copper	15	18¼	15	18¼
U. S. Cotton Duck	3	5	3	5
Universal Tobacco	1½	2⅛	1½	2⅛
Universal Tobacco pf	4	7	4	7
Virginia & Southwestern	25	31	25	31
White Knob Copper 6s	140	..	140	..

Street Railways.

	May 14. Bid.	May 14. Asked.	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.
Broadway & 7th Av.	245	247	245	247
Broadway & 7th Av. 1st	99½	100½	99½	100½
Broadway & 7th Av. 2d	105	107½	105	107½
Broadway Surface 1st 5s	110	114	110	114
Broadway Surface 2d	100	101	100	101
Brooklyn, B. & W. E. 5s	100	104	100	104
Brooklyn City Railroad	240	243	240	243
Brook. R. Tr. new 4s	82⅝	83	82⅝	83
Central Park, N. & E. R.	210	220	210	220
Con. Traction of N. J.	68	70	68	70
Con. Traction 5s	108	109	108	109
Eighth Av. Railroad	400	415	400	413
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st	107½	110½	107½	110½
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 2d	99	101	99	101
Grand Rapids Street Ry.	52	56	52	56
Grand Rapids St. Ry. pf	95	97½	95	97½
Jersey City H. & P.	18	19	18	19
Jersey City H. & P. 4s	76½	77½	76½	77½
Nassau Electric 4s	82⅝	83½	82⅝	83½
New Orleans Rys.	14⅝	..	14⅝	..
New Orleans Rys. pf	41½	..	41	..
New Orleans Rys. 4½s	81½	..	..	81½
Ninth Avenue R. R.	190	210	190	210
North Jersey St. Ry.	21	23	21	23
North Jersey St. Ry. 4s	80	81	80	81
St. Louis Transit	26	27	26	27
St. Louis Tr. 5% notes	95	95½	95	95½
Second Av. R. R. consols	115	118	115	118
Sixth Avenue R. R.	180	185	180	185
Steinway R. R. Co. 1st 6s	114	118	114	118
Syracuse Rapid Transit	29	32	29	32
Syracuse Rap. Tr. pf	77	79	77	79
28th & 29th St. 5s, 1996	*110	*115	*110	*115

	May 14. Bid.	May 14. Asked.	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.
Union Railway 1st 5s	115	118	115	118
United Rys. of St. L. pf	77¾	80	77¾	80
United Traction, Prov	100	103	100	103
United Traction bonds	112	113½	112	113½
Wash. Ry. & Electric	10	11	10¾	10¾
Wash. Ry. & Elec. pf	40	42	40	42
Wash. Ry. & Electric 4s	77½	78	77½	78

Gas Companies.

	May 14. Bid.	May 14. Asked.	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.
Amer. Light & Trac	81	84½	80	85
Amer. Light & Trac. pf	89½	101	90	101
Bay State	¼	5-16	¼	5-16
Buffalo Gas	6¾	8½	6¾	8½
Cent. Union Gas gtd. 5s	109½	110½	109½	110½
Columbus Gas 5s	105	107½	105	107½
Con. Gas of N. J. 5s	88	90	88	90
Consum. Gas (J. C.) bds	100	102	100	102
Denver Gas	26	28	26	28
Denver Gas 5s	71	75	71	75
Indianapolis Gas	80	85	80	85
Indianapolis Gas 6s	102	..	102	..
Mutual Gas	300	315	300	315
New Amsterdam Gas 5s	108½	109½	108½	109
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. 1st 5s	110	118	110	116
N. Y. & E. R. Gas Co. Con. 5s	108	111	108	111
Northern Union 5s	106½	..	106½	..
Ohio & Indiana Gas	8	12	8	12
St. Joseph (Mo.) 5s	94	97	94	97
St. Paul Gas 5s	89	92	89	92
Standard Gas, N. Y.	131	..	131	..
Standard Gas, N. Y. pf	152½	..	152½	..
Standard Gas 1st 5s	115	117	115	117
Syracuse Gas 1st 5s	97½	98½	97½	98½

Ferry Companies.

	May 14. Bid.	May 14. Asked.	May 13. Bid.	May 13. Asked.
Brooklyn Ferry	6	11	6	11
East River Ferry	80	88	80	88
East River Ferry 5s	90	98	90	98
Hoboken Ferry 1st 5s	107	110	107	110
N. Y. & Hob. con. 5s	106½	107½	106½	107
Union Ferry	38	40	38	40
Union Ferry 5s, ex coup	90	92	90	92

*Five bond market.

CHICAGO QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, May 14.—New York exchange was at 25c premium before clearings and 30c premium after clearings. Time and call loans, 5@6 per cent.

The vagaries of the local speculative mind were exemplified aptly to-day by a rise to 70 in Pneumatic Tool in the early session. In April holders could see nothing in the stock, and allowed it to fall to 35. Then it was heard there would be no dividend, and that the dissensions of Messrs. Schwab, Dantley, and Pam were likely to disrupt the company. Now it is supposed that to-morrow the dividend will be declared.

Of more reasonable interpretation was the rise to 66 early in West Colorado on small trading. Judge Grosscup has ordered the receivers of Union Traction to borrow funds for the payment of the guaranteed dividend on West Chicago to-morrow; likewise funds to pay the interest of the floating debts of West and North Chicago. The borrowing rate must not exceed 6 per cent. West Chicago 5 per cent. bonds felt the influence and sold to 89. Biscuit stocks were easy.

Complete transactions were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
400	American Can	7¼	7	7
1,700	American Can pf	46⅞	46	46
5	American Radiator	52	52	52
35	Am. Radiator pf	125½	125½	125½
90	Chicago Title & Trust	103	102	103
300	Chicago Pneu. Tool	70	69½	70
50	Chicago Union Traction	4½	4½	4½
80	Diamond Match	137	137	137
100	Lake Street L	5¼	5¼	5¼
120	Met. L pf	74	74	74
100	N. Chi. St. R. R. Co.	121	121	121
434	National Biscuit	42	41⅜	41⅜
204	National Biscuit pf	105½	105½	105½
149	Swift & Co.	113	112½	112½
150	United Boxboard	3¼	3	3
800	United Boxboard pf	24	23¾	24
127	West Chicago	65	64	64½

TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, May 14.—The interest of the market still hovers around the question as to the degree of friction liable to arise between the Protective Committee of the Cotton Duck income bondholders and the special cluster of managers selected to promote the new financial plan. It is quite evident that the whole scheme will fail unless a proposition is made which is thoroughly agreeable to the income holders.

Money on call to-day was at 5@6 per cent.

Complete stock transactions for the day, amounting to 1,250 shares of stock and $44,400 worth of bonds, were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
875	Seaboard Ry. common	25	25	25
50	Consolidated Gas	70¾	70½	70½
100	Cotton Duck tr. rcts	4	4	4
25	Citizens' Bank	30½	30½	30½
200	Firemen's Ins	23	23	23
$2,000	Seaboard Railway 4s	83	83	83
22,000	United Rys. & El. incs	68½	68⅜	68⅜
2,000	United Rys. & Elec. 4s	93½	93½	93½
1,000	Geo., Car. & North. 5s	110½	110½	110½
12,000	Atlantic Coast Line 4s	94½	94½	94½

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Penn., May 14.—Complete stock transactions to-day were as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Brewing pf	46¼	46¼	46¼
226	Crucible Steel pf	82½	82¼	82¼
100	Fireproofing	26½	26½	26½
114	Fireproofing pf	86½	86	86½
27	Monongahela Water	39	39	39
10	Natural Gas, West Va	150	150	150
8	Ohio Fuel Supply	89½	89½	89¾
68	Philadelphia Co. pf	48	48	48
1,118	Pittsburg Coal	29¾	29¼	29¼
223	Pittsburg Coal pf	88¼	88	88¼
200	River Coal	10¼	10¼	10¼
330	River Coal pf	40	39¾	39¾
350	U. S. Steel	34½	34	34
1,730	Westinghouse Elec. 2ds	104¼	102¾	103
2	Colonial Trust	620	620	620
10	Cosmo. National Bank	110	110	110
20	Diamond National Bank	470	470	470
10	Farm. & D. Nat. Bank	1,340	1,340	1,340
10	German-Am. S. & T.	170	170	170
95	Iron C. Trust	165	160	160
10	*Mortgage Banking	190	190	190
30	North American Savings	155	155	155
30	Real Estate Trust	315	314½	314½

*New high mark.

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 14.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Thursday.	Wednesday.
Alta	.05	.05
Alpha Consolidated	.02	.02
Andes	.19	.25
Belcher	.40	.44
Best & Belcher	1.55	1.60
Bullion	.05	.05
Caledonia	1.35	1.40
Challenge Consolidated	.33	.37
Chollar	.19	.29
Confidence	.93	1.00
Consolidated Cal. & Va.	1.25	1.30
Consolidated Imperial	.03	.03
Crown Point	.22	.24
Gould & Curry	.42	.44
Hale & Norcross	.71	.71
Julia	.02	.06
Justice	.04	.06
Kentucky Consolidated	.05	.05
Lady Washington Consolidated	.05	.05
Mexican	.74	.85
Occidental Consolidated	.35	.38
Ophir	1.50	1.55
Overman	.42	.42
Potosi	.24	.28
Savage	.18	.20
Sag Belcher	.18	.20
Sierra Nevada	.54	.60
Syndicate	.05	.05
St. Louis	.15	.25
Union Consolidated	.74	.29
Utah Consolidated	.30	.32
Yellow Jacket	.38	.39
Silver bars	.54⅞	.54
Mexican dollars	.42½	.42½
Drafts, sight	.07½	.07½
Telegraph	.10	.10

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, May 14.—Gardner & Co. report closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday as follows:

	Thursday. Bid.	Thursday. Asked.	Wednesday. Bid.	Wednesday. Asked.
Acacia	8¼	8¾	8½	8¾
American Con	2⅝	2¾	2½	3
Anaconda	14½	18	14½	18
Blue Bell	5¼	7	5¼	8
C., K. & N.	19	19½	19	19¾
C. C. Cons.	4½	5	4½	5
Coriolanus	2	2½	2	2½
C., C. & M.	2	2½	2	2½
Dante	2	2½	1½	2½
Doctor Jackpot	8½	9	8½	9
Elkton	38	38½	38	39
El Paso	59½	60	59½	60
Findlay	13½	14½	13½	14½
Gold Dollar Con	5⅜	5⅝	5½	5¾
Golden Cycle	74	77	76	78
Golden Fleece	5	10	5	10
Gold Bond	2½	3¼	3	3½
Gold Sovereign	2¾	3	3⅜	3½
Gould	3½	4	..	3½
Gold	3⅝	4	4	..
Gold Exploration	2⅜	2½	2⅜	2½
Isabella	17	17½	16½	17
Jackpot	7⅝	9	8	10
Keystone	5	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜
Last Dollar	60	60	60	60
Lexington	4	4½	4	4½
Little Puck	3	3¼	2¾	3¼
Little Bessie	3¾	4¼	3¾	4¼
Mollie Gibson	5¼	7	5½	7
Mary Cashen	2½	2¾	2	3
Moon Anchor	7½	8½	7¼	9
New Haven	2	3	2	2¾
Old Gold	7½	8½	8½	10
Pharmacist	4	4½	4	4½
Pinnacle	4	4½	4	4½
Portland	134½	136	130	138
Rose Maud	2	2½	2	2½
Rose Nicol	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Sunset Eclipse	2½	2¾	2½	2¾
Vindicator	90	95	90	95
Work	6⅝	7	6¾	7

Silver for San Francisco Mint.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Director Roberts of the Mint Bureau to-day purchased 250,000 ounces of silver at 54.749 cents an ounce, to be delivered in San Francisco.

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday, May 14, 1903.

U S 2s, coup
10,000 ... 106⅞
U S 4s, reg, 1907
1,000 ... 110⅜
Am Hide & L 6s
3,000 ... 81½
Am Spirits M 6s
1,000 ... 88
Atch, Top & Santa Fe gen 4s
41,000 ... 100½
1,000 ... 100⅜
Adj 4s, stamped
2,000 ... 89
1,000 ... 89⅛
1,000 ... 89¼
Balt & Ohio gold 4s
1,000 ... 102⅜
9,000 ... 102½
500 ... 103
S'w'n div 3½s
7,000 ... 89⅛
B'klyn Un El 1st
1,000 ... 100⅝
B, R & P gen 5s
5,000 ... 110⅜
Buffalo Gas 5s
1,000 ... 78
Canada South 1st
1,000 ... 104½
Cent Br Ry 4s
10,000 ... 90½
Cent of Ga con 5s
2,000 ... 106⅛
3,000 ... 106⅜
Cent of Ga 1st inc 5s
10,000 ... 78
2d inc 5s
20,000 ... 36⅝
Cent Pac gtd 3½s
5,000 ... 88
Ches & O con 5s
7,000 ... 116½
Ches & O gen 4½s
5,000 ... 104⅝
Ches & Ohio, Craig Val 5s
4,000 ... 112
Chi & Alton 3½s
6,000 ... 77
Chi, Bur & Q 4s, joint bonds
28,000 ... 94⅝
3,000 ... 94⅝
6,000 ... 94⅝
Neb ext 4s
2,000s20F ... 107
Chi & E Ill gen 5s
3,000 ... 116½
Chi & Erie 1st 5s
1,000 ... 118
Chi, M & St Paul gen 4s, Ser A
2,000 ... 110⅜
Chi, R I & P gen 4s
1,000 ... 106
Chi, R I & P R R 4s
35,000 ... 84
5,000 ... 83⅝
7,000 ... 83⅝
C, C, C & St L gen 4s
2,000 ... 99⅝
18,000 ... 100
Col F & I gen 5s
10,000 ... 102
Col F & I conv 5s
10,000 ... 87
1,000 ... 87½
10,000 ... 87⅜
15,000 ... 87
5,000 ... 86½
Col Mid 1st 4s
3,000 ... 77
Col & South 1st 4s
7,000 ... 90
8,000 ... 89⅝
Consol Tobacco 4s
31,000 ... 61⅝
Det City Gas 5s
5,000 ... 88
Dist Sec Cor 5s
5,000 ... 68
1,000 ... 67½
Dul & Iron R 1st
5,000 ... 112½
3,000 ... 113
Edison Elec Ill of N Y 1st conv 5s
1,000 ... 104½
Erie 1st con 4s
5,000 ... 98⅝
5,000s20F ... 99⅛
Erie, Penn col tr 4s
14,000 ... 92½
5,000 ... 92
Ft W & D C 1st
3,000 ... 111
Hock Val 1st 4½s
9,000 ... 107⅝
5,000 ... 107½
Illinois Cent, Louis div 3½s
2,000 ... 95
Kanawha & M 1st
1,000 ... 93
1,000 ... 92½
K C, Ft S & M 4s
5,000 ... 85
Kan City South 3s
1,000 ... 70
Kan City & P 1st
5,000 ... 90
L S & M S 2d 7s
5,000 ... 103⅝
Lehigh Val of N Y gtd 4½s
5,000 ... 108½
Louisville & Nashv unified 4s
2,000 ... 101½
Met Elev 1st 6s
1,000 ... 111¼
Met St gen 5s
1,000 ... 115½
Mex Cent con 4s
12,000 ... 80
Mex Cent 1st inc
25,000 ... 28
1,000 ... 27⅝
35,000 ... 28
10,000 ... 28¼
2,000 ... 28⅛
1,000 ... 28
10,000 ... 28⅛
29,000 ... 28
11,000 ... 27⅞
15,000 ... 28
10,000 ... 27⅞
83,000 ... 28
10,000 ... 27⅞
174,000 ... 28
44,000 ... 27⅞
5,000 ... 27⅞
5,000 ... 27⅞
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
500 ... 99⅛
Mo, K & T 2d 4s
5,000 ... 82⅝
Mo Pac 1st col 5s
1,000 ... 105½
Mex Cent 2d inc
20,000 ... 18½
10,000 ... 18½
10,000 ... 18¾
25,000 ... 18½
15,000 ... 18½
30,000 ... 18½
5,000 ... 18½
40,000 ... 18½
Mor & Essex con 7s
1,000 ... 134⅝
1,000 ... 134⅝
Nat R R of Mex 1st con 4s
10,000 ... 78½
5,000 ... 78⅝
N Y Cent & Hud River deb 5s, 1884
1,000 ... 101⅞
L S col 3½s, reg
2,000 ... 80
N Y, C & St L 4s
5,000 ... 105
Registered
3,000 ... 105
N Y & N H 1st 7s
5,000 ... 108⅛
Nor & W con 4s
22,000 ... 98
Norf & W, Pocah, C & C 4s
35,000 ... 88½
North Pac 4s
3,000 ... 103
North Pac gen 3s
1,000 ... 72
4,000 ... 71⅞
Oregon Sh L 4s & participating
3,000 ... 88⅛
3,000 ... 88
1st con 5s
5,000 ... 116
Pac Coast 1st 5s
1,000 ... 113
Penn conv 3½s
22,000 ... 96
Reading gen 4s
9,000 ... 97¼
5,000 ... 97⅛
1,000 ... 97¼
5,000 ... 97⅛
St L, I M & South unify & ref 4s
23,000 ... 86½
Gen 5s
5,000 ... 112⅝
St L & San Fran R R refund 4s
17,000 ... 87
55,000 ... 87⅛
10,000 ... 87⅛
23,000 ... 87
12,000 ... 87⅛
8,000 ... 87
St L S'w'n 1st 4s
12,000 ... 94⅝
2d inc 4s
3,000 ... 85
4,000 ... 83⅝
Cons 4s
5,000 ... 88
St Paul, M & M, Dak ext 6s
1,000 ... 111
San A & A P 4s
74,000 ... 80
Seaboard A L Ry gold 4s
3,000 ... 83½
South Pac 4s
1,000 ... 90⅝
500 ... 90
South Pac 4½s
2,000 ... 100
Southern Ry 1st 5s
10,000s20F ... 116⅛
1,000 ... 116½
3,000s20F ... 116⅛
Standard R & T 6s
1,000 ... 60⅛
Texas & Pac 1st 5s
5,000 ... 118
Third Av con 4s
10,000 ... 96
2,000 ... 97⅛
25,000 ... 97½
Union Pac 1st 4s
26,000 ... 102⅜
15,000 ... 102½
4,000 ... 102⅜
Union Pac conv 4s
7,000 ... 99⅝
23,000 ... 99½
4,000 ... 99⅝
27,000 ... 99¼
45,000 ... 99⅛
26,000 ... 99⅛
23,000 ... 99⅛
1,000 ... 99⅛
20,000 ... 99⅛
United Railroads of San Fran 4s
10,000 ... 79½
10,000 ... 79⅛
5,000 ... 79¼
10,000 ... 79
15,000 ... 78⅝
U S Shipbuilding 1st s f 5s
1,000 ... 47
Va Mid gen 5s, gtd, stamped
5,000 ... 113⅝
Va & S'w'n 5s
4,000 ... 108
Wabash 1st 5s
20,000 ... 115½
Wabash 2d 5s
1,000 ... 107½
Wabash deb B
10,000 ... 77⅝
20,000 ... 77
24,000 ... 77⅛
20,000 ... 77⅝
1,000 ... 77½
25,000 ... 77⅝
5,000 ... 77½
30,000 ... 77⅜
20,000 ... 77⅜
1,000 ... 77⅜
40,000 ... 77⅜
5,000 ... 78
10,000 ... 77⅞
5,000 ... 77⅞
25,000 ... 77⅝
37,000 ... 77⅝
10,000 ... 77⅝
2,000 ... 77⅝
1,000 ... 77⅝
45,000 ... 77⅝
20,000 ... 77⅝
5,000 ... 77⅝
36,000 ... 77⅝
9,000 ... 77⅝
5,000 ... 77⅝
Wab, Det & C 5s
3,000 ... 109
Wab, Omaha div 3½s
10,000 ... 84
Wis Cent gen 4s
3,000 ... 89

Total sales ... $1,963,000

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

TRANSACTIONS IN STOCKS.

Thursday, May 14, 1903.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
10,490	Amal. Copper	65⅝	65⅝	64½	64½
30	Am. Car & F.	39	39	39	39
40	American Ice	9	9	8⅞	8⅞
10	Am. Locomotive	25½	25½	25½	25½
100	Am. Smelting	49⅜	49⅜	49½	49⅜
1,270	Amer. Sugar	125⅞	126⅛	125⅝	125⅝
6,420	A., Top. & S. F.	79⅜	79½	78½	78⅞
7,400	Balt. & Ohio	92½	92⅝	91½	91½
1,800	Brook. Rap. Tr.	65⅞	66	65⅛	65⅛
100	Can. Pacific	132	132	131	131
240	Ches. & Ohio	43¼	43¼	43	43
27,260	C., Mil. & St. P.	160¼	161	158⅝	158⅝
290	Chi. & Alton	31½	31½	30	30½
330	Chi. Gt. West.	22⅝	22⅝	22	22
10	Chi. Union Trac.	4½	4½	4½	4½
2,480	Col. Fuel & I.	69¼	70½	68½	68¾
1,900	Erie	34¾	35	34¼	34½
50	Erie 1st pf	68	68	68	68
350	Ill. Central	138⅜	138⅜	138	138
110	Louis. & Nash.	117⅝	117⅝	116½	116½
280	Manhattan	141¼	141¼	141⅛	141⅛
200	Met. Street	131	131⅛	130⅛	131
1,790	Mex. Central	26⅝	28⅛	27⅞	27⅞
510	Mo., K. & T.	26	26⅛	25⅝	25⅝
170	M., K. & T. pf	57½	57½	57½	57½
5,920	Mo. Pacific	112	112⅜	111⅛	111⅜
900	N. R. R. of Mex.	24⅝	24⅝	24⅜	24⅜
200	N. R. R. of M. pf	46	46	46	46
840	N. Y. Central	129⅝	129⅞	128⅛	128⅛
150	N. Y., O. & W.	29	29⅛	28⅞	28⅞
220	Norf. & West.	70⅝	71⅛	70⅝	70⅝
10	Pacific Mail	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
4,580	Pennsylvania	129⅞	129⅞	128⅞	128⅞
140	Penn. rights	3	3	3	3
160	People's Gas	101⅜	103	101⅜	101⅜
12,610	Reading	54⅜	54⅜	52⅞	53
120	Rep. Steel	18⅛	18⅛	18	18
9,360	Rock Island	43	43⅜	42⅛	42⅛
1,810	South. Pacific	54⅝	54⅝	54	54⅜
240	Southern Ry	30⅛	30⅛	29⅞	30
2,580	Tenn. C. & I.	62¾	62⅞	61⅝	61⅝
90	Texas Pacific	35⅛	35⅛	35	35
8,810	Union Pacific	90	90⅜	89⅝	89⅝
2,270	U. S. Leather	13⅝	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛
10	U. S. Leath. pf	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜	85⅜
10	U. S. Rubber	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
6,230	U. S. Steel	34	34¼	33⅞	33⅞
610	U. S. Steel pf	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝	83⅝
30	Wabash	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝	27⅝
2,060	Wabash pf	48⅝	49	47⅞	48⅛
10	Wheel. & L. E.	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝
10	Wis. Central	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝

134,710

BONDS.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
$15,000	Mex. C. 1st inc.	28	28	28	28

RAILROAD STATEMENTS.

The following railways reporting yesterday gross earnings for the first week in May showed increases:

Chi., Indianapolis and Louisville	$10,880
Minn., St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie	16,740
St. Louis & San Francisco	112,304
Total increase 3 roads	$139,924
Increase previously reported	1,088,[illegible]
Total increase 40 roads	$1,227,[illegible]

***

Decrease:

Texas Central	$[illegible]
Decrease previously reported	[illegible]
Total decrease 4 roads	$[illegible]
Net increase 44 roads	$1,[illegible]

All Grades of Refined Sugar Higher.

All grades of refined sugar were yesterday advanced 5 cents a hundred pounds, making the price of standard granulated 4.65.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Complete Transactions in Stocks—Thursday, May 14, 1903.

Closing Bid.	Closing Asked.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
[illegible]	64½	20,800	*Amal. Copper Co.	65⅝	65⅞	64½	64⅝	−1½
[illegible]	39½	425	Am. Car & F. Co.	39¼	39½	39¼	39½	+ ½
91	91¼	100	Am. Car & F. Co. pf.	91¼	91¼	91¼	91¼	[illegible]
[illegible]	41	310	Am. Cotton Oil	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	40⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	212	225	American Express	212	212	210	210	[illegible]
[illegible]	15	200	*Am. Grass Twine	14	14	14	14	[illegible]
[illegible]	8½	175	*Am. Ice Co.	8½	8½	8½	8½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Am. Ice Co. pf.	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	[illegible]
15	[illegible]	200	*Am. Linseed Co.	15	15	15	15	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	900	*Am. Locomo. Co.	25⅞	25⅞	25½	25½	[illegible]
[illegible]	93	100	*Am. Locomo. Co. pf.	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	92⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	6,520	*Am. S. & R. Co.	50	50	49½	49⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	207	*Am. S. & R. Co. pf.	95¼	95¼	95¼	95½	[illegible]
[illegible]	125¾	2,900	*Am. Sugar Ref. Co.	125⅝	126	125	125¾	[illegible]
[illegible]	121¾	40	*Am. Sug. Ref. Co. pf.	121¾	121¾	121¾	121¾	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	40	Am. Tel. & Cable Co.	82½	82½	82½	82½	[illegible]
[illegible]	77½	170	*Am. Woolen Co. pf.	77½	77½	77½	77½	[illegible]
103	104	300	*Anaconda Cop. M. Co.	104	104½	103½	103½	−1½
[illegible]	79	25,050	Atch., Top. & S. F.	79⅝	79⅞	[illegible]	79⅛	[illegible]
[illegible]	97½	50	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	97	97	97	97½	[illegible]
[illegible]	91¾	8,670	Baltimore & Ohio	91⅝	92¾	91¼	91¾	[illegible]
[illegible]	94	17	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	93	93	93	93	[illegible]
[illegible]	65¾	[illegible]	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	65⅝	65⅝	65¼	65¼	[illegible]
[illegible]	131½	[illegible]	Canadian Pacific	132	132	131½	131½	[illegible]
170	175	10	Central R. R. of N. J.	170	170	170	170	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,100	Chesapeake & Ohio	43¼	43⅝	43	43⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,200	Chicago & Alton	31	31¼	30¼	30½	[illegible]
[illegible]	22½	100	Chicago Great Western	22¼	22¼	22¼	22¼	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	10	Chi. Gt. West. pf., B.	37½	37½	37½	37½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	27,000	Chi., Mil. & St. P.	160¼	161	158¾	159⅛	[illegible]
[illegible]	183½	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	183½	183½	183	183	[illegible]
179	181½	800	Chicago & Northw.	180	181½	179	179	[illegible]
210	230	100	Chicago & Northw. pf.	210	210	210	210	[illegible]
[illegible]	29	100	Chi. Term. Trans. pf.	28½	28½	28½	28½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Chicago Union Trac.	4½	4½	4½	4½	[illegible]
[illegible]	69½	2,375	Colorado Fuel & Iron	69½	70	68½	69½	[illegible]
[illegible]	65	200	Col. & Southern 1st pf.	64½	64½	64½	64½	[illegible]
[illegible]	18	400	Col. & H. C. & I.	17½	17½	17½	17½	[illegible]
[illegible]	207½	700	Consolidated Gas	206½	206½	206	206	[illegible]
[illegible]	115	200	*Con. Tobacco Co. pf.	115½	115½	115½	115½	[illegible]
[illegible]	32	3,810	Corn Products Co.	31½	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	[illegible]
[illegible]	81	125	Corn Products Co. pf.	80½	80½	80½	80½	[illegible]
174	174¾	2,100	Delaware & Hudson	177½	177½	174½	174½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Detroit Southern	15¼	15¼	15¼	15¼	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	125	Detroit United Ry.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	14	100	*Dul., S. S. & At.	13½	13½	13½	13½	[illegible]
[illegible]	21	100	*Dul., S. S. & At. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	[illegible]
[illegible]	34⅛	10,300	Erie	34⅝	34¾	34	34	[illegible]
[illegible]	67½	2,900	Erie 1st pf.	68	68	67½	67½	[illegible]
[illegible]	56	1,810	Erie 2d pf.	57	57	55½	55½	[illegible]
[illegible]	68	200	Evans. & T. H.	65	65	65	65	[illegible]
187	188	550	General Electric	190	190	188	188	[illegible]
102	104	45	Hocking Valley	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝	[illegible]
[illegible]	137½	1,500	Illinois Central	138	138	137½	137½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	550	International Paper	17½	17½	16½	16½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	Iowa Central pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	41	100	Kanawha & Michigan	39	39	39	39	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	K. C., Ft. S. & M. pf.	79½	79½	79½	79½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	800	Kansas City South. pf.	52½	52½	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	42	100	Lake Erie & West.	40	40	40	40	[illegible]
[illegible]	117	1,400	Louisville & Nashville	117½	117½	116½	116½	[illegible]
141	141¼	3,080	Manhattan Elevated	141¾	141¾	141	141	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	700	*Met. Securities	91½	92¾	91½	92¾	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,610	*Met. Street Railway	131	131½	130½	130½	[illegible]
[illegible]	27½	12,730	Mexican Central	28	28½	27⅞	27⅞	[illegible]
[illegible]	26	2,850	Mo., Kan. & Texas	26	26½	26	26	[illegible]
[illegible]	57½	2,600	Mo., Kan. & Texas pf.	56½	57½	56½	57½	[illegible]
[illegible]	111½	26,420	Missouri Pacific	111½	112½	111½	111½	[illegible]
[illegible]	42½	320	*Nat. Biscuit Co.	41½	41½	41½	41½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	200	*Nat. Lead Co.	20	20	20	20	[illegible]
[illegible]	32	100	National Enameling	30½	30½	30½	30½	[illegible]
[illegible]	24½	10,300	Nat. R. R. of Mex.	24	24½	23½	24	[illegible]
[illegible]	46½	12,570	Nat. R. R. of Mex. pf.	46	46½	45½	46½	[illegible]
[illegible]	128	2,900	New York Central	128½	128½	128	128	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	N. Y., Chi. & St. L.	33	33	33	33	[illegible]
[illegible]	195	1,858	N. Y., N. H. & H.	193	193	192	192	−1
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	N. Y., Ont. & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Norfolk & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	North American	71	71⅛	70½	70½	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Pacific Coast 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	Pacific Mail	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	129½	[illegible]	Pennsylvania R. R.	129½	129½	128½	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Pennsylvania rts.	3	3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	102	110	People's Gas, Chicago	102	102	102	102	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	800	Pere Marquette	[illegible]	[illegible]	90	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Philadelphia Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	10	Pressed Steel Car	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	350	Pressed Steel Car pf.	82	82	82	82	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Railway Steel Spring	[illegible]	[illegible]	31	31	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	17,800	Reading	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	800	Reading 2d pf.	70	70	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	500	*Rep. Iron & Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	42,700	Rock Island Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	700	Rock Island Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	300	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	250	*Rub. Goods Mg. Co. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	45	St. L. & San Fran.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Sloss-Sh. S. & I. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Southern Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Southern Ry. ext.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	South. Ry. pf. ext.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Standard R. & T.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	61½	[illegible]	Tennessee Coal & Iron	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Texas & Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
120	121	100	Third Avenue	121	121	121	121	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Tol., St. L. & Western	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Union Bag & P. Co.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Union Bag & P. Co. pf.	70	70	68	68	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	26,000	Union Pacific	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	91½	1,025	Union Pacific pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	104	[illegible]	United Fruit Co.	104	104	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	United Rys. Invest.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	United Rys. Invest. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	1,810	*U. S. Leather	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*U. S. Leather pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Realty & Con.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Realty & Con. pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*U. S. Red. & Ref.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	4,070	U. S. Rubber	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Rubber pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Steel	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	U. S. Steel pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	*Vulcan Detinning	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	Wabash	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	21,800	Wabash pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	85	Western Union Tel.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
205	207	[illegible]	Westinghouse E. & M.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	205	[illegible]
[illegible]	24½	[illegible]	Wheel. & L. E.	24	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	700	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	700	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Wisconsin Central	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
[illegible]	[illegible]	100	Wisconsin Central pf.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Sales.... [illegible],007 *Unlisted. †From last previous sale.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

[illegible]

BULLION AND MINING.

Bar silver was quoted in the London market at [illegible] per ounce and in New York at [illegible]. Mexican dollars at [illegible].

On the Consolidated Exchange 400 shares of Anaconda Gold sold at .14, 4,500 Comstock at .07¼@.09@.08½, 4,000 Comstock bonds at .09@.08½, 1,000 Consolidated Imperial at .04, 500 Elkton at .37@.35, 500 Golden Fleece at .15, 500 Isabella at .15½, 300 Ophir at 1.80, 100 Pharmacist at .09½, 100 Portland at 1.40, 1,000 Potosi at .29@.28, and 100 Sierra Nevada at .75.

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the Division of Redemption, shows:

Available cash balance	$221,707,717
Gold	104,824,580
Silver	[illegible]
United States notes	[illegible]
Treasury notes of 1890	70,121
National banknotes	10,341,536
Total receipts this day	1,901,148
Total receipts this month	20,127,325
Total receipts this year	466,546,340
Total expenditures this day	2,090,000
Total expenditures this month	21,810,000
Total expenditures this year	452,309,[illegible]
Deposits in National banks	154,[illegible],511
National banknotes received to-day for redemption	[illegible]
Government receipts—	
Internal revenue	[illegible]
Customs	[illegible]
Miscellaneous	227,370

The condition of the Treasury, Divisions of Issue and Redemption, at the beginning of business to-day was as follows:

RESERVE FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$150,000,000

TRUST FUNDS, DIVISION OF REDEMPTION.

Gold coin	$412,0[illegible]
Silver dollars	46[illegible],000
Silver dollars of 1890	1,3[illegible]
Silver bullion of 1890	19,0[illegible]
Total	$8[illegible]

DIVISION OF ISSUE.

Gold certificates outstanding	$412,0[illegible]
Silver certificates outstanding	46[illegible],000
Treasury notes outstanding	20,416,000
Total	$[illegible]

GENERAL FUND.

Gold coin and bullion	$[illegible]
Gold certificates	[illegible]
Silver coin and bullion	[illegible]
Silver certificates	[illegible]
United States notes	[illegible]
Other assets	[illegible]
Total in Treasury	$154,7[illegible]
Deposits in National banks	154,[illegible],511
Total	$[illegible]
Current liabilities	[illegible]
Available cash balance	$221,707,717

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1903.	1902.	1901.
ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—			
Mileage	309	309	310
4th week April	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Month	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—			
Mileage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1st week May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CIN., NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PAC—			
Mileage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
4th week April	[illegible]	173,320	[illegible]
Month	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MINN., ST. PAUL & SAULT STE. MARIE—			
Mileage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1st week May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
ST. L. & SAN FRAN. System, including Chicago & Eastern Illinois—			
1st week May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
TEXAS CENTRAL—			
Mileage	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
1st week May	[illegible]	7,650	[illegible]
From July 1	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
MEXICAN CENTRAL for February (in Mexican currency)—	1903.	1902.	Increase.
Gross earnings	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Operating ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net earnings	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Gross, 2 months	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Operating ex.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Net, 2 months	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

*Decrease.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Army.

A board of officers is appointed to meet at the Army Building, New York City, May 25, for the examination of such persons as may be ordered before it to determine their fitness for appointment as Chaplain. Detail: Col. William H. Dougherty, Major William H. Arthur, Capt. William F. Stewart, Capt. Edwin Bell, First Lieut. Walter D. Webb, and First Lieut. John F. James, Recorder.

A board of officers is appointed to meet at Madison Barracks, New York, May 25, for the examination of such persons as may be ordered before it to determine their fitness for appointment as Chaplain. Detail: Capts. Charles E. Noyes, Frederick L. Palmer, Mark L. Hersey, and Powell C. Fauntleroy; Contract Surgeon John A. Rafter, and First Lieut. William E. Mayer, Recorder.

Capt. Kenzey J. Hampton, Quartermaster, is relieved from duty in the office of the Quartermaster General, and will take transport to sail from San Francisco, June 1, for the Philippine Islands, where, upon arrival, he will report for duty.

Assignments to regiments of officers recently promoted: Major George H. Morgan to the Ninth Cavalry; Capt. James N. Munro to the Third Cavalry.

Capt. James M. Kennedy, Assistant Surgeon, is detailed as member and recorder of the board of medical officers appointed to meet at the Presidio of San Francisco, vice Capt. George J. Newgarden, Assistant Surgeon.

Capt. Alston Hamilton is relieved from duty at the Military Academy, to take effect Aug. 15, and will then join his proper station.

First Lieut. Charles M. Wesson, Eighth Cavalry, will report for duty to the Superintendent of the Military Academy, Aug. 30.

Major Benjamin F. Runkle is relieved from duty at the Peekskill Military Academy, New York, to take effect June 6.

First Lieut. Alfred McC. Wilson, Tenth Infantry, upon expiration of his sick leave, will proceed to Monterey, Cal., for duty until the arrival of his regiment at San Francisco, en route to the Philippine Islands, when he will join it.

Navy.

Lieut. J. S. McKean is ordered to the Monongahela.

Lieut. J. R. P. Pringle is detached from the Monongahela and ordered home to wait orders.

Lieut. R. H. Leigh is detached from the Naval Academy, June 4, and ordered to the Hartford as watch and division officer.

Lieut. E. C. Moody is detached from the Naval Academy, June 4, and ordered to the Nashville for duty in charge of the Engineering Department.

Lieut. D. C. Redgrave is detached from the Nashville, June 2, and ordered home to wait orders.

Midshipmen J. Rodgers, W. W. Smyth, W. R. Raudenbusch, W. S. Anderson, F. V. McNair, C. E. Smith, F. H. Fretz, C. A. Blakely, R. W. Ryden, and F. H. Poteet are detached from the Santee, June 4, and ordered home.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Arrivals—Alert at Avalon, Dahlgren at New Suffolk, Vixen at Santiago, and Uncas at San Juan.

Sailings—Sterling, from Lambert Point for Portsmouth, N. H.; Buffalo, from Villefranche for Algiers; Villalobos, from Hankow for Fuchau; Triton, from Washington for Norfolk.

SHIPPING AND FOREIGN MAILS.

Miniature Almanac—This Day.

A. M. Sun rises...4:44 | P. M. Sun sets...7:09 | P. M. Moon rises..10:41

High Water This Day.

	A. M.		A. M.		A. M.
S. Hook	10:03	Gov. Isl'd	10:14	H. Gate	12:19
	P. M.		P. M.		P. M.
S. Hook	10:17	Gov. Isl'd	10:58	H. Gate	12:39

Outgoing Steamships.

SATURDAY, MAY 16.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
Adirondack, Jacmel and Port au Prince	9:30 A. M. / *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Allegheny, Kingston and Port Limon	9:30 A. M. / *10:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Anchoria, Glasgow	9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Bellarden, Argentina	8:30 A. M.	
Comanche, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Concho, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Curityba, Cuba	12:30 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
El Sigle, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Graf Waldersee, Hamburg		9:00 A. M.
Ivernia, Liverpool	5:30 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Lahn, Gibraltar and Naples	8:00 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
Matanzas, Tampico		1:00 P. M.
Minnehaha, London	5:00 A. M.	9:00 A. M.
Morro Castle, Havana	10:30 A. M.	1:00 P. M.
Philadelphia, La Guayra	*9:30 A. M. / *9:30 A. M.	12:00 M.
Proteus, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Ravensdale, Yucatan	10:00 A. M.	12:00 M.
Zeeland, Antwerp	7:30 A. M.	10:00 A. M.

MONDAY, MAY 18.

Guyandotte, Norfolk		3:00 P. M.

TUESDAY, MAY 19.

Arapahoe, Charleston and Jacksonville		3:00 P. M.
Grenada, Trinidad		[illegible]
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen		10:00 A. M.
Sardegna, Naples and Alexandria		[illegible]
Seguranca, Colon		1:00 P. M.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 20.

Alamo, Galveston		3:00 P. M.
Congo, Hull		[illegible]
El Monte, New Orleans		3:00 P. M.
Germanic, Liverpool		12:00 M.
Potsdam, Rotterdam		10:00 A. M.
St. Paul, Southampton		10:00 A. M.

*SUPPLEMENTARY MAILS.—Additional supplementary mails are opened on the piers of the American, English, French, and German transatlantic steamers and remain open until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

COASTWISE MAILS.

Mails for Cuba, by rail to Port Tampa, Fla., and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Thursday, at §5:30 A. M. (the connecting mails close here on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays.) Mails for Mexico City, overland, unless specially addressed for dispatch by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at 1:30 P. M. and 11:30 P. M., Sundays at 1:00 P. M. and 11:30 P. M. Mails for Newfoundland, by rail to North Sydney, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. (connecting mails close here every Monday, Wednesday, and Saturday.) Mails for Jamaica, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office at 6:30 P. M. Wednesday. Mails for Miquelon, by rail to Boston, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily at 6:30 P. M. Mails for Belize, Puerto Cortez, and Guatemala, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Mondays at §11:30 P. M.) Mails for Costa Rica, by rail to New Orleans, and thence by steamer, close at this office daily, except Sunday, at §1:30 P. M. and §11:30 P. M., Sundays at §1:00 P. M. and §11:30 P. M. (connecting mail closes here Tuesdays at §11:30 P. M.)

§Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

TRANSPACIFIC MAILS.

Mails for China and Japan, via Tacoma, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §12, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Olympia. Mails for Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §16, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Alameda. Mails for China and Japan, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §19, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Empress of India. Merchandise for United States Postal Agency at Shanghai cannot be forwarded via Canada. Mails for Hawaii, Japan, China, and Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §21, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Siberia. Mails for Australia, (except West Australia,) Fiji Islands, and New Caledonia, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C., close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May 16 and up to May §23, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Aorangi. Mails for Philippine Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §27, inclusive, for dispatch per United States transport. Mails for Tahiti and Marquesas Islands, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. up to May §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Mariposa. Mails for New Zealand, Australia, (except West Australia,) New Caledonia, Fiji, Samoa, and Hawaii, via San Francisco, close here daily at 6:30 P. M. after May 12 and up to May §30, inclusive, for dispatch per steamer Ventura. (If the Cunard steamer carrying the British mail for New Zealand does not arrive in time to connect with this dispatch, extra mails—closing at 5:30 A. M., 9:30 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.; Sundays at 4:30 A. M., 9 A. M., and 6:30 P. M.—will be made up and forwarded until the arrival of the Cunard steamer.)

Note.—Unless otherwise addressed, West Australia is forwarded via Europe; and New Zealand and Philippines via San Francisco—the quickest routes. Philippines specially addressed "via Canada" or "via Europe" must be fully prepaid at the foreign rates. Hawaii is forwarded via San Francisco exclusively.

Transpacific mails are forwarded to port of sailing daily, and the schedule of closing is arranged on the presumption of their uninterrupted overland transit. §Registered mail closes at 6:00 P. M. previous day.

Incoming Steamships.

TO-DAY, (FRIDAY,) MAY 15.

America, Gibraltar, May 5.
Auguste Victoria, Hamburg, May 7.
Citta di Messina, Gibraltar, May 1.
El Dorado, Galveston, May 9.
Huronia, San Juan, May 10.
La Lorraine, Havre, May 9.
Massilia, Naples, April 28.
Minnesota, Swansea, April 24.
Sabine, Galveston, May 9.

SATURDAY, MAY 16.

Cedric, Liverpool, May 8.
Cienfuegos, Santiago, May 9.
City of Memphis, Savannah, May 13.
Etruria, Liverpool, May 9.
Island, Copenhagen, April 29.
Orizaba, Santiago, May 9.
St. Paul, Southampton, May 9.
Trinidad, Bermuda, May 14.

SUNDAY, MAY 17.

Attivita, Naples, May 2.
Cearense, Barbados, May 9.
Duca De Galliera, Naples, May 4.
El Valle, Galveston, May 12.
La Champagne, Havre, May 9.

MONDAY, MAY 18.

Chalmette, New Orleans, May 13.
Furnessia, Glasgow, May 7.
Hellig Olav, Christiansand, May 8.
Maracaibo, Curacao, May 10.
Marquette, Southampton, May 8.

TUESDAY, MAY 19.

Artemisia, Stettin, May 2.
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen, May 12.

Lampasas, Galveston, May 12.
Margval, Trinidad, May 11.
Statendam, Rotterdam, May 9.
Tennyson, Pernambuco, May 7.

Arrived.

SS Pioqua, (Br.,) Filkins, Trieste, &c., April 10, with mdse. to Phelps Brothers & Co. Southeast of Fire Island at 6 P. M.

SS Seguranca, Leighton, Colon, May 8, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Panama Railroad Steamship Company. Off the Highlands at 9:50 P. M.

SS El Norte, Hanson, New Orleans, May 9, with mdse. to the Southern Pacific Company.

SS Chattahoochee, Lewis, Boston, with mdse. to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Orange Prince, (Br.,) Young, Banes, Cuba, May 8, with molasses to the United Fruit Company. Arrived at the Bar at 9:30 A. M.

SS Cuman, (Br.,) Journeay, Cardenas, &c., April 30, with sugar to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 6:45 A. M.

SS Thyra, (Nor.,) Edwardsen, Cardenas, &c., May 2, with sugar to W. D. Munson. Arrived at the Bar at 5 P. M. 13th, and anchored, owing to thick fog.

SS Olimpo, (Aust.,) Maggio, Trieste, &c., April 2, with mdse. to Phelps Brothers & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 6 A. M.

SS City of Savannah, Daggett, Savannah, May 12, with mdse. and passengers to the Ocean Steamship Company.

SS Richmond, Crowley, Norfolk, with mdse. to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Navahoe, Johnson, Jacksonville, May 10, and Charleston, 11th, with mdse. to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Rio Grande, Johnstone, Mobile, May 4, and Brunswick, 11th, with mdse. and passengers to C. H. Mallory & Co.

SS Comanche, Platt, Jacksonville, May 11, and Charleston, 12th, with mdse. and passengers to William P. Clyde & Co.

SS Pallanza, (Ger.,) Behrmann, Newport News, May 12, with mdse. in transit to Funch, Edye & Co. Will finish loading for Hamburg.

SS Matanzas, Miller, Tampico, May 1, Havana, 8th, and Matanzas, 9th, with mdse. and passengers to James E. Ward & Co. Arrived at the Bar at 1 P. M. 13th.

SS Merchant Prince, (Br.,) Covil, Rosario, &c., March 19, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the J. C. Seager Company. Arrived at the Bar at 10 P. M. 13th.

SS Alleghany, (Ger.,) Haase, Port Limon, May 4, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the Hamburg-American Line. Arrived at the Bar at 2 P. M.

SS Princess Anne, Tapley, Newport News and Norfolk, with mdse. and passengers to the Old Dominion Steamship Company.

SS Germanic, (Br.,) Hambleton, Liverpool, May 6, and Queenstown, 7th, with mdse., passengers, and mails to the White Star Line. Arrived at the Bar at 9:20 P. M.

WIND—At Sandy Hook, N. J., at 9:30 P. M., southwest, fresh breeze; partly cloudy.

Sailed.

SS Adato, (Br.,) for New Orleans.

SS Donald, (Nor.,) for Banes and Gibara.

SS St. Quentin, (Br.,) for Cape Town, East London, &c.

SS Jefferson, for Norfolk and Newport News.

SS Esperanza, for Havana and Mexican ports.

SS El Mar, for Galveston.

SS American, (Dutch,) for Antwerp.

SS Guyandotte, for Norfolk and Newport News.

SS Fuerst Bismarck, (Ger.,) for Hamburg via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

SS Pretoria, (Br.,) for Bermuda.

SS La Bretagne, (Fr.,) for Havre.

SS Koenigin Luise, (Ger.,) for Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg.

SS Mongolian, (Br.,) for Glasgow.

SS Goldsboro, for Philadelphia.

SS Consuelo, (Br.,) for Hull via Gravesend.

SS Apache, for Charleston and Jacksonville.

SS City of Memphis, for Savannah.

SS Bluefields, for Baltimore.

Steam yacht Clermont, passed out Quarantine at 5:25 P. M.

By Cable.

LONDON, May 14.—SS Batavia, (Ger.,) Capt. Prahl, from New York for Hamburg, passed Scilly at 5:48 A. M. to-day.

SS La Savoie, (Fr.,) Capt. Poirot, from New York, arr. at Havre at 6 A. M. to-day.

SS Deutschland, (Ger.,) Capt. Barends, from New York via Plymouth for Hamburg, arr. at Cherbourg at 10:30 P. M. yesterday and proceeded.

SS Bristol City, (Br.,) Capt. Barclay, from New York, arr. at Bristol to-day.

SS Napolitan Prince, (Br.,) Capt. Adamson, for New York, sld. from Palermo May 12.

SS Bellanoch, (Br.,) Capt. Nerison, for New York, sld. from Manchester yesterday.

SS Majestic, (Br.,) Capt. Smith, from Liverpool for New York, sld. from Queenstown at 1:28 P. M. to-day.

SS Dresden, (Ger.,) Capt. Thomas, from Bremen for New York, passed the Lizard to-day.

SS Gera, (Ger.,) Capt. Dewers, from Naples for New York, passed St. Michael's to-day.

SS Pontiac, (Br.,) Capt. Owen, from New York via Malta for Trieste, &c., arr. at Venice May 9.

SS Gallia, (Fr.,) Capt. Pavey, from New York, arr. at Gibraltar May 11.

SS Umbria, (Ital.,) Capt. Barabino, from New York via Naples, arr. at Genoa May 11.

SS Hekla, (Dan.,) Capt. Larsen, from New York via Christiansand, arr. at Copenhagen May 12.

SS Trinidad, (Br.,) Capt. Fraser, for New York, sld. from Bermuda to-day.

SS Bernicia, (Br.,) Capt. Faulkner, from New York via St. Vincent, C. V., arr. at Fort Natal to-day.

SS Capri, (Ger.,) Capt. Livoni, from New York via Barbados and Maceio, arr. at Rio Janeiro to-day.

Notice to Mariners.

MAINE.

LUBEC CHANNEL LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1903, Page 10, No. 8; List of Beacons and Buoys, First Lighthouse District, 1903, Page 10.)

Located about one mile to the southward of Lubec, on the westerly edge of the dredged channel from Quoddy Roads to Lubec.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about June 15, 1903, the color of the tower at this station will be changed from brown to white.

MOUNT DESERT LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 12, No. 15; List of Beacons and Buoys, First Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 15.)

Located on Mount Desert Rock, off the seacoast of Maine, and about 20 miles to southward of Mount Desert Island.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about June 20, 1903, the tone of the Daboll trumpet at this station will be increased in strength with a slightly lower pitch.

CRABTREE LEDGE LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 22, No. 17; List of Beacons and Buoys, First Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 20.)

Located on Crabtree Ledge, northerly part of Frenchman Bay, and about 2 miles off the easterly shore of Crabtree Neck.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about June 15, 1903, the color of the tower at this station will be changed from brown to white.

GOOSE ROCKS LIGHT STATION.

(List of Lights and Fog Signals, Atlantic and Gulf Coasts, 1902, Page 24, No. 20; List of Beacons and Buoys, First Lighthouse District, 1902, Page 30.)

Located on Goose Rocks Ledge, northerly side of the main easterly entrance to Fox Islands Thoroughfare from East Penobscot Bay.—Notice is hereby given, by order of the Lighthouse Board, that on or about June 15, 1903, the color of the tower at this station will be changed from red to white.

Miles are nautical miles.

Marine Intelligence.

RIO JANEIRO, Brazil, May 14.—The Lamport Line steamer Capri, Capt. Livoni, from New York, April 17, via Barbados and Maceio, has arrived here and reports that while off Abrolhos Rocks, (Parcel dos Abrolhos, coral reefs off the east coast of Brazil south of Bahia,) her machinery became disordered and she grounded. A portion of the cargo was jettisoned and she floated without assistance.

THE COMMERCIAL WORLD

CASH QUOTATIONS.

Wheat, No. 2 red	.83¾
Corn, No. 2 mixed	.55½
Oats, No. 2 mixed	.38½
Flour, Minnesota patents	$4.25
Cotton, middling	10.60
Coffee, No. 7 Rio	.05½
Sugar, granulated	4.35
Molasses, O. K., prime	.40
Beef, family	12.00
Beef hams	20.75
Tallow, prime	.05¾
Pork, mess	18.50
Hogs, dressed, 160 lb.	.09
Lard, prime	9.35
Iron, Northern, No. 1 foundry	20.87½
Butter, Western creamery	.23

CHICAGO, May 14.—No. 2 Spring wheat, 78¼@79¾c; No. 3, 72@79c; No. 2 red, 78¼@79¼c; No. 2 corn, 44¾@46c; No. 2 yellow, 46¼c; No. 2 oats, 35½c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 3 white, 35@36¼c; No. 2 rye, 48½@50c; good feeding barley, 39@41c; fair to choice malting, 50@56c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1.11; No. 1 Northwestern, $1.15; mess pork, per barrel, $17.37½@$17.50; lard, per 100 lb., $8.77½@8.82½; short ribs, sides, (loose,) $9.20@9.30; dry-salted shoulders, (boxed,) $8.25@8.37½; short clear sides, (boxed,) $9.50@9.62½; whisky, basis of high wines, $1.30; clover, contract grade, $12.00.

COTTON.—It was another wild day in the cotton market, although the volume of transactions, taking the session as a whole, was not so great as that of Wednesday, and the session ruled tremendously active and excited. The market opened firm, 3@10 points higher. The early strength was on a renewal of a scramble of the shorts to cover, which in the morning received encouragement from the exceptional strength of spot cotton at Liverpool, where an advance to 6.10d for middling upland was reported, with sales of 20,000 bales. As the initial prices here realizing sales were very heavy, but the market advanced to a level at 4@10 points above Wednesday night's closing before any material halt in the upward movement could be effected. The market at the close was very steady at within about 2@5 points of the best of the day, and unchanged to 11 points higher on all except June, which was nominally 8 points lower. Total sales of futures were estimated at 750,000 bales.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	11.39	11.44	11.35	11.39@11.40
June	11.05	11.05	10.84	10.97@10.99
July	10.95	11.00	10.80	10.97@10.98
August	10.65	10.76	10.50	10.70@10.71
September	9.50	9.58	9.38	9.47@9.50
October	9.01	9.07	8.90	9.02@9.07
November	8.86	8.90	8.81	8.86@8.87
December	8.85	8.90	8.79	8.85@8.86
January	8.86	8.89	8.79	8.85@8.87

LIVERPOOL, May 15.—Spot cotton active and rising; sales, 30,000 bales; speculation and export, 3,000 bales; American, 15,000; middling upland, 6.106. Futures opened firm, 10 points advance on near and 5 points on distant positions. Closed steady, net 6@10 points higher. May, 5.98; May-June, 5.94@5.95; June-July, 5.88@5.89; July-August, 5.80@5.81; August-September, 5.67@5.68; September-October, 5.14; October-November, 4.88@4.90; November-December, 4.80; December-January, 4.78; January-February, 4.77. Manchester—Yarns irregular. Cloths very firm, but prices asked check business.

BREADSTUFFS.—WHEAT.—The principal feature in wheat was a rather active advance that occurred during the late afternoon, in which shorts covered freely, and the bull end of the market was fortified considerably by some adverse domestic and foreign crop news and rumors of a considerable export business. Except for a net decline of ¼c on May, final prices were ⅛@¼c net higher. Quotations of cash wheat, free on board afloat basis, were as follows: No. 1 Northern Duluth, 88¾c, to arrive; No. 1 hard Manitoba, 87¾c; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 86¾c; No. 1 Northern Chicago, 87¾c, all to arrive; No. 2 red, New York, 84¼c, nominal.

ST. LOUIS, May 14.—Wheat, No. 2 red, cash, nominal; May, 75c, nominal; July, 68¾c; September, 67¾@67⅞c; No. 2 hard, 73@75c. Corn, No. 2 cash, 44½c; May, 44c; July, 43¼c; September, 41¾c. Oats, No. 2 cash, 34c, nominal; July, 31⅝c; September, 29½c; No. 2 white, 38c.

DULUTH, May 14.—Wheat, to arrive, No. 1 hard, 80c; No. 1 Northern, 78c; No. 2 Northern, 76c; May, No. 1 hard, 78½c; July, 77⅝@77¼c; September, 73c. Oats, 35¼c.

MILWAUKEE, May 14.—Wheat, No. 1 Northern, 81@82c; No. 2 Northern, 79@81c; July, 73¾c. Rye, No. 1, 53c. Barley, No. 2, 56½c; sample, 46@57c. Corn, July, 45c.

FLOUR AND MEAL.—Spring patents, $4.25@$4.40; Winter straights, $3.50@$3.60; Winter patents, $3.70@$4.00; Spring clears, $3.30@$3.40; extra No. 1 Winter, $2.90@$3.10; extra No. 2 Winter, $2.80@$2.85; red dog, $20.00@$21, to arrive. Rye Flour—Fair to good, $2.80@$3.25; choice to fancy, $3.30@$3.50. Cornmeal—Kiln-dried, $2.95@$3, as to brand. Bag Meal—Fine white and yellow, $1.30@$1.40. Coarse, $1.04@$1.06. Feed—Spring bran, spot, $19.50; sacks to arrive, 200 lb., $17.75@$18; Spring bran, middling, $19@$21, in 200-lb sacks; city feed, $19@$20.50, nominal; linseed oil cake, $27; hominy chop, $17.50 bulk, $18.50 sacks, to arrive; oil meal, $25.50.

FUTURES.

NEW YORK PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	83½	83½	83½	83½
July	77⅞	77⅞	77½	77⅞
September	74⅞	75 1-16	74 9-16	75
December	76	76⅛	75⅞	76⅛
Corn—				
May	..	..	..	55½
July	52	52½	51½	52
September	50⅜	50⅝	50⅜	50⅝
Oats—				
May	..	..	..	41

CHICAGO PRICES.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Wheat—				
May	75¾	75¾	75½	75
July	72	72⅝	71 15-16	72½
September	69 9-16	70 5-16	69⅝	70¼
Corn—				
May	45	45	44⅜	45
July	45¼	45⅜	44⅞	45
September	44⅜	44⅝	44⅛	44⅜
Oats—				
May	35¼	35⅜	35 7-16	35⅜
July	32⅞	32⅞	32⅝	32⅝
September	30 3-16	30¼	29 1-16	30⅛
Lard—				
May	$8.77½	$8.82½	$8.77½	$8.80
July	8.85	8.90	8.82½	8.87½
Ribs—				
May	..	..	..	9.30
July	9.37½	9.35	9.32½	9.35
Pork—				
May	18.80	18.80	18.80	18.80
July	17.10	17.10	17.10	17.15

COFFEE.—The market opened dull at unchanged prices to a decline of 5 points and ruled quiet, speculation exhibiting little animation or feature until the close, which was steady on the opening basis. Sales were reported of 13,000 bags. The initial decline was credited to the irregularity at Havre, which market, after opening ¼f lower, advanced ¼f, then declined another ¼f, and at 3 P. M. was net ¼f lower. The spot market was quiet with quotations on the basis of 5⅛c for Rio No. 7.

Contract prices ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
May	3.85	3.85	3.85	3.80@3.90
June	3.90	3.90	3.85	3.85@3.95
July	....	....	....	3.95@4.05
August	....	....	....	4.05@4.15
September	....	....	....	4.15@4.25
October	4.25	4.25	4.25	4.20@4.25

METALS.—TIN—Spot tin declined 10s in London to £134 5s, and futures lost 5s 6d, closing at £132 15s. Locally tin was also weaker, with spot quoted at $29.50@$30.00. COPPER—Copper, like tin, was lower in London, spot declining 12s 6d and futures 17s 6d, to £58 10s and £58 2s 6d, respectively. In New York copper remained nominal at $14.62½@$14.75 for lake, electrolytic, and casting. LEAD—Lead was 1s 3d lower in London at £11 17s 6d, but was unchanged locally at $4.37½. SPELTER—Spelter closed 5s lower in London at £21 2s 6d, and remained quiet at 5.75c in New York. IRON—Iron was weak and lower here. In Glasgow it closed at 53s and in Middlesborough at 46s 11½d. Locally, No. 1 foundry, Northern, is now quoted at $20.75@$21; No. 2 foundry, Northern, at $19.75@$20.25; No. 1 foundry, Southern, and No. 1 foundry, Southern, soft, at $20.50@$21.

PROVISIONS.—PORK—Mess, $18.25@$18.75; family, $9; short clear, $18.50@$20.25. BEEF—Mess, $9@$10; family, $11.50@$12.50; packet, $10.50@$11; extra India mess, $18@$20. BEEF HAMS—$20@$21.50. DRESSED HOGS—Bacon, 8¾c; 180 lb, 8¾c; 160 lb, 9c; 140 lb, 9¼c; pigs, 9½@9¾c. CUTMEATS—Smoking bellies, 10¼@10¾c; 10 lb, 10c; 12 lb, 9¾c; 14 lb, 9½c; pickled shoulders, 8c; pickled hams, 11¼@12c. TALLOW—City, 5¾c; country, 5½@5¾c. LARD—$9.35; city lard, 8¾@9c; refined lard, South America, $10.25; Continent, $9.65; Brazil, kegs, $11.50; compound, 7¾@8c. STEARINE—Oleo, 9@9½c; city lard stearine, 10¼c.

NAVAL STORES.—Spirits of turpentine, oil and machine barrels, 50@50½c. Tar, oil barrels, $2.00@$2.50; oil barrels, $4.00. Rosin, common to good strained, $2@$2.05; D, $2.15@$2.20; E, $2.20@$2.25; F, $2.30; G, $2.35; H, $2.55; I, $3; K, $3.25; M, $3.45; N, $3.55; W G, $3.70, and W W, $3.75@$3.85.

WILMINGTON, May 14.—Spirits of turpentine, 46½c; receipts, 37 casks. Rosin, receipts, 75 bbls. Crude turpentine, $2, $3.20, and $3.20; receipts, 62 casks. Tar, $1.65; receipts, 70 bbls.

CHARLESTON, S. C., May 14.—Turpentine, 46½c. Rosin, A, B, C, D, E, $1.65; F, $1.70; G, $1.75; H, $2.00; I, $2.60; K, $2.95; M, $3.10; N, $3.10; W G, $3.10; W W, $3.60.

LIVE STOCK.—No sales of beeves reported; dressed beef steady; city dressed natives sides, extreme range, 7@9c per lb. Calves quoted steady; veals sold at $4@$7.50 per 100 lb; city dressed veals, 8@11c per lb. Good sheep slightly stronger; other grades steady; lambs steady. Spring lambs firm; sheep sold at $4@$5.75 per 100 lb; a few head at $6; lambs at $6.50@$7.50; a car of Maryland Spring lambs at $7 per 100 lb; a few State and Jersey do at $5.50 each; dressed mutton, 8@11½c per lb; dressed lambs, extreme range, 11@15c. No sales of hogs reported.

FINANCIAL.

Banks and Trust Companies.

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Dominick & Dominick
BANKERS,
100 Broadway, New York.
NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

MANUFACTURERS COMMERCIAL Co.
226 AND 228 BROADWAY.
FISCAL AGENT FOR MANUFACTURERS.
Pays Interest on 3 to 6 Month Investments Secured by Trust Deposit Certificates.

(ESTABLISHED 1863.)
W. T. HATCH & SONS,
BANKERS,
96 BROADWAY, NEW YORK.
MEMBERS OF NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.
Henry P. Hatch. Arthur M. Hatch.

BROWN BROTHERS & CO.,
NO. 59 WALL ST.
Issue international cheques, commercial and travelers' credits available in all parts of the world.

FINANCIAL.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY
15 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J. (Adjacent to P. R. R. Ferries.)
Capital, $1,000,000. Surplus and Profits, $1,000,000.
SAFE DEPOSIT VAULTS. INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
DIRECTORS:
John W. Hardenbergh, President. Robert S. Ross, Vice-President.
George W. Young, Vice-President. Oscar L. Gubelman, Sec. & Treas.
WALTER E. AMMON, AUGUST BELMONT, G. LEDYARD BLAIR, FREDERICK G. BOURNE, WILLIAM BRINKERHOFF, JOHN D. CARSCALLEN, FREDERIC CROMWELL, C. C. CUYLER, JACOB J. DETWILLER, CHARLES D. DICKEY, GEORGE G. HAVEN, JAMES N. JARVIE, WILLIAM B. JENKINS, C. H. KELSEY, GUSTAV E. KISSEL, HENRY LEMBECK, JAMES A. MACDONALD, RICHARD A. McCURDY, ROBERT H. McCURDY, ALLAN L. McDERMOTT, JAMES G. MORGAN, EDWIN A. STEVENS, EBEN B. THOMAS, MYLES TIERNEY, JAMES TIMPSON, CORNELIUS VANDERBILT, JOHN J. VOORHEES.

Chartered 1822.
The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William St., New York.
Capital, - - $1,000,000.
Undivided Profits, - 7,000,000.

THE IMPORTANCE OF GOLD VALUES IN COPPER ORES.

There is no danger of an overproduction of copper. It is only a question of price. With copper at ten cents a pound trolleys would be so extended, the waterfalls of the world so utilized, and the uses of copper for structural purposes and in the arts so multiplied that all the copper that could be produced at a profit at that price in all the world's copper mines would not be sufficient to supply the demand.

We have found that at seventeen cents the use was so curtailed and the production so stimulated that the supply exceeded the demand, so the extreme fluctuations of the price of the metal are likely to be between ten and seventeen cents a pound.

The copper mines which can produce copper the cheapest in large quantities will, of course, be the ones to pay the best dividends. Copper is now produced cheaper on the VERDE COPPER BELT in Yavapai County, Arizona, than anywhere else in the world. This is so both because of the enormous copper deposits and of the high gold values in the ores.

With the possible, though by no means certain exception of its near neighbor, the United Verde, the GEORGE A. TREADWELL MINING COMPANY has the richest ore deposits on the Verde Copper Belt. Without any exception it has the largest area of mining property, and the most extensive ore deposits on the Belt. The gold values in the ores are enough to nearly or quite pay the entire cost of mining and reduction.

Professor Treadwell, who is responsible for the United Verde and the Greene Consolidated—two of the world's greatest copper producers—shows his faith in the future of this property by giving it his name, and he says that he believes it will pay the best dividends of any copper property in North America.

It already has a mile and a half of underground development work, showing ore bodies rivaling in richness and extent those of the United Verde itself, and with its two smelters, which are now nearly ready to run, it is nearly to the point where it is self-sustaining and dividend-paying.

There is only a small amount of stock left to be sold to complete the development and equipment of the property. Prices will be given on application.

GEORGE A. TREADWELL MINING CO.,
27 William Street, New York.
MYRA B. MARTIN, Secretary.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO. (OF CALIFORNIA.)

First Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of 1893.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors of this Company has determined to use to redeem First Consolidated Mortgage Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company (of California) $30,487.22 now in the Sinking Fund for the redemption and payment of bonds of that issue, and that bonds of such issue will be redeemed therewith. Bids are hereby invited for the surrender of such bonds at prices to be named by the bidders. Such bids should be deposited with Andrew K. Van Deventer, Assistant Treasurer of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, at his office, 120 Broadway, New York City, at or before 12:00 o'clock noon on the 1st day of June, 1903, and should be endorsed "Bids for surrender of Southern Pacific Railroad Company (of California) Five Per Cent. Bonds."

New York, April 30, 1903.
SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD CO.,
By E. H. HARRIMAN, President.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF NEW YORK.
140, 142, 144 & 146 Broadway.
The first Safe Deposit Company.
First established. First in Security.
First in its record of 37 years' business without a loss.
We invite inspection of our new vaults.

Lincoln Trust Company
208 FIFTH AVENUE,
1128 BROADWAY.
(Madison Square.)
Capital & Surplus $1,000,000
Henry R. Wilson, Pres. Frank Tilford, V. Pres't.
Owen Ward, 2d V. Pres. R. C. Lewis, Treas.
Wm. Darrow, Jr., Sec.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST CO.
66 BROADWAY, 234 5TH AVE.,
100 WEST 125TH STREET,
THIRD AVE. & 148TH ST.

N. Y. Security and Trust Co.
46 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.
Capital and Surplus, $5,000,000
Charles S. Fairchild, Pres. Abram M. Hyatt, V.-Pres.
Osborn W. Bright, 2d V.-Pres. L. Carroll Root, 3d V.-Pres.
Alex. S. Webb, Jr., Sec. Zelah Van Loan, Asst. Sec.
James R. Kenton, 2d Asst. Sec'y.

"PRACTICAL WALL STREET"
A pamphlet for traders. Write for Free copy to MALLETT & WYCKOFF, 10 Wall St., New York.

FINANCIAL.

BONDS OF THE METROPOLITAN TELEPHONE AND TELEGRAPH COMPANY.

The Mercantile Trust Company, Trustee under a certain mortgage dated May 24th, 1888, and an agreement dated November 1, 1888, both executed by The Metropolitan Telephone and Telegraph Company, which the NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY has assumed and agreed to pay, hereby invites proposals for the sale to it on July 1st, 1903, of bonds secured by said mortgage at a price satisfactory to the NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY at a rate not exceeding par and 10 per centum premium, to such an amount as shall not exceed the sum of $13,964.33.
H. C. DEMING, President.
New York, April 30, 1903.

Dividends.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.
NATIONAL RICE MILLING COMPANY,
New Orleans, La., May 12th, 1903.

The Board of Directors of the National Rice Milling Company have this day declared a dividend of Two (2) Per Cent. out of the net earnings, on the New Outstanding Preferred Stock, payable May 25th, 1903, to Stockholders of record as they appear upon the books of the Company at the close of business May 15th, 1903.

The books for the Transfer of Preferred Stock will be closed for this purpose on May 15th and reopened on May 25th, 1903.

Checks will be mailed to Stockholders.
P. F. LYNCH, Sec'y and Treas.

AMERICAN EXPRESS COMPANY.

A Semi-Annual Dividend of Three ($3.00) Dollars per Share has been declared, payable in New York July 1, 1903, to the Shareholders of record at the close of business May 29, 1903; also an extra Dividend of One ($1.00) Dollar per Share out of the earnings of the Company from its investments.
New York, May 13, 1903.
JAMES F. FARGO, Treasurer.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY.
Treasurer's Office,
New York, May 13, 1903.

The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed from two o'clock P. M. May 15th, 1903, to the morning of June 1st, 1903.
BASIL W. ROWE, Treasurer.

AMERICAN COLONIAL BANK OF PORTO RICO.

A semi-annual dividend of 2½% has been declared, payable May 25th, 1903, to stockholders of record on the closing of transfer books at 3 P. M. on May 15th. The books will be opened June 9th.
PERCY CHUBB, Secretary.

United States Steel Corporation.

The interest on Series F bonds, due June 1st, will be paid at maturity by Messrs. J. P. Morgan & Co. Registration books close May 21 and reopen June 2, 1903.
RICHARD TRIMBLE, Treasurer.

Meetings and Elections.

NEW YORK & HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, April 22d, 1903.

The seventy-third Annual Meeting of the stockholders of this Company for election of Directors, will be held at the office of the Company, Grand Central Station, New York City, on Tuesday, the 19th day of May next. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for two hours thereafter. The transfer books will be closed on Wednesday, April 29th, and reopened on Wednesday, May 20th.
E. V. W. ROSSITER, Secretary.

New York, May 1st, 1903.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS OF THE CITY AND SUBURBAN HOMES COMPANY, for the election of Directors and transaction of other business, will be held on MONDAY, May 25th, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M., at the office of the Company, 281 4th Av., Manhattan, New York City. The polls will be open from 3 to 4 P. M.
GEORGE W. R. FALLON, Secretary.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York.
32 Nassau St., New York, May 14, 1903.

The Annual Election for Trustees of this Company will be held at its offices, as above, pursuant to its charter, on Monday, June 1, 1903.

The polls will be open at 12 o'clock noon and close at 2 o'clock P. M.
WILLIAM J. EASTON, Secretary.

New York, May 7, 1903.

Annual Meeting of Stockholders of The American Distributing Company will be held at the office of the Company, Rooms 812-322 Lord's Court Building, No. 27 William Street, New York, on Tuesday,
May 19, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon.
N. E. D. HUGGINS, Secretary.

Consolidated Exchange Houses.

W. E. WOODEND & CO.,
BANKERS & BROKERS,
Members N. Y. Consolidated Stock Exchange,
Broad Exchange Bldg.,
25 Broad Street,
STOCKS, BONDS, GRAIN & COTTON.
CITY BRANCHES:
28 West 33d St., Opposite Waldorf-Astoria.
Hotel Endicott, 81st St. and Columbus Av.
Temple Bar Bldg., 44 Court Street, Brooklyn.
Daily Market Letter and Weekly Review Issued.
Send for Special Letter on
PENNA.,
JUST ISSUED.

JACOB BERRY & CO.
Members { New York Produce Exchange. / Consolidated Stock Exchange.
Established 1865.
44-46 Broadway, New York.
Boston, Phila., Hartford, Montreal.
Transact a general brokerage business in
Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Cotton

E. MILLIKEN & CO.
Members Consolidated Stock Exchange.
NEW YORK—52 BROADWAY.
BROOKLYN—44 Court St. (Temple Bar Bldg.)
Solicit orders for purchase or sale of
STOCK AND BOND INVESTMENTS
Telephone, 3370 Broad.
Correspondence solicited.

JOSEPH COWAN & CO.,
Members { Consolidated Stock Exchange. / New York Produce Exchange. / Toronto Board of Trade.
STOCK BROKERS,
MAIN OFFICES, 41 and 43 BROADWAY.
Branch Offices { 1,266 B'WAY, COR. 34TH ST. / 415 B'WAY, COR. CANAL ST. / 57 East 59th St., (near Madison Av.)
DAILY MARKET LETTER ISSUED.

Proposals.

FRANKFORD ARSENAL, Philadelphia, Pa., May 12, 1903.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received until 11 o'clock A. M. on Friday, June 12, 1903, for constructing one 1½-story brick and steel building 54 feet 8 inches by 148 feet 10½ inches for a Shrapnel shop. Information upon application. FRANK HEATH, Major Ord. Dept., Commanding.

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street Apartment House Sold—Mrs. C. M. Bell Buyer of 833 Fifth Avenue.

Parish, Fisher, Mooney & Co. have sold for Mrs. Anna Franke, for about $110,000, the Ironana apartments, a six-story elevator structure, on plot 50 by 100, at 133 and 135 West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, together with the adjoining three-story brick and stone dwelling 131 West One Hundred and Twenty-ninth Street, 24.9 by 100.

Mrs. Christopher M. Bell is the buyer of the new American basement dwelling 833 Fifth Avenue, the sale of which by John T. & James A. Farley, through Broker John M. Golding, was reported yesterday.

M. Morgenthau, Jr., has sold for the Provident Realty Company to Edward Baer and J. Solomon the four-story dwelling 965 Lexington Avenue, 20 by 75.6, adjoining the northeast corner of Seventieth Street.

The Stuyvesant Real Estate Company has bought, through Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown & Co., from the Hughes estate, the northwest corner of Seventh Avenue and Thirty-first Street, 22 by 60. The statement is authorized that the price paid was not over $80,000.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for John E. Thrall the three-story dwelling 313 West Eighty-ninth Street, 20 by 100. The buyer will occupy the house.

Thomas & Son have sold for Clarkson Cowl to a client for about $31,000 the five-story flat 1,808 Amsterdam Avenue, 20 by 100.

Millard Veit has sold for C. and D. Max the two five-story double flats 42 and 44 West One Hundred and Seventeenth Street, 50 by 100.11. The buyers are represented by Aaron Arnold.

The Flurl estate has sold the two five-story flats 1,783 and 1,795 Amsterdam Avenue, southeast corner of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street, 49.11 by 100.

Isaac Davidson has sold to Moses November 136 East Eighty-second Street, southwest corner of Lexington Avenue, a three-story dwelling on lot 18 by 70.

J. Clarence Davies & Co., in conjunction with E. A. Thomson, have sold for J. Flemeyer thirty-four lots on Edison and Amsterdam Avenues, Pelham Road, and Liberty Street, Pelham.

Janeway & Shaw, as brokers, have sold to C. William Widmayer the dwelling 977 Dawson Street.

Kate H. Soria has bought, through J. Romaine Brown & Co., the plot 122.5 by 115.8 by 117.5 by 100, at the juncture of Prescott Avenue and Nichols Place.

The Hayes estate has sold the four-story tenement 29 Monroe Street, 25 by 62, which was to have been put up at auction next Tuesday.

Schneider & Bachrach have sold to Julius Weinstein 212 and 214 Avenue B, southwest corner of Thirteenth Street, old buildings on plot 51.6 by 70.

M. Glass has sold the property 56 Henry Street, 25 by 100, for John Davis.

Maurice H. Rosenzweig has sold for Mayer Greenberg 189 Henry Street, a three-story and basement private house, on lot 22 by 75.

C. W. & H. M. Smith have sold for Henry Friedman, for $110,000, 41 West Fifty-sixth Street, 25 by 100, a four-story brownstone dwelling, to George M. Mandel of Chicago, who will alter it to an American basement dwelling.

John H. Loscarn has resold 513 and 515 West One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, 50.6 by 100, with two three-story dwellings, for August Collet to Henry J. Klappert.

Marcus Nathan has sold 2,402 Creston Avenue, a two-family house, to an investor.

Charles E. Duross has leased the five-story business building 75 Eighth Avenue for the estate of John Schuyler to various tenants, among whom are the printers, Styles & Cash, for a term of five years, and for Mary Knox Robinson the five-story private house at 46 West Tenth Street to a client for a term of five years.

The Salvation Army has leased for five years the three-story building 126 to 130 West Fourteenth Street, on plot 75.6 by 103.3, adjoining the present building of that organization.

P. J. Schweig & Co. have leased for Lorenzo Cavinato from the plans the upper lofts in the building now in course of construction at 66 West Third Street, to the International Embroidery Works. The same firm has also leased 10,000 square feet of space at 23 and 25 Lispenard Street for William G. Figueron and lofts in the building now being erected at 42 West Fifteenth Street for George Fuchs.

Renwick C. Hurry reports among leases recently effected through his office the following: 11 West Thirty-eighth Street, a four-story brownstone dwelling, formerly the residence of the late E. Ellery Anderson, to Elihu Chauncey, for a term of years; also, the store at 430 Fifth Avenue to G. Carpenter, the store at 1 West Thirty-ninth Street to Early & Hanlon, the first loft at 429 Fifth Avenue to Mme. Isabeau, the top loft in the building 461 and 463 Fifth Avenue to De Silva & Hill.

A syndicate of about thirty business men of New Haven has bought, through the Realty Trust, over 900 lots in the Prospect Park section of Brooklyn for the purpose of development. The members of the syndicate have incorporated a company for the purpose of improving and marketing their property.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings at the Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Goldsticker.

58 Eighth Avenue, east side, 58 feet south of Horatio Street, 19 by 46.7 and irregular, three-story brick building; foreclosure sale, to P. E. Guerin $15,925

By James L. Wells.

2,458 Hughes Avenue, east side, 100 feet north of One Hundred and Eighty-eighth Street, 18.8 by 87.6, two-story frame dwelling; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, the New York Co-operative Building and Loan Association 2,700

By Herbert A. Sherman.

836 Lenox Avenue, east side, 68.10 feet north of One Hundred and Twenty-sixth Street, 16.6 by 76, four-story stone-front dwelling; foreclosure sale, to Dillon Wallace 15,650

By Peter F. Meyer & Co.

272 and 274 West Broadway, west side, 63.5 feet south of York Street, 43.11 by 40.11 by 44 by 53.7, three-story brick building; together with 10 York Street, south side, 60.1 feet west of West Broadway, forming an "L" with the foregoing, 30.8 by 87.6 and irregular, three-story brick building; partition sale, to Morris B. Baer 45,000

By Charles A. Berrian.

Lisbon Place, or Two Hundred and Fifth Street, southwest corner of Cadis Place, 50 by 100, vacant; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Mary Brenneman 1,000

To-day's Auction Sales.

The following sales at auction are down for to-day at 161 Broadway:

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Franklyn Paddock, referee, 822 East One Hundred and Sixty-first Street, south side, 71 feet east of Eagle Avenue, 27 by 110, five-story brick tenement. Due on judgment, $17,216.

By Joseph P. Day, foreclosure sale, Edward J. McGoldrick, referee, 650 East One Hundred and Sixty-second Street, southeast corner of Melrose Avenue, 19.6 by 100.5 by 17.7 by 100.4, two-story frame dwelling. Due on judgment, $8,827.

By Herbert A. Sherman, partition sale, William J. A. McKim, referee, 434 and 436 Eighth Avenue, southeast corner of Thirty-second Street, 34.2 by 80.11, two three-story brick tenements.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures and Alterations.

Nos. 219 and 221 Mulberry Street, for a six-story brick flat, 44 by 61.2; J. and I. Polstein of 120 Bible House, owners; G. F. Pelham of 503 Fifth Avenue, architect; cost, $45,000.

No. 565 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, for a five-story brick and stone dwelling, 25 by 62; Mrs. M. N. Dederer of 606 West One Hundred and Thirteenth Street, owner; G. Kerster of 11 West Twenty-ninth Street, architect; cost, $14,000.

Walnut Avenue, west side, 200 feet north of One Hundred and Forty-first Street, for a one-story frame shed, 25 by 75; Perrin & Payson, premises, owners; James F. Meehan of 1,796 Anthony Avenue, architect; cost, $800.

Zanida Street, northeast corner of Stafford Street, for a two-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 18.3 by 46; John W. Ward of 108 West Fortieth Street, owner; John De Hart of 1,030 Fox Street, architect; cost, $3,500.

Alterations.

Nos. 88 and 90 William Street, to a seven-story brick office building; Commercial Union Assurance Company, premises, owner; Harvey & Purdy of 35 Nassau Street, architects; cost, $30,000.

No. 357 West Eighty-fourth Street, to a four-and-a-half-story brick dwelling; J. M. Leopold, premises, owner; Janes & Leo of 124 West Forty-fifth Street, architects; cost, $8,000.

No. 157 West Nineteenth Street, to a three-story brick factory; F. A. Kursheedt of 856 West Broadway, owner; Davis & Shepard of 203 Broadway, architects; cost, $1,800.

Nos. 59 and 61 Pine Street, to a four-story brick office building; G. P. Wetmore, Newport, R. I., owner; J. B. Acken of 1,183 Broadway, architect; cost, $2,000.

No. 226 Elizabeth Street, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; P. F. Acritelli of 242 Elizabeth Street, owner; Kurtzer & Reutz of Spring Street and Bowery, architects; cost, $150.

Nos. 243 and 245 Elizabeth Street, to two five-story brick tenements, with stores; R. Dunn and another of 208 East Twenty-second Street, owners; Kurtzer & Reutz, architects; cost, $350.

Jensen Avenue, west side, 332.9 feet north of Terrace View Avenue, to a two-story frame dwelling; K. Smith, owner; F. A. de Meuron, Yonkers, architect; cost, $550.

No. 468 Eleventh Avenue, to a three-story brick

stable; J. T. Brooks of 457 West Forty-seventh Street, owner; J. H. Knubel of 318 West Forty-second Street, architect; cost, $6,000.

No. 333 West Eleventh Street, to a five-story brick tenement, with store; G. Paggioreale of 262 Elizabeth Street, owner; O. Reissman of 30 First Street, architect; cost, $150.

No. 250 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, to a four-story brick office building, with store; W. H. Russell of 63 Nassau Street, owner; Pollard & Steinman of 3 East Fourteenth Street, architects; cost, $2,000.

Monroe Avenue, southwest corner of One Hundred and Seventy-fifth Street, to a two-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 25 by 21.6; Wenzel C. and Isabelle Urban of 1,757 Monroe Avenue, owners; W. C. Dickerson of One Hundred and Forty-ninth Street and Third Avenue, architect; cost, $1,600.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Thursday, May 14.

AMSTERDAM AV, n e corner of 143d St, 99.11x80; Christian F. Tietjen to Franz J. Michel, (mtg $35,000) $1

AVENUE A, s e corner of 80th St, 25.5x100; Mary L. Handley to Richard H. Handley 1

AVENUE A, n w corner of 15th St, 105x205, Unionport; Duane F. Cobb to Mary H. Raven .... Nom

BROOK AV, w s, 262.7 ft s of 171st St, 100x25x98.6x33.7x36.4; Gussie Kleinbaum to Dennis J. Harrington, all liens .... Nom.

BURNSIDE AV, s w s, 408.2 ft e of Anthony Av, 50x105.7x50x136.11; Frank W. Bower to Louis Eickwort, (mtg $11,000) .... Nom.

CLINTON AV, w s, 170.7 ft s of Jefferson St, 25x137.5; Martin J. Cregan to William Burckhardt, (mtg $3,000) 100

COLUMBUS AV, w s, 142.2 ft n of 122d St, 25.10x100; Charles F. Rogers to Ernestine Jacobowsky, (mtg $20,000,) other consideration and 100

CONCORD AV, w s, 230 ft n of Division Av, 50x100; Frederick W. Hattenroth to Sandrock Realty Company, B. and S., all liens 1

COURTLANDT AV, e s, 27.11 ft n of 162d St, 27.11x115.1x25x127.6; Henry C. Neuwirth to Sandrock Realty Company, B. & S. 1

DAWSON ST, 977, n s, 20x100; John C. Barr to C. William Widmayer, (mtg $4,000,) other consideration and 100

DAWSON ST, n s, 97.6 ft e of Beach Av, 20x100; John C. Barr to Henry Reiss .... Nom.

EAGLE AV, 630, e s, runs e 52.6x n 5x e 22.6x n 5x e 23x n 9x w 100x s 19; George Arnold to Katharina Pohl, mtg $4,000 8,500

GARDEN PLACE, s e s, being n 30 feet of Lot 14, map of Washingtonville, 30x96.4x19x95; Antonio Rotunno to William H. Field, mtg $2,600 .... Nom

LENOX AV, w s, at centre of block, 118 and 119th Sts, runs w 97x s 87.1x e 97 to avenue x n 67.1; Ernest Tribelhorn to J. C. Sinclair, (mtg $76,000) 1

LENOX AV, e s, 23 ft n of 122d St, 22x100; John E. Miller to Herbert D. Burnham, (mtg $15,000) .... Nom.

LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 37th St, 49.5x19; John A. Stewart, Jr., to John A. Carley, other consideration and 100

LEXINGTON AV, s w corner of 37th St, 49.5x19; John A. Carley to Hatasatah Realty Company, (mtg $25,000) 100

LOTS 31 to 40, Block 24, map of Pelham Park; Fannie Strauss to Minnie Baum, (mtg $1,750) .... Nom.

MADISON AV, s w corner of 98th St, 25.5x95; Thomas F. Lowndes to Emilie Mehlich, mtg $34,000, other consideration and 100

MADISON AV, s e corner of 106th St, 25.11x70; Andrew Pekskens to David Bloomberk, (mtg $20,000,) other consideration and 100

MARION AV, e s, 476.8 ft s of Brookline St, runs e 75x n 5x e 25x s 88.4x n 115.8 to Marion Av x n 120.8 to beginning; Maria Coddington to Mary Brown .... Gift.

MORRIS AV, e s, 142 ft n of King's Bridge Road, 50x110.1x50x120.8; Harriet A. Shepperd and another to John C. Kelly, other consideration and 100

PARK AV, s e corner of 64th St, 50x30; Henry B. Anderson to Elizabeth R. Lorillard, (mtg $27,500) .... Nom.

SOUTH BROADWAY, e s, being parts of Lots 11 and 13, map of farm of Mary C. P. Macomb, runs e 200x s 114x e 129x n 150x w 238x s 50 to beginning; William R. Clark and another to Mamie Tagliaferro, all liens, quit claim 100

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 143 to 147, w s, 80.8x70.11x75.8x117.5; Franklin C. Albee to Dennis A. Kennelly, (mtg $71,000) .... Nom.

WASHINGTON AV, s w corner of 177th St, 14.6x90.5x0.7x91.5; William F. Smith to Clement R. Smith, (mtg $12,000,) taxes, &c. 100

2D AV, e s, w ½ of Lot 693, map of Wakefield, 32.6x151x32.6x177; Blanche A. Murray to George T. Ballard 1

4TH ST, 271, e s, 35.10 ft n of Perry St, 17.11x90; Henry & Sheppard to Li Grand L. Clark, mtg $5,000 .... Nom

5TH AV, s e, 25.11 ft s of 115th St, 17.2x100; Frederic R. Coudert and another, trustees, to Millie Claman, B. & S. 16,500

5TH AV, w s, 25 ft s of 19th St, 23x94.8x25.7x103.7; Martin J. Keogh to Otto F. Dreyer .... [illegible]

5TH ST, 610 and 612 East, 35.10x96.2; Sender Jarmulowsky to Max Kershenblatt and another, (mtg $5,000) 1

6TH AV, s w corner of 38th St, 24.8x60; P. Henry Dugro to Solomon May, (mtg $65,000,) quitclaim 80,000

8TH AV, 103, e s, 20x71.9; George W. Cornell to Charles Perceval, (mtg $17,000) 100

11TH AV, e s, 37.1 ft s of 41st St, runs e 60x n 57.1x e 20x s 74.1x w 80x n 37 to beginning; Phebe C. Rapelye to Joseph Haberman, (mtg $15,000) .... Nom.

13TH ST, 332 to 336 East, 60x103.3; Charles I. Weinstein to Cassel Cohen, (mtg $50,000) 100

14TH ST, n w corner of 8th Av, 50x114; Wakefield; Jan or John Ciesielski to Katarzyn Ciesielski, mtg $1,000 1

15TH AV, n s, 105 ft e of 5th St, 50x114, Wakefield, lots gore 38 and gore 36, map of Wakefield; Charles Schade, executor, to David Carofolite 1,440

21ST AV, adjoining Lot 1,010, w ½ of w ½ of Lot 972, map of Wakefield, 25x114; Adolph Greeder to Esther Ferguson 625

22D ST, 217 East, 18.9x75; Frank A. Flood and another to Julius B. Fox .... Nom.

31ST ST, 133 West, 25x147.5x25.4x142.2; also out-of-town property; also personal estate; Alexander M. Pell to H. Archie Pell, in trust 1

34TH ST, 403 and 405 East, 50x75; Simon Cohen to David Held, (mtg $44,000,) other consideration and 100

37TH ST, 37 West, 25x½ block; Martha M. Weyman to Edwin F. Hatfield, mtg $34,000 34,000

37TH ST, 138 East, 18.9x49.5; John A. Stewart, Jr., to John A. Carley 5,000

42D ST, 126 West, 25x98.9; Nellie Lyon and another to Christopher C. Shayne 150,000

52D ST, n s, 170 ft e of 8th Av, 14x100.5; George E. Sears to John A. Johnson 17,000

52D ST, n s, 176 ft e of 8th Av, 14x100.5; John A. Johnson to Jane C. Long, (mtg $12,000) .... Nom.

60TH ST, 131, n s, 22 ft w of Lexington Av, 21x100.5; Martin A. Dewey to Mary E. H. Glyn, (mtg $21,000,) other consideration and 100

66TH ST, s s, 140 ft e of 5th Av, 20x100.5; Augusta Eising to Harold Walker 1

66TH ST, 245, n s, 150 ft e of West End Av, 25x100.5; Annie L. O'Brien to Charles Beckert, mtg $15,000, other consideration and 100

66TH ST, 245 West, 25x100.5; James J. Etchingham to Annie L. O'Brien, (mtg $15,000,) other consideration and 100

66TH ST, 241 West, 25x100.5; James J. Etchingham to Mary O'Connor, (mtg $15,000) .... Nom.

71ST ST, n s, 517.6 ft w of Central Park West, 18x102.2; Eugene Vallens to Mary McC. Marshall, (mtg $20,000) 28,500

72D ST, s s, 254.3 ft w of Lexington Av, 18.9x102.2; Minnie Arnstein to Lucie F. Speir, (mtg $12,000) .... Nom.

74TH ST, 34 East, 20x102.2; William S. Gould to Mary L. Sullivan, other consideration and 100

78TH ST, 52 East, 21x75; Elizabeth H. Hume, widow, to Keitt P. Walker .... Nom

82D ST, 151 West, 17x100.5; William H. Hind to Margaret Hind, Jr., and another .... Nom

109TH ST, 203 East, 10.10x100.11; Patrick English to Catharine F. English, ½ part, B. & S. .... Nom.

109TH ST, 205 East, 10.10x100.11; Catharine F. English and another to Patrick English, ½ part, B. & S. .... Nom.

111TH ST, 24 East, 24.9x100.11; Hugo Josephy to Max Cohn, (mtg $12,000) 1

112TH ST, 154 East, 27x100.11; George E. C. Kelly to Bernard Sweeney, mtg $14,500 1

114TH ST, 210 East, 17.11x100.11; 114th St, 212 East, 18x100.11; George Lippmann to Harry Lippman, B. & S., (mtg $14,000) 1

116TH ST, n s, 270 ft w of 5th Av, 74.2x100.11; Deborah Herrman to Isidore Jackson and another 1

115TH ST, 55, n s, 54 ft e of Madison Av, 20x100.10; Elizabeth H. Budell to Paulira Levy, (mtg $12,000) 24,250

115TH ST, 63 West, 25x100.11; Hannah Westheimer to Samuel Wacht and others, (mtg $20,000) .... Nom.

116TH ST, 135 West, 28.6x100.11; Louis Ritter and others to Maurice and Joseph Goldberg, (mtg $28,000) 100

121ST ST, 445 East, 25x100.10; Joseph T. Watson to Gustav Stiefel and another, (mtg $12,000) .... Nom.

126TH ST, 125 East, 12.6x99.11; Thomas H. Stewart to John Cuadrado, mtg $4,500 1

130TH ST, s s, 126.8 ft w of Madison Av, 16.8x99.11; Joseph S. Lesser to Harry J. Smith, (mtg $11,000) 1

132D ST, s s, 410 ft w of 5th Av, 25x99.11; Philippine C. Wiesendanger, widow, to Abraham Cohn, (mtg $16,000) .... Nom.

152D ST, n s, 200 ft e of Robbins Av, runs e 56x n 115.1x w 57.10x s 148.6; Mary E. Parr to Fritz Harte, (mtg $24,000,) other consideration and 100

161ST ST, 513 and 515 West, 50.6x99.11; Anna Van Harten, executrix, to August Collet 13,150

161ST ST, 513 and 515 West, 50.6x99.11; Adele Goilbert to August Collet, quitclaim 1

161ST ST, 513 and 515 West, 50.6x99.11; August Collet to Henry J. Klappert, (mtg $10,000) 100

Recorded Leases.

BROADWAY, 72 and 74; New St, 9 to 13; Charles D. Webster to J. J. Dominick, 2 years and 11 months .... $900 and $4,000

CANAL ST, 251 and 253, Grace L. Whaples and others to D. J. McCauley Company, 9 years and 8 months .... $5,000 to 6,000

CHAMBERS ST, 173 and 175; Annie A. Smith and others to E. J. Lasar, 5 years 3,500

CHRYSTIE ST, 181; Straley, Hasbrouck & Schroeder to Louis Balteransky, 12 years and 4 months 2,880

MURRAY ST, 67; Mary A. Brown and others to R. S. Luqueer & Co., 4 years 2,200

MURRAY ST, 71 and 80; Clarence Sackett, agent, to R. S. Luqueer & Co., 2 years 900

PARK ROW, s e corner of Ann St; Joseph Pulitzer to Isaac Westervelt, 6 years 14,800

RIVINGTON ST, 160; David Finver to S. Rosenberg, 1 year 310

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, s w corner of 152d St; William Maurer to Gottfried Brupbacher, 5 years .... $1,200 and 1,700

ST. ANN'S AV, n e corner of Southern Boulevard; John H. Heltmann to Julius Rosenham, 4 years 1,020

WATER ST, 107 and 109; Henry Carr to George J. Wallace, 5 years 3,000

2D AV, 2,080 and 2,082; Max Orbach & Son to Joseph Eisenberg, 2 years 2,900

5TH AV, 302; Elizabeth M. Clarke to John F. Bolen, 10 years 1,300

20TH ST, 151 West; John Martin to Charles Jaimes, 10 1-12 years .... 1,200 and 1,800

60TH ST, 401 East, Max Raymond to Louis Barken and another, 5 years 3,300

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 5 per cent., unless otherwise specified.

ANDERSON, Ellen, to Mary S. Todd; Anthony Av, w s, 83.3 ft n of Bush St, 1 year, 6 per cent $1,400

BIGHAM, Henry J., to Mabel E. Cushing; 84th St, s s, 284.1 ft e of Park, 1 year, 6 per cent 2,800

BURNHAM, Herbert D., to the Seamen's Bank for Savings; Lenox Av, e s, 23 ft n of 122d St, due April 27, 1906, 4 per cent 3,000

CARLEY, John A., to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 37th St, s s, 19 ft w of Lexington Av, 3 years, 4½ per cent 20,000

CARLEY, John A., to John A. Stewart, Jr.; 37th St, 130, s w corner of Lexington Av, interest and time due as per bond 26,000

CLAMAN, Millie, to Frederic R. Coudert and another, trustees; 5th Av, e s, 25.11 ft s of 115th St, due May 6, 1906 14,000

CLARK, Emily J., and others, heirs, to William Hodgson; Fairmount Place, s w s, 100 ft n w of Prospect Av, (two mortgages,) 3 years, 6 and 5 per cent., each 2,630

CLARK, Emily J., and others, heirs, to William Hodgson; Fairmount Place, s w s, 133.4 ft n w of Prospect Av, 3 years, 6 and 5 per cent 2,800

COHEN, Cassel, to Charles I. Weinstein; 13th St, 332 to 336 East, prior mortgage $50,000, 5 years, 6 per cent 10,000

COHEN, Henry, and others, to the Metropolitan Savings Bank; Washington Av, e s, 94.10 ft s of Wendover Av, 1 year, 4½ per cent 1,800

COHEN, Max, to Hugo Josephy; 111th St, 24 East, due March 1, 1906, 4 per cent 3,000

COHN, Abraham, to Philippine C. Wiesendanger; 132d St, 33 West, 3 years 1,500

COLLET, August, to Jennie E. Heller; 161st St, n s, 200 ft w of Amsterdam Av, due April 30, 1906, 4½ per cent 10,000

DEUELL, Mary H., (Janvren,) to the Metropolitan Savings Bank; 71st St, 166 East, 1 year, 4½ per cent 5,000

D. J. McCAULEY COMPANY, a corporation, to Gerson Stein; Canal St, 251 and 253, n w corner of Elm St, leasehold, installments 5,000

EICKWORT, Louis, to Sarah F. Fabbricotti, executrix and trustee; Burnside Av, 574 and 576, two mtgs, 3 years, each 6,300

FAULKNER, Nannie J., to Bronx Investment Company; 99th St, 102 East, 2 years, gold 30,500

GRAVES, Jane H., to Lawyers' Title Insurance Company; 38th St, 140 East, 3 years 21,000

HARRINGTON, Dennis J., to Dollar Savings Bank; Brook Av, w s, 262.7 ft s of 171st St, 1 year 2,500

HATFIELD, Edwin F., to Martha M. Weyman; 37th St, 37 West, due May 15, 1906, 4 per cent 34,000

JACKSON, Isidore, and another, to Sarah A. Sands and another, trustees; 116th St, n s, 270 ft w of 5th Av, 1 year 30,000

JOHNSON, John A., to Elizabeth H. Stanton, executrix and trustee; 52d St, n s, 170 ft e of 8th Av, 3 years 12,000

KELLY, John C., to George Ehret; Morris Av, e s, 142 ft n of King's Bridge Road, 1 year 9,500

KERSHENBLUTH, Max, and another, to Sender Jarmulowsky; 5th St, 610 East, building loan, 1 year, 6 per cent 17,000

KERSHENBLUTH, Max, and another, to Sender Jarmulowsky; 5th St, 610 East, 1 year, 6 per cent 13,500

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to Mary H. Conover; Chisholm St, n w corner of Freeman St, 3 years, 4½ per cent 10,000

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to Lucy G. Barnard; Freeman St, s w corner of Chisholm St, prior mortgage $4,000, due Oct. 1, 1903, 6 per cent 16,000

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to Elizabeth Wright; Chisholm St, w s, 130 ft n of Freeman St, due July 1, 1906 5,000

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to William H. Birrell; Freeman St, n s, 75 ft w of Chisholm St, due July 1, 1906 5,500

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to August Krefft and wife, joint tenants; Chisholm St, e s, 50 ft n of Freeman St, due July 1, 1906 5,000

LAVELLE, Nellie A., to John Bussing, Jr., and wife, joint tenants; Freeman St, n s, 25 ft w of Chisholm St, due July 1, 1906 5,500

LEVY, Paulina, to Elizabeth H. Budell; 115th St, 55 East, prior mortgage $12,000, 4 years 7,250

LIEBESKIND, Leon A., to City Mortgage Company; 104th St, n s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, building loan, 1 year, 6 per cent 55,000

LIEBESKIND, Leon A., to City Mortgage Company; 105th St, s s, 100 ft w of Central Park West, building loan, 1 year, 6 per cent 55,000

LOWY, Leopold, and wife to Lillie E. Lilienthal; 1st Av, 403, 3 years, 4½ per cent 10,000

MARAN, Morris, and another to Harris Mandelbaum and another; Essex St, 77 and 79, prior mtg $45,500, building loan, 1 year, 6 per cent 18,000

MATTHEWS, James D., to the Germania Life Insurance Company; 94th St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, due Aug. 1, 1906, 4½ per cent 80,000

MATTHEWS, James D., to Henry T. Randall; 94th St, s s, 100 ft w of Amsterdam Av, prior mtg $70,000, demand, 6 per cent 11,350

MAY, Solomon, to P. Henry Dugro; 6th Av, s w corner of 38th St, prior mtg $65,000, 5 years 15,000

MEHLICH, Emilie, to Thomas F. Lowndes; Madison Av, s w corner of 98th St, 3 years 7,000

MICHEL, Franz J., to Christian F. Tietjen; Amsterdam Av, n e corner of 143d St, installments, 3 years 25,000

QUIRK, John H., to Andrew Gargan and another; Hall Pl, w s, 474.11 ft s of 167th St, 3 years 1,050

SCHMITZ, Caroline, and another, to Carl Rodiger; 151st St, 454 West, prior mtg $15,000, due Jan. 20, 1904, 6 per cent 3,000

SCHMITZ, Caroline, and another, to Henry M. Kingman and another, trustees; 151st St, s s, 226 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 3 years 15,000

SHAYNE, Christopher C., to Nellie Lyon; 42d St, 126 West, due June 1, 1906, 4½ per cent 120,000

SIGEL, Wolf, to George Vassar, Jr.; Broome St, 32, n e corner of Goerck St, due May 1, 1906 30,000

SIGEL, Wolf, to Max Lipman and another; Broome St, n e corner of Goerck St, prior mtg $30,000, demand, 6 per cent 3,339

STEERS, Sarah C., and another to Louis Fleischmann; Washington Av, s w corner of 182d St, 1 year, 6 per cent 4,000

SUTPHIN, William L., and another to John A. Brown, Jr.; 88th St, 20 East, 3 years, 4½ per cent 42,500

WALKER, Harold, to Augusta Eising; 66th St, s s, 140 ft e of 5th Av, 3 years, 4 per cent., gold 70,000

WALKER, Keitt P., to Charles Remsen and another, executors; Park Av, s w corner of 79th St, 3 years, 4½ per cent 50,000

WINTER, Julius, to R. Clarence Dorsett; Southern Boulevard, n e corner of 137th St, due Oct. 1, 1903, 6 per cent 20,000

WIRSING, Josephine, widow, and others to the New York Savings Bank; 1st Av, s w corner of 65th St, due June 1, 1906, 4½ per cent 15,000

Assignments of Mortgages.

AMERICAN MORTGAGE COMPANY to Harford W. H. Powel, as trustee $3,574

BRONX INVESTMENT COMPANY to the Equitable Life Assurance Society 20,000

ELSWORTH, Eugene, as trustee, to Julia D. Elsworth 16,000

HABES, Frank, to Adolph Newman 1

HASSEY, Anna C. S., to Hugo Cohn 1

HERTER, Rosamond, to William H. Doty 1,650

LAWYERS' TITLE INSURANCE COMPANY to the Equitable Trust Company 50,000

MANDELBAUM, Harris, and another to Morris Weinstein, 2 assignments .... Nom. 2,500

MILLER, Israel, to Charlotte Hastorf 9,850

NEVINS, Abraham, and another to Marks Rosenberg, all title 1

OPDYKE, Alfred, and another, as administrators, to the Title Guarantee and Trust Company 5,000

PEET, William, and another to Alfred Opdyke and another, as administrators 1

ROGGEN, Nathan, to Esther Schlang 5,000

SWEENEY, Mary C., to Christopher Kelly 1

TAPPEN, Susan S., to Viola M. Flannery 4,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to Mary A. Jacobs, executrix 11,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to the Poughkeepsie Savings Bank 18,000

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST COMPANY to the Bowery Savings Bank 110,000

WALDO, Robert B., executor, to Catherine J. Neidig 400

Mechanics' Liens.

32D ST, 126 East; Union Construction and Waterproofing Company against Mitchell A. C. Levy, owner; Manhattan General Constructing Company, contractor $33

61ST ST, 106 West; Clarence S. McKune against L. J. Gallaher, owner and contractor 440

94TH ST, 112 West; Lewis S. Davis against — Pettit, owner and contractor 8

80TH ST and Park Av, n w corner, 82.2x100; Simons & Moersfelder against Herman Straus, owner and contractor 1,200

104TH ST, 322 West; Anna M. Zink against Augustus Classon, owner; Jacob Link, contractor 230

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS, CHAPTER 78, UNDER LAWS OF 1900.

FAIRMOUNT PLACE, s s, 100 ft w of Prospect Av, 50x110; William Hodgson loans to Emily J., Harriet E., and Arthur D. Clark 7,000

FREEMAN and Chisholm Sts, s w corner, 120x75; Lucy G. Barnard, loans to Nellie A. and Lewis V. La Velle 16,000

5TH ST, 610 and 612 East; Sender Jarmulowsky loans to Max Kershenbluth and Minnie Jacobs 17,000

Satisfied Mechanics' Liens.

1ST AV, 1,749 and 1,747; Frank Kaiser against N. F. Sandquist, May 1, 1903 .... $600

4TH ST, 177 and 179 West; Robert McArtney against Ellen Hayter and another, Jan. 21, 1903 126

City Real Estate for Sale.

Foreclosure Sale.—7-room detached house; all improvements; 5 cents to Park Row; good condition; price, $2,100; easy terms. James H. Graham, 320 Broadway, Manhattan.

19th St., West.—Handsome new 6-story and basement apartment house for sale, cheap. Rents for $5,500; only those meaning business need answer. I. Simons, 54 East 118th St.

16th St., between 6th & 7th Avs.	4-story and basement private house, 20x103. Price, $18,000. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.

Two 5-story flats, 4th St., near Washington Square; $62,500; rents $6,816. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Bargain.—19th St., near 8th Av., three-story house, 20.10x92; $16,500. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Modern four-story high stoop house, 66 West 96th St.; rent, $1,600. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Desirable residence, Washington Square to 12th St., inclusive, near 5th; $22,000 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Actual Bargain.—Modern double tenement, West 46th; asking $16,500; rents, $1,945. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Snap, quick purchaser; modern double tenement, West 51st, $20,500; rents, $2,568. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Five-story tenement, Orchard St., near Stanton, 25x87.6; $33,000; rents, $3,606. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Double tenement, 16th St., near Avenue A, 25x108; $16,000; rents $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Desirable plots; east side, below 23d St., and Ninth Ward; tempting prices. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Double tenement, 16th St., near Ave. A, 25x103; $16,000; rents, $1,800. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Desirable four-story house, St. Mark's Place, 25x95; asking $35,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Builders, Attention.—14th St., near Avenue A; plot 125x103.3; asking $65,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Snap.—Double tenement, 14th St., near Avenue A, 25x103; price, $16,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

3d Street, near Ave. A.	6-story tenement, 4 families on floor; 2 stores; price $34,000. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.
65th St., near 3d Av.	3-story and basement private house, 20x100, fine condition. Price, $9,250. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.
Corner Lexington, near 90th St.	5-story flats and stores; 100 ft. on avenue. Price, $52,500. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.

Stockdale & Julian, 2,752 Broadway. Property wanted for sale; for rent, and to manage.

Snap!—$6,500, 10-room brick dwelling, 17th St., 7th Av.; 17 feet front. Van Sant, 158 B'way.

East 101st St., near Madison Av.; fine 10-family flat; $24,000. John J. Hoeckh, 650 9th Av.

Bronx.

If you are looking for a home in The Bronx examine the Johnson houses; houses for one, two, and three families, of brick and stone; take 3d Av. "L" to 149th St., transfer to the Westchester Av. trolley, ride to 150th St., and walk east to the Johnson houses. Write for descriptive booklet. George F. Johnson & Sons, Owners and Builders, P. O. address East 156th St., Bronx Borough, N. Y.

AT $300.—ARDEN ESTATE LOTS, (24th Ward;) near line rapid transit; new Portchester Railroad to run through property; buy now, before the boom; 5 per cent. cash; balance small monthly payments. Send for full particulars, main office, 149 East 125th St., adjoining 12th Ward Bank.

Sale or Rent.—Handsome brick private dwellings; cabinet finished, parquet floors throughout; no carpets necessary; steam heat and hot air; streets have city improvements paid for; on line of extension of rapid transit; lots will double next two years; always open. H. U. Singhi, 164th St. and Jerome Av.

A beautiful two-story and attic cottage, 605 East 164th St.; 13 rooms and two bathrooms, steam heat, &c.; plot 92.8x200; large stable in rear; fruit trees, &c.; would entertain an exchange for smaller property. Hagan & Slevin, 240 West 116th St.

FOR SALE—THE MOST ELEGANT TWO-family detached brick and stone houses ever built in New York City; neighborhood restricted; Clay Av., near 166th St., three blocks west of 3d Av.; terms moderate.

BENJ. H. IRVING,
494 BERGEN AVE., COR. 149TH ST.
BRONX PROPERTIES, EXCHANGING, APPRAISING. MORTGAGES SECURED.

A.—52 Lind Av., near Union St., High Bridge.—10-room dwelling; all modern improvements; stable on lot, 25x155. Call; owner on premises.

Bargain.—University Heights, Queen Anne cottage, detached; barn, &c.; near trolley; may rent. Heaney, 770 Tremont Av.

Choice building lots, $425 up; sewer, water, gas; $5 monthly; house, $2,500 up. Polak, 3d Av., corner 174th St.

Real Estate.

4% 4½% A. W. McLAUGHLIN & CO. 5%
Brokers and Dealers in Mortgages
128 BROADWAY.

5TH AV, 225 and 227; Leo Sielke, Son & Co. against John O. Baker and another, Dec. 15, 1902, by bond 2,315

58TH ST and 8th Av, n w corner; John A. Roebling's Sons Company of New York against Albert Flake and another, April 4, 1903 1,307

93D ST, n s, 175 ft w of West End Av, 125x100; Thomas G. Knight against Ernst R. W. Schneider and another, Oct. 20, 1902, by bond 1,001

140TH ST, 153 to 159; James McNiece against the Collins Building and Construction Company, July 10, 1902 495

159TH ST, 382 East; Max Glober and another against Emma Horenburger and another, Oct. 20, 1903 285

Lis Pendens.

CLINTON AV, e s, 22 ft n of Oakland Place, 25x100; John A. Bank against Catharine Curran and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Johnston & Johnston.

JANE ST, 5½; City of New York against Emeline M. Gray, (violation of tenement house acts; attorney, G. L. Rives.

JEROME AV, n w s, 517.5 ft s w of 180th St, 31.6x irregular to s s of Fordham Road; the Park Mortgage Company against Percy B. Young and another, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Fettretch, Silkman & Seybel.

MADISON ST, 141; City of New York against Maria G. Gifuni, (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

WAVERLY PLACE, 106; Hugh R. Hill, trustee, against Edgar Logan and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, F. T. Hill.

WESTCHESTER AV, s s, 55.11 ft w of Wales Av, 36.3x48.7x irregular; Abraham H. Feuchtwanger against John Simpson and another, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, M. Cooper.

3D ST, 194 East; City of New York against Stuyvesant Fish, (violation of tenement house acts; attorney, G. L. Rives.

4TH ST, 282 East; City of New York against Max Goldstein, (violation of tenement house acts, attorney, G. L. Rives.

11TH AV, 484 and 486 39th St; 537 and 544 to 550 West; Jacob Oppenheim against Emma A. Totten and another, (specific performance;) attorney, L. A. Jaffer.

11TH AV, 639 and 641, and 51st St, n s, 254.2 ft w of 3d Av, 25.5x102.2; John Schreyer against Isabella Arendt and another, (specific performance;) attorney, A. Thain.

13TH ST, 419 West; Charles Goeben, Jr., against Thomas Agnew and another, (action to declare lien;) attorney, T. H. Baskerville.

30TH ST, 140 West; City of New York against Maria S. Simpson, (violation of tenement house acts; attorney, G. L. Rives.

47TH ST, 552 West; City of New York against Caroline Ewald, (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

100TH ST, 147 West; City of New York against Joseph Wiener, Jr., (violation of tenement house acts;) attorney, G. L. Rives.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 14.—The following companies were incorporated to-day:

New York Penny Sales Company, New York, (mechanical penny devices;) capital, $100,000. Directors—S. Ingersoll Kelton, Robert B. J. Corcoran, and Emil J. Villanyi, New York.

E. Bailey & Sons, Patchogue, (lumber, building materials, and hardware;) capital, $100,000. Directors—Edwin Bailey, Joseph Bailey, and Sherman Gerard, Patchogue.

Conrow Brothers, New York, (paper, stationery, and printing;) capital, $50,000. Directors—Theodore Conrow, C. H. Baldwin, and Frederick Gurney, Brooklyn.

Extra Dark Marble Company, Gouverneur, N. Y.; capital, $80,000. Directors—E. M. Hampton, R. A. Mahan, and O. B. Fischer, Gouverneur.

Dr. L. B. Williams & Co., New York, (to practice medicine and surgery;) capital, $10,000. Directors—H. W. Zulser, Jacob Sterne, and Mamie Zulser, New York.

Union Mason and Construction Company, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—August Krabo, W. H. Karman, and Frank Stols, New York.

Lewis Auto Company, New York, (to manufacture automobiles and self-propelling vehicles;) capital, $1,000. Directors—Lewis M. Bloomingdale and Leo Jacobson, New York; Charles D. Clark, Brooklyn.

Ninety-third Street Company, New York, (real estate;) capital, $60,000. Directors—J. S. Ross, Frank Kling, and J. E. Dowling, New York.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

Norfolk-Portsmouth Terminal Company, Jersey City; capital, $500,000. Incorporators—Louis B. Dailey, Warren N. Akers, and Kenneth K. McLaren.

O'Meara Valve Company, Jersey City; capital, $125,000. Incorporators—Howard S. Hadden, Henry W. Beebe, William S. McGrath, and George W. Flaacke, Jr.

The James F. McCabe Company, Camden, to do a general contracting business; capital, $25,000.

The Elevator Fireproof Casing Company, Camden; capital, $600,000.

Hinsdale Mining and Milling Company, Paterson, capital $1,000,000, to operate the T. C. M. group of mining claims in Colorado.

Shepherd Engineering Company, Camden, to manufacture engines; capital, $150,000.

Van Deventer Corporation, Vista Township, to deal in real estate; capital, $100,000.

Jamesee Company, Camden, to deal in food products; capital, $50,000.

Real Estate at Auction.

AUCTION SALE.
30 Lots on Park, Summit and Madison Avenues, White Plains, N. Y.,
Within Easy Walking Distance of Station.
SIGHTLY LOCATION.
All Lots Fifty Feet or More Frontage.
SALE MAY 16TH. ON PREMISES.
MAPS AND INFORMATION.
W. B. TIBBITS & CO., 114 Railroad Avenue, White Plains, N. Y.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction on
THURSDAY, May 21, 1903,
at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway, New York City.
TRUSTEES' SALE.
BY ORDER OF WILLIAM B. LANGLEY AND WILLIAM F. DUNNING, TRUSTEES OF THE ESTATE OF WILLIAM C. LANGLEY, DECEASED,
480 BUILDING LOTS,
ON
3d, 4th, 5th and 6th Aves.,
62d, 63d and 64th Sts.,
30TH WARD,
BOROUGH OF BROOKLYN

70 PER CENT. MAY REMAIN ON MORTGAGE AT 4 PER CENT. FOR 3 OR 5 YEARS, WITH PRIVILEGE OF PAYING OFF.

TITLES GUARANTEED BY THE TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST CO. FREE OF CHARGE TO EACH PURCHASER.

For book maps, terms, and particulars apply to J. F. ABRAMS & SON, Esqs., corner 3d Av. and 40th St., Brooklyn, or to BOARDMAN, PLATT & SOLEY, Esqs., Attorneys, 35 Wall St., and at the auctioneer's office, 155 and 157 Broadway, New York City.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction on
TUESDAY, May 19th, 1903,
at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway.
EXECUTORS' SALE
TO CLOSE ESTATE OF FANNY MAGUIRE, DECEASED,
3-story and basement brick dwelling, with lot,
No. 141 East 27th Street,
4-story brick tenement, with lot,
No. 312 East 24th Street.
For maps, etc., apply to David McClure, Esq., Executor, 22 William Street, or at the Auctioneer's office, 155 and 157 Broadway.

PETER F. MEYER, Auctioneer,
will sell at auction on
TUESDAY, MAY 19, 1903,
at 12 o'clock, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, 161 Broadway.
BY ORDER OF HEIRS
2 4-story brick tenements, with lots,
Nos. 212 and 214 East 117th St.
Maps, etc., at the Auctioneer's office, 155-157 Broadway.

Brooklyn Real Estate for Sale.

FLATBUSH.—GENTLEMAN gone South, MUST SELL. WILL SACRIFICE $1,000. A Princely New detached Residence on exceptionally Fine, Large Grounds; Cost $8,600. Price $7,600. Terms $750 Cash. Rest Very Easy. 10 Rooms, Tiled Bath, Billiard Room, Back Stairs, Beam Ceilings, Oak and Ash Trim. Exquisite decorations, Parquet floors. MOST EXCLUSIVE, BEAUTIFUL LOCATION. 110 feet to Ocean Av. Close to "L" Station and 3 Trolley Lines. Call Sunday or any day. W. H. GOLDEY, "Brick Office," 962 Flatbush Av., Cor. Albemarle Road.

Flatbush Av., opposite Avenue G.—Four lots, $4,800; easy terms; honest bargain. Jones, 180 Montague St.

Brooklyn property sold for cash or exchanged; immediate results. W. J. Lynch, 26 Court St., Brooklyn.

$500 cash for new detached house, balance rent. John Perry & Co., 373 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Westchester Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

At Tuckahoe.—A plot of about 65 acres immediately surrounding the Underhill Homestead. Suitable for first-class sub-division. Inquire of T. B. Underhill, on premises.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $100
On Line of New Portchester Railway.
$1.00 WEEKLY—NO ASSESSMENTS.
Near Station; on trolley; water, gas, electric light; fishing, bathing, sailing. WARRANTY REALTY CO. 115 Broadway.

Mount Vernon.

Mount Vernon.—Plot 100x105; 12th Av., near 2d; graded, sewered; $2,250. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

White Plains.

17 acres on Tarrytown trolley line, $4,800; high ground; near station. Box 471, White Plains.

Long Island Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

CEDARHURST, L. I.
Thirty acres choice property on Broadway, house and stable, for sale or exchange for improved property in Manhattan. JOHN KENSETT KELLOGG, 30 William St.

"AT BABYLON AND WEST ISLIP, L. I. Most accessible place on South Shore; 37 miles out; 50 trains daily; express station. Furnished cottages to rent. Desirable property for sale. Illustrated list. Jeremiah Robbins, Babylon, L. I.

Hempstead, L. I.—16-room house, furnished; hydrants, bath, gas, flowers, fruits, vegetables; large barn and other outhouses; season, $900; possession after June 1. R. Rochester, 66 Wall, or premises, 54 Greenwich St.

For Sale—Five-acre duck or chicken farm; new buildings; nice stream of water length of place; price $1,800, cash $300. W. S. Hawkins, Brookhaven, L. I.

At Lynbrook—Cottage, nine rooms, stable; acre fruit, shade; for mortgage and foreclosure expenses. J. Griffith, Lynbrook, L. I.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Queens Borough.

7-room handsome cottage; improvements; good location; only $2,100, $300 cash; bargain; full particulars, Hamilton, Corona.

Broadway, Ozone Park, 50x100, $1,100; Hollis Park, 50x137½, $550. Advertiser, 1,292 Putnam Av., Brooklyn.

New England Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Wychmere, (Cape Cod,) Harwich, Mass.—Beautiful seashore cottages, rented fully furnished; fireplaces, bathrooms, piazzas, windmills; excellent water, cold, hot; delightful climate; long season; forests; fine bathing; circular. CAPE, 500 West 124th St.

RIVERSIDE, CONN.
Attractive residence, sale or rent, furnished; conveniences; large shady lawn; garden, fruit; near depot, harbor, yacht club. J. Atwater, owner, 55 Liberty St.

Farm Bargain, Litchfield County, Conn., and Berkshire County, Mass.—50 farms for sale; 15 acres to 600 acres; from $400 to $10,000; write for list. J. K. Smith, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

For Sale—Manufacturing plant, 50-horse water power; buildings new; 2 minutes' walk from railroad station; in good size borough; a big bargain. Look Box 1,048, Station A, Winsted, Conn.

To Let at Norfolk, Conn.—The beautifully furnished residence of Miss Thompson, on Laurel Way, near the Hillhurst. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

For sale or to let for the season, at Norfolk, Conn., Dunedin, situated on Maple Av.; well furnished and in perfect order. Apply to Richard W. Rogers, 238 Lincoln St., Flushing, N. Y.

To Rent—6-room cottage, usual furniture; woods, lake, electrics or rail to Boston and Providence; daily grocer; attractive conditions. Mrs. F. M. S. King, North Attleboro, Mass.

For Sale—Farm, pleasantly located Southern Berkshire; plenty fruit, fine water, buildings good; terms reasonable; sold to close estate. Address E. A. Bronson, Sheffield, Mass.

BERKSHIRE HILLS.—Country estates and farms for sale and lease. Sanborn G. Tenney, Williamstown, Mass.

Real Estate Wanted.

COLORED TENEMENTS WANTED.
Colored man makes specialty managing colored tenements; references; bond. PHILIP A. PAYTON, JR., Agent, Broker, 67 W. 134th St.; 'phone, 1912 Harlem. Branch, 119 Nassau St.; 'phone, 390 Cort.

Wanted—Tenements, east side, below 23d, showing good investment; cash customers. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Will lease house of 8 or 10 rooms and bath near "L" station or trolley. Address Realty, 1,008 Times, Harlem.

Real Estate for Exchange.

Want east side dwelling, Fifties, Sixties, seventies, $25,000 equity mercantile building offered part payment; brokers invited. Bert G. Faulhaber & Co., 7 East 42d St.

Real Estate at Auction.

R. E. SIMON, AUCTIONEER,
L. J. PHILLIPS & CO.,
will sell at public auction
WEDNESDAY, MAY 20TH, 1903,
at 12 o'clock noon, at 161 Broadway, N. Y. City,
EXECUTORS' SALE,
to close the estate of James Allan, dec'd,
NO. 14 WEST 45TH STREET,
a 4-story and basement business and bachelor apartment bldg., on lot 21x100.5. Possession.
NO. 449 WEST 21ST STREET,
a 4-story private dwelling on lot 16.8x92x98.9. Opposite Theological Seminary. Possession Oct. 1. For maps and particulars, apply to Fettretch, Silkman & Seybel, Att'ys, 41 Park Row, or the Auctioneer's, 156 Broadway, N. Y. C.

Real Estate for Sale.

Grantwood-on-Hudson
Opposite Grant's Tomb.
Homeseekers and investors should visit this beautiful suburb before buying elsewhere. Macadam streets, sidewalks, gas, electric light, pure water, sewers, seventy modern homes occupied by owners. Everything in full bloom. Magnificent panoramic view of the Hudson, Manhattan Island, and Long Island Sound. Climate of the Catskills, 270 ft. above the Hudson.
LOTS $700 TO $1,800.
HOUSES BUILT TO SUIT PURCHASERS.
Write or call for descriptive booklet; also free tickets via Franklin or 42d Street Ferry and North Hudson Company's Trolley or 130th Street Ferry and Hudson River Trolley.
Columbia Inv. & Real Estate Co.,
St. James Bldg., Broadway and 26th St.
'Phone 1847 Madison.

New Jersey Real Estate for Sale and to Let.

Attend Sale of
SUBURBAN BUILDING LOTS
Main Line Erie Railroad,
SATURDAY, MAY 16, 2 P. M.
UNDERCLIFF
23 MILES FROM NEW YORK.
Special train leaving foot of Chambers Street at 1:10 P. M. Apply early to Erie R. R. offices, 1159 or 399 Broadway, or 21 Warren St., N. Y., or 333 Fulton St., Brooklyn, for
FREE TICKETS.
Interstate Land & Improvement Company, Incorporated.

WEST HOBOKEN, N. J.
For Sale—Two of the finest apartment houses in Hudson County; a corner, three-story brick and stone, located opposite park; six flats, each eight rooms and bath; all modern improvements; restricted neighborhood; a 10% investment; rent, $2,712 per annum.
APPLY, J. W. SCHELLHORN, REAL ESTATE, 470 PALISADE AV., COR. SHIPPEN ST., WEEHAWKEN HEIGHTS, N. J.

For Sale—A furnished cottage, 20 rooms, together with one acre of land at Islesboro, Maine; grand view of ocean, near steamboat wharf; there are several cottages within one to three miles of this property costing from five thousand to twenty-five thousand dollars each. The price of this entire property, $3,500; it is worth more than double. For full particulars address C. W. Morrison, 76 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J.

For Sale—New Jersey, 166 acres, 60 acres is lake of pure spring water, stocked with pickerel, perch, and catfish; 30 acres tillable; large peach orchard and vineyard; seven-room house; large new barn and boathouse and four boats; about ten minutes to railroad station; price $10,000. G. H. Drew, 115 16th Av., Paterson, N. J.

Erie R. R. commutation, $7.50; Tappan Depot, 8 minutes' walk; fine, newly painted and decorated 12-room house; 1¼ acre of ground; plenty shade, &c.; sale, $2,800, or one-half the same to rent, season $130; partly furnished; independent entrance; no children. Write for particulars. A. Cardinal, care of L. Sherry, 5th Av. and 44th St., City.

Montclair.—In beautiful Marlboro Park, near "Park Street" (Erie) Station, school, &c.; only house left of twenty; rent, $780; bargain $8,000; easy terms; latest improvements, steam, gas, electricity, &c.; refined surroundings; other houses building; illustrated booklet free. Montclair Realty Co.

Asbury Park Bargains.—Desirable property for sale at reasonable prices now; beach ownership and improvement will increase values; a great opportunity; illustrated "Descriptive List" mailed free. J. Stanley Ferguson, Asbury Park, N. J.

$1,600.—New four-room stone cottage, detached kitchen, barn, with fourteen villa plots (50x150;) plenty shade, fruits; high, healthy; fine view; hour via Erie; also adjoining, five-room cottage; ¼ acre; $850. Bowen, 70 Worth St., or Montvale, N. J.

Suffern.—Completely and handsomely furnished house to let for the Summer; high and healthful location; plenty of shade and verandas; six bedrooms; all improvements; one hour out. Erie, Box 180 Times.

Choice Summer Homes at Asbury Park, Allenhurst, Deal, and vicinity for rent, furnished; ideal section for health and pleasure; "Descriptive Illustrated Booklet" mailed on application. J. Stanley Ferguson, Asbury Park, N. J.

Choice Building plots.	Red Bank, ¾ mile from station; high location, overlooking Highlands, Seabright, and Long Branch; surrounded by

high-class improvements; price below market value. E. M. Michaelis, 203 Broadway.

Elberon, N. J.—Large Summer residence, 26 rooms, cottage, stables and grounds; all in fine condition; stables to accommodate several horses, wagons, &c.; house fully furnished. Box 75, Red Bank, N. J.

Englewood.—Genuine bargain; modern 11-room house; all improvements; lot 100x150; fine old shade, grove in rear; Main Street; $5,500, $2,000 cash; illustrated description. Birtwhistle & Stainton Company, Sole Agents, Englewood, N. J.

$18 buys 2½ acres; $35 buys 5 acres; almost given away to close estate; adjacent Summer resort; big prices for all produce; boating, bathing, fishing; installments 50c. weekly. Asbury, 10 Wall St.

"WHERE TO LIVE AND DO BUSINESS IN New York." Booklet free at 1,159 and 399 Broadway, or mailed for 4 cents postage by Suburban Pass. Agt., Erie Rd., 1,159 Broadway, N. Y.

Cottage, Allenhurst, near ocean and depot; 14 rooms; all improvements; nicely furnished; would let for boarding house; price, $1,000. R. H. Woodward, Long Branch.

Ocean Grove, N. J.—Furnished cottages and boarding houses to rent for the coming season; send for booklet. E. N. Woolston's Real Estate Agency, Ocean Grove, N. J.

At the top of the hill on the lake, to rent for the Summer months, one large and one small house. Both fully furnished. All conveniences. Address Post Office Box 43, Pompton, N. J.

Long Branch, West End, Elberon, Deal, Allenhurst, furnished cottages to let. R. H. Woodward, Long Branch.

At Rutherford, N. J., desirable houses for sale and rent. A. W. Van Winkle & Co.

Store to let, $12 rent, at Rutherford, N. J., by A. W. Van Winkle & Co.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—New York State.

For Sale—In the heart of the Adirondacks, a new house, with seven large sleeping rooms, a large kitchen, dining room, parlor, and library; completely furnished; piazza fifty feet long; on one of the largest lakes in the Adirondacks; also a new barn; will sell cheap if purchased immediately for $3,000. Address G. J. Benson, 132 State St., Albany, N. Y.

Thousand Islands.—Furnished cottage near Alexandria Bay for rent; family abroad; nine bedrooms; open fires; seven verandas; best plumbing; aeolian, dock, skiffs, launch, firewood, vegetables, ice; tennis, bathing beach; 50 acres woods; restful place; good fishing. S. W. Rowell, 82 State St., Albany, N. Y.

Catskill Mountains.—Delightful Summer residence; for sale; 3,500 feet elevation; cottage, nine rooms and bath; completely furnished; large piazzas, garden, fruit trees, tennis court, fine forest trees; near clubhouse and good livery; photo. Apply M. Wanders, 343 East 18th St.

Berkshires.—Gentleman's country seat, 30 acres; large mansion, beautifully decorated and furnished; cottage, farmer's house, outbuildings; 1,000 feet elevation; splendid place for large family. Archibald C. Foss, 39 East 42d St.

Adirondacks.—Lake Placid, Camp Welcome; fine location; completely furnished; very desirable; particulars furnished. Fitch, 47 Broad St.

Large hennery to rent; good home market, between White Lake and Monticello. Address Box 82, Mongaup Valley, Sullivan Co., N. Y.

Cottages to rent and boarding houses recommended in all parts Sullivan County. T. W. Weston, Liberty, N. Y.

House.—Pretty Greenville village, Catskills, $25 entire rent to April, 1904. Caroline Goodrich, Leeds, N. Y.

Lake George, N. Y.—For sale or to let, two beautiful cottages. Address Geo. W. Clews, Hudson, N. Y.

Farm for Sale.—Cheap; 161 acres; house, barns; Sullivan County. John Kensett Kellogg, 30 William St.

Real Estate for Sale and to Let—Miscellaneous.

For 30 years we have sold
COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY
Buyers get our free catalogue.
Owners send us details of your property.
Phillips & Wells, 33E Tribune Building, N. Y.

Real Estate Office Contents for Sale.—Complete; worth $10,000; price, $1,000; cash. Room 12, 60 Liberty.

To Let for Business Purposes.

BUILDING, STORES, LOFTS, AND OFFICES TO LET IN NEARLY ALL DOWNTOWN STREETS. RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 BEEKMAN ST.

BULKHEAD, WITH 10 LOTS.
Also, corner lots East 30th St.; also, large lofts on South St. Brookman Estate, 55 Exchange Place.

CHARLES E. EASTON & CO.
FACTORY LOFTS AND BUILDINGS.
TEL. 6420—38. 116 WEST 42D STREET.

Stores, lofts, buildings, offices; exceptionally fine list, this and other desirable localities. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Attractive offices, north light, 635 Broadway, corner 13th; elevator; rent, $10 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Attractive offices and skylight studios, 131 East 34th St.; elevator, heat; $18 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Part of store for office, sales, or sample room, Broadway and Walker, entrance 77 Walker. Telephone.

Three very light, attractive, connecting offices, 106 East 17th St.; rent, $35. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

86 East 112th St.—Good corner store, suitable any business; rent moderate. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

LOFTS OR FLOOR SPACE TO LET.
313-319 WEST 48D ST. APPLY ON PREMISES; BROKERS PROTECTED.

85 West St.—5-story loft building; rent, $100 monthly. John Armstrong, 1,984 3d Av.

Apartment Hotels.

HATFIELD HOUSE,
108 East 29th St.
First-class fireproof apartment hotel. Suites of 1 to 5 rooms, with bath.
Furnished and unfurnished.

Apartments to Let—Unfurnished.

THE ANTOINETTES,
43 TO 53 EAST 58TH ST.
NEW FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSES.
One block from Savoy and Netherland Hotels.
Suites, 6 to 9 rooms; 2 baths.
Modern and up to date in all their appointments.
RENTS $1,200 TO $1,800.
Owner on premises.
HERTER REALTY CO.

Apartment, Unfurnished, to Let.—No. 130 East 82d St., 9 large, light, airy rooms and bath, with detached dining room and kitchen; private entrance to this apartment, with all the latest improvements and decorations; low rent. Inquire of Simons & Moersfelder, Owners, No. 145 Avenue D.

Union and University Club Members.—Why pay high rents when high-class, attractive apartments at low rates are so near your club headquarters? Call and examine 101-107 West 54th St.; two rooms and bath; electric light; all improvements. Wm. Henry Folsom, 24 East 23d St.

Magnificent Neighborhood.—Superior five-room breezy apartments, overlooking picturesque Morningside Park; property appealing to refined people; incomparable at $30 to $32. 342 Manhattan Av.

98D St., 108 West.—"L" station street, overlooking Park; rents, $70 and $45; marble halls, staircases, hallboys, &c. Janitor, or A. K. & R. T. Mackay, 9 Wall St.

149th St., 202 West., Corner 8th Av.—Elegant flat, 5 large, light rooms and bath; steam heat, hot water, all improvements; new house; rent only $22. Janitor.

Furnished and unfurnished flats and apartments in good locations; rents, $50 up. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Brooklyn.

Reduced rents, $28 to $30; cannot be duplicated for $45; corner apartments; steam heat and hot water supply; fireproof halls; 6 all light rooms and tile bath; Decatur St. and Howard Av.

City Houses to Let—Unfurnished.

Residence, Southwest Corner 176th St. and Monroe Av.—Beautiful, large, fine Mount Hope corner residence to rent, cheap, containing 14 large, light, airy rooms and bath; also fine, large, light, airy stable on premises, 3 stalls; large lawn with fruit trees and grape vines; also large piazza around house. Simons & Moersfelder, 145 Avenue D.

Houses, unfurnished and furnished, desirable locations; rents, $1,200 to $5,000. Folsom Brothers, 635 Broadway.

Apartments to Let—Furnished.

Sevillia, 117 West 58th St.—Small apartment, three rooms and bath, comfortably furnished; will sublet to responsible party from present time to Oct. 1st, $50 per month. F. P. O. Box 572, city.

Beautifully furnished apartments to sublet; eight large, light rooms and bath; all night elevator; southern exposure; delightfully cool; front windows overlooking Park and Hudson River. Apply fourth floor, east, 310 West 99th St.

Large, handsomely appointed suits, delightful for Summer; tiled bath; smaller rooms; reasonable. Hart, 111 West 84th St.

To rent, fully furnished, large and airy seven-room apartment, 209 West 88th St.

34th St., 128 East.—Charming corner apartment; all cool rooms; fully furnished.

Surrogate Notices.

BENNETT, EDWARD.—THE PEOPLE OF THE State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to MARY BENNETT, widow; G. CLARIS, daughter; the unknown child or children, the unknown adopted child or children, the unknown issue of any deceased child or children or adopted child or children, the unknown father or mother, the unknown brother or brothers, sister or sisters of the half or whole blood, the unknown issue of any deceased brother or sister, or brothers or sisters of the half or whole blood, the unknown uncle or uncles, aunt or aunts, the unknown issue of any deceased uncle or uncles, aunt or aunts, the unknown creditors, the unknown administrator, if any, the unknown legatee or legatees, and the unknown executor or executors of EDWARD BENNETT, deceased, late of 89 High Street, Kingsland, City of London, England, and William M. Hoes, Esq., Public Administrator of the County of New York, State of New York, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the City of New York, on the 19th day of May, 1903, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to show cause why a decree of the Surrogates' Court of the City and County of New York should not issue appointing Honorable William M. Hoes, Public Administrator of the County of New York, State of New York, or some legally competent person, administrator of the goods, chattels, and credits of the said deceased, Edward Bennett, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 27th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three. [L. S.]

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of Surrogates' Court.

WALTER S. LOGAN, Attorney for Petitioner, 27 William Street, New York City.

MacLEAN, JOSEPHINE.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to "heirs at law and next of kin of JOSEPHINE MacLEAN, deceased," as a class, send greeting: You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the County Court House in the County of New York, on the 12th day of June, 1903, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend the probate of the last will and testament of Josephine MacLean, deceased, and to show cause why the decree heretofore entered admitting to probate the said last will and testament and adjudging the same to be a valid will to pass real and personal estate should not be sustained, and why said heirs at law and next of kin of the said Josephine MacLean, deceased, should not be bound thereby, with the same force and effect as if they had been previously cited to attend the original probate thereof; and show cause, also, why the letters testamentary issued to William MacLean on the 21st day of May, 1901, shall not be confirmed and ratified, and show cause why such other and further relief in relation to the proof of said will should not be granted; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed. Witness, Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three. [L. S.]

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN,
Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

ap24-law6wF

PEARSON, CHARLES EDGAR.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Abner C. Thomas, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against CHARLES EDGAR PEARSON, late of the City of Ottawa, Dominion of Canada, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at the office of its attorneys, Wallach & Cook, No. 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 30th day of June, 1903.—Dated New York, December 19th, 1902. KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY, Ancillary Executor. WALLACH & COOK, Attorneys for Ancillary Executor, 33 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

Referees' Notices.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—MARTIN OPPINGER, plaintiff, against LAURA B. MARSCHALL and LAURA B. MARSCHALL, as executrix of the last will and testament of William G. Marschall, deceased, defendants.

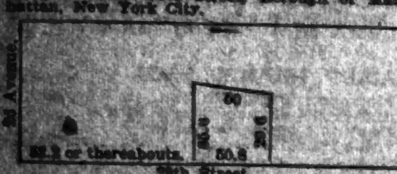
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 12th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Number 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the second day of June, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements erected thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, in the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Twenty-ninth Street, distant fifty-two feet two inches or thereabouts easterly from the northeasterly corner of Second Avenue and Twenty-ninth Street; running thence northerly along the westerly line of lot Number Forty (40) on a map of forty-eight (48) lots, part of "Kips Bay Farm," recorded with a deed made by Samuel Jones and Nicholas W. Stuyvesant in Liber two hundred and fifty-four (254) of Conveyances, Page Six (6), thirty-five feet six inches to the centre of a strip of land formerly laid down on said map as Maria Street; thence easterly along the centre line of Maria Street fifty feet; thence southerly along the easterly line of said lot Number Forty (40) twenty-nine feet six inches to the northerly line of Twenty-ninth Street, and thence westerly along the same fifty feet eight inches to the place of beginning; be said dimensions more or less. The said premises being all that part of said lot Number Forty lying between the northerly line of Twenty-ninth Street and the centre line of said strip of land formerly known as Maria Street.—Dated New York, May 7th, 1903.

GEORGE E. PLUNKITT, Referee.

ARTHUR B. KAULFUSS, Attorney for Plaintiff, 277 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 302 East 29th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is five thousand two hundred and three 34-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the second day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred and forty-nine 28-100 dollars with interest from May 5th, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is eleven thousand four hundred and sixty-eight 34-100 dollars and interest.—Dated New York, May 7th, 1903.

GEORGE E. PLUNKITT, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WALTER ROMEYN BENJAMIN, guardian, &c., plaintiff, against CATHERINE A. McEVILY and others, defendants.

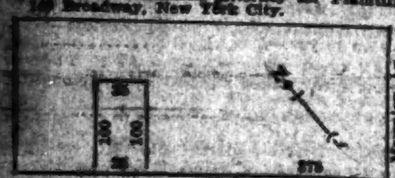
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 2d day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by James L. Wells, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon, situate, lying, and being in the Twenty-fourth Ward of the Borough of Bronx, City, County, and State of New York, known and designated on a certain map entitled "Map of 112 choice lots, being a subdivision of the Henry Stone Estate, situated at Tremont, 24th Ward, New York City, dated May, 1890, made by Henry W. Vogel, Civil Engineer and City Surveyor, and filed in the office of the Register of the City and County of New York, as and by the lot number seventy-six (76) as laid down on said map, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fairmount Place distant three hundred and seventy-five (375) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the northerly side of Fairmount Place with the westerly side of Marmion Avenue; thence running westerly along the said northerly side of Fairmount Place twenty-five (25) feet; thence northerly and parallel with the said westerly side of Marmion Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the centre line of the block between Fairmount Place and Elsmere Place; thence easterly along the said centre line of the block twenty-five (25) feet, and thence southerly and again parallel with the said westerly side of Marmion Avenue one hundred (100) feet to the said northerly side of Fairmount Place, at the said point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, May 4, 1903.

MILTON S. GUITERMAN, Referee.

[illegible] LAONEL BERIER, Attorney for Plaintiff, 160 Broadway, New York City.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,146.11, with interest thereon from the 2d day of May, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $228.36, with interest from May 26, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $228.74 and interest.—Dated New York, May 4, 1903.

MILTON S. GUITERMAN, Referee.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE SAINT PAUL'S INSTITUTE AT TARSUS, ASIA MINOR, plaintiff, against SIMON FEIST and others, defendants.—Action No. 2.

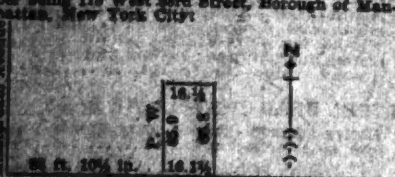
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Ninety-third Street distant eighty-three feet ten and one-half inches, more or less, easterly from the northeasterly corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street; running thence northerly and parallel, or nearly so with Amsterdam Avenue sixty-five feet nine inches, more or less, through the centre of a party wall; thence easterly and parallel with Ninety-third Street sixteen feet and one-half an inch; thence southerly and parallel or nearly so with Amsterdam Avenue sixty-five feet eight inches, more or less, to the northerly side of Ninety-third Street, and thence westerly along the said northerly side of Ninety-third Street sixteen and one and a half inches to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being more particularly designated by the Street Number 175 West 93rd Street.—Dated New York, May 4th, 1903.

LYNN W. THOMPSON, Referee.

DAVID THORNTON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being 175 West 93rd Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is eleven thousand five hundred and twenty-eight 50-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 17th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $[illegible], with interest thereon from April 30, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $874.50 and interest.—Dated New York, May 4th, 1903.

LYNN W. THOMPSON, Referee.

my5-1aw6wTu&Fmay27

Bankruptcy Notices.

No. 5,304.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of LOUIS ISLER, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Louis Isler, of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of May, A. D. 1903, the said Louis Isler was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of John J. Townsend, Referee, No. 45 Cedar Street, in New York City, on the 1st day of June, A. D. 1903, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 14th, 1903.

NO. 5,340.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—EPHRAIM D. KLOTS, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Ephraim D. Klots, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 14th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 1st, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 14th, 1903.

Referees' Notices.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—THE SAINT PAUL'S INSTITUTE at Tarsus, Asia Minor, plaintiff, against SIMON FEIST and others, defendants.—Action No. 1.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 30th day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

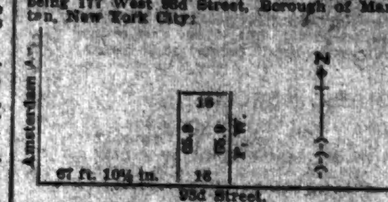
All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the building thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Twelfth Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Ninety-third Street, distant sixty-seven feet ten and one-half inches easterly from the northeasterly corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Ninety-third Street; running thence northerly parallel, or nearly so, with Amsterdam Avenue sixty-five feet nine inches; thence easterly and parallel, or nearly so, with Ninety-third Street sixteen feet; thence southerly parallel, or nearly so, with Amsterdam Avenue sixty-five feet nine inches, more or less, and through the centre of a party wall to the northerly side of Ninety-third Street, and thence westerly along the said northerly side of Ninety-third Street sixteen feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being known by the street number 177 West 93d Street.

Dated New York, May 4, 1903.

LYNN W. THOMPSON, Referee.

DAVID THORNTON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 38 Park Row, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above; the street number being 177 West 93d Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is eleven thousand five hundred and twenty-eight 50-100 dollars, with interest thereon from the 17th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $378.15, with interest thereon from April 30, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $874.50 and interest.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1903.

LYNN W. THOMPSON, Referee.

m5-1aw3wTu&Fmay27

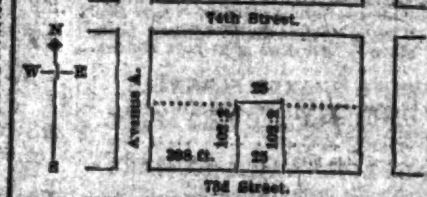
SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—MARGARET A. HUDNER, plaintiff, against DANIEL HUDNER and Annie L. Trost, defendants.

In pursuance of the interlocutory judgment of partition and sale, duly made and entered in the above entitled action, and bearing date the 29th day of September, 1902, I, the undersigned referee in the said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, the City of New York, on the 22nd day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows: All that certain lot of land, situated in the 19th Ward of the City of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of 73rd Street, distant 308 feet easterly from the Northeasterly corner of Avenue A and 73rd Street, thence Easterly along the Northerly side of 73rd Street, twenty-five feet, thence northerly parallel to Avenue A, one hundred and two feet and two inches to the middle line of the block, thence westerly along the middle line of the block, twenty-five feet, thence southerly, parallel to Avenue A, one hundred and two feet and two inches, to the place of beginning, being the lot designated as two hundred and twenty-four, on Map No. 208, in the case, made by Gardner A. Sage, and filed in the office of the Register of the County of New York, together with the right of sewerage reserved to Hamlin Babcock in his deed to Johanna Sperry, dated August 30, 1867.

THOMAS F. DONNELLY, Referee.

WM. J. FANNING, Attorney for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above:



Said premises will be sold free and clear of all encumbrances, except as to certain restrictions and covenant against nuisances contained in a deed from Rebecca Jones to Hamlin Babcock dated March 21, 1867, and recorded in the office of the Register of the County of New York, in Liber 1028 of Conveyances, Page 148, on the 23rd day of August, 1867.—Dated New York, April 27, 1903.

THOMAS F. DONNELLY, Referee.

ap29-1aw3wW&Fmay20

NO. 442 WEST THIRTY-SIXTH STREET, BOROUGH of Manhattan.—New York Supreme Court, County of New York.—M. ADELE SMITH and another, as executrix and executor, &c., plaintiff, against MARTIN L. SUGARMAN et al., defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 8th day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the New York Real Estate Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Tuesday, the 2nd day of June, 1903, at twelve o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, auctioneer, the premises described in said judgment as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the City of New York, and known and distinguished on a map entitled "Maps showing the situation of one hundred and forty-four lots of land, being part of Glass House Farm, the property of George Rapelje, Esq., drawn by Adolphus Loss, City Surveyor, by the number one hundred and thirty-eight and bounded and described as follows:

Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street, distant two hundred and fifty feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of Thirty-sixth Street and Tenth Avenue; thence running southerly and parallel with Tenth Avenue, ninety-eight feet nine inches; thence easterly, parallel with Thirty-sixth Street, twenty-five feet; thence northerly and parallel with Tenth Avenue ninety-eight feet nine inches to the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly side of Thirty-sixth Street twenty-five feet to the point or place of beginning. Known by street number Four Hundred and forty-two West Thirty-sixth Street in the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 8, 1903.

CHARLES J. HARDY, Referee.

BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

The following is a diagram of the property referred to in the foregoing notice of sale:

The approximate aggregate amount of the plaintiff's lien upon the premises, with interest, costs, and disbursements, is $21,027.49, and of taxes, assessments, and water rates, $436.62.

CHARLES J. HARDY, Referee.

BOWERS & SANDS, Attorneys for Plaintiff.

m12-2aw3wTu&Fje2

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—WILLIAM OLIVER MOORE et al., as executors of ABRAHAM UNDERHILL, deceased, Plaintiffs, against HENRY C. MANGLES, JR., et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 23d day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the Referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 19th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Philip A. Smyth, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

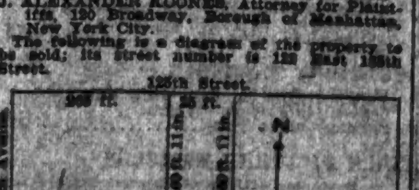
All his right, title, and interest (being an undivided one-fifth) in all that certain lot, piece, or parcel of ground, with the building thereon erected, situate lying, and being at Harlem, in the Twelfth Ward of the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York and County of New York, on the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, between Lexington and Fourth Avenues, and bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of One Hundred and Twenty-fifth (125th) Street, distant easterly two hundred and sixty-five (265) feet from Fourth Avenue, as the same is widened, and running thence easterly along said street twenty-five (25) feet; thence southerly parallel with Fourth Avenue one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the middle line of the block between One Hundred and Twenty-fourth and One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Streets; thence westerly along said middle line parallel with One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Street, twenty-five (25) feet; and thence northerly parallel with Fourth Avenue one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the point or place of beginning.

Dated New York, April 24th, 1903.

MAX ALTMAYER, Referee.

J. ALEXANDER KOONES, Attorney for Plaintiffs, 120 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 122 East 125th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $1,231 66-100, with interest thereon from the 23d day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $174 88-100, together with the expenses of the sale.

Dated New York, 24th day of April, 1903.

MAX ALTMAYER, Referee.

ap28-2aw3wTu&Fmy19

Referees' Notices.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—MARY JANE SMITH, plaintiff, against JOHN BOLEN and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 17th day of April, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Samuel Goldsticker, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

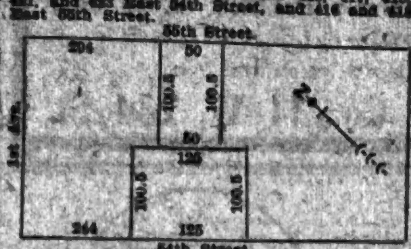
All those five (5) certain lots, pieces or parcels of land, situate, lying and being on the northerly side of Fifty-fourth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and which taken together are bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of Fifty-fourth Street, distant two hundred and forty-four (244) feet easterly from the northeasterly corner of First Avenue and Fifty-fourth Street, and running thence northerly and parallel with First Avenue one hundred feet five inches to the centre line of the block; thence easterly along said centre line of the block one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet; thence running southerly and parallel with First Avenue one hundred feet and five inches to the northerly side of Fifty-fourth Street; and thence westerly along the same one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to the point or place of beginning.

And also all those two certain other lots of land, situate, lying and being on the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the said southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street, distant two hundred and ninety-four feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of Fifty-fifth Street and First Avenue; running thence southerly and parallel with First Avenue one hundred feet and five inches to the centre line of the block; thence running easterly along said centre line of the block fifty feet; thence running northerly parallel with First Avenue one hundred feet and five inches to the southerly side of Fifty-fifth Street, and thence westerly along the same fifty (50) feet, to the point or place of beginning.—Dated New York, April 18th, 1903.

SAMUEL H. EVINS, Referee.

JOSEPH H. MAHAN, Attorney for plaintiff, 13 Chambers Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street numbers are 415, 417, 419, 421, and 423 East 54th Street, and 416 and 418 East 55th Street.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge, to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold, is $5,427.07, with interest thereon from the 4th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowance amounting to $[illegible], together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee, is $5,470.61 and interest.—Dated New York, 18th day of April, 1903.

SAMUEL H. EVINS, Referee.

The foregoing sale is hereby adjourned to May 25th, 1903, at the same hour and place.

SAMUEL H. EVINS, Referee.

a415-18-22-25.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ISABELLA LOMAX, Plaintiff, against CHARLOTTE A. McCLENNON and Charles E. McClennon, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, bearing date the 1st day of May, 1903, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, No. 161 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 27th day of May, 1903, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by John L. Parish, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

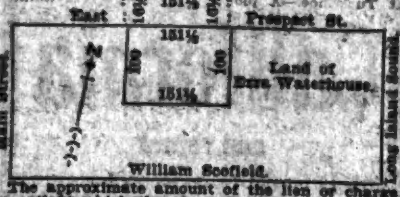
All that certain lot of land, situate near the centre of City Island, formerly in the Town of Pelham, Westchester County, New York, now in the City and County of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at the northeastern corner, adjoining the lot of land late of Ethan Waterhouse, now or late of Ezra Waterhouse, running thence southerly, with said lot for its eastern boundary, one hundred (100) feet to the land now or formerly of William Scofield; thence westerly one hundred and fifty-one and one-half (151½) feet in a line parallel with the New Road, now Prospect Street; thence northerly by land now or late of said Scofield one hundred (100) feet to Prospect Street aforesaid; thence easterly with the southerly boundary of said Prospect Street for its northern boundary, one hundred and fifty-one and one-half (151½) feet to the place of beginning; also sixteen and one-half (16½) feet of land in width on the whole northern front of said lot, one hundred and fifty-one and one-half (151½) feet in length, east and west, to be kept open as a public road.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1903.

AUGUSTINE R. McMAHON, Referee.

DUDLEY R. HORTON, Attorney for Plaintiff, 302 Broadway, Manhattan Borough, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold as described above, the street number being — East Prospect Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $3,340.25, with interest thereon from the 10th day of April, 1903, together with costs and allowances amounting to $267.55, with interest from May 1st, 1903, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, or other liens which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $136.75 (taxes) and interest.

Dated New York, May 4th, 1903.

AUGUSTINE R. McMAHON, Referee.

my5-2aw3wTu&Fmy26

Bankruptcy Notices.

NO. 4,442.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—JOSEPH BAUM, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Baum, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated April 27, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 1st, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 14th, 1903.

NO. 5,690.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—GEORGE H. BRENNAN, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that George H. Brennan, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 13th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 1st, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES DEVLIN, Bankrupt.

You are hereby notified that a fourth general meeting of the creditors of the above-named bankrupt will be held at the office of Robert A. B. Dayton, one of the Registers of said Court in Bankruptcy, at 140 Broadway, in the City of New York, in the Southern District of New York, on the 29th day of May, 1903, at 3 o'clock P. M., for the purposes named in Sections 5,093 to 5,096 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, title "Bankruptcy."

And this is further to give you notice that I have filed my final accounts as assignee of the estate of the said bankrupt in said Register's Office, and that at the said meeting I shall apply for the settlement of my said accounts as the assignee of said bankrupt, and for a discharge from all liability as assignee of said estate, in accordance with the provisions of said Section 5,096 of said Revised Statutes.

Dated New York, May 9, 1903.

WM. FORSE SCOTT, Assignee, 27 William Street, Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ISAAC N. ELKIN, bankrupt.

To the creditors of Isaac N. Elkin of the County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1903, the said Isaac N. Elkin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, 120 Broadway, New York City, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 14th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOHN J. HACKETT, bankrupt. No. 5,[illegible]

Notice is hereby given that John J. Hackett, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 4th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 25th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL E. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 14th, 1903.

Loans.

CASH
IN ANY AMOUNT
advanced without unnecessary delay or formality on satisfactory security of any character.
Accounts, Notes, Chattels, Salaries, Legacies, Incomes, Judgments, Contracts, &c.
Business Confidential.
Lowest Possible Rates.
John Mulholland.
FIVE OFFICES IN GREATER NEW YORK.
38 PARK ROW,
5 & 7 EAST 42D ST., } NEW YORK.
125TH ST. & PARK AV.,
44 COURT ST., } BROOKLYN.
60 BROADWAY,
APPLY MOST CONVENIENT OFFICE.

MONEY Loaned to people in any kind of business. 150 NASSAU ST. OFFICE 729.

SALARIES Liberal Advances on Salary Without Endorsement. 150 Nassau St., N. Y. Office 704.

Summonses.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—PETER SANTOS SUARES and Josefa Jabat Suares, his wife, plaintiffs, against BENIGNO SANTOS SUARES and Ysabel Francia de Santos Suares, his wife; Lawrence Francis Santos Suares, Maria del Pilar Santos Suares de Cabeza de Vaca, Fernanda Cabeza de Vaca, Mariano Cabeza de Vaca, Joaquin Cabeza de Vaca, Pedro Jose Cabeza de Vaca, Leonardo Santos Suares and Matilde Giron y Mendez de Santos Suares, his wife; Josefa Santos Suares, Ana Maria Santos Suares, Ynes Santos Suares, Maria Santos Suares, Antonia Santos Suares, Joseph Santos Suares, Joaquin Santos Suares, Maria del Carmen Santos Suares de Carvajal and Luis Carvajal y Melgarejo, Count de Cabrillas and Marquis de Puerto Seguro, her husband; Maria Luisa Carvajal, Maria del Pilar Carvajal, Angel Maria Carvajal, Isabel Carvajal, Peter R. de Flores and Katherine L. de Flores, his wife; Mercedes de Flores, Maria Luisa de Flores, Augustina de Flores de Poggio, Augustina de Poggio, Mercedes de Poggio de Rubio and Vincente Rubio, her husband; Vincente Rubio, son of the said Mercedes de Poggio de Rubio; Maria de Poggio de Ravina and Juan Jose Ravina, her husband; Jose Augustin Ravina, Salvador de Poggio, Dolores de Poggio, Maria de Poggio, Maria de Flores de Verges and Jose Maria de Verges, her husband; Rosa de Verges, Jose de Verges, Augustina de Verges, Ramon de Flores and Marie de Flores, his wife; Ramon de Flores, a son of said Ramon de Flores; Manuel de Flores and Josefa de Flores, his wife; Rafael de Flores and Manuel de Flores, sons of said Manuel de Flores; Mariano de Flores, Marie de Flores and Rafael de Flores, children of Rafael de Flores, a deceased son of Augustina Carrio de Flores; Charles de Flores, Augustina de Flores, Luis de Flores, Joseph Francis Francia, John Francia, defendants.—Summons.

To each of the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 30th, 1903.

WEEKES BROTHERS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, 45 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

To Benigno Santos Suares, Ysabel Francia de Santos Suares, Lawrence Santos Suares, Francis Santos Suares, Maria del Pilar Santos Suares de Cabeza de Vaca, Fernanda Cabeza de Vaca, Mariano Cabeza de Vaca, Joaquin Cabeza de Vaca, Pedro Jose Cabeza de Vaca, Leonardo Santos Suares, Matilde Giron y Mendez de Santos Suares, Josefa Santos Suares, Ana Maria Santos Suares, Ynes Santos Suares, Maria Santos Suares, Antonia Santos Suares, Joseph Santos Suares, Joaquin Santos Suares, Maria del Carmen Santos Suares de Carvajal, Luis Carvajal y Melgarejo, Count de Cabrillas, Marquis de Puerto Seguro, Maria Luisa Carvajal, Maria del Pilar Carvajal, Angel Maria Carvajal, Isabel Carvajal, Augustina de Flores de Poggio, Augustina de Poggio, Mercedes de Poggio de Rubio, Vincente Rubio, Vincente Rubio, son of said Mercedes de Poggio de Rubio; Maria de Poggio de Ravina, Juan Jose Ravina, Jose Augustin Ravina, Salvador de Poggio, Dolores de Poggio, Maria de Poggio, Maria de Flores de Verges, Jose Maria de Verges, Rosa de Verges, Jose de Verges, Augustina de Verges, Ramon de Flores, Marie de Flores, wife of Ramon de Flores; Ramon de Flores, son of said Ramon de Flores; Josefa de Flores, Rafael de Flores, son of said Manuel de Flores; Manuel de Flores, son of said Manuel de Flores; Mariano de Flores, Joseph Francis Francia, John Francia:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the second day of April, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.

Dated April 4th, 1903.

WEEKES BROTHERS, Plaintiffs' Attorneys, Office and P. O. Address, 45 William Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ap10-1aw6wF

SUPREME COURT OF NEW YORK, New York County.—EVA FLORENCE DIBB, plaintiff, against CHARLES EDMUND DIBB, defendant.—Summons.—This is an action for a divorce.

To the above-named defendant:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within 20 days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default, for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated March 9th, 1903.

GARDENHIRE & JETMORE, Plaintiff's Attorneys, Office and Post Office Address, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, N. Y.

To Charles Edmund Dibb, the defendant above named:

The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Honorable Samuel Greenbaum, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 17th day of March, 1903, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the City of New York, Borough of Manhattan, on the 9th day of April, 1903.

Dated New York, April 10th, 1903.

GARDENHIRE & JETMORE, Attorneys for Plaintiff, Office and P. O. Address, 49 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ap10-1aw6wF

Surrogate Notices.

BRYSON, ELIZA T.—The People of the State of New York, by the grace of God free and independent, to Belle Bryson Taylor, Charlotte H. Bryson, Andrew Bryson, Jr., Madeleine B. Comstock, Mary Hemenway, Eliza T. Cabot (formerly Eliza T. Hemenway;) Clara Hemenway, Caroline T. Hemenway, Eliza L. Holt (formerly Eliza L. Wells;) Grace Wells Booth, Clara Bryce Comstock, William Ogilvie Comstock, Jr., Ellen L. Hemenway, Edith Bryce, Mary T. Bryce, William Bryce, Jr., T. Gleston Wells, John Wells, Margaret B. Fisher, Isabella MacNair, Georgianne Betts Wells, Teachers College, Trustees of the Diocese of Albany, Bryson Day Nursery, New York Infirmary for Women and Children, Grace T. Wells, Clara Bryce and Caroline Metcalf, and all persons interested in the estate of ELIZA T. BRYSON, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, legatees, next of kin, or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogate's Court of said county, held at the County Court House, in the County of New York, on the 3d day of June, 1903, at half past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Andrew Bryson, Jr., and William Bryce, Jr., as executors of the last will and testament of said deceased, and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof we have caused the seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

[Seal.] Witness, Hon. Frank T. Fitzgerald, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 30th day of March, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and three.

J. FAIRFAX McLAUGHLIN, Clerk of Surrogates' Court.

ap10-1aw6wF

Bankruptcy Notices.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—ISRAEL LEBOWITZ, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Israel Lebowitz, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 12th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Judges of the United States District Court, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 25th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 14th, 1903.

NO. 5,792.—UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT for the Southern District of New York.—BENJAMIN B. SHAW, bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Benjamin B. Shaw, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 12th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, June 1st, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1903.

Pianos and Organs.

WATERS PIANOS

To our complete stock of WATERS PIANOS we have added the beautiful new CHESTER PIANO, the "best low-priced piano in the world," and FULLY WARRANTED FOR SIX YEARS. Price

$170

Cash, or $190 on installments; only **$5 PER MONTH.** Stool, cover, tuning and delivery free.

HORACE WATERS & CO., 134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St. Harlem Branch (Open Evenings), 254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

PEASE PIANOS. 128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY. The ideal piano for the vocalist. Big values offered in our SPRING SALE of used pianos. Prices 1-3 to ½ off. Write for sale list and special payment plan. Renting, Exchanging.

STURZ PIANOS. Sold on easy terms direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS AT 142 LINCOLN AVE. 134th Street, Block East of 3rd Ave.

SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS. A dainty gem, with full, rich tone; complete assortment of Grands and Uprights; easy payments; rents applied on purchase. Catalogue free. MATHUSHEK & SON, B'WAY, COR. 47TH ST.

THE OPERA PIANO. EASY TERMS. RENTS. 'Phone, 1046—38th. 1569 BROADWAY, Cor. 47th St.

Magnificent Wheelock upright piano, slightly used, $99; fine Weber, $74; Steinway, $114; small upright, $60; Chickering, Apollo player, splendid bargain. Biddles, 6 West 125th St.

UPRIGHTS $75, $100; rents $3; rent allowed on purchase. 21 East 14th St.

THE PLACE FOR PIANO BARGAINS IS JACOB BROTHERS, 467 FULTON ST., BROOKLYN.

New Pianos to Rent.—Rent applied if you purchase. Wiesner, 26 East 14th St.

Watches and Jewelry.

Weekly Payments.—Fine diamonds, watches, guaranteed; lowest prices; business confidential. Watch Supply Co., 2 Maiden Lane.

Legal Notices.

AT A SPECIAL TERM OF THE SUPREME Court held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, May 4th, 1903. Present, Hon. James A. O'Gorman, Justice.—In the matter of the application of the W. J. SCHAEFER COMPANY for leave to change its corporate name.

Upon reading and filing the petition of the W. J. Schaefer Company, a domestic stock corporation, duly verified by Hubert Dunning, its President, wherein said petitioner prays for an order authorizing it to assume another corporate name, to wit: "The Christopher-Dunning Company," and upon filing the certificate of the Secretary of State annexed thereto certifying that the name which said corporation proposes to assume is not the name of any other domestic corporation or a name which he deems so nearly resembling it as to be calculated to deceive; and upon filing due proof by affidavits showing that notice of the presentation of such certificate has been duly published for six weeks in The New York Commercial and The New York Press, two daily newspapers published in the City and County of New York and the court being satisfied by said petition and by the affidavits and certificate presented therewith that the petition is true, and that there is no reasonable objection to the change of name proposed, and that the petition has been duly authorized, and that notice of the presentation of the petition as required by law has been made.

Now, on motion of Jones, McKinny & Steinbrink, attorneys for the said petitioner, no one opposing, it is

Ordered, That the said petition be and the same hereby is granted, and that the petitioner herein, "The W. J. Schaefer Company," be and it hereby is authorized to assume another incorporate name, to wit: "The Christopher-Dunning Company," on the 8th day of June, 1903, and it is further

Ordered and Directed, That this order be entered and the papers on which it is granted be filed within ten days from the date hereof in the office of the Clerk of New York County, the County in which the certificate of incorporation of said corporation is filed, and that a certified copy of this order, within ten days after the entry thereof, be filed in the office of the Secretary of State; and, further, that a copy of this order be published once a week for four successive weeks in The New York Times, a newspaper published in the County of New York, beginning within ten days after the entry thereof.

Enter: J. A. O'G., J. S. C.

my8-1aw4wF

THURINGIA AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE Company.—Pursuant to an order of the Hon. David Leventritt, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, made at a Special Term thereof, held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 8th day of May, 1903, and filed in the office of the Clerk of the said County of New York, on the 11th day of May, 1903, notice is hereby given that all persons indebted to the THURINGIA AMERICAN FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY are required to render an account of all debts and sums of money owing by them respectively and to pay the same to the undersigned Receiver by the time and at the place hereinafter specified; and all persons having in their possession any property or effects of the said company are required to deliver the same to the said Receiver by the said time and at the said place; and all creditors of the said company are required to deliver their respective accounts and demands, and all persons holding any open or subsisting contract of the said Company are required to present the same in writing and in detail, to the subscriber, Frederick G. Voss, who was duly appointed Receiver of all the property of said corporation, by said order, and has duly qualified as such Receiver, at his office, No. 100 William Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 3d day of July, 1903.—Dated, New York, May 12th, 1903.

FREDERICK G. VOSS, Receiver.

UNDERWOOD, VAN VORST & HOYT, Attorneys for said Receiver, 25 Broad Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.—To all persons interested in the estate of BERTHOLD BLANK, assigned to VICTOR A. ROTHOLZ, for the benefit of creditors, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear at a Special Term of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, Part I., held in and for the County of New York, at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 18th day of May, 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, then and there to show cause why a final settlement of the account of Victor A. Rotholz, as assignee of the above-named Berthold Blank, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown, then to attend the final settlement of the assignee's account.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the said Supreme Court for the County of New York to be hereunto affixed. [Seal.] Witness, Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of said court, this second day of April, 1903.

THOMAS S. HAMILTON, Clerk.

HAYS & HERSHFIELD, Attorneys for Victor A. Rotholz, Assignee, Office and Post Office address, No. 141 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

ap3-1aw7wF

GAY, SAMUEL.—To the Creditors of the Estate of SAMUEL GAY, deceased:

Take notice, that I intend to apply to the Surrogate of the County of Ulster, N. Y., for the issue of Letters of Administration of the goods, chattels, and credits, which were of Samuel Gay, deceased, who resided and died at Saugerties, in the County of Ulster, State of New York, and that the amount of my bond be fixed, under the provisions of Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure at double the amount of the claims of creditors against the estate of said deceased.

All creditors of said estate are required to present their claims to Hon. Charles Davis, Surrogate of Ulster County, at Surrogate's Office, in the City of Kingston, Ulster County, N. Y., on or before the first day of June, 1903.—Dated April 28, 1903.

WILLIAM F. CASSEDY, 39 Third Street, Newburgh, N. Y.

my1-2aw4wF&Fmy25

Bankruptcy Notices.

NO. 5,915.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CURT PABST, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of Curt Pabst of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of May, A. D. 1903, the said Curt Pabst was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 68 Wall Street, in the City and County of New York, on the 26th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

May 15th, 1903. MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

For Sale.

Holds 100 to 150 ft. of line. Refolds up quickly and can be taken in to keep line clean. Fits any slope of roof. Can't Blow Down. Ask the landlord to provide one. Write for Catalog R to

HILL DRYER CO., 219 West 125th St., N. Y., or to Factory, Worcester, Mass.

WILLIAMS, VISIBLE TYPEWRITERS, SOLD AND RENTED, 310 B'WAY.

GENERAL **TYPEWRITER** EXCHANGE. LATEST MODELS Rented and Sold, Cash or installments 239 B'WAY Tel. 1573 Cort.

WALLPAPER 1,000,000 rolls; blanks, 1½c.; gilts, 2c.; embossed, 3½c.; ingrains, 4½c.; tiles, tapestries, &c.; silks, 12½c. upward. BECKER, 166, 172, 180 2d St.

TYPEWRITERS SOLD, $1 WEEKLY. All makes; second-hand at A One Exchange, 243 B'way, N.Y., 1 flight up; 453 Fulton St., B'kl'n.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED. All Makes. F. S. Webster Co., 317 B'way. Tel. 5240 Frank.

Desks, roll-tops; partitions, railings, tables, safes, letter-presses, counters, shelving, 1,000 telephone stands; cheap; stores, offices fitted. Fine Bros., 28-32 Centre St.

Typewriter Headquarters, 333 Broadway.—Call up 5105 Franklin when in need of a typewriter. Fine machines for sale and rent.

Typewriters rented, $2 up; ribbons free; supplies, repairing. Tel. 5960 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

Typewriters.—When renting or buying, get a good one. Best Typewriter Exchange, 68 Park Place. Telephone.

Typewriters! Why rent? 17c. daily buys any make. Telephone 3220 Broad. Cohen Typewriter Agency, 18 Broadway.

Trunks and bags, slightly soiled, different kinds; greatly reduced prices. Schwartz's, 59 4th Av., opp. Wanamaker's.

Hotels and Restaurants.

PALMA HOUSE. Men only; rooms, 25c. 38 Bowery.

PURITAN HOTEL. Men only. 183 Bowery, corner Delancey.

Boarders Wanted.

1.—Attractive suites, single rooms, with or without board; references. Leland Board Directory, 2 West 33d St.

11th St., 17 East, Hotel Van Rensselaer.—Elegantly furnished new apartments; private baths, elevator, private telephone, electric light, hotel service; $17.50 weekly and upward, including board.

17th St., 116 East.—Two neatly furnished rooms, with board; good table.

19th St., 12 West.—Large and small rooms, well furnished; all conveniences; choice table; reasonable.

21st St., 17-19-23 West, between 5th and 6th Avs.—Handsomely and newly furnished rooms, suitable for gentlemen or married couples; table and service first class; transients accommodated; references; telephone.

45th St., 10 East.—Attractive rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table board.

57th St., 346 West.—Large and small rooms; newly renovated; superior table; excellent service; table guests accommodated.

81st St., 116 West.—Handsomely furnished large front room; strictly high-class table; unexceptional references required.

93d St., 122 West.—"L" station block; desirable, pleasant rooms, with every convenience; good board; references.

126th St., 128 West.—Two large rooms, southern exposure; every convenience; excellent house cooking; good location.

135th St., 242 West.—Nicely furnished large, also hall room, to let, with or without board.

In the Bronx.—Large rooms, spacious grounds, lawns, and fruit trees; 30 minutes from City Hall, 3d or 6th Av. El; ideal place for Summer; board $5 to $10; references. S. E. cor. 165th St. and Mott Av. Telephone, 1053 Melrose.

Madison Av., 60.—Rooms, single and en suite; private baths; meals optional; transients accommodated.

Furnished Rooms.

18th St., 126 East, near Irving Place.—Small, large furnished rooms; hot, cold running water; large closets.

34th St., 10 East.—Desirable third floor, suitable for gentlemen; references.

80th St., 138 East.—Two nicely furnished rooms, en suite, $6; references.

For addresses of refined boarding houses, rooms and suites call on Earle A. Kaake, 1,186 Broadway.

Madison Av., 74.—Rooms, singly or en suite; private baths; light breakfast if desired.

Country Board.

East Orange.—With refined private family; house all modern improvements; fine grounds and trees; telephone; close to Erie station; REFERENCES REQUIRED. Call, by appointment only, 28 Brighton Av.

Lake View Farm, on Hook Mountain.—New house; improvements; German-American table; boating, fishing; one hour, West Shore R. R. Open for the season. P. O. Box 44, Valley Cottage, Rockland Co., N. Y.

Gentlemen for the Summer; attractive situation, five minutes from Sailors' Snug Harbor Station, Staten Island. Address "M. P.," New Brighton, S. I., or call at 27 Clinton Av.

THE KNOLL, WOODBURNE, SULL. C., N. Y. Capacity, 60. Every modern improvement. No undesirable persons accommodated. For booklet address J. A. MUNSON, Prop.

Woodbourne House, Woodbourne, Sullivan Co., N. Y., H. L. Butterfuss, Prop. First-class hotel, accommodating 80 guests; shady lawns, good hunting and fishing.

Montclair, N. J.—Board and fine furnished room, bath, &c., $16; block train and trolley; no other boarders; exceptional opportunity. Apply Box G 192 Times Office.

10 Neptune Place, New Rochelle.—The Devereaux, on the Sound; beautiful surroundings; convenient to boating and fishing; superior accommodations.

At New Rochelle, 42 Pelham Road, near Centre Av., fine rooms; large grounds; directly on the water; boating, bathing; 35 minutes from Grand Central.

Private American family can accommodate 4 gentlemen; handsome residence, overlooking bay. Cornell, Clifton, Staten Island.

Mt. Kisco, N. Y.—Large house; modern improvements; large lawns and veranda; farm products; homelike. Mrs. Martha Fish.

Cottages to rent and boarding houses recommended in all parts of Sullivan County. T. W. Weston, Liberty, N. Y.

Dogs and Birds.

SCHILLING'S ZOOLOGICAL STORE. TELEPHONE 4212 SPRING.

Just received a new consignment of Japanese spaniels, males and females, the finest lot ever come to New York, 3 to 6 lbs. heavy; price, $75 to $200 each; corded poodles and white toy curly poodles, $15 each; also on hand talking parrots, canarys, all kinds of monkeys, snakes, rabbits, cavies, pigeons, and squirrels; the largest Zoo Store in New York. Write for price list. R. H. Schilling, 26 Cooper Square, opposite 5th St.

Bankruptcy Notices.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ALICE A. WALLMAN, bankrupt. No. 5,564.

Notice is hereby given that Alice A. Wallman, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated February 14th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 25th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

NATHANIEL E. SMITH, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 14th, 1903.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of OSCAR L. SOLOMON, bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Friday, May 15th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 and 115 Leonard Street, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of lawns, madras, crash, sateens, linings, shirtwaists, trimmings, motor machines, fixtures, &c.

Order of JOHN EWEN, Receiver.

MYERS, GOLDSMITH & BRONNER, Attorneys for Receiver, 309 Broadway.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KUSHINSKY & CO., bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, United States Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 28th, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 and 115 Leonard Street, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of outstandings.

Order of MARSHALL S. HAGAN, Trustee.

BLACK, OLCOTT, GRUBER & BONYNGE, Attorneys for Trustee, 170 Broadway.

Business Opportunities.

INVENTIONS PATENTED AND SOLD. Send for free booklet. Patent Development Co. of America, 130 BROADWAY, N. Y.

A man with energy and $2,000 can buy half interest in patented article just on the market that will pay big; the party who sells had prior engagement and cannot devote his time; to proper man easy terms; reference given and required. D Box 179 Times.

An energetic business man with $2,500, can associate himself in a strictly legitimate wholesale business that will yield large profits unattended by any risks, as sales are all cash; references given to verify all statements. Address Legitimate, Box 162 Times.

Collections.—An energetic young attorney solicits claims for collection; no charge unless successful. Address Lawyer, Box 209 Times Office.

New trust company desires Treasurer, investing or influencing moderate amount; advantageous; permanent connection. W., Box 156 Times.

Printing, cheap, good; 1,000 cards, $1, with artistic design. Fulton Press, 23 Duane St.; get busy.

Purchase and Exchange.

The Antique Furniture Exchange, 150 West 36th, near 7th Av.; the one particular shop wherein to find genuine old "Colonial," "Chippendale," and other original productions; ideal bits for country homes; bargains every one; oak and walnut pieces taken in exchange; remarkably cheap. We buy, sell, exchange. Remember, 150.

Pawn tickets, old gold, jewelry, old silver, silverware bought; highest prices paid. Kleinman, 207 8th Av.

Auction Sales.

Chattel Mortgage Sale.—By virtue of a chattel mortgage to me heretofore delivered, and which was executed on the 23d day of January, 1901, by Winifred Featherston to The Fred Oppermann, Jr., Brewing Company, to secure the payment of the sum of one thousand dollars, and upon goods, chattels, and property located in Numbers 151 and 153 Lexington Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, and upon which there has been a default, I will sell to-day, at public auction, the property enumerated in said chattel mortgage, at Number 331 East 45th Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, at 9:30 o'clock in the forenoon, by order of attorney for mortgagee. Louis Levy, Auctioneer.

Samuel K. Ellenbogen, auctioneer, will sell to-day, 9 A. M., at 80 Bowery, Manhattan, at public auction, one punching machine, 1 iron cutter, 1 electric motor, 3 spring-making machines, 1 horse and wagon, and 1 set of harness. By order of Pincus Kurtz, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Sale.—Louis Levy, auctioneer, will sell to-day, at 9 o'clock, at Numbers 139 and 141 Brook Av., Borough of Bronx, the fixtures and chattels of a saloon. By order of mortgagee.

Storage.

Twentieth Century Storage Company's New Building, 490-492 East 138th St.—Clean storage, reasonable rates; vans for moving, packing, shipping; estimates; carpets and rugs cleaned, 5c. yard up. Telephone 587—Melrose.

J. & J. W. WILLIAMS, CARPET CLEANING, 353 W. 54th St. Tel. 366 Columbus. Est. 1875.

Patents.

Advice free; patents promptly procured; inventors' guide free. Edgar Tate & Co., Patent Attorneys, 245 Broadway.

Instruction.

The Merrill-vanLaer School. BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Formerly The Peebles and Thompson School. 30, 32, and 34 East 57th Street, New York City.

Musical.

Teacher of piano and composition will accept some more pupils; Summer terms. Teacher, Times, Harlem.

Dancing.

Announcement.—Perfect waltz guaranteed in six private lessons, $5. Hawes School, 6th Ave., corner 42d.

Help Wanted—Females.

Wanted—Very competent maid; English preferred; must thoroughly understand her business and be good hair dresser. Call Friday and Saturday, 26 West 33d St. Miss Wild.

Wanted—A strong, intelligent, and cheerful woman, capable of taking charge of invalid; must have experience, and give reliable references. Call Mrs. Salinger, 108 West 130th St.

Wanted—A competent cook, also waitress and chambermaid, to go to the country for the Summer. Apply on Friday, 157 W. 80th Street.

Help Wanted—Males.

Wanted—Competent railroad machinists and boilermakers for out of town; good wages. Apply, between 8 A. M. and 5 P. M., to George H. Thomas, 31 Coenties Slip, one flight up.

Wanted—Competent railroad boilermakers for out of town; wages, 30¼ per hour. Apply to Wm. Harris, No. 120 Cedar St., New York.

Wanted—Janitor; pay part rent; 7 large rooms and bath; no steam; references required. Janitor, Times Harlem.

Wanted—Marine engineers wanted for tug boats and other vessels. Apply 1 State St., Reading Room, New York City.

Professional Situations Wanted—Females.

Stenographer and Typewriter.—Expert; wishes engagements by day or hour; as visiting secretary. C., 1,022 Lexington Av.

Situations Wanted—Females.

Chambermaids.

Lady wishes to find situation in country for her chambermaid; will be disengaged June 5. Apply 49 East 20th St.

Cooks.

Cook.—Good cook; understands soups of all kinds, ices, entrees, and jellies; good baker. H. F., present employer's, 6 East 76th St.

Cook.—A lady desires to secure a situation for an excellent cook in an American family. Call, 225 West 79th St.; no cards.

Dressmakers.

Parisian dressmaker, accustomed to finest work, wishes some home; takes orders and fits at customers' residences; references. Ernestine, 367 West 58th St.

Dressmaker.—Dressmaker desires engagements out by day; stylish work. Mrs. Holmes, 320 West 20th St.

Lady's Maids.

Maid—Seamstress.—Young woman, good dressmaker, would act as such for Summer months in the country. Dressmaking, 1,364 Broadway.

Seamstresses.

Seamstress.—A thoroughly good seamstress takes work home or by day; family sewing; alterations on dresses; repairing and children's clothes. Mrs. Hood, 156 West 101st St.

Waitresses.

Waitress.—Lady wishes to find situation in country for her waitress, whom she can highly recommend; will be disengaged June 5. Apply 49 East 20th St.

Caretakers.

Caretakers.—By man and wife to take care of house till rented, or for Summer; best references. A. C. K., Box 57, 1,364 Broadway.

Situations Wanted—Males.

Bookkeepers.

Bookkeeper, &c.—Bookkeeper, cashier, business man of executive ability, experienced in financial matters, office management, &c. desires responsible position. T. W. Reynolds, 380 St. Nicholas Av.

Butlers.

Butler and Valet.—English; single; disengaged; first-class references. L. H., 330 East 43d St.

Coachmen.

Coachman.—Married; thoroughly reliable; recently disengaged; permanent position; last and former employers can be interviewed. Call or address F. D., 221 East 22d St.

Miscellaneous.

Watchman, day or night; handy with tools; inside or out. R. K., 709 East 164th St.

Bankruptcy Notices.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of J. CHARLES SOLOMON, Bankrupt.—In Bankruptcy.

To the creditors of J. Charles Solomon, of the County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of May, A. D. 1903, the said J. Charles Solomon was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, 120 Broadway, New York City, on the 27th day of May, A. D. 1903, at 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

May 14th, 1903.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE Southern District of New York.—DANIEL VOSSLER, Jr., Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Daniel Vossler, Jr., bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated May 5th, 1903, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before the Hon. George C. Holt, United States District Judge, in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, May 25, 1903, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, May 13th, 1903.

AMERICAN BOUNTY FOR KISHINEFF SUFFERERS

Contributions to the Relief Fund Come from All Sides.

Wealthy Jews Make an Organized Appeal—Several Mass Meetings Are to be Held.

Funds for the aid of the sufferers in Kishineff, Russia, continue to come to the committees having the matter in hand, and increase not only in number, but in amount. Arnold Kohn, Chairman of the Central Relief Committee, said yesterday that $2,000 had been contributed from the east side alone during the day, and that the checks coming from places outside New York City indicated that the sum total would be far beyond expectation.

"Since the newspapers printed in English have taken up the cause, first presented in the Yiddish press," said Mr. Kohn, "there has been a marked increase in the contributions, many of these coming from Christians and from members of Christian institutions, including the theological seminaries. The story about the Chinese giving over their theatre for the benefit of the fund, because 'they, too, had been persecuted,' seems to have awakened the conscience and the sympathy of the whole American people."

The wealthier Jews of the city have organized a relief fund, of which Daniel Guggenheim is Treasurer. They have sent out an appeal, in which they call attention to a cablegram from the Alliance Israélite Universelle, which asks for co-operation in obtaining financial relief, stating that several million francs are needed. The committee is as follows:

Emanuel Lehman, (Chairman,)	Louis Marshall,
Nathan Bijur,	Henry Rice,
J. B. Bloomingdale,	Jacob H. Schiff,
Simon Borg,	Isaac N. Seligman,
Daniel Guggenheim,	Louis Stern,
Charles L. Hallgarten,	Isidor Straus,
Myer S. Isaacs,	Cyrus L. Sulzberger,
Morris Loeb,	Isaac Wallach.

The State Bank of this city announced yesterday that it had received from Brown Brothers & Co. a check to cover a remittance of 1,500 rubles contributed by the Jewish residents of Baltimore for the relief of the Kishineff sufferers. This amount was immediately transmitted by cable to the heads of the Jewish congregations, Perlmutter and Kluegman, for distribution.

The story of the horrors at Kishineff has been dramatized, and is to be produced at the Windsor Theatre Saturday evening, when it is hoped that Gov. Odell will find it possible to attend. The proceeds are to be devoted to the fund. Several mass meetings are planned for the near future, at which President Roosevelt will be urged to protest against the Kishineff outrages in the name of humanity. Edward Lauterbach will be one of the speakers at these gatherings of the Jews, not only of the east side, but from all over New York.

MORE DETAILS OF THE KISHINEFF ATROCITIES.

Bodies of the Dead Mutilated—Mobs Waited at the Railroad Station and Beat Fleeing Jews to Death.

Under the heading "Horrible Deeds in Kishineff," The American Hebrew of this city prints to-day an article of which the following is part:

"Jewish blood is running in the streets of Kishineff, human life is a sacrifice to religious fanaticism, homes destroyed, the scrolls of the law defiled, the house of God profaned. If it be the Russian Moujik whose hands have been bathed in Jewish blood and in whose homes have been transferred the possessions of the Jews, it is the educated class that has stirred up their latent evil passions to the highest pitch. The Russian journals now reaching this country bear out the wildest statements that have come over the cable. One of these that brings us news of the most horrible deeds is Der Fraind, a jargon daily of St. Petersburg, which is considered especially reliable.

"From the information thus gathered it appears that there was prearrangement as to the riots, for they started in many places at the same time, all under control of trained leaders from other towns.

"Not only did the rioters kill and maim people, but they vented their brutish instincts upon the bodies of the dead. Nails were driven through their nostrils, bodies were opened and stuffed with feathers, tongues pulled out, breasts cut off from the bodies of women. Nor were these the only ghoulish acts perpetrated.

"In the streets one comes constantly across injured Jews. Boys sell bits of the Scrolls of the Law for 2 kopecks apiece. Presumably they are bought by the Jews in spite of their poverty, probably to save some of the pieces of their precious scrolls from further desecration.

"Jews tried to save themselves in every way. Many sought safety in flight, only to find, as they reached the railroad station, that mobs were awaiting them, who tore them from their carriages and beat them to death. Others were cared for by Christians in their houses, or went to hotels. The poorer people could not leave and hid in cellars. They were taken forth from their hiding places and treated barbarously.

"The Bessarobets writes that on April 26, Arseni Soloviov, who was charged with taking part in the riots, and then robbing the Jews, hung himself in the cell in the police station. The property loss is placed at 2,500,000 rubles.

"In the early days of the riot the wealthy people clung to the poor, feeling a debt to their unfortunate brothers, and it was believed that they would open wide their purses, but as the days rolled by each began to feel individually the terrible affair and learned the exact extent of their losses. Then it was discovered that rich and poor alike suffered severe financial losses. Local subscriptions, therefore, ceased practically to come in after 4,000 rubles were received. Aside from this money all that has come in is from Elizabethgrad to the extent of 500 rubles through Rabbi Tempkin.

"Many Christians, it is said, realize the gravity of the sin committed by them or their brothers-in-faith and they seek to palliate their sin by liberally subscribing for the relief funds."

The first of the fugitives to reach New York from Kishineff is Jacob Fishman, whose life was saved by a Christian friend, and who arrived on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse Wednesday. Fishman, who cannot speak English, tells the following story of the rioting, as translated by Jacob Freedman of The Jewish Daily News:

"I served three years in the Russian Army, as we all have to do, but this did not save me and mine, when the soldiers might have protected us. Until three years ago I lived in Septkin, Poland. My grandparents lived in Kishineff. When my grandmother died, being all alone, my grandfather sent for me, and I went there with my wife and four children. We were glass merchants, and I took with me 500 rubles. Our shop was on Alexandriski Street. We were doing well.

"On Easter Sunday last noisy crowds went rushing around breaking windows. We were frightened, and I begged my grandfather to hide. He would not, saying that it was a usual way with the Christians at Easter. To show me that there was no danger, he went into the street. The mob beat him, breaking his arm. We carried him into the house from the gutter, where they had left him. He was seventy-three years old, and died before morning. We hid in the rafters.

"Ivan Flodor is a Christian. He owed me money, and came with it to the house to pay me, and then drove me and my family in a wagon through the back streets. We asked the police and the soldiers to help us away, but they laughed. The last thing I saw was an old man, a Jew, dead in the gutter. We reached Babjonka, a neighboring village, and rested five hours. Then Ivan, the good Christian, took us on a railroad to Grodna. We went on to Septkin, where my wife's mother took care of us. She gave me 100 rubles, and I started for America in the hope that I could establish a home for my dear ones.

"I am thirty-five years old, and can work hard to support my family. On the ship I met a rich Jew who helped me with money and advice, so that I hope to have my family with me even sooner than I had hoped. It is a free country, where everybody gets a chance. I have been told since coming that even the Chinese are helping my poor people."

At a joint meeting of the Tammany Hall General Committee of the Fourth Assembly District and the John F. Ahearn Association, held at 290 East Broadway last night, these resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The news which has been borne from Kishineff, in Russia, brings tidings of the awful massacre of the Jews of that place solely because of their religion,

Resolved, That we of the Fourth Assembly District, Democrats in politics, but Americans and lovers of religion and civil liberty above all else, denounce the cowardly inaction, which amounted to participation, of the Government of the Province of Bessarabia in particular, in permitting the open and unchecked assassination of the Jews, among whom were helpless women, whose honor was outraged before death mercifully released them, and babes whose innocent lives were made a part of the awful sacrifice on the altar of religious bigotry, begot of densest ignorance and blackest superstition.

Resolved, That it has ceased to be a matter of mere sympathy—that it is the duty devolving upon civilization to declare that this shocking religious persecution shall cease, and that humanity everywhere must join hands in common cause against the barbarism represented by this latest Russian outburst of fanaticism.

Resolved, That we call upon the Secretary of State to voice to the Government of Russia in the name of the people of these United States their indignant protest against this latest attack on civilization itself.

Those present subscribed $100 for the relief of the sufferers.

SPIRITUALISM IN WILL CASE.

Mrs. Townsend's Physician Says She Concluded That She Had Gained Nothing from Her Belief.

Surrogate Thomas yesterday continued to take testimony in the contest over the will of Mrs. Adelaide Darrow Townsend, and the courtroom was well filled with women who came to listen to witnesses who it was understood would tell of Mrs. Townsend's reputed belief in Spiritualism, which is said to have had an important bearing on the will she made.

Dr. Davis, one of the subscribing witnesses of the will, was cross-examined by Louis F. Dodd, representing the contesting relatives who seek to keep the estate of more than $1,000,000 from going to Joseph H. Mahan, the protégé and junior law partner of Mrs. Townsend's husband during the latter years of his life.

Q.—Did you know that previous to the death of her husband Mrs. Townsend fell down a trap door in a grocery store and struck her head? A.—Yes. She told me that she thought she was unconscious for an hour before she was found. She was also run over by a bicycle, and later fell in her room.

Q.—Are you a believer in Spiritualism? A.—Absolutely not.

Q.—Was Jane Potter a believer in Spiritualism? A.—I believe she was.

Jane Potter was a friend of Mrs. Townsend's and a legatee under her will.

Q.—Was Mrs. Duncan a companion of Mrs. Townsend? A.—Yes.

Q.—Was not Mrs. Duncan a spiritualistic medium? A.—Yes, I believe she was.

Q.—Did Mrs. Townsend ever tell you she held communications with her deceased husband? A.—Yes.

Q.—Did she ever tell you that she had communications with her deceased son? A.—Yes, but that was years ago.

Q.—Did Mrs. Townsend ever talk with you on the subject of Spiritualism? A.—Oh, yes; a week before her death she told me that she had been a believer in Spiritualism for forty years, but she had never got any good out of it and that she knew no more about the hereafter than any one else.

After the noon recess Mr. Dodd said that they believed that Mrs. Townsend had been kept a prisoner in her house from the time of her husband's death. Surrogate Thomas cut him short with the remark that Mr. Dodd had been making accusations during the two days of the hearing, and so far had not proved one thing. The hearing will be continued to-day.

PARKS'S SUIT AGAINST GATES.

Arguments on Appeal from Dismissal of Complaint in Matter of American Steel Organization.

The appeal from the decision of Justice Truax dismissing the complaint of John H. Parks against John W. Gates was argued yesterday afternoon before the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, which reserved decision.

Austen G. Fox appeared for the plaintiff. He argued that Mr. Gates had no right to go ahead working for himself to organize the American Steel and Wire Company of Illinois, while he was leading Parks to believe that they were banding together in an attempt to organize the wire companies of the country. This action was taken by Mr. Gates after J. Pierpont Morgan had refused to act as the financial agent.

William D. Guthrie, appearing for Mr. Gates, said that it had not been shown that any profit had come from promoting the Illinois Company, and that the only profits made by Mr. Gates were from the sale of his own personal property.

Both Justice Hatch and Justice Ingraham asked Mr. Fox if he maintained that, where there were no assets and no profits of a copartnership, his client was entitled to such an accounting as was asked for. Mr. Fox answered that the testimony that there were no profits came from Mr. Gates himself, and that his reliability was shown by the fact that he declared he had never had any contract with J. & W. Seligman, and had to admit the next day that he had had such a contract, involving over $2,000,000. He maintained that under all the circumstances his client was entitled to an interlocutory judgment for an accounting.

LEGAL NOTES.

POWER OF MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS.—The Supreme Court of Georgia holds that a municipal corporation cannot, under the general welfare clause usually found in municipal charters, prohibit one from carrying on a lawful vocation on Christmas Day, when there is nothing in the character of the business that is calculated to interfere with the peace, good order, and safety of the community. "An ordinance prohibiting one from following his avocation upon a given day," said the court, "can be sustained only as an exercise of the police power of the State. A municipal corporation would doubtless have the right even to entirely prohibit on a given day the carrying on of a business which, though lawful, was of such a character that its prohibition for the time was absolutely essential to the welfare, in a legal sense, of the community." (42, Southeastern Reporter, 747.)

***

SERVANT'S AUTHORITY AND MASTER'S LIABILITY.—Mrs. Mary McGrath claimed, in an action for damages which she brought against Joseph Michaels, that she had been assaulted by one Shepard, an employe of the defendant. She testified that Shepard came to her house to collect an installment due on some furniture which she had bought from Mr. Michaels. She told him that she could not pay just then, but he answered that he wanted "$5 or the goods." Mrs. McGrath said that she then shoved a table in front of her, but as she did so Shepard grabbed her and threw her to the floor. Mr. Michaels gave evidence to the effect that his employe's duties were to make collections, but that he had nothing to do with the removal of furniture. Shepard himself admitted that he had no authority to forcibly remove goods. The trial Justice charged the jury that the defendant was responsible "for the tortious acts of the agent when committed by him while acting within the apparent scope of his authority." Mr. Michaels's counsel excepted to this charge, and asked the Justice to tell the jury that Mrs. McGrath must satisfy them "that the person whom she says committed the assault was authorized—that the act was done within the scope or course of his employment—within the scope of his authority"; also that "the defendant did not authorize the acts of Shepard, and that the acts were not in the course of his employment or within the scope of his authority, what he was doing was in excess of his duty, and the plaintiff cannot recover." The Second Appellate Division, in an opinion by Presiding Justice Goodrich, has reversed a judgment in Mrs. McGrath's favor, because of the trial Justice's use of the word "apparent" in his charge. The rule is that a master may be held responsible for the acts of the servant done while at work within the general scope of his employment, even though the servant's act be negligent, wanton, or willful. But this rule, however, said the Presiding Justice, does not say that the scope of authority may be "apparent." "In a case of this nature it is actual authority, not apparent authority, which governs. The jury may have inferred that the acts of Shepard were evidence that apparently he had authority to remove the goods without the consent of the plaintiff, and that the assault was committed in the exercise of such authority. But the evidence of the limitation of his employment to the collection of the installment or to a removal of the goods only with the consent of the plaintiff is clear, explicit, and uncontradicted."

MAGISTRATES ANSWER MR. GREENE'S CRITICISMS

Some of Them Are Indignant at His Remarks.

References to Messrs. Meade and Mott Called "Unjust and Inhumane" by Mr. Crane.

Members of the Board of City Magistrates talked guardedly yesterday about Police Commissioner Greene's discussion of them in an address Wednesday night at the annual dinner of the Civil Service Reform Association.

"Gen. Greene," said Joseph M. Deuel, President of the Board of City Magistrates, who sits at the Centre Street Court, "is a warm friend of mine, and I am not going to criticise his after-dinner talk. There are twelve of us. It is true that two Magistrates who have been ill have not been on the bench for nine months. Of the other ten Gen. Greene says that five deal with complaints in a manner unsatisfactory to him. The inference is that there are five Magistrates who come up to the high standard set by the Commissioner. But he mentions no names, so that each of the sitting Magistrates may conclude that he is one of the five acceptable to him. As for myself, when I get through with my work every night my conscience is straight. I do not care to discuss the subject of how other Magistrates perform their duties. And in regard to the instances he cites of complaints being dealt with in peculiar fashion, I think that the identity of the Magistrates should be revealed by Gen. Greene. He is the proper person to answer that question."

"Haven't read the article, but have been told of the criticisms," said Peter T. Barlow, who sits at the Essex Market Court. "Will say nothing about them. Magistrate Deuel has said something about them, has he? Well, without knowing what he said, you can put me down as concurring in all that he said. I couldn't be on safer ground."

Magistrate Leroy B. Crane, who sits at the Yorkville Court, refrained from criticising Gen. Greene's remarks, but deprecated his references to Magistrates Meade and Mott as "extremely cruel, unjust, uncalled for, and inhumane."

"As Judge Deuel is President of the Board of City Magistrates, and has spoken," said John B. Mayo, who sits at the Jefferson Market Court, "and as I have read what he said on the subject, I fully concur in all that he has expressed, and I believe that all my colleagues do."

Lorenz Zeller, who sits at the Harlem Court, spoke angrily when giving an opinion on Gen. Greene's criticism. "When," he said, "a man in the Commissioner's position criticises the judiciaries from the Supreme Court down, his comments are not worthy of notice. Some people when they are placed in a position of temporary power imagine they own the whole world. The Commissioner did not mention any names. If he had mentioned mine I would have him up here before me pretty quick. At the next meeting of the Board of Magistrates I expect they will take due notice of the Commissioner's criticism."

Edward Hogan, who sits in the West Side Court, said that the Magistrates who took up the work of Magistrates Meade and Mott during their disability through sickness did it cheerfully, and that several members of the board were incapacitated for duty owing to the unsanitary condition of the Essex Market Court.

Justice Julius M. Mayer of the Court of Special Sessions said: "So far as Commissioner Greene's reported remarks refer to the Court of Special Sessions, they are evidently directed to the difficulty in some cases of obtaining evidence which will stand the test under established principles of law, not only of this court, but of the Supreme Court, and the Court of Appeals on review. I do not understand that the slightest reflection upon this court was suggested or intended by Commissioner Greene. On the contrary, I believe he had the highest regard for the efficiency of the court, and his relations with the Justices have been most cordial, and will so continue."

After Justice Mayer had written out his remarks, he showed them to Justices Wyatt and McKean, who were on the bench with him, and they nodded their concurrence in them.

MOTHER GUILTY OF CRUELTY.

Widow of Policeman Clark Convicted of Ill-Treating Her Baby.

Mrs. Mary E. Clark, widow of Policeman William Clark, who committed suicide recently by jumping from the Washington Bridge, was yesterday convicted, in the Court of Special Sessions, of endangering the health and morals of her child. She was remanded until next Tuesday for sentence.

The woman and her husband were arrested two weeks ago, on charges of neglecting their three-year-old son. The boy was found lying on the dining room floor of the apartments occupied by the Clark family, at 2,104 Amsterdam Avenue, with his body covered with bruises. Clark afterward killed himself.

MRS. RICH OPPOSES DIVORCE.

Wife of Jeweler Seeks a Hearing on Her Husband's Suit.

Attorneys for Mrs. Nancy Rich, the wife of William H. Rich, who is connected with the Fifth Avenue jewelry firm of Black, Starr & Frost, asked Justice Scott in the Supreme Court yesterday to try the countersuit of Mr. Rich for an absolute divorce before he tries the suit of Mrs. Rich for a separation.

Mr. Hummel, who represented Mrs. Rich, said that he desired the actions tried in the reversed order because Mrs. Rich denies emphatically the charges of wrong-doing made in which her husband connects her name with that of Frank L. Stratton as co-respondent. Mrs. Rich declares Stratton called at the Rich house as a suitor of her daughter, Edna. She asks a separation on the ground of cruelty.

Richard T. Green, attorney for Rich, said he thought the suit and countersuit ought to be tried in their regular order. Justice Scott remarked that it did not appear as though Mr. Green had much confidence in the countersuit. He withheld decision, however, until Monday.

Mrs. Rich, prior to her marriage to Rich in 1890, was the widow of an English army officer. Her daughter, Edna, is eighteen years old and is a child of the first marriage.

STOCK EXCHANGE BOYS FIGHT.

Two Telephone Youths Who Engaged in Combat on the Floor Suspended.

Two telephone boys had quite a set-to on the floor of the Stock Exchange yesterday. It was rather dull on 'Change, and the boys who answer the telephones for the brokers had little to do. So two of them took advantage of their idleness to fight out an old grudge.

They had no sooner started than they were surrounded by a crowd of brokers, betting on their chances and trying to pick the winner. Bets, however, had to be declared off, as both boys lost, for the rumpus was discovered by the Superintendent, who summarily removed the combatants. They were suspended indefinitely, and it is not likely that they will be reinstated.

G. W. VANDERBILT PLANS.

Report He Will Lease His Fifth Avenue Mansion and Reside Abroad.

A report was current yesterday that George W. Vanderbilt contemplates taking up a residence abroad, and that for this reason he desires to rent his residence in this city at the northwest corner of Fifth Avenue and Fifty-first Street. Any such decision on Mr. Vanderbilt's part would seem to be of very recent origin, since he has spent a large sum within the last few months in making extensive alterations to the Fifth Avenue mansion.

Real estate agents who would be likely to know whether Mr. Vanderbilt is seeking a tenant for his house said yesterday that they had heard nothing of the matter. Mr. and Mrs. Vanderbilt, who are now at Biltmore, will go abroad in about three weeks.

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At $2.50 Each

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These have been decidedly the most popular Waists of the season. A special purchase enables us to offer them now at this very low price.

Each pattern contains sufficient Linen to complete the Waist.

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Pretty soon stiff shirts won't show their face except on nights and Sundays.

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FOR SUMMER DINING-ROOMS.

GREEN CHESTNUT.

SIDEBOARDS	$48.00
CHINA CLOSETS	44.00
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ARM CHAIRS	8.50
CHAIRS	6.00

Wooden drawer pulls, chairs with leather seats.

Other designs in Golden, Weathered, Antwerp and Flemish Oak, Mahogany, etc.

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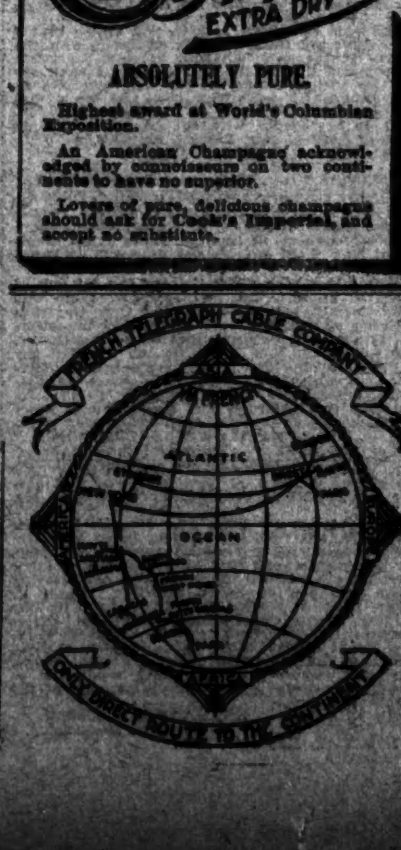

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Dainty floral effects on clear white grounds—sheer as Organdy and made more elegant by pretty lacy stripes—strong rivals to those imported to sell at .29 .... .10

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Desirable styles and shades—firm, staunch cloth—very desirable for shirt waist suits and children's dresses—made to sell at 15 cents 7
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Also fancy Cotton Challies—excellent styles and colors—for Wrappers, Kimonos and House Dresses; fast colors 3¾
At to-day's market price of raw cotton these goods could not be made for less than double.

BLACK TWILL FOULARD SILKS
23 inches wide—Soft and strong—for Waists, Costumes, Linings, etc.—value 40 cents .... .29

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Solid Colors, with fancy stripes—Also Black and White Combinations—value 59 cents .... .39

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Also 46-inch All-Wool Melrose and Sharkskin Suitings—value .69 .... .39

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Extra smooth, fine weave—splendid for Dresses, Skirts and Bathing Suits—45-inch—value 45 cents .... .25

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Fine quality—full 45 inches wide—you will be delighted with their sheerness and beauty—value 19 cents—to-day .... .11
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WHITE CANVAS CHEVIOTS
Mercerized—correct for Children's Russian Suits and Ladies' Waists and Suits—value .25 .... .15

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Extra strong Muslin—45x36—plain and corded border—usually 12½ 7½
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